alesroom,
55 E. Lake St.
Chicago.
hone Main 1554.
RS
in flavor
ifference.
IAL
ADE MARK.
EOPLE.
special attachment, makes
ent of strength which has
s and worn by both women
. Kidney Disorders, Nerv-
constitution, or order belt
ing belt and treating on
e free. You get the bene-
t cost. Cure yourself and
9 a. m. to 6 p. m.
Sundays 10 to 1.
Wed. & Sat. until 9 p. m.
THE
ST. PAUL
ROAD
ERBLY EQUIPPED
r Limited Trains
UKEE, LA CROSSE
INORA, ST. PAUL
OLIS, FARGO
DEEN, SIOUX FALLS
COUNCIL BLUFFS
AHA, DES MOINES
QUE, DAVENPORT
APIDS, OTTUMWA
CITY, ROCK ISLAND
CKFORD, BELOIT
VILLE, MADISON,
OCONOMOWOC
EN BAY, OSHKOSH
OUNTAIN, MARQUETTE
E COPPER COUNTRY"
d other cities and towns on
d road owned by the
MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RY.
ket Office, 95 Adams St.
er Complaints,
TERY, DIARRHŒA,
OLERA MORBUS.
dway's Ready Relief in water
w moments cure Cramps, Spasms,
ch, Nausea, Heartburn, Malarial
Headache, Colic, Flatulency, and
Pains.
for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sci-
a, Bruises, Mosquito Bites, Sting
unburns, Burns, Toothache, Head-
in the Back, the application of
READY RELIEF
or parts affected will instantly
soon cure the sufferer of these
Sold by all druggists.
RADWAY & CO., New York.
UGUST
busy day yesterday—
ore.
wonderful bargains in
e, Draperies, and Lace
are the daily attrac-
HE AUGUST SALE.
EVELL
& CO.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

VOLUME LIX.—NO. 213. WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1900—SIXTEEN PAGES. PRICE TWO CENTS.

REJOICING AT DEATH OF KING.

Anarchists in New York Openly Declare That Other Rulers Will Die as Humbert Did.

MEET IN "RED" SALOONS.

Italian Consul Making Inquiry Into Plot and Official Action May Follow Soon.

TALKS TO WIFE OF BRESSI.

Friends of the Murderer Growing More Reticent and Claim Act Was Done of His Own Volition.

PATERSON POLICE ARE INACTIVE.

New York, July 31.—[Special.]—"Humbert is dead today. Tomorrow it will be some one else's turn. Prince or President, it is all the same. All are tyrants."

This threat against the rulers of the countries of the world was made at a gathering of Anarchists in Kohle's Hall, 414 Fifth street, this evening. The men were jubilating over the assassination of the King of Italy and lauded his murderer.

The chief speaker was Fritz Meyer, a member of the International Club Freiheit, which has its headquarters in the Fifth street hall. Meyer appeared to be half frantic with joy. "Hurrah for the Italian comrades!" he shouted.

"They have produced a true man. Three cheers for Bressi! Down with all the rulers!"

Then he delivered the words quoted in the opening paragraph. His harangue was applauded. His listeners were delighted. They yelled their approval.

In every haunt of Anarchists in the city the men who gathered there today made no effort to conceal their approval of Bressi's crime. The assassin was pictured as a hero worthy of emulation.

Rejoice at Bowery Saloon.

"Grohen Michaels," "Tough Mike's," saloon in Fifth street, near the Bowery, is the headquarters of the autonomist group of Anarchists of which Emma Goldman is the leader.

The autonomists were there in force and listened to a harangue by Claus Zimmerman, formerly editor of the Flaming Torch.

"Bressi was a brave man," he yelled, "and the Italian comrades ought to be proud of him. He made up his mind that the time had come to rid the earth of a tyrant and he acted on his own responsibility. He is a true autonomist."

Justus Schwab would not allow the Anarchists who gathered in his saloon at 50 First street to do any yelling or speech making. The middle type of reds met there during the afternoon and evening and jubilated among themselves in little parties.

Schwab refuses to believe, or says he does, that the assassination of King Humbert was anything more than the act of an individual, notwithstanding the evidence to the contrary collected in Paterson.

"I have known some of the leaders in Paterson," he said, "and know they are not the men to plot murder. Of course, I understand that conspiracy comes naturally to those of Latin blood and I may be mistaken."

Most's Followers Quiet.

The followers of John Most met in Knirim's, in North William street, and at 69 Gold street, but contented themselves with rejoicing quietly.

Captain McClusky of the Central office was asked today if any steps had been taken by the police to keep in touch with the Anarchists in this city, with the view of thwarting any plots they may hatch in future.

In reply he said: "In the intercsts of the Detective bureau I don't think it would be advisable for me, on account of the disclosures resulting from the killing of King Humbert, to publicly discuss what steps, if any, have been taken by the Police department to watch alleged Anarchists."

Asked if the police had taken any action relative to the rumored Anarchist plot against President McKinley he said:

"That matter was never brought to my notice officially, and I know nothing about it."

Italy May Make Trouble.

International complications may follow the disclosures that the plot to assassinate King Humbert originated in Paterson, N. J. A private detective was dispatched to Paterson from the Italian Consul General's office in this city today.

A full investigation will be made by the police of the Italian government. It is understood that this is by orders from Rome. It is not asserted by the Italian government that any redress can be demanded from this government. It is simply the purpose of the officials here to make a thorough investigation and embody the result of the inquiry in an official report to the authorities at Rome.

Italy may then ask the United States to undertake an investigation. If it be found that the murder of Humbert was planned in this country Italy may ask whether the persons concerned in it were American citizens or were Italian residents in this country not yet naturalized. On this will depend several points of international law.

Call on Mrs. Bressi.

First Vice Consul General Ferdinando Prat went to Mrs. Bressi's home today with a couple of policemen.

Mrs. Bressi received them with her baby in her arms. She wept when Mr. Prat in kindly tones questioned her about her husband and the life he had lived prior to sailing to Italy.

Mr. Prat asked to see some of the letters and papers belonging to Bressi, also the letters he had sent to his wife since he left home. She produced a bundle of them. Mr. Prat and the police were permitted to bring some of them back to the consulate.

It was said there that the letters contained

(Continued on third page.)

SUMMARY OF The Daily Tribune.

CHINA.

Minister Conger heard from indirectly through Colonel Daggett, Fourteenth Infantry, at Chefoo, to whom Conger wrote saying truce since July 16, provisions for several weeks, little ammunition, all safe, well. Pekin message, July 21, to Tien Tsin said China declared war June 20 and put total dead in legations at 63; wounded, 35; Chinese killed, 2,000. Letter from Lieutenant Colonel Shiba, Pekin, dated July 23, received at Tien Tsin, said legations attacked continually, night and day, by Chinese soldiers and likely unable to hold out more than week. Sixty Europeans in all killed.

March of allies on Pekin to be hastened. Chinese Legationary in London insisted allies' advance on Pekin will provoke general rising and massacre. Chinese authorities notified no arrangements to be made to keep allied troops in Tien Tsin pending delivery there of foreign Ministers, without latters' consent. Chinese Minister at Berlin transmitted dispatch saying legationaries would be permitted free communication with their government. Li Hung Chang memorialized throne asking safe conduct of Ministers and cessation of murders.

Private dispatch from Sir Robert Hart at Pekin on July 21 to London said: "Staff and family still safe." Confirmed by commissioner of customs at Shanghai.

Chinese again bombarded Amur capital July 26 and 28. Russian Consul at Kashgar reported alarming situation. Russians busy in Manchuria.

Miss Kate E. Kauffman of Chicago will accompany Bishop Moon to Formosa despite Boxer troubles.

Chicago Chinese celebrated news of legations' safety.

FOREIGN.

King Victor Emmanuel III. of Italy landed at Reggio di Calabra and left at once for Rome. Dispatches said Bressi was always known abroad as dangerous and Italian authorities were warned when he left America. King Humbert's body lying in state at Monza. Interment will be in Pantheon at Rome. Fear Queen Margherita's mind may give way. Ministry issued manifesto to nation, invoking unshakable loyalty. Five suspects taken into custody at Monza. Kaiser William will attend funeral. Chicago Italians amazed at city Executive's failure to send message of condolence on King Humbert's assassination. Irene Ashby, Socialist, condemned King's slayer. New York Anarchists rejoiced at assassination and threatened doom of other Kings and Presidents.

Young Duke of Albany, son of Prince Leopold, succeeds to Duchies of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha under a two years' regency. Deceased Duke Alfred escaped lingering death from cancer.

Steamer Connemara, crossing St. George's Channel to Holyhead, caught fire, causing panic among passengers.

Wedding of King Alexander postponed until Servian throne can be brought home from Paris exposition.

European police concert to check Anarchists. England and America asked to deny asylum.

Interparliamentary peace congress opened in Paris. Press congress in session.

American players reap fame in London.

DOMESTIC.

Caleb Powers, in Goebel murder trial, specifically denied all damaging charges, repudiated conversations about assassination, and cross-examination began.

Manhattan Ice company, rival to New York ice trust, enters field today on cooperative plan. Half million stock practically subscribed.

Census returns of Cincinnati, O., made public, showing population 325,902, gain of 9.77 per cent 1890 to 1900.

Court of Inquiry heard testimony about Camp Lincoln explosion.

Dowie's "Zion" elders made to leave Mansfield, O.

John Clark Ridpath, historian, dead.

Jester case to jury today.

POLITICS.

Would-be Republican campaign orators tested at national headquarters. Women would-be spellbinders.

National, Illinois State, and Cook County Republican committees discussed situation; all satisfactory.

Pre-convention results in Iowa left Hobart's and Gilbertson's friends each claiming advantage.

Veterans' Yates club to open battle at Auditorium tonight. Leading men to speak.

Altgeld gave out speech criticising Roosevelt to be delivered at Toledo today.

National Chairman Hanna denied quarrel with Roosevelt.

LOCAL.

Harriet Snyder, aged 5, niece of President Graham of Graham & Morton line, fell into well of walking beam rod of steamer City of Milwaukee and was rescued by oiler before rod had time to crush her.

Former Bridgeport Engineer McDonell was refused charge of Central Park Avenue Pumping Station. Merit board denied ruling concerned coal scandal.

Secretary Farwell of Hyde Park association demanded month's salary from Captain Madden on latter's offer to donate in case of "blind pig" conviction.

Policeman John McNeil, accused by D. W. Coan, agent of Citizens' league, of standing idly by while J. P. Collins assaulted him. Officials will investigate.

Judge Hutchinson decided members of Photo-Engravers' association guilty of conspiracy to form illegal combination.

Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church to found great institutional church at Thirtieth street and Indiana avenue.

Police raided nine alleged bucket-shops, and poolrooms, making many prisoners.

Body of Chester L. Marvin, who was missing, found in Cedar Lake.

State closed in insurance fraud case. Defense to move for dismissal on technicality.

Appellate Court upheld title of present South Side Elevated railroad company.

System of daily credit marking for 5,000 city employés in effect today.

Governor Tanner declined to order Mrs. McCrea reinstated.

American Mothers' league at Longwood.

W. C. Cuthbert sentenced to prison.

Fire escape law violators fined.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

Reports show lake shipments of grain in July largest for that month ever known. Customs collections for July break record.

Board of Trade order cutting off quotations from Western Union in effect today.

Brake and coupler law in effect today. Cost of improvements, $25,000,000.

Government crop report for week showed distinct gains.

Grain trade inactive in Chicago pit.

SPORTING.

National league—New York, 9; Chicago, 4; Warner broke left arm. American league—Chicago, 1; Indianapolis, 0.

Dixon broke left arm in sixth round, giving fight to Sullivan.

Johnny Nelson beat Jimmy Michael at Boston.

Three horses finish inches apart at Hawthorne.

NEW RECORD IN CITY'S COMMERCE.

Month of July Makes Boom Showing in Lake Grain Traffic, Customs, and Postoffice.

NO INJURY FROM CANAL.

Movement of Wheat and Corn Out of the River Exceeds That of Any Similar Period in Years.

SUBTREASURER ALSO BUSY.

The month of July, ended last night, proved to be a record month in Chicago in a commercial sense. The statistics of the period show that, in spite of prophesies that the city's lake commerce would be hurt by the drainage canal, the grain shipments have been the largest for any July in the port's history.

The bank clearings in July show the largest increase over the corresponding month of last year of any month thus far in 1900.

The Subtreasurer has issued a monthly report showing a large increase over June in the amount of money handled; likewise an increase over any preceding month of the year. The daily average of cash transactions reached more than $1,640,000.

The Collector of Customs reports a greater business in July than in any previous month of the city's history.

The Postoffice of Chicago furnishes another exhibit in proof of the business activity of the city in showing an increase of over $50,000 in receipts as compared with July, 1899.

Record in Lake Commerce.

As to the matter of lake commerce, a Board of Trade compilation of shipments during the last five years shows that more wheat and corn was shipped than ever before. The shipments of oats were above the average, but were not as heavy as in 1899 and 1897. The total of grain of all kinds indicates an increase. The points in Wisconsin, which, it was predicted, would take away the city's grain trade, have not done much.

The figures on the three principal grains are:

Year.	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
1900	1,280,124	13,021,310	3,420,621
1899	1,002,002	10,925,218	818,414
1898	775,000	8,507,345	3,321,645
1897	502,800	12,711,504	4,039,865
1896	1,050,870	8,168,766	3,847,877

Port Collections Increase.

The collection of duties at the Chicago Custom-House for the month of July just passed was greater than for any other month during the existence of the office. The first collection was made on July 16, 1846, the receipts increasing steadily until the World's Fair year. In January, 1893, the collections amounted to $969,200. This sum was never approached again until this month of July, when they amounted to $1,012,028. For the last three or four years the business of the Custom-House has increased steadily, due to general prosperity and the transfer of much business from the port of New York to Chicago.

The collections during the month of July for each of the last five years are as follows:

1896	$424,271	1899	$ 713,038
1897	444,068	1900	1,012,028
1898	520,800		

The total increase of the business for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1900, over that of 1899 was $1,653,054, while over that of 1898 it was $3,773,653.

Growth in Postal Business.

The report of the Chicago Postoffice for July shows what a tremendous postal business is being done here. Compared with previous years, the receipts for July are as follows:

1898	$376,192	1900	$476,940
1899	421,602		

The increase in gross receipts for the year ending July 31, 1900, over 1898 is $967,363; the increase of 1900 over 1899 is $491,696.

Heavy Business at Subtreasury.

The report of the United States Subtreasury at Chicago for the month of July shows a large increase over last month in the amount of money handled, and an increase over every preceding month of this year. The itemized report of the cash transactions of the last two months shows the increase—viz.:

1900.	June.	July.
Receipts	$15,610,899	$19,811,327
Disbursements	12,985,574	17,004,616
	$28,576,574	$34,415,616
Transfers	6,919,796	6,754,479
Total for 26 days	$35,496,370	$41,150,423
Daily average	1,365,245	1,646,016

Chicago Bank Clearings in July.

Chicago bank clearings in July showed the largest increase over the corresponding month of last year of any month so far in 1900. The total clearings were $561,226,453, as compared with $508,120,939, or a gain of $53,105,514. The growth is an indication that the volume of business in Chicago is not appreciably smaller. The record by months so far this year is as follows:

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
January	$588,221,064	$532,221,171	$56,999,893
February	505,526,450	474,754,421	30,771,029
March	573,982,806	585,834,869	*12,152,063
April	547,907,013	505,418,214	42,488,799
May	599,390,187	574,593,240	24,796,938
June	588,601,241	550,261,493	38,429,748
July	561,226,453	508,120,939	53,105,514
Totals	$3,965,635,223	$3,751,214,756	$214,420,467

*Decrease.

Pushing River Plans.

The special committee appointed on Monday by the River Improvement association to aid in arranging for the reception of the Congressmen of the River and Harbor committee during their stay in Chicago met yesterday with the directors of the Board of Trade to secure their coöperation. The committee consists of J. S. Dunham, Murry Nelson, T. T. Morford, and J. G. Keith. No definite answer was given by the Board of Trade directory, but they promised to take the matter under consideration and lay it before the members. It is believed that they will take an active part in the proceedings.

In the forenoon Captain Dunham, as a member of the Entertainment committee of the Lake Carriers' association, which has the trip in charge, met with Frank Wenter, chairman of the Committee on Federal Relations of the Drainage board. Mr. Wenter listened to the plans and promised that the Drainage board would do its share. The details for the entertainment of the Congressmen have not been arranged, but will be taken up when the committees from the three bodies get together in concerted action. It will probably include a trip down the drainage canal, an inspection of the river and outer harbor, and probably a tour of the Calumet region. The party, numbering forty-one, will be quartered at the Auditorium.

DOWIEITES DRIVEN AWAY.

MANSFIELD, O., AUTHORITIES TAKE SUMMARY ACTION.

Declare Three Elders and an Evangelist Must Leave the Place and Escort Them to the Depot—Howling Mob Threatens Violence—Mayor Appeals to Them to Preserve the Peace—John Alexander Dowie Sends a Scathing Message to Town Officials.

Mansfield, O., July 31.—[Special.]—Zion Elders Stevens and McChirkin, Evangelist Fisher of Chicago, and Elder A. McFarlane of Marion were escorted by the police through a howling mob of 1,000 workmen from the shops at noon today and practically thrown on a train and out of town.

They still bore the masks of blue paint with which they were decorated last night by part of the crowd that attended to the final send off.

Elders Painted Blue.

The people have endured them with difficulty for some time, and last night, during a sermon at the home of a Zion member, their patience gave way and they took the elders forth from their temporary tabernacle after a desperate conflict.

They first barricaded the doors and began an attack on the windows with stones. Then they threatened to use dynamite. A howling, frantic mob was outside; weeping and praying women inside. Fisher and McChirkin were dragged away by the mob to the harrow works, where they were stripped and painted from head to foot with blue paint, applied with brooms, and buckets of paint were poured over them. They were then taken to police headquarters, where they were turned over to the police. Elders Stevens and McFarlane were taken by the police in safety to police headquarters.

Physicians were called to administer to the elders. Many souvenirs of clothing were secured by relic hunters.

The mob congregated again at 1:30 this morning in front of the jail. Mayor Brown ordered them to disperse in the name of the law, which they did, but a telegram was sent to Dowie giving him full information, as follows:

To Dr. John Alexander Dowie Chicago: Elder Fisher and his mate have been nicely painted blue. The police were busy looking for the "nut spielers" attached to the show, hence the Elders were nicely dabbed with the original ultramarine blue. Waiting for more Elders.

MANSFIELD BLUES.

Zionists Shipped from Town.

The crowds reassembled this morning and further trouble was looked for. County and city authorities held conferences with Zion elders and requested them to leave the city at once. The elders refused unless they were ordered to leave by Dowie. Consultations were held over long distance telephones with Overseer Piper at Chicago. The latter said he would confer with Dowie and let the officials know within an hour. An hour passed and no answer came and the authorities determined to act.

Accompanied by city and county authorities the Zion ministers were hustled into cabs and driven to the Union Depot for the purpose of sending them out of the city to Chicago at noon.

Workmen from the shops, numbering fully 1,000, gathered. The Zion elders again were threatened with violence and Mayor Brown from the top of a cab appealed to all law-abiding citizens "in the good name of Mansfield to allow them to depart peaceably without molestation."

His speech was cheered and the police succeeded in placing the Zionites on the train in safety. Threats were made that their lives would be in danger if they returned.

Dowie Appeals to Governor.

Dowie was heard from finally this afternoon, when he sent the following telegram to Mayor Brown:

"Montague, Mich., July 31.—You have again proved yourself unwilling or unable to preserve the public peace, protect the lives, liberty, and property of law-abiding elders and members of the Christian Catholic Church in Mansfield. The shameful outrages of last night are an everlasting disgrace. I have appealed to Governor Nash for the protection of the State. We will never surrender our civil and religious rights to cowardly and lawless mobs and public officers. I shall hold the city liable for damages, according to law.

"JOHN ALEXANDER DOWIE."

Sheriff Pulver received a similar telegram in which Dowie stated he would hold the county responsible for the mob violence offered to his representatives. Governor Nash telegraphed Sheriff Pulver this evening in regard to the condition of affairs in Mansfield. He was informed that the city was in peaceful condition at present, as the elders had left. Dowie, it is stated, has ordered Zion preachers to return. The entire police force and the Sheriff will be at the trains during the night. If further trouble occurs Governor Nash will send troops to Mansfield.

FOUR GIRLS DROWN IN BATHING.

Go Beyond Their Depth in the Surf and Sink Before Help Reaches Them.

Ocean City, N. J., July 31.—[Special.]—Four young women from Philadelphia were drowned here today. Only two of a group of six who went bathing in the surf some distance from the daily throng of bathers were saved.

Those who lost their lives were:

LOWE, VIRGINIA, 20 years old, of Germantown.

LOWE, ELSIE, 18 years old, sister of Virginia Lowe.

LONSDALE, JENNIE, 19 years old, of Wynnemore, Chestnut Hill.

LONSDALE, BIRDIE, 23 years old, sister of Jennie Lonsdale.

The four girls came to Ocean City recently and were not used to sea bathing. They had been stopping at the Meehan cottage.

About 11 o'clock this morning the young women, with Clement Lowe, a young brother of the sisters who were drowned, and Mrs. S. T. Meehan, proprietress of the cottage, went bathing opposite Fourteenth street. From the stories told by Mrs. Meehan and the boy it seems that all six in the party went beyond their depth before they realized their danger. Then they called for help.

Lifeguards Foster and Lee swam to the exhausted bathers and by strenuous efforts managed to bring Clement Lowe and Mrs. Meehan ashore.

Before they could again reach the spot where the girls had been all four had disappeared.

Several hours after the accident the bodies were washed ashore.

SEEK MISSING GIRL IN CHICAGO.

Miss Virginia Platt, Daughter of Lighthouse Keeper at St. Joe, Absent from Home for Three Weeks.

Captain Colleran of the detective headquarters was asked last night by the police of St. Joseph, Mich., to look out for Miss Virginia Platt, daughter of the government lighthouse keeper of that place. Miss Platt left home three weeks ago and it is thought there that she came to Chicago.

SAYS POLICEMAN SAW HIM BEATEN

D. W. Coan Declares Patrolman J. McNeil Stood Idly By While J. P. Collins Assaulted Him.

WILL INVESTIGATE STORY

Officials to Look Into the Accusation Made by an Agent of the Citizens' League.

HE WATCHES THE SALOONS.

The alleged brutal assault of Captain D. W. Coan, an agent of the Citizens' league, by J. P. Collins, 1785 West Chicago avenue, which was reported to Chief Kipley yesterday, is being thoroughly investigated by that official, and the officers of the league. It is said that Policeman John McNeil of the West Lake Street Station stood by and witnessed the assault, but refused to interfere in behalf of the victim.

Collins at midnight was not to be found either at his saloon or his residence. At the former place it was said he had been there half an hour before for home, and at the house it was stated that he was not there, and that it was not known where he was.

Captain Coan, who is 60 years old, had been sent to investigate complaints made against the saloon of August Bladorn, 1909 West Chicago avenue. Bladorn had been accused of selling liquor to minors. Thomas Hitchcock, 10 years old, 437 North Harding street, is said to have been sent by Frank Helmes, Fred Delaney, and Edward Klick, none of whom is more than 15 years of age, to buy cans of beer at the saloon for their consumption.

Captain Coan visited the house of Edward Helmes, 441 North Springfield avenue, and was invited into the house by the boy's mother. While conversing with Mrs. Helmes, Captain Coan asserts, he was called to the door by a man who was accompanied by a policeman in full uniform, and, after a brief conversation, was struck by the man and knocked off the porch to the ground four feet below. The man followed him, he says, and again struck him, bruising his face badly.

Says Policeman Saw Assault.

During the assault the policeman stood close by, Captain Coan asserts, and made no move to stop the onslaught till he had struggled to his feet the second time, when the policeman dissuaded the man from further violence. The unknown man was ascertained by George W. Graham, general agent of the league, to be J. P. Collins, whose saloon is at the address given in the foregoing.

Collins, according to Graham, admits having had an altercation with the agent, but he asserted to Mr. Graham that he simply had pushed Captain Coan away from the house and commanded him to leave the neighborhood. He declared that Coan had visited the district last Tuesday evening and had frightened several children. On learning that he was at the residence of Mrs. Helmes he visited the place, in company with Policeman McNeil. When Coan was asked what he was doing, Collins asserts that he refused to state his business, and that he then pushed Coan away from the door and warned him to keep away in the future.

Policeman McNeill told a story generally similar to that of Collins. He said the affair was only a scuffle and that he told Collins to stop or he would arrest him. Then Collins stopped.

Captain Coan, when seen at his residence, 213 Schiller street, displayed evidence of a rather vigorous "push," which Collins states was the only violence done him. He was barely able to move about his room owing to injuries to his hip, received in the fall. His right arm was bruised and discolored and several of his teeth were loose, the result, he asserts, of being struck by Collins. He denies having told Chief Kipley that he could not identify his assailant.

Coan Tells of the Attack.

"I conversed with the police officer for five minutes after I had been assaulted," he said. "I did not ask him to arrest the man, as I was really more afraid of the officer than of the man who had struck me. He walked to the street car with me, and on the way informed me that the name of the man who had struck me was Collins, and that he lived a short distance up the street. I can readily identify both men. The officer was not more than six feet away when I was knocked off the porch, and Collins had followed me and struck me several times before he said, 'that's enough.'"

Dr. J. T. Manierre, Schiller and North Clark streets, who attended Captain Coan, states that he had sustained severe bruises and contusions on both shoulders and his left hip, while his right leg had been badly wrenched. The physician considered the injuries serious to a man of Captain Coan's age and advised him to remain in his house for at least two weeks.

Rumsey Will Push the Case.

Israel P. Rumsey, President of the Citizens' league, in company with General Agent Graham, called on Mayor Harrison and Chief Kipley during the day. Both officials promised him that the matter would be thoroughly sifted and the guilty men punished. Mr. Rumsey stated that he would expend $1,000 of his own money to secure the conviction of Captain Coan's assailants.

"These people must be made to understand that our agents must be respected," he said. "In assaulting them they assault the Citizens' league. In eighteen years we have had but three cases of this kind. The perpetrators of both previous assaults received the punishment their conduct merited."

A meeting of the Executive committee of the Citizens' league will be held at 113 Adams street on Friday, when action will be taken in the matter.

Chief Kipley's Version of It.

Regarding the assault on Captain Coan, Chief Kipley said in the afternoon:

"Mr. Coan was in my office this morning and complained that he had been assaulted by a man whom he did not know. A policeman was about a block away when the blows were struck. I have asked for a full report of the matter, and if the policeman was at fault he will certainly be severely dealt with by the department. Of course, if the officer, as is claimed by the West Lake Street Station, only knew of the assault by the report of Coan to him after the trouble had occurred, he could not make an arrest without a warrant being issued."

DARING RESCUE OF A CHILD

HARRIET SNYDER, AGED 5, SAVED FROM WALKING BEAM ROD.

Niece of President Graham Falls Into the Machine Well of the Steamer City of Milwaukee on the Lake off Chicago—Oiler Snatches Her from Death Before the Ponderous Steel Column Descends—Hurt by Heated Oil Only.

Harriet Snyder, the 5-year-old daughter of William E. Snyder of Benton Harbor, a musician at the Sherwood music school, fell fifteen feet into the well of the walking beam of the steamer City of Milwaukee while off Chicago yesterday. She lay on a mass of heated oil and the steam chest about to be crushed by the next swing of the massive beam, when she was rescued by the quickness and daring of an oiler working at the engine. He snatched her out of harm's way in the twinkling of an eye.

The little girl lost her balance as she attempted to peer over the railing dawn into the well. She fell between the moving arms of the beam, directly below Charles Barron, the engineer. The beam would have crushed her before he could have moved to her rescue. For an instant it seemed that no human agency could save her. An oiler happened to be at work near the bottom of the well. He saw the fluttering of garments as the little girl fell and before the arm could descend he had hurried within reach and had snatched her from danger.

As it was the child was seriously burned and injured by the fall into the heated mass at the bottom of the well. Two physicians on board dressed her wounds and said that only the quickness of the oiler saved her from fatal burns, as well as from the machinery.

Niece of President Graham.

The child is a niece of President Graham of the Graham & Morton line. The accident occurred as the boat was nearing Chicago from St. Joseph, Mich. Mrs. Snyder did not accompany the child, [illegible]ced her on the boat she expressed her fear that something might happen to her. The boat's crew promised that the best of care would be taken of the little girl. She ran about the steamer in safety during the greater part of the trip across the lake, and as the boat was nearing Chicago she had climbed to the hurricane deck and was watching the arms of the walking beam as they rose and fell beside her.

To get a better view of the arms she climbed up the net which protects the beam, and as she was looking down into the well she lost her balance. There was a little scream, and Engineer Barron was startled to see a mass of fluttering garments fall before him within the dangerous well.

Quick Work of the Oiler.

Before he could have rescued the child, he knew that the arms which she had narrowly avoided in her fall of fifteen feet would have crushed her and would have crushed him in the effort. He turned away rather than see what he could not prevent. The oiler, however, was where he could spring to the girl's rescue as she fell.

Another Falls; Not Hurt.

Rocco, the 2-year-old son of John Petrona, 108 North Sangamon street, fell from the second-story of his home upon the sidewalk in the evening. His mother, wild with grief, picked up her child, expecting to find him dead. He appeared to be all right and the surgeons who have examined him are unable to discover any injuries.

White and Rockefeller Sail for Home.

LONDON, July 31.—The United States Ambassador to Germany, Andrew D. White, and John D. Rockefeller of New York are passengers on the steamer Deutschland, which sailed from Cherbourg last night for New York.

BULLETIN OF

The Daily Tribune.

CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, AUG. 1, 1900.

Weather predictions for the next 24 hours:
Fair, moderate temperature; fresh easterly winds.

Sun rises at 4:53; sets at 7:19.
Moon sets at 9:51 p. m.

IMPORTANT NEWS AND FEATURES

Pages.
1 Anarchists Rejoice and Threaten.
Good Showing of Chicago Commerce
Dowieites Put Out of Mansfield, O.
D. W. Coan Accuses a Policeman.
Little Harriet Synder's Close Call.
Conger Sends News from Pekin.
2 Chicago Woman to Brave China.
3 Bressi Known to Be Dangerous.
Italians Feel Slighted by the Mayor.
Condemns Humbert's Assassin.
4 General News of New York.
Institutional Church Projected.
Farwell Asks Madden's Salary.
5 Grain Quotations Cut Off Today.
Plan Coup in Insurance Fraud Case.
Missing Persons Found Drowned.
Kipley Moves on Bucket Shops.
6 Republican Committees Meet.
Republican Committees Meet.
Yates Club Meeting Tonight.
Altgeld Speaks of Roosevelt.
6 Rival to New York Ice Trust.
More Denials by Powers.
Reinstatement Refused Mrs. McCrea
Johnnie Nelson Defeats Michael.
7 Chicago Loses on Errors.
Favorites' Day at Hawthorne.
Dixon's Arm Is Broken.
9 Crown Goes to Young Duke.
Death of John Clark Ridpath.
Paris Peace Congress.
New Plays in London.
Fire on Channel Steamer.
10 Mothers' Congress Opens Today.
13 Cincinnati's Population, 325,902.
Crop Conditions Improve.
Railroad Safety Law in Effect Today
16 Judge Rebukes Trust Organizers.
McDonell No Longer a City Servant.

Pages.
10 Literature.
10 Society.
10 Fonteney.
10 Short Story.
11 Commercial.
11 Courts.
12 Editorial.
13 Railroads.
13 Lake Marine.
13 Insurance.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Port.	Arrived.	Sailed.
AUCKLAND	Moana	
CHERBOURG		Deutschland.
GIBRALTAR	Ems	
GREENOCK	Carthagenian	
LIVERPOOL	Dominion	Saxonia.
LIVERPOOL	Sylvania	
LIZARD	Spaarndam	
MANILA		Westminster.
MOVILLE	Ethiopia	
MOVILLE	Saxonian	
NEW YORK	Oceanic	
NEW YORK	Kensington	
NEW YORK	W. Ir Grosse	
PHILADELPHIA	Waesland	
SAN FRANCISCO	City of Sydney	
ST. JOHN	Liberian	

CONGER, AT PEKIN, SAYS "ALL SAFE."

American Minister Again Sends Word from the Legations in the Chinese Capital.

FIRING CEASED JULY 16.

Besieged Have Provisions to Last Several Weeks, but Supply of Ammunition Is Short.

REPORTS EVERYBODY WELL

Pathetic Appeal from a Military Attache Inquiring as to When the Troops Are Coming to Their Relief.

ADVANCE MAY HAVE BEGUN.

IMMEDIATE ADVANCE ON PEKIN.

LONDON, July 31.—General Sir Alfred Gaselee, commanding the British forces in China, cabled that he contemplates [illegible] advance on Pekin and that he hopes to have the co-operation of the allied forces.

Washington, D. C., July 31.—[Special.]—Minister Conger has been heard from officially, but in an indirect manner, the advices coming tonight through Colonel Daggett of the Fourteenth Infantry at Chefoo. Following is the message:

"Chefoo (undated)—Corbin, Washington: Tien Tsin, 27th—Message just received from Conger; says since 16th by agreement no firing. Have provisions several weeks, little ammunition; all safe; well.

"'I [Daggett] report allied forces soon advance. Practically no looting by Americans; no unnecessary killing. Indians arrived 26th. Order MacCann, Sladen, both Allens, Mitchell, Bryce join regiment here.

"'DAGGETT."

Colonel Daggett also sent another cablegram, which is as follows:

"Chefoo—Corbin, Washington: Tien Tsin, 30th—Flintshire arrived 27th; 257 Ninth Infantry sick; ten doctors, 100 hospital corps men, twenty signal men needed; unavoidable delay unloading transports. Foreign troops arriving. DAGGETT."

Pathetic Appeal for Help.

Advices are now coming from every direction which indicate that Minister Conger and all the other diplomats except Baron von Ketteler are safe. They come from Admiral Remey, Consul Coolidge, and others, and these advices have had a wonderful effect in relieving the anxiety of the officials.

Following is a message transmitted by Colonel Coolidge. It brings word from Pekin up to July 22:

"TIEN TSIN, July 27.—Following letter of Lieutenant Colonel Shiba, military attaché at the legation of Pekin, dated July 22, arrived at Tien Tsin July 25 at 9 o'clock in the evening:

"'PEKIN, July 22, evening.—We are all awaiting impatiently arrival of reinforcing army. When are you coming? All legations have been blockaded since 13th last month, and since the 20th we have been attacked continually night and day by the Chinese soldiers from more than ten encampments. By a supreme effort we are still defending. We are daily awaiting with the greatest anxiety arrival of reinforcing army, and if you can't reach here in less than a week's time it is probable that we will be unable to hold out any longer.

"'Emperor and Empress Dowager appear to be still at Pekin. Were our reinforcements to arrive probable that they would flee to Wan Shoshan.

"'Killed and wounded up to date, eight killed one a Captain of infantry, and an Ambassador's attaché; seven seriously wounded, the first secretary of legation being one of the twenty slightly wounded. The number of Europeans killed is sixty in all.'

"COOLIDGE."

Armies May Now Be in Motion.

It is possible that part of the allied armies is now in motion from Tien Tsin toward Pekin. A cable dispatch from Major General Chaffee, received by General Corbin today, indicates that a forward movement was to have begun yesterday. If the march to Pekin has begun, the policy of this government for speedy relief of the foreign legations has been put into operation. The important report received from General Chaffee was evidently written at Taku on Sunday and dated Chefoo on July 30. It is as follows:

"Chefoo, July 30.—Adjutant General, Washington: Have had interview with Admiral. Go ashore this afternoon; facilities for unloading not adequate, therefore discharging slowly. Informed Byron has ordered tug for towing two seventy-ton lighters. If tug is obtained, discharging will improve. Indiana will finish discharging today and proceed to Nagasaki; take two days to unload horses Reilly's battery; week before Grant discharged of cargo. Will see Daggett tomorrow. Reported in Taku Bay intention to make forward movement tomorrow towards Pekin; details are not known here.

"Arrive Tien Tsin too late tomorrow to cable from there. Message from Tien Tsin must leave Tongu-Ku 6 morning to catch dispatch boat at anchorage for Chefoo at 4 afternoon. Soon as possible will get definite information as regards conditions and purposes at Tien Tsin. Will cable my views. "CHAFFEE."

Remey Also Heard From.

A cablegram from Admiral Remey arrived at the Navy department today and has caused universal satisfaction, as it is confirmatory of the reports which have come from the American, English, German, and Japanese Legations at Pekin. Under date of Chefoo, July 31, the dispatch reads:

"CHEFOO, July 31.—Bureau of Navigation Washington:

"'TAKU, July 28.—Japanese military attaché, Pekin, letter July 22, reports legations besieged since June 13. Continually attacked from June 20 until July 17. Attack then ceased and Chinese soldiers apparently diminishing. Sixty Europeans killed.'

"Telegram from Governor of Shantung addressed to consular body Chefoo says:

"'Imperial edict states that various Minis-

ters, except German, are well and provisions have been supplied.' REMEY."

The Japanese Consul at Tien Tsin telegraphed on the 27th inst. a dispatch dated the 19th from the Japanese Minister at Pekin to the Foreign office at Tokio, which had reached Tien Tsin by special courier on the 25th.

The Minister says:

"The Japanese marines and others continue, under command of the military attaché, Lieutenant Colonel Shiba, to resist the repeated attacks of Tung Fuh Sang's troops. I think we can hold out, though the task is by no means an easy one, until we are relieved by the division of Japanese troops which I hear through a special messenger, will arrive at Tien Tsin by the end of this month. The Chinese have stopped firing since the 17th, and the Chinese authorities are apparently disposed to open negotiations.

"Attaché Kojima, Captain Ando of the imperial army, Mr. H. Nakamura, and five marines have been killed, while Narabara, second secretary of the legation; a student, and six marines have been wounded, though not mortally. Many others have also been slightly wounded."

Fowler Reports on Pao Ting Fu.

The following telegram was received at the State department this afternoon from Consul Fowler at Chefoo:

"CHEFOO, July 31.—Secretary of State, Washington: On the 21st I wired Governor for information Pao Ting Fu. Nine days unanswered. Wired yesterday. He now replies Pao Ting Fu City and neighborhood thick with rebels; impossible to obtain slightest news or send messengers. My latest information shows the following were at Pao Ting Fu:

"Simcox, wife, three children; Hodge and wife, Taylor, Wilkire, Niles, Morell, Americans; and Bagnall, wife, daughter, and probably Cooper. FOWLER."

The most welcome news was conveyed to the departments in a news agency dispatch dated Tien Tsin, July 27, giving the contents of a note written by Minister Conger to United States Consuls Ragsdale and Coolidge. This note contained practically the same information as that furnished by the English Minister, Sir Claude Macdonald. This same news dispatch contained also several private messages from Pekin and valuable information regarding the condition of the Americans and other foreigners in that city.

Secretary Hay Encouraged.

Secretary of State Hay felt much encouraged by the news which came from various sources today. All his Cabinet colleagues were equally gratified to have their hopes of the safety of the legations confirmed. None of the Cabinet officers underestimated the gravity of the situation, and the great responsibility which rests upon those controlling the interests of the United States and foreign powers in China. A policy has been determined upon by this government and will be carried out, despite whatever risks may be run in so doing.

The Chinese authorities have been informed most explicitly that no agreement will be entered into to keep the allied troops at Tien Tsin, pending the delivery there of the foreign Ministers, without the full consent of Minister Conger and other foreign representatives now practically held as hostages in Pekin.

Preparations have been pushed, and, according to the intimation in General Chaffee's dispatch and in reports that come from British sources, the United States and English troops are evidently ready to begin the march to Pekin, and already may be well on their way toward that city.

When General Corbin was asked this afternoon what construction was placed on General Chaffee's statement that it was reported "in Taku Bay intention to make forward movement toward Pekin," he said that the General was evidently merely retailing a rumor prevailing at Taku. The department had no information that would indicate a movement of the allied troops yesterday or today. In response to an inquiry as to whether the United States and British troops would advance on Pekin, regardless of the movements of the rest of the allied army, General Corbin said it was a matter to be decided when Chaffee arrived at Tien Tsin.

Chaffee Anxious to Get Into Action.

Those who know General Chaffee's energetic methods believe that he would urge a rapid march on Pekin despite the rumors of a large Chinese army being mobilized at the latter city. The taking of Tien Tsin by the allied troops is believed already to have had a good effect upon the Chinese. The further reports that come from Minister Conger and from other sources in Pekin show that the Chinese troops are lacking in discipline and courage. Minister Wu declared some weeks ago that a well trained foreign army could march through the Chinese Empire without trouble, and many of the army experts are now recalling that statement.

As far as can be learned the policy of this government is still "On to Pekin." It is felt that risk is taken in whatever line of action is adopted. If it were agreed to receive the Ministers in Tien Tsin there is no guarantee that the little band might not be overcome as soon as it leaves the legation compounds or after it had gotten beyond the walls of the city. On the other hand, it is maintained that if the allied armies march on Pekin the lives of the Ministers will at once be sacrificed, and the excuse be made that the Chinese government was unable to control the passions of the Boxers and the soldiers when it became known that their capital city was to be invaded.

In this dilemma this government has taken the most direct course by advocating a rapid advance on Pekin for the relief of the Ministers and to compel reparation for whatever damage and loss of life has occurred for which the imperial government may be responsible. According to a report received at the War department there are now 4,500 American troops at Taku and Tien Tsin, and the total of the allied forces is now about 32,000. To these is to be added the Sixth United States Cavalry, which General Chaffee reports was being unloaded on Sunday and Monday.

The proportion of men of the Ninth Infantry reported by Colonel Daggett as sick is considered an alarming and unfortunate feature of the situation. Officials are unable to account for it, but agree that it may delay any immediate movement forward. Surgeon General Sternberg already had given public notice that 100 contract surgeons are wanted for service in the East, but it will be some time before they can be on the ground ready for active work.

To Be No More Delay.

An official of the State department, in speaking today of the purpose of the allied forces to press on to Pekin, said:

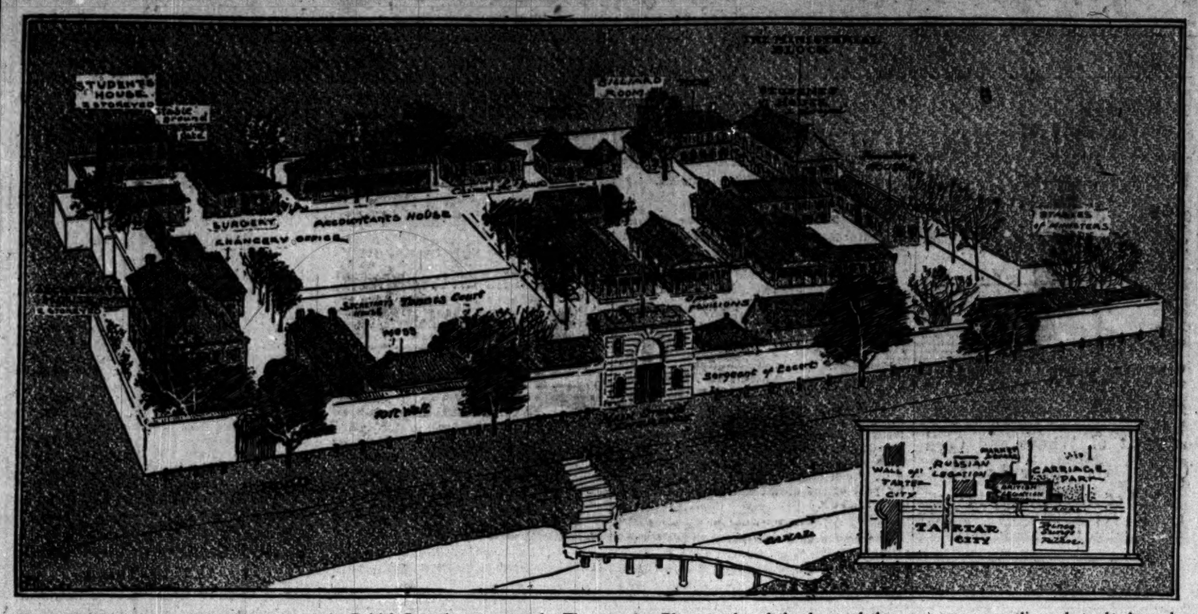
"The policy of this government will still remain unchanged, and there can be no more foolish delay. It has been our idea to press on to Pekin, come what may, and all the assurances provided by the Chinese officials cannot change nor prevent this. I have reason to know that the allied forces are all of this mind and will uphold General Chaffee in any movement he may make. I am glad that the situation is brighter, but we must enter Pekin and end the siege."

President McKinley is expected to reach Washington on Thursday morning. There is nothing significant in his coming, as he had planned before leaving Washington for the summer to make brief visits here about once every two weeks.

The officials feel certain that the attack by the Chinese on the legations will not be renewed. They are convinced that the counsels of the Viceroys in the great Southern and Central provinces and the advice of Li Hung Chang have had effect, and that whoever is in power in Pekin, whether Emperor, Empress, Ching, Tuan, or Tung, now have been made to see the necessity for the preservation of the legations.

A rather startling proposition was advanced today which, if adopted, might put at once to the test the Chinese profession that the "Boxers," and not the Chinese government, are responsible for what has happened in Pekin. This was to the effect that the Chinese government should be informed that the international force was prepared to take that government at its word and to join forces with it in crushing out the insurrection. The kernel of just such a proposition is to be found in the last condition laid down by the President in his reply to the appeal of the Emperor Kwang Su and there may be a development in that direction speedily.

CITY OF REFUGE FOR THE WOMEN AND CHILDREN IN PEKIN.



The spectator is standing within the walls of the Tartar City, a little to the southward (the left-hand on the small plan) of Prince Sung's palace. Immediately in front is the Imperial Canal, sometimes full and sometimes half empty, with muddy banks exposed. A small flight of worn stone steps leads up to the roadway in front of the British Legation compound. The surrounding wall is 10 feet to 11 feet high, and incloses an area of nearly seven acres. There are twenty-four separate buildings forming the legation. A pathway leads up from the main gateway to the first of the two open pavilions, which possess gorgeously painted pillars and carved woodwork. Photographs of the front of the first pavilion have frequently been described as the British Legation at Pekin. The pavilions are but an extended entrance to the Minister's house, and form a minute portion of the whole. It will be seen that there are, including the Minister's house, four large two-storied houses. The others are commodious, but of a bungalow pattern, and not useful for defensive purposes behind such a high wall. Two smaller gates pierce the wall, one facing the canal and one leading into the market at the rear. Tennis and fives courts provided means of exercise to the occupants of the huge compound.

VICEROY IS BECOMING ACTIVE.

Reported That Official of Canton Has Ordered Execution of Forty Pirates —To Visit Warships.

HONGKONG, Monday, July 30.—The Acting Viceroy of Canton, it is reported, is becoming more active and adopting a more vigorous policy. It is announced that he has ordered the execution of forty pirates. He will visit the foreign warships and Consuls tomorrow.

He says Li Hung Chang is not returning to Canton, where quiet prevails.

The British naval and military officials have taken careful observations of the Canton and the Bogue defenses. The Bogue forts are crowded with troops, and the parapets are lined upon the approach of steamers.

BELIEVES GOOD NEWS IS TRUE.

French Press Accepts Messages from Pekin as Authentic, but Fears Li Hung Chang.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY GRACE CORNEAU.]

PARIS, July 31.—The French press tonight accepts the theory that the Ministers are alive in Pekin. An official dispatch from Admiral Courrejolles, commander of the French fleet at Taku, says that symptoms of a disposition toward pacification are notable, particularly in the imperial edict which has arrived from Chefoo, in which the Chinese government says it is not responsible for the existing state of things, and that all the government's acts have tended to maintain peace and were intended to preserve the treaties concerning the foreigners and missions.

This seemingly justifies Minister Delcasse's persistent optimism, which nothing has shaken.

The Debats declares that the joyful news should in no way change the action of the powers, and that Li Hung Chang's bluff, intended to prevent the entrance of the allied troops into Pekin, should be disregarded.

RUSSIAN TROOPS EMBARKING.

Heavy Contingents Being Hurried to China from Two Ports—Sultan Too Poor to Fight.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY F. W. ANDERSON.]

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 31.—Russia is shipping troops for China from Sebastopol and Odessa. Six brigades of the south Russian army corps have already embarked, and the Aghiesse field artillery is to start immediately. Several field batteries and some cavalry have started hurriedly overland.

One of the great powers, presumably Russia, it is said, proposed to Turkey to send 8,000 men to the war in China, but the Sultan refused on account of lack of finances.

The Russian Ambassador, in an audience with the Sultan, explained that the Czar favored the Servian King's marriage, and the Sultan hastened to congratulate King Alexander.

ADVANCE MEANS A MASSACRE.

This Prediction Is Made by a Member of the Chinese Legation at London.

LONDON, July 31.—A member of the Chinese Legation today discussed the situation at Pekin. He said:

"Li Hung Chang's statement that the lives of the Ministers would be endangered by an advance is not a piece of diplomacy, but a serious prediction of the consequences of such an action. General Tung Fuh Siang is known to be anti-foreign in his sentiments, but we cannot dispense with his services; and, having a large number of soldiers under him, he might order a European massacre, which the Emperor and Empress would be unable to prevent.

"My object now is to advise the allies not to do any act of vengeance, but to restore peace and to secure guarantees for the future. This can best be done by cooperating with Li Hung Chang. If you push on to Pekin, I believe you will provoke a general rising throughout the empire, the result of which will be the destruction of the lives and property of foreigners everywhere.

"I am exceedingly glad your official dispatches today have borne out our repeated assurances, which I knew from the beginning were sincerely meant. I knew that, while the Chinese Emperor could avoid making a statement of facts, such facts as he stated, and states, must be true.

"I hope the recommendation made by Li Hung Chang that the Ministers should either be sent to Tien Tsin or be placed in telegraphic communication with their governments will obtain. I am a great friend of Sir Robert Hart and I knew he was still alive; but I wanted to convince his friends in this country and I tried hard to get a cipher telegram from him. At last Sheng told me the legations were surrounded and it was impossible to get in or out without permission from the throne. I have applied to the throne and hope to get permission in a few days. Consequently you may soon hope to hear direct from the Ministers.

FIGHTING AT NEW CHWANG.

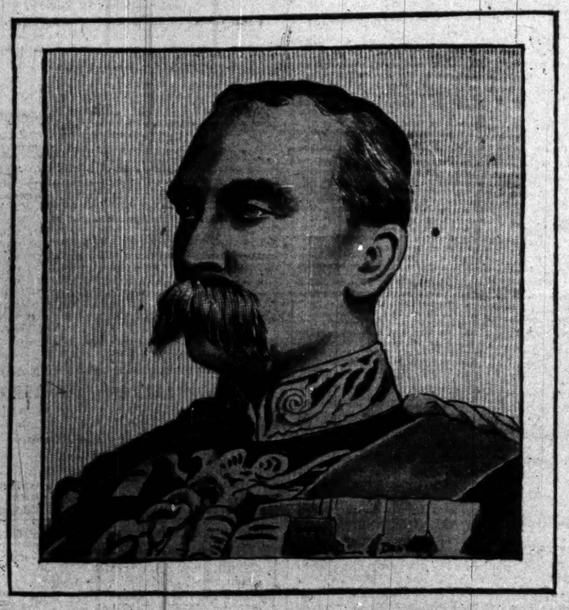
Russian Troops Drive Chinese from the Outside Settlements, but Fall Back Again.

SHANGHAI, July 31.—Private advices from New Chwang, dated July 27, say the Russians attacked the Chinese outside settlements yesterday morning. The engagement lasted an hour and a half.

The Chinese bolted from their stockades, but the Russians, after holding them for a short time, returned to their own settlement. The Chinese say they won, driving back the Russians.

The Russians had four wounded and the Chinese six killed and ten wounded. All the business-houses in New Chwang are closed.

GEN. GASELEE, ABOUT TO ADVANCE ON PEKIN.



The British commander at Tien Tsin has notified his government that he contemplates an immediate advance on Pekin. He says he hopes for the co-operation of the allied forces, indicating he will march his force alone if the other commanders disagree with him.

WILL HASTEN TO PEKIN.

ADVANCE ON CHINESE CAPITAL TO BE HASTENED.

Allied Powers Will Not Be Satisfied Until They Are Told by Their Own Generals of Safety of Legations—Suspect Dowager Plans Holding Them as Hostages—Threat of Chinese Official in London—Resistance to Be Made.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, Aug. 1, 3 a. m.—The march on Pekin is about to begin. Close on the heels of tidings that the foreigners in the Chinese capital are still alive comes the news that the allied forces are ready to march to the relief of the hard pressed legations.

That the move could not longer be delayed is demonstrated in the meager details of the condition of the heroic defenders whose lives had been despaired of.

Fear Legations Are Hostages.

It is feared that the foreigners are being held as hostages by the crafty Dowager in hope of extorting immunity from retaliation for the crimes of the Boxers.

China's counter move is therefore awaited with the keenest anxiety, and in some quarters it is feared the Empress may loose the leash holding the Boxers in check at the first blow struck by the relief column.

Warning from Chinese Official.

A high Chinese official in London said today: "If you push on to Pekin my belief is that it will be contrary to your interests. It will provoke a general rising throughout the empire, which will result in the destruction of foreign lives and property everywhere."

Chinese Prepare to Resist.

That the Chinese will resist the advance of the allied forces is demonstrated by the Daily Mail's correspondent at Shanghai, who telegraphs on July 31: "It is reported the Chinese are strongly intrenched at Yangtsun, where they will make a stand. The greatest danger is, if the Chinese are defeated at Yangtsun, they may fall back to Pekin and put the remainder of the Europeans to the sword."

Yangtsun is about seventeen miles northwest of Tien Tsin.

Gets Messages as Late as July 21.

A dispatch to the Times from Tien Tsin, July 28, says: "Messages from Pekin, July 21, have been received from Macdonald, Hart, Conger, Bredon, Dr. Morrison, and others. Dr. Morrison was wounded, but is convalescent."

Word from Sir Robert Hart.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

LONDON, Aug. 1, 3 a. m.—Important additional confirmation of the safety of the legations was received in London last evening by Mr. Duncan Campbell, representative in Europe of the Chinese customs service, from the Commissioner of Customs at Chefoo, in the shape of a Pekin dispatch, not dated, but believed to have been written on July 21, signed by both Sir Robert Hart, Inspector General of Customs, and Mr. Robert Bredon, Deputy Inspector General, to the following effect:

"Staff and family still safe."

This has been confirmed by the Commissioner of Customs in Shanghai, who telegraphed last evening:

"Authentic, Inspector General safe twenty-second."

A sensational Shanghai correspondent still hints that the Chinese are juggling with dates; but, in face of the constantly accumulating evidence that the Ministers were safe on July 22, and despite the omission from all the dispatches of anxiously desired information regarding the real situation, political and otherwise, at Pekin, there are few in London who do not believe the dispatches genuine and reliable.

Allies in Difficult Position.

The allies now confront a most difficult and dangerous problem. Without doubt the Ministers are held by the Chinese as hostages, and the outcome of the advance on Pekin, which in all probability has already begun, will be awaited with intense anxiety.

Von Lessel May Command.

Today's dispatches show that the allies, notably the Japanese, have been pushing their preparations with feverish haste, organizing a service of pack carts, trains, and junks.

It is reported from Berlin that Lieutenant General von Lessel, commanding the German forces in China, whom Emperor William has just promoted to the rank of General commanding an army corps, has been selected as commander-in-chief of the allied forces.

The Chinese are strongly intrenched at Wang Tsun, from which position, however, it is believed they can be ejected without great difficulty. The danger is that if defeated there the Chinese will retire on Pekin and put the remainder of the Europeans to death.

It is also possible that the advance of the allies will be the signal for the Chinese authorities to compel all foreigners to quit the capital, in which event they might become the prey of the fanatical Boxers.

Urge Hasty Advance.

The feeling of the newspapers here is that nothing whatever should now delay the advance and that no negotiations of any kind should be countenanced until the allied troops reach Pekin and assure themselves regarding the fate of the foreigners.

Japanese Expect to Take Yang Tsun.

The latest advices from Tien Tsin announce that the Russians and Japanese are scouting in the direction of Pietang. The Japanese commander, Yamachichi, expects Yang Tsun to be taken within three days.

A special dispatch from Tien Tsin says the missionaries report that all the Americans in Pekin and Tung Chau are safe, but their property has been destroyed.

The Tokio correspondent of the Daily Telegraph wiring yesterday says:

"Kwang Su is reported to have sent a second dispatch to Emperor Nicholas, admitting that a state of war exists at Tien Tsin, but that the Russians are fully protected at open ports. The Chinese Emperor adds that the disturbances in Manchuria were caused by a rebellious General in Amur, that he has instructed the Chinese Generals to refrain from hostilities, and that he desires the Czar to reciprocate his action."

Choate and Salisbury Confer.

The United States Ambassador, Joseph Choate, saw Lord Salisbury this evening and ascertained his views with regard to the changes in the Chinese situation brought about by the direct dispatches from Pekin. Lord Salisbury assured Mr. Choate that Great Britain had no intention of delaying the advance on Pekin, nor, so far as he knew, had any other power.

Lord Salisbury entirely acquiesced in Secretary Hay's desire that the advance be undertaken as speedily as possible. He had no intention of bargaining with China in any way, shape, or form until the Ministers were safe under their own military escort.

It is understood here that China is making strenuous efforts to come to some agreement with the powers previous to handing over the Ministers, but this will not be considered for a moment. Once Pekin has been reached and the Ministers have regained their liberty, the powers have agreed aggression will cease and reparation will become a matter of negotiation.

Lord Salisbury believes it may still be proved that the Chinese government is not responsible for the attacks on the legations, except in so far as all governments are responsible for the maintenance of order.

It is expected that within a few days free communication will be established with the Ministers in Pekin.

GERMANY CHAFES AT DELAY.

Newspapers and Officials Want the Advance Upon Pekin to Begin at Once.

BERLIN, July 31.—The German Foreign office no longer doubts the reports from various quarters that the Ministers at Pekin with the exception of Baron von Ketteler are alive. The papers take the same view and urge that there should be no delay in the advance upon Pekin. The Foreign office is deeply mortified at the failure to agree upon a commander-in-chief of the allied forces. A high official said today:

"The civilized world will look on with astonishment if the rescue of the members of the legations is delayed or perhaps frustrated by such a trifling matter. Germany is ready to march her troops under any commander acceptable to the powers."

The Foreign office confirms the report that the advance to Pekin has been postponed by the Admirals for military and climatic reasons.

The Chinese Minister, Lu Hai Huan, received today a dispatch purporting to come from the Pekin government, saying the foreign legations would be sent to Tien Tsin whenever the preparations for their safe escort were completed and open hostilities ceased. Meanwhile permission would be given them to communicate freely with their governments. This dispatch was immediately transmitted to the German Foreign office.

Communication between Chefoo and Shanghai has been reëstablished, and a dispatch from Chefoo, dated July 29, confirms the report that the Russians captured the forts at Neu Chwang on July 26.

DISPATCHES MUST BE IN FULL.

China Refuses to Forward Cipher Messages or Those Relating to Internal Military Affairs.

CHEFOO, July 31.—[Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.]—The Governor of Shan Tung has telegraphed to United States Consul Fowler that the Tsung Li Yamen directs him to notify the Consuls that "as the military operations at Pekin and Tien Tsin are unsettled," only messages in plain language, without cipher or reference to military affairs, will be delivered to the Ministers. The Governor says that the rebels occupy Pao Ting Fu, and Consul Fowler fears that the missionaries there have been murdered.

Belgium Gets Same Information.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 1.—The Minister of Foreign Affairs, M. de Favereau, has received the following dispatch from M. de Cartier de Marchienne, Secretary of the Belgian Legation in China, now in Shanghai, dated July 31: "On July 22 the Consul General of the United States telegraphed the United States Minister in Pekin, through the intermediary of the local authorities. Sheng, the Taotai, has informed him that the Tsung-li-Yamen refuses to transmit messages in cipher to the Minister, and requires that all dispatches be in ordinary language.

WOMAN TO BRAVE CHINA.

MISS KATE E. KAUFFMAN OF CHICAGO TO GO AS TEACHER.

Will Accompany Bishop David H. Moore of Methodist Church, Who Goes Soon to His New Post at Shanghai—Her Work to Be in Connection with Mission at Foo Chow—Admits She Has Fear, but Decides Not to Hold Back from What Seems Her Duty.

While the papers are filled with tales of missionaries murdered by the Chinese, and of perils for all Caucasians in that far-away land, a Chicago woman is quietly planning to accompany Bishop David H. Moore of the Methodist Episcopal Church to China to take up work in connection with the mission station at Foo Chow.

Miss Kate E. Kauffman of 1011 North Halsted street will sail in a few days from San Francisco for Hongkong, in company with Dr. and Mrs. Moore and their daughter, and will proceed from there to Foo Chow, where she will teach in the school which has been maintained there in connection with the missions.

"Fear?" said Miss Kauffman, when the danger was suggested. "Yes, I am willing to confess to a feeling of fear; but I shall go, nevertheless. I suppose there is danger—there is danger anywhere, I guess—but that will not deter me, and whatever befalls the missionaries will also be my lot.

"Not that I am anxious to make a martyr of myself, and I do not desire to have my head adorn a Chinese Boxer's pike. But I have thought over the danger carefully and will run the risk.

"There is no disturbance at Foo Chow at present, and I hope there will not be. Still, I know that all of China is restless, even the southern provinces, and Fukien, the province in which Foo Chow is located, may be the scene of uprisings similar to that about Pekin. No one seems to know what the future holds for China. Even were the danger greater that it now seems to be, I would not hold back from what seems to me to be my duty."

Miss Kauffman spoke in enthusiastic terms of the courage of Bishop Moore in venturing to Shanghai under the present circumstances. Shanghai is much farther north than Foo Chow, and, therefore, much nearer the scene of the troubles about Pekin.

Bishop Moore, however, has given evidence that he possesses no common degree of courage. He might even be termed the "fighting Bishop," although his fighting record was made years ago. Entering the union army during the days of the rebellion as a private, he fought his way to the rank of Colonel, which he held at the close of hostilities.

Artist, teacher, and writer, Miss Kauffman will give up all the associations possible for one of her tastes, to brave unknown dangers that she may teach the children of the missionaries in China.

DETAILS OF THE PEKIN SIEGE.

Message from the Capital, Dated July 21, Tells of the Government Changing Front.

LONDON, July 31, 6:10 p. m.—A special dispatch from Tien Tsin today says:

"A Pekin message dated July 21 reports that the first outside news reached there on July 18. The failure of the relief expedition made the siege far more perilous.

"On June 19 the Tsung-li-Yamen broke off relations. On June 20 China declared war. Baron von Ketteler and Francis James, an English professor, were murdered. Over 400 non-combatants occupied the British Legation. I understand converts are holding the North Cathedral. A thousand refugees occupied the palace of Prince Lu.

"A truce began on July 17, after twenty-six days of fierce assault. One night the shelling was uninterrupted for six hours.

Cowardice of Chinese Prevents Success.

"Four attempts were made to fire the British Legation. Two attacks resulted in the ruin of Han-Lin College [the Chinese national college]. The cowardice of the Chinese prevented a successful rushing.

"The total killed or died is: Germans, ten; Japanese, ten; French, eleven; British, five; Russians, four; Americans, seven; Italians, seven; converts, nine; total, with wounded, ninety-eight.

"The correspondents, Morrison, Reid, and Tementy, are ill.

"At least 2,000 Chinese have been killed.

"The Americans occupy a strong position on the city wall.

"Provisions are still sufficient. The hospital arrangements are excellent. Everybody is much exhausted by continuous work.

"Imperial edicts have commended the Boxers and ordered missionaries to leave the interior and commanded all Viceroys to help Pekin; but an edict dated July 18 enjoins protection and promises compensation. The report that a large relief force was coming produced this change.

"Foreign governments should beware being hoodwinked."

BEING HELD AS HOSTAGES.

Interpretation Placed Upon the Pekin Situation as Affording Security to China.

ROME, Aug. 1.—A dispatch received here says: "The Chinese government is detaining 600 Europeans as hostages, including the Ministers and their families and the members of the legations." It is believed here that when war is officially declared these will be ordered to leave Pekin within twenty-four hours. They will then be at the mercy of the Boxers. China, it is thought, will consider that war has been declared as soon as the allies begin to march on Pekin.

TO REPORT ON THE OREGON.

Constructor Ruben Ordered to Investigate Battleship's Condition—Captain Wilde's Dispatch.

Washington, D. C., July 31.—The Navy department has sent instructions to Naval Constructor Ruben, who sailed from San Francisco on the Nipon Maru about two weeks ago, to inspect the battleship Oregon, now in dry dock at Kure, Japan, and make a report upon its injuries. It is believed that the instructions will reach Mr. Ruben on his arrival at Nagasaki. He will make the inspection before proceeding to Manila. Ruben superintended a portion of the construction of the Oregon, and on that account is peculiarly fitted to make a report upon its injuries. Mr. Ruben goes to Manila to relieve Naval Constructor Hobson, whose illness necessitated treatment at the hospital at Nagasaki.

The department today received the following cable from Captain Wilde of the Oregon:

KURE, July 31.—Secretary Navy, Washington: Please correct press statements of inefficient officers on Oregon. No ship has more efficient officers. WILDE.

IRON MEN TO MEET AGAIN.

Another Attempt Will Be Made to Revive the Steel Market—May Reduce Output.

Pittsburg, Pa., July 31.—Another effort to revive the iron and steel market is to be made by the leading steel interests and the Bessemer Furnace association. Since the failure to reach an agreement on prices at the conference in Chicago last week, representatives of several concerns have had consultations on the matter and as a result it has been decided to call another meeting, to be held in New York next week.

What plan to hold the market is now proposed has not been divulged, but it is likely it will be submitted by mail to the iron and steel men within the present week.

It is reported a proposition will be submitted to the steel companies for a proportionate reduction in the output of pig iron, as compared with the capacity of the furnaces owned by the different concerns, and that each curtail production from 15 to 25 per cent as the gathering may decide.

RUSSIANS BUSY IN MANCHURIA.

Official Reports to St. Petersburg Show Situation Is Alarming.

CHINESE ARE IN FORCE.

Several River Towns Destroyed or Captured by Czar's Troops.

KRUPP GUNS ARE FOUND.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, Aug. 1, 3 a. m.—A dispatch to the London Times from St. Petersburg July 31 says: "The latest telegrams from central Asia and Mongolia, issued this afternoon by the general staff, show that the state of affairs through the region is becoming increasingly dangerous. In fact, an expert in central Asian affairs, like the Russian Consul at Koshgar, reports the beginning of a movement among the Mohammedan population of that province against the Chinese indicates the possibility of serious complications.

Dispatches from Consuls.

"Following are the telegrams:

"Consul Kuldja telegraphs on July 27:

"'I learn from a trustworthy source the Chinese at Dzian and Dzun had received orders from the Empress to massacre all Russians. The Chinese began preparations, but were checked by the arrival of Cossacks. Externally all is quiet.'

"The Consul at Kashgar on July 20 says:

"'The situation at Kashgar is assuming an alarming character in consequence of the spread of false reports of the movements of Russian troops. The excitement among the population is directed against the Chinese whose authorities have issued foolish orders which tend to increase the agitation.'

"At Lansakh there is also agitation.

Mongolians Are Massing.

"The Consul at Urga reports: One thousand Mongolian soldiers are concentrated at Talu, 100 miles west of Urga; 1,000 at Kerulen, 1,000 at Saininsk and Almak, and 1,000 at Ulasutai. Their armament is primitive.

"A thousand Torghuts assembled near Kobdo armed with American carbines.

Battles in Sungari.

"Regarding affairs in Sungari the general staff has received this report:

"'A Sungari detachment under Zakharoff burnt the Village of Vandzia, from which the Chinese on the 18th fired on an unarmed steamer from Odessa. On 24th a detachment reconnoitered and discovered 2,000 Chinese at Bayantun, a fortress protecting the customs houses on the opposite side of the river and also the approaches to the Town of San Sin. The next day the Russians moved on the fortress and the Chinese opened fire, which was answered by the Russian land force from boats in the river. After a pause the Chinese recommenced a terrible fire, lasting for two hours, and then fled in disorder from the fortress and camp to the mountains. The Chinese loss is considerable. One Cossack was wounded.

"'The fortress is solidly built and contained five 6-inch Krupp, four light naval guns, and a great quantity of shells and ammunition. The next day the town was taken by the Russians.

"'LEAOTONG, July 26.—The Chinese are marching on the stations at Haychen and Tashi Tsao from the north and east. Colonel Dombrofsky, guarding a section of the railway, was sent against the eastern Chinese column with four rifle companies and six guns and forced the enemy to retreat to the mountains. At the same time two companies and a few Cossacks went against the Chinese northern column of 5,000. The latter halted two miles from Tashi Tsao and began to intrench. The Russians decided to retire.'

Refuse Belgian Telegram.

A dispatch to the Times from Brussels July 31 says: "The Minister of Foreign Affairs has received from Consul De Cartier at Shanghai a telegram of today's date stating that Sheng, the Taotai, announces the Tsung Li Yamen refuses to transmit his telegram in cypher and insists on all telegrams being in plain language."

Investment Is Relaxed.

The Times' Shanghai correspondent, telegraphing July 31, says:

"The rigorous investment of the legations is apparently relaxing, and couriers are able to communicate from Chefoo. Official telegrams today report that two later letters have been received at Tien Tsin, one from the German Legation, dated July 21, and the other from the Japanese Legation, dated July 22.

"The details given in the letters are in some respects at variance with the earlier information. A line of defenses is now reported to extend for a considerable distance south, and to include the German, French, and Japanese Legations.

Differences in Messages.

"The German messages state that the Chinese attack ceased on July 16, while the Japanese observes a renewal of the attack is possible at any moment. The total of deaths is stated at eighty.

"Relief is said to be urgently needed and the general aspect of the situation there confirms the opinion that the Manchu party, fearing the consequences of further violent measures, rely upon the Viceroys' negotiations to prevail upon the powers to forego vengeance in return for the release of the survivors.

"Yuan Shihkai telegraphs to the British Consul that his message was delivered to Macdonald, and that the latter's reply was sent to the Tsung-li-Yamen on July 26 for transmission to Shanghai on July 31.

Overtures from Russia.

"It is reported from an unofficial source usually reliable that Li Hung Chang today received a telegram through Yuan Shihkai from the Chinese Minister at St. Petersburg, in which he refers to the long standing friendly relations between Russia and China and states that if the latter adopts a conciliatory attitude and compels the cessation of attacks upon the legations, the Minister will use his good offices in an endeavor to obtain favorable terms of settlement.

Li Hung Chang Disgusted.

"Li Hung Chang, who is disgusted with his mission, has memorialized the throne, pleading he is ill and has no prospect of conducting successful negotiations in Shanghai, and has no means of reaching the capital, urging that the foreign Ministers be escorted to Tien Tsin and that further murders of missionaries and converts be prevented at all costs.

Will Not Ask for Troops.

"The consular body has postponed action in regard to the proposal to advise the governments to send troops as a precautionary measure to Shanghai, but in the meantime they requested the municipality to hand over to the naval authorities the control of the local defense and arrangements of the [illegible]

BRESSI KNOWN AS DANGERO

Assassin of Italian Never Concealed Anarchistic Views.

SEEKS TASK OF SLA

Warning Sent Ahead of H Italy When He Leaves New York.

HUMBERT LIES IN ST

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK WO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

FLORENCE, July 31.—Bressi, the sin of King Humbert, seems to hav no effort to conceal his movements f time he left his home in Italy and America, and has been known as ous for a long time.

Gaetano Bressi was born in Cosano from Prato, a manufacturing town inhabitants, beautifully situated miles northwest of Florence, on 1860.

Began as a Shoemaker.

He was formerly a shoemaker and at the technical school at Prato, became a weaver, which avocation lowed for eight years at Fabrocones factory in Prato. After the strike he left and took work at Upninis f in Florence.

One year later he returned to Prat he was engaged in the Zelonis mills. of aresstless, roving disposition, fo again for Lucca on the 22d of Janua He sailed from Genoa to New York 29, the same year.

He returned to Prato on June 4 l the Italian Consul in New York adv authorities that he had interested in anarchical newspapers published erson, N. J., and edited by Giancah Malatesta, two revolutionary Italia

Wanted to Carry Arms.

He traveled from New York via Pa on June 14 applied to the municip Prato for a birth certificate and to permit to carry arms, but was refuse to his character and past offenses co in the municipality. On June 16 he s passport for New York, describing as a shoemaker. At the beginning he went to Castelsan Pietro to vi young nieces. On the evening of he took a train for Milan via Bologn

Bressi is tall and slender, with olt plexion, dark eyes, and slight mustac

His mother died in February, 1901. father in 1895.

He has two brothers, one Lorenzo, maker at Cosano, thirteen years ol himself, and the other Angelo, for w murderer it appears had first been m and who is a Lieutenant of artillery ed at Caserta.

Brother Knew of His View

Lorenzo Bressi, interviewed at said: "I knew of Gaetano's an opinions, but never attached an tance to them. I always though quiet, good-natured fellow, thoug tied. For my part, I curse the An My own opinion being for working us a willingness to eat, drink, a should be enough.

"I don't think about politics, but is quite peculiar in our family in spect."

The police visited Lorenzo's ho sequestered Gaetano's belonging ing a target at which he practic revolver.

The family is deeply distresse disgrace that has fallen on the They showed Gaetano's photograph of his quiet appearance, and his evidence that he made no allusion t he had in view.

His old nurse, Maria Belli, is also and grief-stricken by the crime h son committed.

"He was always of a good-heart disposition," she exclaimed, "but der evil influence."

Prato in Mourning.

Prato is draped in mourning, stories are closed, and troops have dered there, while the police are for probable accomplices of Gaet has many Anarchist friends in P are under police surveillance, and his relatives naturally enough p esteem him, his fellow-workmen zens disliked him for his sinister a ing disposition, which was much ac on his return from America.

He seemed to have sufficient m made no display.

KING LIES IN STATE AT

Body of Humbert in Summer Assassin Is Boldly De fiant.

MONZA, July 31.—The body of K bert was lying in state today wh assassin was removed, still defiant, local police station to the jail.

Sig. Saracco, the Premier, on h at the royal villa to offer his cond Queen Margherita, had an impres ence, lasting half an hour. All Princes, the Dowager Queen of and the Duke of Oporto have arriv

The body of King Humbert, d black, lies today on the bed ordin by him. Around the massive c holding burning tapers at the foo of the bed, are flowers, placed Margherita, who passed the long the night in prayer by the bed on body lies.

Fear for Queen's Min

There is great fear that the mind Margherita will give way. Her m arrived.

The body will be taken to Rom ferred in the Pantheon. Aid-de-C has never left the side of the K

Queen Margherita was bitterly the King attending the fête, as she sentiment of danger. The Minis Interior had been warned by th Austria, and had tried to double around the King two months ag King refused to allow himself protected.

Queen Margherita declares she perpetual retreat as life is ended.

Father Bignami, the court cha immediate charge. The Card bishop of Milan has ordered a re in all the churches in his diocese.

Flood of Condolences A

Enormous numbers of telegram and condolence continue to arrive messages from the most illustri of Rome.

Bressi maintains an air of the i leism. In the course of his exa declared himself to be a revolu archist, and said he was ready operations if he was released.

The formal act of recording t

BRESSI KNOWN AS DANGEROUS.

Assassin of Italian King Never Concealed Anarchistic Views.

SEEKS TASK OF SLAYER.

Warning Sent Ahead of Him to Italy When He Leaves New York.

HUMBERT LIES IN STATE.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK WORLD AND THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

FLORENCE, July 31.—Bressi, the assassin of King Humbert, seems to have made no effort to conceal his movements from the time he left his home in Italy and went to America, and has been known as dangerous for a long time.

Gaetano Bressi was born in Cosano, a mile from Prato, a manufacturing town of 15,000 inhabitants, beautifully situated fifteen miles northwest of Florence, on Nov. 10, 1869.

Began as a Shoemaker.

He was formerly a shoemaker and studied at the technical school at Prato, when he became a weaver, which avocation he followed for eight years at Fabrocones, a large factory in Prato. After the strike in 1892 he left and took work at Unninis factories in Florence.

One year later he returned to Prato, where he was engaged in the Zelonis mills. He was of a restless, roving disposition, for he left again for Lucca on the 22d of January, 1898. He sailed from Genoa to New York on Feb. 29, the same year.

He returned to Prato on June 4 last, and the Italian Consul in New York advised the authorities that he had interested himself in anarchical newspapers published at Paterson, N. J., and edited by Giancabelli and Malatesta, two revolutionary Italians.

Wanted to Carry Arms.

He traveled from New York via Paris, and on June 14 applied to the municipality of Prato for a birth certificate and to secure a permit to carry arms, but was refused owing to his character and past offenses committed in the municipality. On June 16 he secured a passport for New York, describing himself as a shoemaker. At the beginning of July he went to Castelsan Pietro to visit two young nieces. On the evening of the 18th he took a train for Milan via Bologna.

Bressi is tall and slender, with olive complexion, dark eyes, and slight mustache.

His mother died in February, 1891, and his father in 1895.

He has two brothers, one Lorenzo, a shoemaker at Cosano, thirteen years older than himself, and the other Angelo, for whom the murderer it appears had first been mistaken, and who is a Lieutenant of artillery stationed at Caserta.

Brother Knew of His Views.

Lorenzo Bressi, interviewed at Cosano, said: "I knew of Gaetano's anarchistic opinions, but never attached any importance to them. I always thought him a quiet, good-natured fellow, though unsettled. For my part, I curse the Anarchists. My own opinion being for workingmen like us a willingness to eat, drink, and work should be enough.

"I don't think about politics, but Gaetano is quite peculiar in our family in that respect."

The police visited Lorenzo's house and sequestered Gaetano's belongings, including a target at which he practiced with a revolver.

The family is deeply distressed at the disgrace that has fallen on their name. They showed Gaetano's photograph as proof of his quiet appearance, and his letter as evidence that he made no allusion to the deed he had in view.

His old nurse, Maria Belli, is also appalled and grief-stricken by the crime her foster son committed.

"He was always of a good-hearted, sweet disposition," she exclaimed, "but got under evil influence."

Prato in Mourning.

Prato is draped in mourning, manufactories are closed, and troops have been ordered there, while the police actively look for probable accomplices of Gaetano. He has many Anarchist friends in Prato who are under police surveillance, and although his relatives naturally enough pretend to esteem him, his fellow-workmen and citizens disliked him for his sinister and brooding disposition, which was much accentuated on his return from America.

He seemed to have sufficient money, but made no display.

KING LIES IN STATE AT MONZA.

Body of Humbert in Summer Palace—Assassin Is Boldly Defiant.

MONZA, July 31.—The body of King Humbert was lying in state today when his assassin was removed, still defiant, from the local police station to the jail.

Sig. Saracco, the Premier, on his arrival at the royal villa to offer his condolences to Queen Margherita, had an impressive audience, lasting half an hour. All the royal Princes, the Dowager Queen of Portugal, and the Duke of Oporto have arrived here.

The body of King Humbert, dressed in black, lies today on the bed ordinarily used by him. Around the massive candelabra, holding burning tapers at the foot and head of the bed, are flowers, placed by Queen Margherita, who passed the long hours of the night in prayer by the bed on which the body lies.

Fear for Queen's Mind.

There is great fear that the mind of Queen Margherita will give way. Her mother has arrived.

The body will be taken to Rome and interred in the Pantheon. Aid-de-Camp Turri has never left the side of the King.

Queen Margherita was bitterly opposed to the King attending the fête, as she felt a presentiment of danger. The Minister of the Interior had been warned by the police of Austria, and had tried to double the guard around the King two months ago; but the King refused to allow himself to be thus protected.

Queen Margherita declares she will go to perpetual retreat as life is ended for her.

Father Bignami, the court chaplain, is in immediate charge. The Cardinal Archbishop of Milan has ordered a requiem mass in all the churches in his diocese.

Flood of Condolences Arrive.

Enormous numbers of telegrams of regret and condolence continue to arrive, including messages from the most illustrious families of Rome.

Bressi maintains an air of the utmost cynicism. In the course of his examination he declared himself to be a revolutionary Anarchist, and said he was ready to resume operations if he was released.

The formal act of recording the death of King Humbert was drawn up at 1 o'clock this morning in the King's bedroom. It was witnessed by Count Rudini, former Prime Minister, and the royal household. The President of the Senate acted as notary for the crown. The Minister of the Interior and other officials were present.

VICTOR STARTS FOR ROME.

New King's Yacht Found by a Torpedo Boat Sent to Search for Him.

REGGIO DI CALABRIA, July 31.—King Victor Emmanuel III. arrived here at noon, aboard his yacht, preceded by a torpedo boat which had been sent out in search of him. The King started for Rome at 1 o'clock p. m.

DETAILS OF THE FATAL SCENE.

Humbert Had Just Concluded a Brief Speech of Thanks for Loyalty When Shots Rang Out.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE NEW YORK WORLD AND THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE.]

MILAN, July 30.—[Delayed in transmission.]—The King left the royal villa, dressed as a private citizen, at 9 o'clock, arriving on the field where the sports were held a half hour later. Going at once into the royal box, he remained standing during the exercises, and after congratulating the victors again took his seat in the carriage on the return to the palace.

The vehicle had gone but a short distance and was still surrounded by a crowd of young men cheering heartily, to which the King responded: "Thank you, thank you, young gentlemen," when suddenly three sharp reports were heard, and the King sank into his seat.

The horses dashed forward madly, leaving the crowd in ignorance of the result of the shots. Maddened by fears for the sovereign, the wildest disorder prevailed, all trying to lay hold of the murderer, while shouts and piercing screams filled the air.

Carabiniers endeavored to keep the crowd back while the assassin, who made no resistance, was captured, and, with chains put on him, dragged away from the now thoroughly infuriated people, who, realizing the deed, would have torn the villain to pieces. The crowd then rushed toward the palace crying "Viva il re" (long live the King), but the King was dead within the portals of his favorite villa.

After the shots Humbert had fallen forward, but was prevented from tumbling from the open carriage by his aid-de-camp, Count Avogadro di Quinto.

On arriving at the entrance to the palace the King, by superhuman effort, raised his body to an upright position and then expired.

The absolutely last words spoken by the King, addressed to General Ponzic Vaglia, were:

"It is a long time since I have felt such a cordial sympathy from my people as I have felt today." Two seconds later he was shot.

The weapon, a small caliber revolver, was found near the spot with three chambers loaded.

When the landau arrived at the villa it was immediately surrounded by members of the court, and the body was borne by loving arms up the broad flight of steps and placed on a bed. The eyes were still open, but there was no sign of life.

Queen Margherita, magnificently gowned, threw herself upon the dead body of her husband, crying piteously, and exclaiming against the crime to a man who, she said, had never done evil to any one, and crying: "Save him for my sake! For pity's sake save him."

The examination of the body showed that three shots had taken effect. One in the neck, one in the chest, and one through the heart.

In a cell on the ground floor of the prison Bressi, the regicide, the morning after the crime lay calmly sleeping. His body was a bloody spectacle, with the arms and hands torn and wounded, his forehead cut and bruised, and the clothes hanging in shreds. The left eye was badly swollen and still bloody from a cut reecived by being hit with a broken bottle.

When approached by the guards he gave a menacing glance, and arising with a threatening gesture, showed himself to be of more than medium stature, with black, curly hair, mustache, and unusually black and deep-set eyes, and regular features.

He was cool and indifferent while being questioned, and answered through tightly closed lips.

"I returned from America and came back to Italy and Monza with the express purpose of killing the King, not as a man, but for the class he represented."

Upon further questioning Bressi said: "I am an international Anarchist. Now leave me alone and let me sleep. I will answer when I get ready."

When Bressi was captured he was dressed in black, wore a seal ring, and gold watch and chain. In his pocketboot was some money and the address of the family in Milan with whom he had lodged.

The entire family has been arrested by the Milan police.

MANIFESTO TO PEOPLE OF ITALY

Ministry in Absence of King Speaks for Him — Numerous Arrests Made.

ROME, July 31.—In the absence of the new King the ministry has issued in his name a manifesto to the nation, as follows:

"King Victor Emmanuel III., in ascending the throne, has to perform the painful duty of announcing to the country the awful calamity which has violently cut short the valuable life of King Humbert.

"The nation, wounded in its sincere affection for the august dead, and in a sincere feeling of devotion and adhesion to the dynasty, while execrating the cruel crime, will be plunged into profound grief for the venerated memory of a good, brave, and magnanimous King, the pride of his people and the worthy perpetuater of the traditions of the house of Savoy, by rallying with unshakable loyalty around his august successor. Italians will prove by their deeds that their institutions do not die."

Plot Was Long Planned.

The police are pushing inquiries in all directions, but the information with regard to the assassin, Bressi, is not yet definite. It appears that when he was searching for lodgings on Friday at Monza he was accompanied by a young man, whom the police are now seeking. The pistol the assassin used was a new and superior weapon, marked "Massachusetts."

The police of Milan searched the house of a man named Ranella, and, it is reported, found important papers showing that Bressi had relations with persons in the United States and that communications had passed between him and them in connection with the crime. Bressi and another Tuscan frequented the cafés in Milan, where they were overheard discussing a big scheme that would astonish the world. Everything goes to show that the crime was long premeditated, and the police are now being charged with want of foresight.

Besides Bressi, five persons have been taken into custody at Monza.

A Tuscan named Giusta, who lives in the house of Remala in Milan, and other suspects have been arrested there. The assassin speaks English, French, and Spanish.

Among the persons arrested at Prato is a woman named Teresa Brugnoli, said to have been the mistress of the assassin.

Guard Becomes Careless.

It appears that the cordons formed upon the arrival of the King at the fête ground were withdrawn prior to his departure. As the King was leaving a sort of scuffle occurred, probably prearranged to distract the attention of the carabineers. The King was so pleased with his welcome at Monza and felt so safe that he turned to his aide and said:

"I'd like to return afoot," but he was dissuaded.

Troops Take New Oath.

All the Italian troops took the oath of allegiance to the new King today amid the applause of the people. Perfect tranquillity reigns throughout the country.

A deputation of Senators and Deputies had arranged to meet King Victor Emmanuel; but, as in conformity with court etiquette the journey of his Majesty to Monza was strictly private, the idea was abandoned. For a similar reason the Ministers decided not to go to Naples.

Late this evening it is reported that the body of King Humbert will be brought here on Sunday. Queen Margherita desires to accompany the remains.

Emperor William has notified the government of his intention to attend the funeral.

A dispatch of condolence has been received from Li Hung Chang.

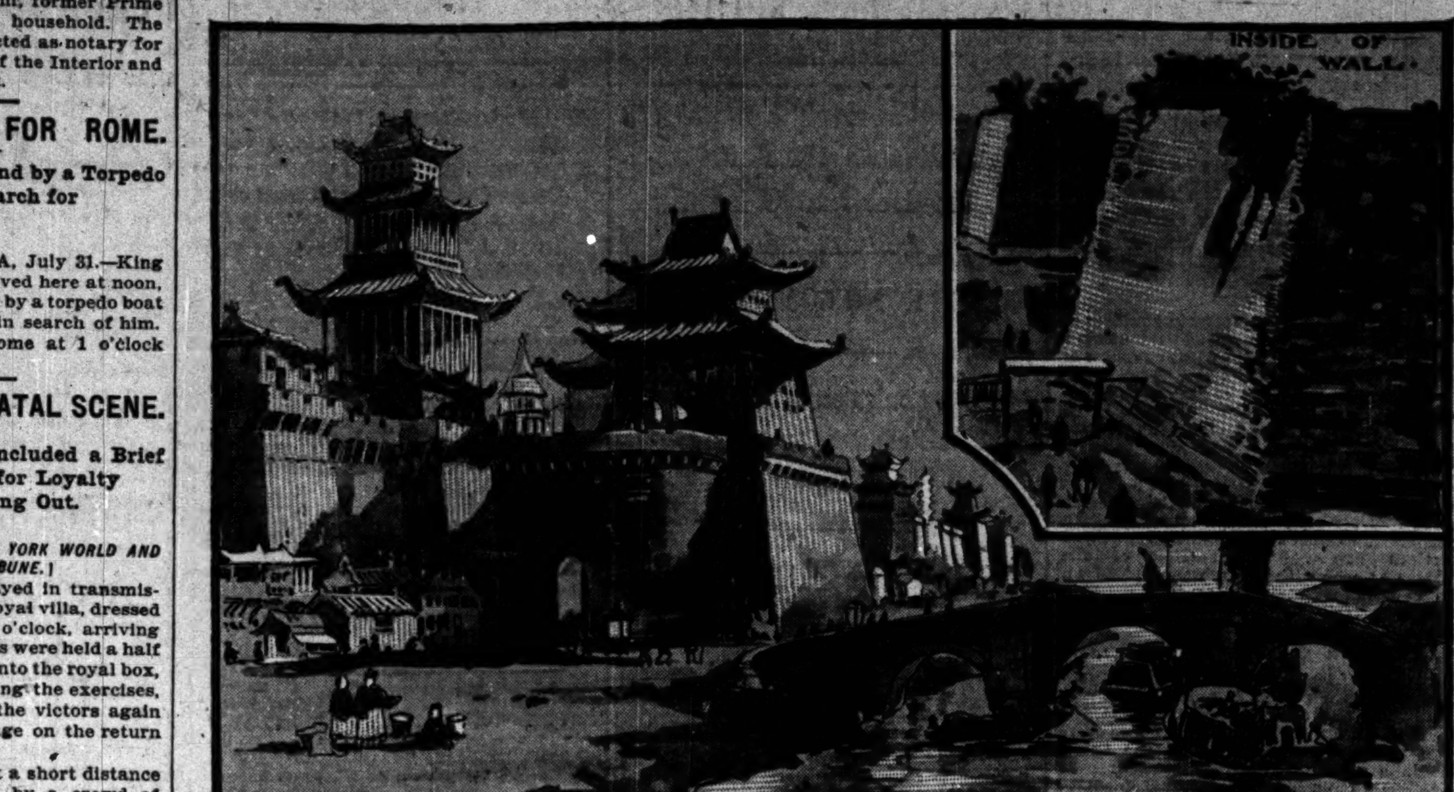
Queen Margherita has invited Verdi to composed a requiem mass. If he declines, Mascagni will be commissioned.

As the facts develop it is seen that warnings of the crime had been given, and much indignation is felt at the failure of the police to take greater precautions. Sig. Saracco questioned a number of witnesses of the crime. General Ponzio-Vaglia, King Humbert's premier aid-de-camp, testified that the shots were fired in such quick succession that he had no time to protect the King. A magistrate examined Bressi, who was sullen and defiant, replying:

"I didn't kill Humbert. I killed the King."

He admitted that he was in Monza Park the previous day with a woman, and angrily protested that what he had done was not a crime, but an act of justice.

PEKIN WALL, ON WHICH AMERICANS ARE INTRENCHED.



A dispatch from Tien Tsin to London giving details of the fighting in Pekin says the Americans occupy a strong position on the city wall.

ENGLISH PRAISE FOR HUMBERT.

Lord Salisbury, A. J. Balfour, Campbell-Bannerman, and Others Pay Tribute.

LONDON, July 31.—Moving an address to the Queen, with reference to the assassination of King Humbert of Italy, the Premier, Lord Salisbury, said in the House of Lords today that Anarchists are not confined to any one political opinion. He said the last half century had seen the assassination of three Presidents of republics and two monarchs. "It was a fearful thing," Lord Salisbury said, "to contemplate this depth of human villainy beneath the smiling surface of society, threatening the destinies of society in the early future."

The Premier paid a glowing tribute to the character of King Humbert, who, he said, had unflaggingly worked for the benefit of his country and people. The assassination of such a man could not be considered private revenge; it was nothing but that morbid thirst for notoriety which is the plague and curse of modern civilization, which had time and again led men to the commission of the foulest crimes, and which threatened the existence of society if it could not be arrested. He did not propose to speak of remedies for such a state of things, but he had never hesitated to express his own views in that respect. Modern society had erred on the side of leniency.

The Earl of Kimberley, Liberal, seconded the motion for the adoption of the address, which was adopted both in the House of Lords and in the Commons.

In the lower House A. J. Balfour, First Lord of the Treasury and government leader, spoke in a similar strain to the speech by Lord Salisbury, and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, the Liberal leader in the House of Commons, seconded the motion.

BERLIN COURT IN MOURNING.

Absence of Emperor William Causes Some Delay in Making Proper Arrangements.

BERLIN, July 31.—The Chinese situation has rather fallen into the background in consequence of the death of King Humbert and the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, and the papers are filled with matter regarding the deceased. The absence of Emperor William retards the making of prompt arrangements for participation in the funerals.

A representative of the Lokal Anzeiger interviewed Count von Bülow, Minister of Foreign Affairs, on board the imperial yacht Hohenzollern today and was assured by the Minister that the Kaiser was deeply touched by King Humbert's death, but did not anticipate any change in Italo-German relations.

Emperor William's dispatch of condolence was answered in the most cordial terms by Queen Margherita, and the Hohenzollern flew an Italian flag at half mast. The Berlin court has been ordered to go into mourning for three weeks. A delegation of the Bockenheim Hussars, of which regiment King Humbert was chief, will go to Rome, and the entire regiment will wear crêpe.

BRESSI KNOWN IN MADRID.

Assassin Said to Have Gone to Spain to Assassinate Senator Dato.

PARIS, July 31.—A special dispatch from Madrid to the Temps says the Spanish police have a picture of Bressi, the assassin of King Humbert, taken at Barcelona last spring during the visit there of the Spanish Minister of the Interior, Señor Dato, whom he is said to have wished to assassinate; but Bressi was dissuaded from that purpose by the Catalan Anarchists, whose efforts at that time were directed towards securing pardons for their coreligionists. The Temps dispatch adds that the police of St. Sebastian expelled on Sunday an Italian who had arrived from France without papers or means of support.

REJOICING AT DEATH OF KING.

(Continued from first page.)

nothing which would throw any light upon the murder clew.

Consul Reserved as to Action.

"I don't feel at liberty to state what course I shall pursue regarding the newly discovered evidence in the case of Bressi," said the Vice Consul.

"As a matter of fact, I have no power in this country, and can do nothing. Whatever is done will be through the agency of the proper authorities in this country.

"I am unable to decide whether the killing was the act of a brainless madman or the result of a well-organized plot."

Assistant Prosecutor Ralph Shaw of Paterson said to a reporter that so far as the court—a State court—in which he has jurisdiction, is concerned, the only case that could be made against the Paterson Anarchists, even if they should be found to be parties to the plot, would be a charge of conspiracy.

Bressi Still an Italian.

Gaetano Bressi, the murderer of King Humbert, it is said, as not a naturalized American citizen.

Sympathy for Woman.

Mrs. Sophia Bressi, wife of the assassin of King Humbert, was early in the day visited by a party of silk weavers from Paterson, who had worked in the mill with her husband. They told her they had raised $40 to send cable messages to friends in Italy in the hope of obtaining a positive identification of the assassin. As far as could be learned this party included none of the Anarchist group in Paterson. They were merely friends.

Mrs. Bressi refused to believe that her husband was the assassin. She had no sympathy with Anarchists, but weeps for her husband.

Mrs. Bressi related many new facts regarding her husband. She said she was a clerk in an office in this city when she met Bressi, about three years ago, but refused to give the name of her former employers. Her language showed her to be well educated and intelligent.

Says She Came from Chicago.

"I came from Chicago and my maiden name was Sophia Knieland (or O'Neill)," said Mrs. Bressi.

"All my relatives are dead. I was boarding here in West Hoboken when I met Gaetano, who boarded in the same house.

"We were married after a short courtship. Gaetano was an atheist and would not be married by a clergyman, so the ceremony was performed by a justice. One of the strongest prejudices of Gaetano was against the churches, though he had been bred a Catholic.

"He used to talk sometimes against monarchy, but I never had any suspicion that he was an Anarchist. He seemed to be well satisfied with this government and often spoke of getting naturalized, but neglected to do so.

Never Heard of Malatesta.

"I never heard him speak of Count Malatesta or Miss Ernesta Crevella. One thing that makes me doubt that Gaetana is the assassin is that he could not hit anything with a pistol. He had a cheap revolver, and sometimes when we went walking in the woods he used to shoot at the trees, but he couldn't hit them.

"I think he took his revolver with him to Europe, but unless he had a better weapon and had learned to shoot straighter he never could have hit the King."

Maguolfi Destroys Picture.

Raffaelo Maguolfi of 718 Cortland street, West Hoboken, who was Bressi's most intimate friend in that town, today tore up the assassin's photograph and refused to talk to reporters. His brother, Julio Maguolfi, received the last letter known to have come from Bressi. It arrived a week ago. Maguolfi refused to show it, saying it contained only a friendly personal message. Both letters were written from Prato.

Girl Anarchist Talks.

Ernesta Crevella, a woman young, pretty, and spirited, is the one bright feature in the murderous band of Paterson Anarchists. She left her loom in the silk mill and came out to talk. She wore a simple skirt of dark brown stuff and a striped blue and white shirtwaist.

"Why do so many people come to see me? They make me ashamed. Everybody looks at me until I want to hide.

"They say that I am a leader of the Anarchists! Anarchists have no leader. We are all equal. No one is over the other. We believe in freedom and equality. Not one of us could rule in our society if we would, and not one of us would if we could.

"I am an Anarchist," she burst out proudly. "I am not ashamed of that. Don't think that I want to deny anything. People don't understand us. We stand for the rights of the down-trodden. Everybody who works ought to be an Anarchist. It is the only hope of bring better things."

"But do you think it was right to kill King Humbert?" the reporter asked.

Is Right to Kill Tyrants.

"Right to kill a tyrant?" she cried passionately. "Right to kill a man who has crushed his people, starved them, driven them into exile, murdered them by the score?

"When his starving people begged for bread and in answer to their prayers got a volley of shot—who talked about right then? These wretches who were slaughtered were poor people. They did not count. Nobody cared anything about them. Let them die like pigs. It was what they deserved.

"But a fat old man is shot and all the world cries out about it. His body is laid in state. There is mourning all over the land. There is a grand funeral, flowers, speeches, tears, and sorrow everywhere. Why? Was he so great, so good, so beloved? No. He was a King. Kings are not like common people. They are made of better clay. The poor man is dropped in the earth and forgotten. Yet he was a man and a better man than any King. O, it is hateful!"

"Bressi—our Bressi—he was a martyr. I admire his courage. It takes a brave man to do what he has done. Remember, it is not the King we kill, but the uniform. There should be no rulers. Only those who work should live. I am an Italian, but I did not love King Humbert. He never did anything for us. He drove us out of our own homes. His government was bad. He is dead now, and I do not grieve. Perhaps I am glad. Tyrants are best out of the way—the sooner the better.

"There is another thing. No one is ever selected to do those things. They do them absolutely of their own individual volition. Anarchists may approve of the deed after it is done, but they never know of it beforehand. It was that way with Bressi.

"Why did Bressi kill the King? Because he was an Anarchist," she said, unhesitatingly.

"We don't love men who sit in high places and fatten on the labor of other men. Do I think the Czar of Russia should be killed?" She paused before answering this question, and one of the Italians with her whispered a word of caution.

"When a thing is done we know if it is good or bad. Before it is done we cannot tell. It is only afterward that we judge," she said, fencing.

Victoria Is a Woman.

"There is Queen Victoria—she sits on a throne. Would you approve of killing her?" was asked.

"No," she said after a long pause. "No, I would not approve of killing the Queen. She is a woman. Women should not be slain, even for a principle. She is not responsible. We don't fight women—never. She was brought up in that class. She didn't put herself there. She can't help herself. She may be bad. I don't know about that—but she is a woman. That is enough."

Oppressors Must Perish.

"Remember," she said solemnly, "that oppressors must perish. Every day the poor are growing poorer and the rich are growing richer. Even in this country you call the land of the free it is so. No one can beat down the poor always. Some day they will turn. It is not hereditary Kings we would abolish—it is the oppressors everywhere. We would make all equal. We would not let one man sit down and say to twenty others, 'You must work for me. You are nothing more than my slaves. What I see fit I will pay you. If it isn't enough for you to keep body and soul together, why, die. Nobody will miss you.'

"Now, why should one man be a master and one man be a slave? Why? And at last many people will rise up and say 'Why?' and it will be a great shout that will be heard all over the world.

"There are so many poor. Have they no rights? Is it only the rich who must not suffer? Were the poor made to be beasts of burden? These are questions for wise men to answer. I, Ernesta Crevella, can ask them, but I do not find any answer.

"Now I must go back to my work."

Paterson Police Do Nothing.

The police of Paterson have taken no steps toward investigating the recent rumors of a well organized Mafia there. Chief of Police Fred G. Grawl said today:

"It's none of our business. In the first place, we know nothing about the Anarchists of Paterson. We will not undertake to stop any meeting for the simple reason that people have a right to meet where they please and do what they please.

"How do we know these people are laying plots for the murder of anybody? We know nothing about the Anarchists. The newspapers seem to mingle with them and get more information than we do. We have no right to invade their meetings and arrest people."

This position of the police in Paterson has caused some comment by representatives of the place. They believe that the police ought to be up and doing. In fact, it has been surprising to the average citizens of Paterson that there really exists there a well organized band of Anarchists. Recent events brought about the first serious fears.

Discharging Italian Mill Men.

Many of the silk mill owners of that city have decided to get rid of the Italian laborers there. One of the manufacturers, it is learned upon good authority, has already slated every Italian in his mill to be discharged and has dismissed many of them already ostensibly on the ground that the work has fallen off in the mills and that he does not need such a large force.

This action is followed by a rumor that this manufacturer has become the subject of bitter denunciations by the Anarchists of Paterson at their regular meetings, and it was whispered around today that some of the radical Anarchists had suggested that he should be killed.

The manufacturer was seen today, but would not be interviewed. A week ago he did not hesitate to say that he had opposed giving employment to many of the Italians in his mills. It is hinted that he has received threatening letters from some of the Anarchists.

To Hold Meeting on Sunday.

There will be a general meeting of the Anarchists of Paterson on Thursday night at Bartholdi Hall, 296 Straight street. This meeting will be public.

"It will be a general hurrah meeting," explained one of the leaders.

"We want the public to come and see what we are and observe just exactly what we are trying to do in planting the anarchistic doctrine here."

At this meeting an effort will be made to raise money to aid in the defense of Bressi when he is brought to trial in Italy. It is said that leading Anarchists have already sent out an appeal to every group in the country calling upon them to raise funds for the defense of the murderer.

PLAN TO CHECK ANARCHISTS.

Police of Paris Seeking Means for Preventing Formation of Societies.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY GRACE CORNEAU.]

PARIS, July 31.—Some concerted plan of action is to be decided upon by the Chiefs of the European police to check the dangerous Anarchists and Italian societies which are keeping up the deadly work of assassination. An effort is to be made to secure from England and America coöperation in a law to prevent granting hospitality in either of these lands to Anarchists and Nihilists suspected by the police. The French police are taking an active initiative in the movement.

ITALIANS VEXED AT MAYOR

THINK WORD OF CONDOLENCE SHOULD BE SENT BY HIM.

Consul Razwadowski and Hector Durante Discuss the Failure to Notice Officially Assassination of Humbert—Memorial Service to Be Held—Nicholo Queto Tells of Previous Attempt on King's Life—Arbeiter Zeitung's Comment.

The failure of Mayor Harrison or Acting Mayor Walker to offer any word of condolence over the death of King Humbert is a subject of comment among the Italians. Anthony L. Rozwadowski, the Italian Consul, confidently expected to receive a communication of some kind from the Mayor conveying expressions of sorrow to the 25,000 Italians of Chicago. The fact that Mayor Harrison was away on a vacation explained why no note of condolence was received from him on the day following the death of the King, but yesterday, when the mail failed to bring any word either from the Mayor or the Acting Mayor, Corporation Counsel Walker, Mr. Rozwadowski announced the fact.

"I am certain the Mayor feels as bad as any American citizen," said the Consul. "His failure to convey sympathy on behalf of the city probably was due to thoughtlessness. However, since Italians form a considerable part of the city's population, I should think the Mayor would have observed an old custom."

"The silence of the Mayor is a slight to the Italians of Chicago," said Hector Durante, editor of L'Italia. "The absence of the Mayor from the city is no excuse for his silence. If the Acting Mayor did not feel personal sorrow over the tragedy he should at least convey sympathy on behalf of the city."

Italians to Hold Memorial Service.

Dr. G. Ronga has called a meeting of Italians to be held today at his residence, 115 Ewing street, to arrange for services to be held in memory of King Humbert. The services probably will be at Music Hall. R. V. Romano, Dr. Camillo Volini, Dr. Emilio Tobia, Dr. Francisco Robertaccio, and F. S. Capparelli are among those who have the arrangements in charge.

"All of the fifty Italian societies of the city have volunteered to assist in the demonstration," said Dr. Ronga. "By the services we intend to impress Americans with the love which Italians had for their King."

The attempt made to assassinate King Humbert by Giovanni Passananti on Aug. 17, 1878, was witnessed by Nicholo Queto, now living at 275 West Madison street. Queto was a member of the crew of the Italian ship Palestro.

"It was the day of Humbert's coronation," said Queto, "and Rome was crowded. The crew of the Palestro was called upon to assist the police in maintaining a passage way from the depot to the palace. Humbert rode through the street in an open carriage. With him were Margherita and Prime Minister Quierville. A peasant woman approached the carriage and presented the King a petition. Humbert received it and the crowds cheered. Soon after Passananti walked from the crowd and also presented a petition. As the King took the paper Passananti raised a red flag and drew a stiletto. He made a lung at the King, but Minister Quierville intercepted the thrust. Humbert struck Passananti with the butt of his saber and guards seized the man. The Prime Minister was severely cut."

Mrs. Lucy Parsons, the widow of the Haymarket Anarchist, says that as an American citizen the expression of President McKinley sent to the Italian government does not please her.

"I am not sorry that King Humbert was killed," she said. "When President McKinley sent the sympathy of the American people to Rome he did not send mine."

Socialist Newspaper Comment.

Commenting on the assassination the Chicago Arbeiter Zeitung, a German Socialist newspaper, said:

As usual the capitalistic press brands the assassin an Anarchist, because, according to the idea of the editors, only an Anarchist could ever raise his hand against the head of the state. It is true, history does not bear out that supposition, but an event of this nature offers to the ruling powers a welcome opportunity to arouse in the ignorant masses fear of those who have for some time been shaking the supports of the thrones; that gives the ruling powers another lease of life for another decade in which they may continue their extortion.

But, supposing Angelo Bressi committed this deed really because he considered the representative of the state power an obstacle in the way of abolishing the old machine, the old organism gradually erected in the course of time for the purpose of fettering liberty, of crushing the individual, of placing oppression upon a legal basis and to accustom the intellectual faculties of the people to servitude—supposing all this, he does not deserve to be condemned, because, according to his ideas, he simply retaliated for the mass murders committed daily in the name of the state. It is to be regretted, however, that this event has not brought Italy much nearer to social revolution; the place vacated by one representative of the state power will be occupied by another, who will sanction mass murders and extortion as his predecessor did. To fell one of the highest trees occasionally does not mean to clear a forest.

EMPRESS DISCLAIMS ENMITY.

Imperial Edict Reaches Chefoo Declaring Government Not Responsible for Conditions.

PARIS, July 31.—The Minister of Marine, M. de Lanesson, today received the following dispatch from Admiral Courrejoles:

"Chefoo, July 26.—Many symptoms of greater calm, notably an imperial edict, are reaching us at Chefoo, in which the Chinese government says it is not responsible for the condition of affairs; that all their acts have been towards the maintenance of peace, and that they intend to respect the treaties towards foreigners and missions."

According to dispatches received at the Foreign office today the Austrian, Spanish, Italian, and Holland legations at Pekin have been destroyed, and the French Legation has been partially wrecked. The attacks on the legations ceased some days ago. The Emperor and Empress are living in Pekin.

"HUMBERT—HONEST AND KIND".

Editor of L'Italia Pronounces the Dead King to Have Been of Great Virtue.

L'Italia, the principal Italian paper of this city, whose editor is Hector Durante, in an extra announcing the assassination of King Humbert yesterday, commented editorially upon the tragedy as follows:

"Horrified and astonished, with the spasms of thought and the tears veiling our eyes, our hand is not strong enough to write the horrible news. The type of the King, loyal, generous, magnanimous, who has never done any harm to any one, but who always had in his mind the greatness and prosperity of his country, did not deserve to end his glorious career in such a miserable way at the hand of a coward assassin. Had King Humbert not been born on the steps of a throne, he would have always been a gentleman, a lover of his people, to whose affection he always aspired in all the actions of his life. And he always demonstrated this in all the painful vicissitudes which have afflicted Italy in the years of his reign.

SWISS TO EXPEL REFUGEES.

Bill to Disrupt Anarchists Now in the Republic Being Trained—Bressi Unknown in Geneva.

GENEVA, July 31.—In spite of all their efforts the police have not succeeded in identifying the assassin of King Humbert as the man Bressi who was watched here in 1898. The authorities are only able to affirm that the Geneva Anarchists, who are mostly Italians, are in regular correspondence with their countrymen in Paterson, N. J., from which point all orders come.

In view of the attitude of Lucchenl, when questioned about Bressi and the Paterson group, the police are assured that the crimes of recent years have been the successive phases of a plot.

It is said in official circles that at the opening of the Federal Parliament a bill will be brought in for the expulsion of all refugees now in Switzerland.

CONDEMNS THE KING'S SLAYER.

Miss Irene Ashby, Socialist, Not in Sympathy with Anarchist.

PUTS BLAME ON SOCIETY.

Only Necessary to Understand Assassin's View to Forgive Him.

DEPLORES STATUS OF WOMEN

SHARP POINTS IN MISS ASHBY'S ADDRESS.

"We have only to understand the Anarchist's point of view to forgive him."

"Anarchists and Socialists have but one theory in common, and that is the condemnation of the present condition of society."

"It is not the selfishness and avarice of the capitalist that makes him grind down the poor so much as it is his stupidity."

"The tension and strain in society in America is one of the most hopeful signs of the times."

"If there was nothing else in the world to make me fight the present state of society I would fight it on account of the condition of woman."

Miss Irene Ashby, the young woman from London, who is a prominent member of the independent labor party of England and one of the most ardent Socialists of that country, spoke at Hull House last night under the auspices of the Federation of Justice, a socialistic organization. Her subject was "Socialism Versus Anarchy," and her address was devoted chiefly to an explanation of the difference between the two movements. The address was made partly on account of the assassination of King Humbert.

Miss Ashby confessed to being a dreamer and impressed her audience as being deeply in earnest, nevertheless. She was not in sympathy with that spirit of anarchy which prompted the assassination of King Humbert, but deplored the act as that of an ignorant and crazy man who believed he was benefiting humanity by taking the life of a King in nowise responsible for the present state of society.

It was to be regretted, Miss Ashby said, that there was so much confusion in this country as to the distinction between socialism and anarchy. She declared that no such confusion existed in England, where more study and thought were bestowed on the subject of social evolution. In drawing a distinction between the two theories Miss Ashby quoted from the remarks of a woman Anarchist in Paterson, N. J., upon the killing of King Humbert.

Popular Anarchistic Views.

"There you have the popular anarchistic view that a monarch is inhuman, and therefore not fit to live," said Miss Ashby. "Suppose we look on the world as the Anarchist does and try to understand why he wars against society. Let us look around us. When I left my country it was torn by the spirit of patriotism, but at the same time men and women were starving because they could not find work. I come over here and am told that work is plenty everywhere, but in Philadelphia and Chicago and many other places strikes are going on. Wherever I go, in spite of the assertions of the well-to-do, I find the weak being pushed to the wall by the strong.

"The Anarchist leaves his home in a foreign country because of oppression, and comes here to find similar conditions in society. He looks around him and then echoes the cry in our hearts when we realize that society is responsible for the want and suffering all around. In the minds of the ignorant and educated Anarchist alike there is an ideal man and woman who would always act for the good of humanity, but it is a baseless theory—a dream of what might but will never be."

It was only necessary to understand the Anarchist's point of view, Miss Ashby declared, in order to forgive him. While Anarchists and Socialists were in harmony in condemning society as it is today, they differed in their views as to methods for the accomplishment of reform. The great mistake of the Anarchists, Miss Ashby believed, was to be found in their failure to account for the stupidity of the masses.

Illustrates the Socialist View.

In order to bring before her audience the Socialist's point of view Miss Ashby sketched the growth of government from the days of the absolute monarch down to the present, with the accompanying changes in the industrial world. The introduction of machinery developed a new force which took industry out of the home and put it into the factory, and this led to the gradual concentration of capital, the formation of trusts, and the establishment of classes in society.

"What is this class struggle you hear Anarchists and Socialists talking about?" asked Miss Ashby. "It is the class which owns the machinery of the industrial world against the men and women who have nothing but their labor to sell. The struggle has gone further in this country than it has in England, for nowhere else in the world has capital been so thoroughly organized."

The struggle between capital and labor was considered a most hopeful sign by Miss Ashby. It indicated to her that organized labor was beginning to realize its power and that society was not dead. She deplored the condition of women who had to work, and declared that their cause was enough to sustain her belief in socialism.

Would Fight on Account of Woman.

"The worst paid labor in the world is that of woman," said Miss Ashby with great earnestness. "She is looked upon as a cheap bit of machinery. If there was nothing else in the world to make me fight the present state of society, I would fight it on account of woman."

In conclusion Miss Ashby said that the problem of the future was how to organize the industry of the world so it could supply the needs of the world. Political corruption was delaying the movement, but it would come some day, when the world woke up to the truth and realized that society was all wrong.

PLAN FUNERAL SERVICE HERE.

Chicago Italians Considering Suggestions for Rites in Honor of King Humbert.

A suggestion for the observance of a funeral, embodying eulogy and burial rites, in honor of King Humbert will be considered at a meeting of the officers of the United Italian Societies of Chicago to be held tonight at the Sherman House. Some of the Italians favor a ceremony like that conducted in Chicago in 1882 in honor of General Garibaldi, but the officers of the societies oppose the plan on the ground that the celebration would cost too much money and that the dignity of the rites then would not be commensurate with the greatness of the King.

The societies which will prepare plans for the memorial services are the Unione Fratellanza, the C. Colombo, the Legione G. Garibaldi, the Societa Liguara, and the Giovane Italia. John Cella is President of the joint societies, John S. Raggio Secretary, and Charles Ginocchio Treasurer.

"The plan of holding funeral services has been suggested and is favored by many of the members of the societies, but is opposed by the officers," said President Cella: "The plan, however, will be discussed, and it is barely possible that it will be adopted. In the services for Garibaldi we had an effigy of the General and a cortège on the streets. At our meeting we will decide definitely on some plan for services in honor of the King."

Called to San Francisco as Teacher.

Aurora, Ill., July 31.—[Special.]—Walter Garrey, Ph. D., M. D., a well known University of Chicago football player and coach, has been elected head of the Department of Physiology in Cooper Medical College, San Francisco, affiliated with Leland Stanford University. He is a son of Dr. J. E. Garrey of this city.

RIVAL ICE MEN TO FIGHT TRUST.

Competing Company Enters the New York Field and Promises Low Prices.

STOCK IS ALL TAKEN.

Securities Held by Butchers, Restaurant-Keepers, and Other Big Consumers.

ADOPT CO-OPERATIVE PLAN.

NEW YORK BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, New York, July 31.

An uncompromising rival of the ice trust enters the field tomorrow. During the last two months the Manhattan Ice company has been organized by men who had experience in grappling with the brewing monopoly several years ago. Although the books will be opened tomorrow, the $500,000 capital stock is practically subscribed. The 50,000 shares, at $10 each, will be so widely distributed that the trust cannot secure a majority interest. No stockholder will be allowed to purchase more than 100 shares.

Rival Ice Company Enters New York Field.

The new company will serve the public at $3 and its stockholders at $2 per ton. Its securities will be held practically by retail butchers, grocers, dairymen, confectioners, and restaurant keepers who use quantities of ice.

"The coöperative plan we have adopted is the only one by which trusts can be knocked out," said James Jackson, Vice President and General Manager of the Manhattan Ice company. "We shall promptly organize a complete delivery system. Two large plants for making artificial ice have been contracted for. These will have a capacity of 500 tons daily."

"We have no fear of competition," said Mr. Thompson, Treasurer of the company. "We hear that the trust is now offering to put out large contracts for 17½ cents per hundred pounds. If that be true, we will take the same contracts for 15 cents per hundred. That is the kind of a fight we intend to put up. But we shall never sell ice at a loss."

Fifty convulsions a day is the record of Eugene F. Burns of Red Bank, N. J., whose system has been racked by them to a greater or less extent for over a week. Doctors say the case is remarkable. One day last week Burns was digging a well while the weather was intensely warm. Later in the day he went home and took to his bed.

Has Fifty Convulsions in a Day.

Two days later he had a series of severe convulsions. They followed each other in rapid succession, only a few minutes elapsing between them. At first Burns had as many as fifty a day. The number had gradually grown less, until now he has only five or six. His condition is still critical.

Several local doctors have consulted on the case and attribute the convulsions to a disturbance of the nerve centers, caused by sudden changes from heat to cold, due to going down into the cold well.

The American College of Sciences was incorporated today at Newark, with a capital of $100,000. The incorporators are Thomas W. Shannon, Adolphus D. Foucher, Thomas F. Adkins, E. Virgil Neal, Charles S. Clark, and Julian de Pissas. All except the latter live in Rochester. He resides at Nutley. The object of the college is to instruct in personal magnetism, hypnotism, suggestive therapeutics, and magnetic healing.

Congressman William D. Daly of Hoboken, N. J., who died suddenly of apoplexy early this morning at Far Rockaway, was one of the most active advocates at Kansas City of the anti-imperialistic plank of the Democratic national convention. It was largely through his efforts that imperialism was made the paramount issue of the Democratic campaign.

Congressman Daly Dies of Apoplexy.

Mr. Daly went to Far Rockaway on Monday afternoon to see some friends and to have a day's outing. He missed the last train for this city and engaged a room at a boarding-house. At 2 a. m. today he was stricken with apoplexy, and although a physician was quickly summoned he was beyond the aid of medical skill. Mr. Daly was a conspicuous candidate for the Democratic nomination for Governor in 1898. He was comparatively young, having been born in Jersey City in 1851. His early education was obtained in the public schools. His first employment was in a foundry. In 1870 he entered a law office, and four years afterward was admitted to the bar. Before he was 30 years of age he had made his mark as a criminal lawyer.

Miss Blanche Burton and Guy Standing, both members of the Empire Theater stock company, were secretly married in Jersey City on Nov. 27 last and the news reached Broadway today. Last evening Mr. and Mrs. Standing started on a belated wedding trip to Boston by boat. Mr. Standing's former wife was Isabelle Urquhart.

The stock of the American Sugar Refining company, which has been buoyant for several weeks as a result of the belief that all the refiners have been "harmonized by the trust, broke four points today. The break was accompanied by a report that the trust and the Arbuckles have had another falling out and a war of rates is about to begin. It is possible the scare is arranged solely for the purpose of manipulation.

Arbuckles Cut the Price of Sugar.

The Arbuckles posted this notice: "Effective today, a trade discount of 1 per cent will be allowed on all purchases of sugar, to be deducted from the invoice."

Up to the close of business tonight the American Sugar Refining company had not met the terms proposed by the Arbuckles, and there were no indications that they would.

James H. Post of B. H. Howells company, who controls the National Refining company, said: "We have not met the terms named by the Arbuckles, and I do not know that we will. The sugar trade, however, is in a strong position and will continue so for sixty days at least."

The steamship Havana, which arrived here this morning from Havana, lowered its own record by twenty minutes and that of the Mexico by ten minutes. The Havana's new record is two days, fifteen hours, and thirty minutes. The best day's run was made during the twenty-four hours ending on Monday noon—460 knots. Captain Lucien Young, Captain of the Port of Havana, was a passenger. He is on leave of absence to visit his family.

Steamship Makes Fast Trip from Havana.

Another passenger was Major F. J. Ives, Chief Surgeon in the Departments of Matanzas and Santa Clara, under General Wilson. Like his superior officer, Major Ives has been ordered to Chinese service.

W. Bourke Cockran returned to this city today after a six weeks' visit to Europe, but is not prepared to discuss the political situation or to say positively whether his preference for the Presidency is McKinley or Bryan. Mr. Cockran returned on the North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, and immediately drove to Sherry's, his home when in this city.

Bourke Cockran Returns from Europe.

He was seen there during the evening by a reporter. "I have nothing to say now," he said, "and don't care to talk about politics. In fact, I am not prepared at the present moment to discuss the political situation or to say anything about whom I shall support at the coming election.

"In due time I shall have something to say, and then it will be found that I am not on the fence, but that I have positive opinions."

Frugality plunged Joseph Jones, a resident of Hackensack, N. J., into an expensive predicament. He was deported as a pauper by the immigrant officials after having collected a legacy in England and sent the money to his wife in Hackensack. When he returned to New York with only a few pennies in his pocket he was proclaimed a pauper and deported to England by the first steamship. Jones was notified about one month ago that a relative had died in England leaving him $2,000. Although he has lived in the United States ten years he never took out naturalization papers. He went to England and collected his legacy and sent practically all of the money to Postmaster Jarvis of Tenafly, N. J., for safekeeping until his return. He first, however, provided himself with a ticket on the Ivernia and calculated every item of expense. He planned to land in this city with just enough to pay car fare to his New Jersey home.

Man with $2,000 Deported as a Pauper.

Great was his chagrin when the authorities refused to regard his car fare money as sufficient evidence of financial responsibility. He told the story of his legacy and was greeted with incredulous smiles. He was permitted to send a letter to his wife, but the letter was delayed in transmission. When Mrs. Jones did receive it she hurried to the barge office. There she learned that the ship on which was her husband had sailed. She heard from him today and sent money for his return.

Senator Hanna was at the Republican headquarters all day, but he did not receive callers. He turned them over to Mr. Manley. Mr. Hanna denied the report that he and Governor Roosevelt had indulged in unpleasant words regarding the speech that Roosevelt delivered at St. Paul, in which he branded Democrats as "cowards."

Hanna Denies Quarrel with Gov. Roosevelt.

"We discussed plans for the campaign and the part he will take in it. You can bet he will take a large part in it, too," said Mr. Hanna, with a chuckle. "Yes, we discussed speeches—his speeches, with others—but not any particular speech that I can recall. This talk of a quarrel between Governor Roosevelt and myself is all bosh."

During the afternoon Mr. Hanna and Chairman Odell had a conference about the State compaign. John Barrett, ex-Minister to Siam, who is to be one of Mr. Hanna's star spellbinders, was at headquarters today and said he was authorized to announce that ex-Speaker Reed would make speeches for Mr. McKinley in September.

Miss Clarissa Blake, daughter of S. Parkman Blake, a retired banker of Boston, was killed at New Rochelle, N. Y., this afternoon. She went there to buy a horse for cross country riding and picked out a magnificent bay. She mounted the animal and took several turns around a field and then started to try him over the hurdles. She ran him to a hurdle and the horse rose to it, but as he went over his hind hoofs struck the top rail and Miss Blake was thrown. She struck on the back of her head at the neck. Her spine was broken at the base of the brain and she was dead when picked up.

Killed While Trying a Riding Horse.

Dry dock No. 2, at the Brooklyn navy yard, which is being repaired at an estimated expenditure of $1,000,000, sprang a leak today. In a few hours there was ten feet of water in the dock, covering all the tools and machinery used in the work of reconstruction. The leak was caused by the removal of the caison from the mouth of dry dock No. 3, situated alongside No. 2, and the water filled No. 3. The leak has not yet been found. If the water continues to run into the uncompleted dock the repair work of six months will need to be done over again. The damage is already considerable.

Dry Dock No. 2 Springs a Leak.

Chairman Jones of the Democratic National committee said today: "I see that New York Republican newspapers have made the pretended discovery that I am connected with a trust. They allude, of course, to the fact that I own stock in the American Cotton company. This is in no sense a trust, nor is it a company with inflated capital. It is simply a business organization with capital large enough to carry on sucessfully the enterprise in which it is engaged. The company does not aim at a monopoly in the handling of roundlap bales, but ginners are free to sell in the open market at any time and to any buyer."

Jones Denies He Owns Stock in a Trust.

The Democratic State committee will not meet at the Hoffman House on Thursday, Aug. 9, to name the date and place for the State convention. Chairman Frank Campbell has recalled the notices which he sent to the members of the committee last Monday evening. The committee will meet on the same day, but at the Grand Union Hotel, Saratoga.

Croker Changes Plans of State Committee.

When the place for the meeting of the committee was under consideration by the party leaders, ex-Senator Hill, it is said, favored New York City. John Whalen, representing Richard Croker, called at State headquarters on Monday afternoon and informed Chairman Campbell Mr. Croker wanted the meeting held at Saratoga. Chairman Campbell, however, decided upon New York City.

Mr. Croker returned today from a sailing trip up the Sound. He at once put himself in telephone communication with Democratic State headquarters. Chairman Campbell had returned to his home in Bath, Steuben County. Mr. Croker then carried on a conversation with Campaign Chairman McGuire, in which the Tammany Hall leader said Saratoga should have been selected for the meeting, and he had the change made.

"You will come over and see my husband, will you? Take that!"

With these words Mrs. Gussie Ornstein, 30 years old, 360 Madison street, tonight dashed the contents of a big bottle of carbolic acid in the face of Mrs. Fannie Fantalis, also aged 30, a widow, 359 Madison street. Mrs. Fantalis will probably lose the sight of one eye.

Jealous Woman Throws Acid in Widow's Face.

Living opposite each other, the two women until a fortnight ago were on the best of terms. Then Mrs. Ornstein's husband became ill, and it was the custom of Mrs. Fantalis to call every day to see if she could do anything for him. These visits aroused the wife's jealousy. There were numerous quarrels bteween the two, but Mrs. Fantalis continued to call despite the wife's protests.

Mrs. Fantalis was sitting in a chair in front of her house when the acid was thrown. She was badly burned on the hands, arms, and face.

"The Casino Boy," a new burlesque, was produced tonight at the Casino Roof Garden. While not lacking in mirth and melody, the mediocre cast, the indifferent stage effects and costumes hampered its success. Robert B. Smith wrote the book, his first effort. For a beginning it is promising. His story is based on the sending of a box of alleged poisoned candy to Virginia Earle last spring. In solving the stage mystery he introduced burlesques of Olga Nethersole's rôle of "Sapho," Edmund Lyons' "Nero," and William Gillette's "Sherlock Holmes." The ideas were well handled. Harry T. MacConnell wrote the music. It is light, but catchy. The choruses were especially spirited. "Mobile Gal," a duet, was the most tuneful of all the numbers. The Countess von Hatzfeldt, who essayed a boy's rôle, was out of her element.

New Burlesque Produced at the Casino.

Salvation Army Gives Children a Sail.

The Salvation Army gave its fourth annual lake excursion for children yesterday. Fully 500 children went aboard the steamer, City of Chicago, under the direction of Lieutenant Colonel French and were taken to St. Joseph, Mich., where they spent the day.

PLAN A CENTRAL CHURCH.

TRINITY METHODISTS PROJECT INSTITUTIONAL ENTERPRISE.

Will Buy Property at Indiana Avenue and Thirtieth Street for $15,000 if Possible and Found Something on the Idea of Metropolitan Tabernacle in New York—Leading Men Behind the Scheme—Opposition from South Park Overcome.

At a meeting of the quarterly conference of Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church last evening plans for the establishment of an institutional church on a large scale came to light. The new church is to be located on the South Side, and is to be made the center of the large Methodist interests now represented in that locality.

The conference voted almost unanimously to adopt the report of the Board of Trustees recommending the purchase of the property owned and formerly occupied by the Fifth Presbyterian Church at Indiana avenue and Thirtieth street. The session of the trustees at which the plan was decided on was held immediately before the meeting of the quarterly conference. The purchase price was limited to $15,000.

Project a Comprehensive One.

Members of Trinity Church make it public that it is not their intention merely to establish a church at Indiana avenue and Thirtieth street. What they propose is to unite the Methodist forces on the South Side in a great institutional church movement. The church is to be patterned somewhat after the Metropolitan Tabernacle in New York.

Into this institutional church it is proposed to gather the working forces of Trinity, the Methodist church at Wabash avenue and Fourteenth street, and Marie Chapel. The projectors point out that this will form a natural center of Methodism on the South Side, as within a few blocks are located the new Mercy Hospital, being erected at a cost of $150,000, and the Northwestern University Medical School, also a Methodist institution. At Indiana avenue and Fiftieth street is located the Methodist Missionary Training School, with 250 students, from which active workers for the institutional church can be drawn.

Among the prominent supporters of the project are mentioned William Deering, Gustavus F. Swift, N. W. Harris, Harlow N. Higinbotham, Judge Oliver H. Horton, and others. A letter from N. W. Harris promising financial support for the enterprise was read at the meeting of the board of trustees. The letter had considerable bearing upon the action finally taken.

First Church Must Be Sold.

By a recent decision of the Supreme Court of Illinois the First Church is restrained from improving the property at Clark and Washington streets, and the property must be sold. Trinity Church controls the Clark street property jointly with the First Church trustees, and for this reason it is desired to maintain the organization of Trinity. The property is said to be worth nearly $1,000,000, and a considerable part of the income undoubtedly will be used in the development of the institutional church which Trinity purposes to establish.

The consummation of the plan to purchase the Indiana avenue property was retarded by a spirited opposition developed among the members of the South Park Church, at South Park avenue and Thirty-third street, the objectors thinking that Trinity was encroaching upon their territory. A protest was lodged with the Locating committee of the Rock River conference, which unanimously decided that the objections were not well grounded.

At a meeting of the quarterly conference of the South Park Church on Monday night the conference agreed to let the matter drop.

LAST WORD FOR JESTER HAS NOW BEEN SPOKEN.

Prosecution Presents Its Final Utterance This Morning and Then the Fate of the Excited Old Man Will Be in the Hands of the Jury.

New London, Mo., July 31.—[Special.]—At the Jester trial today the attendance was the largest since the case began, four weeks ago. Many people failed to gain admission, and the crowd became so dense in the courtroom that Judge Eby issued an order to close the doors. Upon a petition by the people the doors were reopened, and though the halls and entrances were soon packed with the throng there was an overflow crowd in the courthouse square.

T. T. Rodes, Prosecuting Attorney for Monroe County and attorney for the State, spoke five hours and wove a strong web of circumstantial evidence around the old prisoner. Often in his speech he would dramatically point his finger at the old prisoner and call upon him to explain away the "terrible evidence" against him. Jester frequently essayed to answer, and once or twice did reply, but his attorneys kept him quiet. These outbursts of Mr. Rodes agitated the old man deeply.

Patrick H. Cullen followed Mr. Rodes. He is Jester's senior counsel. Among other things Cullen said: "The State claims that Jester killed Gilbert Gates in Hulin's lane in broad daylight, when people were coming and going. If he had intended murder, would he have traveled through the woods of Kansas and Missouri and committed this awful crime in such a public place? Do not the scriptures tell us that men love darkness better than light, because their deeds are evil? Would Jester have passed through Missouri, Illinois, and Indiana, making an exhibition of himself and his property, his wagon painted a crimson red with the blood of Gilbert Gates, had he been guilty?

DISAPPOINTED OVER SHOWING.

Cincinnatians Seek to Explain the Small Part They Play in the Census Returns.

Cincinnati, O., July 31.—[Special.]—A bulletin issued by the Census bureau at Washington today gives the population of Cincinnati in 1900 as 325,902; while in 1890 it was 296,908. These figures show for the city, as a whole, an increase in population of 28,894, or only 9.77 per cent, from 1890 to 1900. This announcement is a disappointment to citizens here, who had estimated that the census would show 375,000 and possibly 400,000.

"I suppose the figures are correct as given by the papers," said Census Supervisor Stoddard. "I have not yet heard from the Washington office. There may be some disappointment in the showing made, but in this matter our city is somewhat the victim of circumstances. There are thousands of Cincinnatians whose homes are outside the city limits and who could not, therefore, be included in the enumeration for the city."

Mr. Stoddard admitted that had the outlying villages been annexed, as was proposed, 25,000 would cover the increase which would have brought the total to but 350,000.

NEW ROAD CHANGES NAME.

Rock Island and Eastern Becomes Davenport, Rock Island and Northwestern—Increased Capital.

Springfield, Ill., July 31.—The Rock Island and Eastern railroad, which today certified to the Secretary of State a change of name to Davenport, Rock Island and Northwestern, and an increase of capital stock from $100,000 to $4,000,000, is supposed to be part of the Chicago and Northwestern system and is routed to run from Peoria to Rock Island to compete with the present Rock Island and Pacific.

The chances are that the building of this road will give the Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis system the line it has so long desired into Chicago, in which case the situation would be analagous to that which prevailed before the Alton syndicate bought the Northern.

While Chicago, Peoria and St. Louis would have a rather circuitous route by way of Rock Island, yet the freight could be handled to advantage, and a direct competitor established for part of Alton's business. Such a line would also give the Northwestern system a St. Louis inlet.

TURNS DEAF EAR TO MRS. M'CREA.

Governor Tanner Fails to See Any Reason for Reinstating Her and Others.

HOLDS LONG CONFERENCE.

Lincoln Park Commissioners Explain Reasons for Discharging Employes.

AWAITING GRAIN REPORT.

Mrs. Annetta E. McCrea and other employés discharged by the Lincoln Park board received no encouragement yesterday from Governor Tanner. The Governor said new and stronger reasons than any yet presented would have to be laid before him before he would take any steps toward reinstatement.

The only one to appeal to the Governor directly was Mrs. McCrea. He gave her statements considerable attention, but the result is unfavorable to the dismissed landscape gardener. Park Commissioners Smith, Shields, and Pfister, and Superintendent Redieske were in conference with the Governor at the Great Northern Hotel during the day. They made statements in detail regarding the causes for removing Mrs. McCrea.

Sees No Reason to Interfere.

The Governor said subsequently that economy was the principal reason for the discharges, and added:

"I am unable to discover any valid excuse for interfering. In fact, it would be a violation on my part of discipline in the management of park affairs to interfere. Evidence stronger than any thus far presented would have to be produced to change my mind.

"There is nothing for me to do. There is nothing I can do that would not be a reflection on the judgment and the business sense of the commissioners. They are held responsible for the management of the park. They ought to know at all times what is best to be done. Should I step in now and rebuke them by reinstating Mrs. McCrea every other discharged employé would demand similar recognition. The board's authority would become ineffectual.

"I told Mrs. McCrea that her arraignment of the park officials in the newspapers had done her cause no good. Thereby she placed me in a position where I am compelled either to sustain the board appointed by me or repudiate its action, and thereby acknowledge its incapability. I know nothing about Mrs. McCrea. She may be an expert in landscape gardening. My information is that she is one of ninety employés dismissed for the purpose of reducing expenses. As I understand the situation the appropriation is not sufficient to cover all the needs of the park. Retrenchment is absolutely necessary. I am told that the board is reducing the expenses in every possible direction, and I cannot afford to oppose economy."

Bearing of Grain Office Report.

The Governor was kept busy all day receiving callers. The forthcoming report of the grain office investigating committee was discussed. Suggestions were offered that Governor Tanner might have occasion to give the Lincoln Park board another shaking up. If the grain office report does not exonerate Lloyd J. Smith, it was said that his resignation as park commissioner might be asked for. The Governor declined to discuss the matter, however. As chairman of the Service committee it is supposed that Mr. Smith is responsible to a great degree for the discharge of Mrs. McCrea and others.

If the report of the Investigating committee makes a bad showing for Mr. Smith, he will be asked to withdraw from the drainage board ticket. In the event of a refusal to do so, the County Executive committee will, it is said, find some way to sidetrack him. It has no legal authority to remove him. A prominent North Side German probably would be selected to take Mr. Smith's place on the ticket.

SOLICIT AID FOR STRIKERS.

Delegates Will Attend Plumber's Convention and Work for Assessment on National Organization.

The national convention of the United Association of Plumbers, which begins at Newark, N. J., next Monday, will be attended by delegates from the local union who have been instructed to work and vote for an assessment of 50 cents on each of the 16,000 members of the national organization for the benefit of the members affected by the labor trouble in this city. The delegates are also instructed to urge the adoption of a boycott on all Chicago supply dealers who have supported the Building Contractors' council during the lockout.

The agreement prepared by the Arbitration committees of the Illinois Brick company and the Brickmakers' unions of Cook County has failed to secure the ratification of the unions because it did not contain a provision for the employment of union labor exclusively. It is said that the Arbitration committees will hold another conference and endeavor to amend the agreement in a satisfactory manner.

The demand for bridge and structural ironworkers in other cities has practically absorbed the membership of the local union. Twenty members of the union went to Duluth yesterday to work on coal chutes being constructed there by the Lehigh Valley Coal company. Twenty-five workmen had already gone to Duluth on the same job. It is estimated that fully fifty structural ironworkers have left the city within the last ten days.

R. Glockling of Toronto, Secretary of the Bureau of Labor for the Province of Ontario, arrived in the city yesterday on a tour of observation. He will spend several days studying local industrial conditions. Mr. Glockling believes that the condition of labor is much better in the United States than in Canada, and has noted many signs of prosperity.

At the meeting of the bricklayers and stonemasons last night Thomas R. Preece was elected to the vacancy on the Board of Arbitration. The regular monthly meeting of the joint Board of Arbitration will be held today at the Masons and Builders' Exchange. Nothing of special interest is expected to come up for consideration.

SAY HE WAS LURED TO ASYLUM.

Friends of Playwright Hoyt Petition Court, Who Will Decide Today on Commitment.

Hartford, Conn., July 31.—[Special.]—George H. Dickinson of the Atlanta (Ga.) Journal appeared before Judge Freeman of the Probate Court today with a petition and complaint in behalf of Charles H. Hoyt, committed to the retreat for the insane at Hartford by this court.

The petition sets forth that Mr. Hoyt was lured to Hartford from his home in Charlestown, N. H., on the representation that he was to voluntarily enter the retreat for medical attention, and that, while he was making arrangements, he was committed in defraud of his right and by a court which had no jurisdiction of his person or estate.

Mr. Dickinson had with him a committee of twenty-three citizens of Charlestown who agreed to give a bond for the proper care of Mr. Hoyt if he is released. The application for Mr. Hoyt's release was unopposed.

Judge Freeman declined to hear arguments as to the question of Hoyt's sanity, as he was convinced that he is insane. He promised to decide at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning whether Mr. Hoyt was legally committed or not.

"Boro-Formalin" (Eimer & Amend) as an antiseptic, cleansing mouth and tooth wash is unsurpassed.

ASKS CAPT. MADDEN'S PAY

SECRETARY FARWELL CLAIMS JULY SALARY OF OFFICER.

Cites Proposition of Latter to Give it Any One Could Be Convicted of Keeping a "Blind Pig" Known to Police—Indictment of Schulkes the Basis for Demand—Other True Bills Voted by Grand Jury—Reason for Shifting Clancy.

Arthur Burrage Farwell, Secretary of the Hyde Park Protective association, claims the July salary of Captain James Madden of the Hyde Park Police Station. Captain Madden expressed his willingness to devote one month's salary to the purposes of the Protective association if the association could procure the arrest and conviction of a single person selling liquor without a license and show at the same time that the police had known of the violation of the law.

Mr. Farwell applies for the salary of Captain Madden upon this statement of facts: On June 26 Betty Schulke, 5642 Ellis avenue, was indicted and on July 24 was convicted in Judge Baker's court. On July 15 she, with her husband and son, moved to 5645 Cottage Grove avenue, and evidence was obtained against them there. They were indicted yesterday by the grand jury.

"On last Friday," said Mr. Farwell to Captain Madden, "there were eight men in the place drinking beer, and on Saturday there were about five men drinking beer. You have been notified twice about 5645 Ellis avenue by letter and once by notice of the indictment, which was printed in several papers, and they were selling beer as late as last Saturday. You should have known of their removal, as we did. In your letter to Chief Kipley on July 10 you say 'Bertha Schulke is a beer peddler and, in company with her son, is in the employ of the Chicago Brewing company. We have repeatedly endeavored to procure evidence against these people without avail.'

"Now, Captain Madden, please forward a check to me. Make it payable to John B. Lord, Treasurer. We need the money. Also please pass the hat to Lieutenant Clancy for two months' salary and to Inspector Hunt for several months' pay. We have been doing the work you should have done, and are not done yet."

Other Indictments Voted.

Other indictments voted during the day by the grand jury on the charge of conducting dram shops contrary to law were:

Joseph Rickert and Walter Hart, La Grange.
Patrick McLain and George Gabriel, Evanston.
Peter Krieschen, Henry Hartmen, and Rebecca Hartmen, Wilmette.
Fred Steinbach, West Grossdale.
Oaks Grabuer and W. D. Weston, 313 Sixty-third street.
Fred Schulke, Betty Schulke, and another man named Schulke, 5645 Cottage Grove avenue.
John McQuaid, 4438 Cottage Grove avenue.

Reason for Moving Lieut. Clancy.

Acting Mayor Walker stated that the shifting of Hyde Park Police Lieutenants had been made because Clancy had been given a week to close up a number of known "blind pigs" and had not done it.

"The charges of Mr. Farwell had nothing to do with the removal of Clancy," said Mr. Walker. "Clancy had been given a list of places a week before and had been told to close them up within seven days. I knew the places were open from reports of my own men. I called for his report and found that he had not closed them. I immediately put Gallagher in his place and will give him the opportunity to obey orders. I can close the places myself if it is necessary."

JOYFUL DIN IN CHINATOWN.

Mongolians Celebrate News from San Francisco That Foreigners Are Safe and Boxers Being Put Down.

All Chinatown trampled the anti-noise ordinance last night with a native celebration at 203 Clark street, and the Harrison street police finally were compelled to put a stop to the ceremonies. The building occupied by Joy Yet Lo was the storm center for two hours of an ear-splitting cacophony. Cymbals and tomtoms crashed amid the din of human shouting, all because a document had been received from the Chinese of San Francisco setting forth comforting news of the situation in the native land.

At 7 o'clock the Chinese residents began to assemble in their gala costumes. Those familiar with South Clark street were astonished at the number of Mongolians who came forth from the Oriental stores and down from the aparments of the rich residents at the lower end of the colony. Many of the Chinese have secluded themselves during the last few weeks, fearng violence at the hands of the American populace, but the good news received from their countrymen yesterday dispelled their misgivings and they gave full vent to their relieved feelings.

Kong Yo Kee, Suey Hong Lo, Hip Lung, Sam Moy, and other influential members of the colony were present. The scroll received from San Francisco was produced and read. According to Sam Moy, the Chinese have been informed that the Boxer rebellion is being quelled and the legations protected. After the reading of the manuscript the terrible clanging of gongs opened the celebration and the noise steadily increased in volume and in dissonance for an hour. The Chinese, singing and shouting, worked themselves into great excitement, and an immense crowd, attracted by the weird demonstration, filled the street below and blocked the car line several times. Lieutenant Golden finally was notified and he detailed Patrolmen Gavin and Rogers to investigate. The Chinese were ordered to cease their deafening noise and were dispersed without violence.

A party of missionaries from the Chicago Avenue Church spent the evening in the Chinese section and the police remained to protect them.

DEATH OF BALLARD SMITH.

Noted Newspaper Man of New York Succumbs to Paresis at the McLean Hospital, Waverly, Mass.

Waverly, Mass., July 31.—[Special.]—Ballard Smith, the journalist, died at the McLean Hospital this morning of paresis, from which he had been suffering for more than three years. He was brought to the McLean institution in July, 1897. He left a widow and one child. The family have not yet arrived here. It is expected that the body will be taken to New York for burial.

Mr. Smith was born at Harrods Creek, near Louisville, in 1849. He was educated at Dartmouth College, graduating in the class of 1871. He became a reporter on the Louisville Commercial under Colonel R. M. Kelly, and rose to the post of city editor, and was then asked by Colonel Henry Watterson to join the Courier-Journal staff in the same capacity. He soon became managing editor.

Mr. Smith went to New York in 1876 to become city editor of the World, and was afterwards asked to join the staff of the Sun as managing editor. He remained there two years. James Gordon Bennett then formed his acquaintance and he went to the Herald. Soon after the purchase of the World by Joseph Pulitzer Ballard Smith became a member of its staff. He was made managing editor. His memorable interview with President Cleveland at Oakview in September, 1887, still stands as one of the most brilliant and interesting examples of Washington work in recent years.

Mr. Smith married Miss Catherine Butterfield of New York, daughter of the late Frederick Butterfield. The wedding ceremony took place in London, and the bride was given away by Minister Lincoln. Mr. Smith then returned to New York and became managing editor of the World, and later its London correspondent. After little more than a year in London Mr. Smith's health gave way and he returned to this country.

OBITUARY.

Henry B. Bergen, Clarion, Ia., died in Chicago yesterday. Mr. Bergen was formerly a member of the law firm of Miller, Frost & Bergen of Chicago. He had been living in Iowa for several years. He came to Chicago recently on business, was taken ill and died suddenly. The funeral will be held today at the Cathedral of Saints Peter and Paul and the interment will be at Jericho, near Aurora, Ill. Mr. Bergen was born in 1848 and came to Chicago early in life. He left a widow and no children.

Lewis Cass Vandegrift, a leading member of the bar whose term as United States District Attorney expired a few months ago, died yesterday in Wilmington, Del. Mr. Vandegrift was prominent in politics and had served as a member of the Democratic national committee.

... JUST READY ...

THE THIRD EDITION OF MR. WILLIAM STEARNS DAVIS'S NEW HISTORICAL NOVEL OF CLASSICAL TIMES

A FRIEND OF CÆSAR.

A TALE OF THE FALL OF THE ROMAN REPUBLIC.

Cloth, 12mo, $1.50.

"One of the best historical novels perhaps of many years." —*The Philadelphia Press.*

"It tells a story alive with human interest, aglow with passion, brilliant with quick-moving action, abounding in vividly told incident. . . . The novel may be read with absorbing interest.—*The Outlook.*

"A real treat for the scholarly fancy."—*The Churchman.*

"A thrilling story, full of human interest . . . A stirring period of Rome's greatest glory." —*The Springfield Union.*

"A story which moves and holds the reader, which pictures brilliantly and accurately the splendid life of a great historical period."—*The Springfield Republican.*

"Vividly interesting, with a thrilling plot." —*Burlington Free Press.*

"In Mr. Davis's stirring tale of the old Roman days, the originality of his treatment lies in the fact that he interprets the period from the Pagan point of view. Canon Farrar and Sienkiewicz have painted the same pictures in the white light of Christianity, but Mr. Davis has successfully sought to preserve the Pagan atmosphere and the Pagan character." THE HOME JOURNAL.

The Macmillan Company, Publishers, New York.

"THE POPULARITY OF Apollinaris ("THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS"), is chiefly due to its irreproachable character." *The Times.*

"DRINK NOTHING but Natural Mineral Water, such as Apollinaris, free from all vegetable poisons." *Boston Journal.*

Burlington Route

A few weeks at this time of year spent in the cool shadows of the Rocky Mountains and breathing the pure, dry air of Colorado will save you many a doctor's bill.

On frequent dates during the summer we sell very cheap Tourist tickets to Colorado, and our fast train "The Burlington's Number One" is only one night on the road between Chicago and Denver.

Ticket Office, 211 Clark Street. Telephone, Main 3831.

VICTIMS OF THE CAMP LINCOLN EXPLOSION TESTIFY CONCERNING IT.

Colonel Young Institutes a Court of Inquiry and Witnesses Tell of the Accident at Springfield—Some of the Militiamen Will Recover.

Springfield, Ill., July 31.—[Special.]—The men who were wounded by the premature explosion of the sunset gun at Camp Lincoln on Sunday afternoon told their version of the accident to Colonel Young's court of inquiry this morning.

The witnesses were examined in the hospitals. Corporal Balsley could give little information to the board. His physical condition is such that he could talk only with the greatest difficulty, and, upon the advice of his physicians, the injured man was not asked to go into the details of the affair.

Quartermaster Rupert believes that either some one tossed a cigaret into the powder or combustion resulted from friction of shoe nails on a piece of iron beneath the powder.

It is expected that the finding of the board will be reported to Colonel Young tomorrow evening. As yet no detailed information regarding the immediate facts concerning the explosion have been brought out by the board.

KANSAS CITY

Great Rock Island Route

Best Dining Car Service.

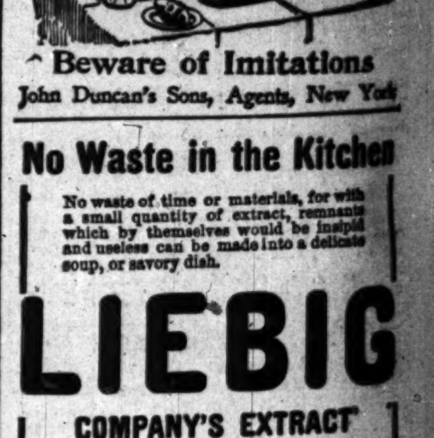
Only Depot on the Elevated Loop.

CALIFORNIA GOLD MINING ILLUSTRATED

This is a neat booklet mailed free by the Sunset Mining Co Chronicle Big. San Francisco, Cal. The Sunset is one of the few mining companies paying regular monthly dividends.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

The Original WORCESTERSHIRE



Beware of Imitations

John Duncan's Sons, Agents, New York

No Waste in the Kitchen

No waste of time or materials, for with a small quantity of extract, remnants which by themselves would be insipid and useless can be made into a delicate soup, or savory dish.

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF BEEF for IMPROVED AND ECONOMIC COOKERY

GARDEN HOSE

And All Accessories,

At Greatly Reduced Prices TO LESSEN STOCK.

Mackintoshes and Rubber Clothing, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

QUAKER CITY RUBBER CO., 201 MADISON-ST.

FURS Remodeling & Repairing Summer Prices A. Bishop & ... 156 St...

MARKET REPORT CUT OFF TODA[Y]

Board of Trade's Order Aga[inst] Telegraph Companies B[e]comes Effective.

COL. CLOWRY DISCUSSE[S]

Says Situation Is Satisfac[tory] and New York Figures W[ill] Be Substituted.

ACTION BY KANSAS C[ITY]

The fiat of the Board of Trade agai[nst] telegraph companies in the matter of [...] quotations goes into effect this mornin[g]. Chicago quotations will not be furnish[ed for] distribution except in a few places [...] injunctions make it impossible to shu[t] off. Chicago subscribers and outside[rs] will not be without market news, ho[wever,] for both the Postal and the Western [Union] Telegraph companies have arranged [to sub]stitute New York and other markets [for] Chicago quotations, which heretofor[e have] been handled.

Colonel Clowry's View of the Situ[ation].

When asked as to his understanding [of the] case as it would be this morning, C[olonel] Clowry, Vice President of the W[estern] Union, said:

I would prefer to say nothing more about [...] ferences between the telegraph companies [and the] Chicago Board of Trade, as too much publ[icity has al]ready has been given the matter, but som[e] papers have published erroneous statem[ents in] this connection. The Chicago Board of Tr[ade de]manded of the telegraph companies that [...] cept a certain proposition made by them [...] of having the quotations discontinued [...] July 31.

The telegraph companies declined the [...] tion, and accepted the ultimatum of the B[oard of] Trade to discontinue the quotations. At th[at time] two injunctions were in force, and one h[as been] granted since by the courts prohibiting th[e Board] of Trade and the Western Union Telegra[ph com]pany from cutting off the quotations. One [of the] injunctions was dissolved, and, as I unders[tand,] the two others have been compromised [...] Board of Trade and the parties who secured [the in]junctions, releasing the telegraph compan[ies and] substituting a local ticker company which [is con]trolled by the Board of Trade, so that th[e tele]graph companies will receive no Chicag[o Board] of Trade quotations after today.

This situation is entirely satisfactory [to the] telegraph companies which desire to me[et] the views of the officers of the Board of Tr[ade and] send out no Chicago quotations after th[...] No action has been taken in reference [to with]drawing the Morse wires and telegraph o[perators] from the Board of Trade floor. The new[s] have confounded the Morse operators [with] quotations reporters. At the request of [...] our subscribers we have arranged to su[pply] the quotations of New York and other c[ities in] those of the Chicago Board of Trade.

Morse Operators Almost Shut [Out].

Notwithstanding Colonel Clowry's [state]ment that Morse operators have n[ot been] withdrawn, it looked at one time ye[sterday] decidedly as if the sounders on the B[oard of] Trade floor would be silent today. T[he Au]gust tickets for the employés of the t[el]egraph companies were issued ye[sterday] and delivered to the managers of th[e tele]graph companies about 9 o'clock [in the] morning. At 10 o'clock they were r[ecalled.] Until a late hour in the afternoon [offi]cials of the telegraph companies had [no idea] whether or not they would be admi[tted to]day. President Warren, Chairman [Mont]gomery of the Floor committee, and [Secre]tary Stone all denied any knowledg[e of the] mysterious withdrawal of the ticke[ts. ...] delivered. The tickets were sent a[gain in] time to the telegraph companies sho[rtly be]fore 6 o'clock in the evening.

Silent as to New Wire Pla[n].

At the directors' meeting the subje[ct of a] new telegraph company did not co[me up, it] was said, in any way.

The committee investigating L[...] Smith's alleged manipulation of wa[rehouse] receipts reported finding him guilty [of dis]honorable and dishonest conduct", [...] the hearing of his case for Aug. 14.

Will Use New York Quotatio[ns].

Kansas City, Mo., July 31.—The [Kansas] City Board of Trade at a special [meeting] today voted unanimously to do bu[siness on] the quotations of the New York [Produce] Exchange, beginning tomorrow, if [Chi]cago quotations shall be withdraw[n ...] bucket shops will pursue the same [...]

New York, July 31.—[Special.]—[...] Valiant, chairman of the Committe[e on In]formation and Statistics of the [...] Exchange, made this statement [re]garding the substitution of the qu[otations] of the New York Exchange for thes[e of the] Chicago Board of Trade:

"The telegraph companies have b[een per]mitted to use our quotations withou[t ...] tion, except that they have underst[ood ...] that we object as strongly as the [Chicago] Board of Trade to the admission o[f bucket] shop men among their subscribers. [...] the general effect of the dropping of [...] quotations will be is hard to forese[e. ...] natural effect of the exclusive us[e of our] quotations should be to promote [trade] here and to restrict operations upon [the Chi]cago board."

Detroit Looks for Settleme[nt].

Detroit, Mich., July 31.—[Special.]—[The] crusade against bucket shops inau[gurated] by the Chicago Board of Trade is [felt] strongly in Detroit and Michigan, w[here the] threat to cut off quotations from [...] will result in the closing of four buck[et shops] in this city and thirty in the State. [...] the trading in Michigan bucket sh[ops ...] Boards of Trade is based on Chicag[o quota]tions. The local Board of Trade [gets] its quotations from one of the Detr[oit ...] that is a member of the Chicago [Board of] Trade until different arrangement[s are] made. The general opinion is that [the Chi]cago board and the telegraph comp[anies will] come to some agreement within [...] hours.

PONT FOR CENTRAL EXCH[ANGE].

Secures Arrangement in Court [...] Board of Trade to Get Mar[ket] Quotations.

The Board of Trade, through its [...] yesterday entered into an agreeme[nt to fur]nish ticker quotations to the Cent[ral Stock] and Grain Exchange. It had been [...] the demand of the Central Exchang[e on the] ground that the latter was cond[ucting] bucket shopping business and is no[t entitled] to the quotations. The allegation [of bucket] shopping is supported by an affidav[it made] by John Hill Jr.

Several efforts were made du[ring the] morning by counsel for the Board [of Trade] to secure the dissolution of the in[junction] which now prevents the discontin[uance of] the ticker service to the exchang[e. Judge] Burke, sitting in the Emergenc[y court,] was asked to take up the hearing [but re]ferred the matter to Judge Bishop [who is]sued the injunction Saturday.

An agreement was reached by w[hich the] complainant will continue to re[ceive] daily ticker service and the Board [of Trade] still be enabled to carry out its pla[n of cut]ting the Western Union Telegraph [operators] from the floor of the exchange. T[he Rock Is]land Telegraph company was adm[itted as] defendant to the suit, and the i[njunction] issued on Saturday was modified [...] takes the place of the Western U[nion Tele]graph company in being restrai[ned from] cutting off the market report.

Canal Commission Ends Its [Work].

The State commission named by Gov[er]ner to inspect the drainage canal and [...] the same filed its final statement of [...] the Drainage Board yesterday and r[...] business. This is the expense accou[nt ...] Jones so loudly called for some time [...] was finally agreed the commission s[...] until Aug. 1 to complete it, which time [...]

If contemplating a California trip, [...] and secure comfort. Call upon or addre[ss] Judson Co., 349 Marquette Building, C[hicago].

...AM STEARNS DAVIS'S
CLASSICAL TIMES
CÆSAR.
...AN REPUBLIC.
...g story, full of human ... A stirring period ...eatest glory." ...he Springfield Union.
...which moves and holds ... which pictures bril... ...ccurately the splendid ...t historical period."—...ld Republican.
... interesting, with a ...t."—Burlington Free ...
...ld Roman days, the ... that he interprets ... Canon Farrar and ... in the white light ...fully sought to pre... ...n character."
The Home Journal.
...ers, New York.
...aris
...ATERS")
...character."
The Times.
...ut Natural ...Apollinaris, ...bisons."
Boston Journal.
...of year ... of the ...bathing ...ado will ...'s bill.
... very cheap Tourist ...Burlington's Number ...Chicago and Denver.
...hone, Main 3831.
...&PERRINS' SAUCE
...he Original ...CESTERSHIRE
...t's It

...re of Imitations
...'s Sons, Agents, New York
...te in the Kitchen
...f time or materials, for with ...antity of extract, remnants ... themselves would be insipid ... can be made into a delicate ...avory dish.
...EBIG
...PANY'S EXTRACT
OF BEEF for ... AND ECONOMIC COOKERY
...DEN HOSE
...d All Accessories,
...tly Reduced Prices
...O LESSEN STOCK.
...es and Rubber Clothing,
...OLESALE AND RETAIL
... CITY RUBBER CO.,
... MADISON-ST.
...S Remodeling & Repairs ... Summer Prices ... A. Bishop & ... 156 St...

MARKET REPORTS CUT OFF TODAY.

Board of Trade's Order Against Telegraph Companies Becomes Effective.

COL. CLOWRY DISCUSSES IT

Says Situation Is Satisfactory and New York Figures Will Be Substituted.

ACTION BY KANSAS CITY.

The fiat of the Board of Trade against the telegraph companies in the matter of market quotations goes into effect this morning, and Chicago quotations will not be furnished for distribution except in a few places where injunctions make it impossible to shut them off. Chicago subscribers and outside points will not be without market news, however, for both the Postal and the Western Union Telegraph companies have arranged to substitute New York and other markets for the Chicago quotations, which heretofore have been handled.

Colonel Clowry's View of the Situation.

When asked as to his understanding of the case as it would be this morning, Colonel Clowry, Vice President of the Western Union, said:

I would prefer to say nothing more about the differences between the telegraph companies and the Chicago Board of Trade, as too much publicity already has been given the matter, but some of the papers have published erroneous statements in this connection. The Chicago Board of Trade demanded of the telegraph companies that they accept a certain proposition made by them on pain of having the quotations discontinued after July 31.

The telegraph companies declined the proposition, and accepted the ultimatum of the Board of Trade to discontinue the quotations. At that time two injunctions were in force, and one has been granted since by the courts prohibiting the Board of Trade and the Western Union Telegraph company from cutting off the quotations. One of these injunctions was dissolved, and, as I understand it, the two others have been compromised by the Board of Trade and the parties who secured the injunctions, releasing the telegraph companies and substituting a local ticker company which is controlled by the Board of Trade, so that the telegraph companies will receive no Chicago Board of Trade quotations after today.

This situation is entirely satisfactory to the telegraph companies which desire to meet fully the views of the officers of the Board of Trade and send out no Chicago quotations after this date. No action has been taken in reference to withdrawing the Morse wires and telegraph operators from the Board of Trade floor. The newspapers have confounded the Morse operators with the quotations reporters. At the request of many of our subscribers we have arranged to substitute the quotations of New York and other cities for those of the Chicago Board of Trade.

Morse Operators Almost Shut Out.

Notwithstanding Colonel Clowry's statement that Morse operators have not been withdrawn, it looked at one time yesterday decidedly as if the sounders on the Board of Trade floor would be silent today. The August tickets for the employés of the two telegraph companies were issued yesterday and delivered to the managers of the telegraph companies about 9 o'clock in the morning. At 10 o'clock they were recalled. Until a late hour in the afternoon the officials of the telegraph companies had no idea whether or not they would be admitted today. President Warren, Chairman Montgomery of the Floor committee, and Secretary Stone all denied any knowledge of the mysterious withdrawal of the tickets once delivered. The tickets were sent a second time to the telegraph companies shortly before 6 o'clock in the evening.

Silent as to New Wire Plan.

At the directors' meeting the subject of the new telegraph company did not come up, it was said, in any way.

The committee investigating Lloyd J. Smith's alleged manipulation of warehouse receipts reported finding him guilty of "dishonorable and dishonest conduct" and set the hearing of his case for Aug. 14.

Will Use New York Quotations.

Kansas City, Mo., July 31.—The Kansas City Board of Trade at a special meeting today voted unanimously to do business on the quotations of the New York Produce Exchange, beginning tomorrow, if the Chicago quotations shall be withdrawn. The bucket shops will pursue the same course.

New York, July 31.—[Special.]—John Valiant, chairman of the Committee on Information and Statistics of the Produce Exchange, made this statement today regarding the substitution of the quotations of the New York Exchange for those of the Chicago Board of Trade:

"The telegraph companies have been permitted to use our quotations without condition, except that they have understood fully that we object as strongly as the Chicago Board of Trade to the admission of bucket shop men among their subscribers. What the general effect of the dropping of Chicago quotations will be is hard to foresee. The natural effect of the exclusive use of our quotations should be to promote dealing here and to restrict operations upon the Chicago board."

Detroit Looks for Settlement.

Detroit, Mich., July 31.—[Special.]—The crusade against bucket shops inaugurated by the Chicago Board of Trade is reflected strongly in Detroit and Michigan, where the threat to cut off quotations from Chicago will result in the closing of four bucket shops in this city and thirty in the State. Most of the trading in Michigan bucket shops and Boards of Trade is based on Chicago quotations. The local Board of Trade will get its quotations from one of the Detroit firms that is a member of the Chicago Board of Trade until different arrangements can be made. The general opinion is that the Chicago board and the telegraph companies will come to some agreement within twenty-four hours.

POINT FOR CENTRAL EXCHANGE.

Secures Arrangement in Court with the Board of Trade to Get Market Quotations.

The Board of Trade, through its attorney, yesterday entered into an agreement to furnish ticker quotations to the Central Stock and Grain Exchange. It had been resisting the demand of the Central Exchange on the ground that the latter was conducting a bucket shopping business and is not entitled to the quotations. The allegation of bucket shopping is supported by an affidavit signed by John Hill Jr.

Several efforts were made during the morning by counsel for the Board of Trade to secure the dissolution of the injunction which now prevents the discontinuance of the ticker service to the exchange. Judge Burke, sitting in the Emergency Court, was asked to take up the hearing. He referred the matter to Judge Bishop, who issued the injunction Saturday.

An agreement was reached by which the complainant will continue to receive the daily ticker service and the Board of Trade will be enabled to carry out its plan of ousting the Western Union Telegraph company from the floor of the exchange. The Cleveland Telegraph company was admitted as a defendant to the suit, and the injunction issued on Saturday was modified so that it takes the place of the Western Union Telegraph company in being restrained from cutting off the market report.

Canal Commission Ends Its Work.

The State commission named by Governor Tanner to inspect the drainage canal and report on the same filed its final statement of account with the Drainage Board yesterday and retired from business. This is the expense account Trustees [illegible] so loudly called for some time ago, but it was finally agreed the commission should have until Aug. 1 to complete it, which time it took.

If contemplating a California trip, save money and secure comfort. Call upon or address Phillips-[illegible], 349 Marquette Building, Chicago.

"FOILED AGAIN;" OR, "CONTROLLER KERFOOT AND A 'LOAN SHARK'"



This is the story of how Controller Kerfoot was outwitted by the "loan sharks" and how the "loan sharks" in turn were outwitted by City Treasurer Ortseifen. When Controller Kerfoot sits in his office he is guarded from the "loan sharks" by a barricade and a large policeman with a club, and the policeman has more rigorous orders concerning the lenders of money than the Kaiser gave the German expeditionary troops leaving for China. For the lenders of money are troublesome men who desire to serve salary assignments on the Controller and turn him into a collection agency, and the Controller will not be turned—not if the barricades and the policeman can prevent it.

There have been two places in which the Controller felt safe. One was behind the policeman and the other was at home. The money lenders have tried to reach the Controller in his office by sending the assignments in special delivery letters, by messengers, or in bundles purporting to come from Mr. Kerfoot's laundryman, or from furnishing stores. The Controller has been "wise" upon all these methods, and the messengers do not get farther than the large policeman with the large club.

When Mr. Kerfoot went home on Monday night, the night before pay day, and the time when the money lenders were "after him" especially, he was whisked into his carriage by the policeman with the club and was whisked out again at his house without having been ambushed on the way. When he was safe in his study he chuckled and thought that the money lenders were foiled again.

Then a maid came to the door and said: "Mr. Kerfoot, Mr. Richardson would like to see you."

"Does he look like a constable, a lawyer, or a 'loan shark'?" asked the suspicious Mr. Kerfoot.

"No," said the maid. "He came in an automobile."

A stylishly dressed, polite man was seated in the reception-room.

"Are you Mr. Kerfoot?" he asked.

"I am," said Mr. Kerfoot.

"Well," said the polite man, "I represent H. Moss, money broker. I have some assignments which I should like to serve on you. I beg your pardon for using Mr. Richardson's name. He is the justice before whom the assignments were made out. I am sorry to have disturbed you."

The polite man bowed himself out and left with Mr. Kerfoot fourteen salary assignments made by policemen to the money lender.

"Duped," sighed Mr. Kerfoot.

But the calculations of the money lenders were spoiled by City Treasurer Ortseifen, who paid the policemen yesterday instead of waiting until today, the regular pay day. The fourteen men got their salaries, and they also got warnings from Acting Mayor Walker and Chief of Police Kipley that if they made any more assignments they would be suspended under the new rule of the department. And the Chief wrote a warning to his entire force for the bulletin today. In it he said:

To Commanding Officers—You are hereby ordered to announce to the men of your division that patrolmen guilty of assigning their salaries to money lenders will be suspended for thirty days for the first offense and discharged from the force for the second.

JOSEPH KIPLEY, Chief of Police.

POLICE RAID BUCKET SHOPS.

Nine Places Are Closed According to the Mayor's Instructions.

ALARM CAUSES A PANIC.

Chief Kipley Says There Are Two Hundred Illegal Places Open.

MANY WOMEN PLAY RACES.

Nine alleged bucket shops and poolrooms were raided yesterday by the police in accordance with instructions left by Mayor Harrison. The officers started with fifty warrants sworn out upon evidence which has been collected in the last few days, but the notice of the raid was spread among the shops so rapidly that when they were reached most were deserted.

One of the firms raided, John Dickinson & Co., commission merchants, terms the action of the police "an unwarranted interference" and states that "nothing will be left undone to go to the bottom of this affair and properly punish those who have been instrumental in perpetrating the outrage." Chief of Police Kipley said that there were 200 bucket shops doing business in the down-town district and that action would be taken against all.

Board of Trade Members Arrested.

Those raided yesterday were:

John Dickinson & Co., second floor of 10 and 12 Pacific avenue, opposite Board of Trade, members of that body.
E. A. Wirching & Co., 25 and 27 Sherman street.
Chicago Commission company, 14 Pacific avenue, G. S. Burch, proprietor.
N. M. Nuely, 10 Pacific avenue.
Hotchkins & Co., 210 Opera House Block.
Brown & Co., 6 and 7 Exchange court.
F. C. Nohe & Co., 17 Lyric Theater Building.
Wallace & Co., 37 Dearborn street.
Henry Perkins, 78 and 80 Dearborn street, alleged pool-room for women, known by the name, Acme Novelty company.

Details of officers from the Central and Harrison Street Stations, with patrol wagons from the Harrison Street, Twenty-second Street, Cottage Grove Avenue, Stanton Avenue, Thirty-fifth Street, Desplaines Street, and Central Stations, conducted the raids. The officers were in charge of Detective Sergeant Wooldridge and Detectives Schubert, Niland, Ullmicher, Dubach, and Sullivan. Two hundred prisoners from the shops were carried to the stations. The cases will come before Justice Martin tomorrow.

Men Are Trampled in Rush.

The first raid was upon the place of E. A. Wirching & Co., 25 and 27 Sherman street. The policemen took stations at the three entrances of the shop, and at a signal entered and placed the proprietor and the inmates under arrest.

The men inside rushed for the exits. Some were caught in the crush and pinned against the walls. Others stumbled and fell under foot, being trampled on as the inmates tried to escape. All were taken. As the detectives entered the Sherman street entrance they were recognized, and a cry of "The police! The police!" warned the crowd.

The proprietor was attempting to hide the papers when the officers placed him under arrest. He then opened the safes and the books were secured. The telephone wires were cut by city electricians and the tickers were rendered useless. Six patrol wagons had many trips carrying the inmates to the Harrison Street Police Station. Other raids were conducted in like manner.

Late yesterday afternoon a raid was made upon an alleged poolroom on the third floor of the building at 78 and 80 Dearborn street. The officers found the doors locked, and used sledge hammers to batter them in.

Women Beg to Be Released.

In some of the places a number of women were gathered. They became panic-stricken and hysterical in efforts to escape. Some begged on their knees to be released, and others fainted. They were found chiefly in the place running under the name of the "Acme Novelty company." It was said that the misleading title of the shop induced many women to enter it, and that after they had gone in they were persuaded to bet their money on the races.

In one place the police were balked. The National Commission company had secured an injunction to prevent the officers from closing their shop, and no attempt was made to force an entrance.

"The raiding of bucket shops will go on," said Chief Kipley. "I know that there are 200 of these gambling resorts in the down-town district. The secretary of the Open Board of Trade telephoned to ask me if that place were to be raided. He was considerably disturbed."

TO MOVE FOR DISMISSAL.

DEFENSE PLANS A COUP IN INSURANCE FRAUD CASE.

Counsel's Contention Is That if Crime Was Committed in Securing Money on "Robert O'Grady" Policy It Was Done in Kansas, and Illinois Court Has No Jurisdiction—State Closes Its Testimony, Showing Cadaver Once Was on Dissecting Table

Witnesses for the defense will take the stand today in the insurance fraud case on trial before Judge Brentano, the State having closed its case yesterday, unless the court grants a motion Attorney Geeting is expected to enter for a dismissal on the ground of no jurisdiction. It is Attorney Geeting's contention that, since the insurance money was paid by check in Topeka, Kas., the alleged crime, if committed, was committed there, and the Illinois courts have no jurisdiction.

A. W. Fulton, former National President of the Knights and Ladies of Security, who is aiding Assistant State's Attorney Olson in the prosecution of the case, was placed on the stand by the State late in the afternoon. The attorneys for the defense almost threw up their hands in consternation. Each said: "I have no questions to ask of him."

Body Tagged as "Richard Morris."

Adolph Erickson, the driver employed by the Demonstrators' association to deliver bodies to colleges, testified that on Nov. 29, 1898, he drove out to Dunning and was given the body of the man subsequently buried as Robert O'Grady. He described the body in detail and told of delivering it at the Woman's Medical College. A tag attached to a toe of the cadaver, he said, bore the name "Richard Morris."

James Koppelmeyer, a former clerk at Forest Home, testified to receiving a burial permit from Undertaker O'Brien authorizing the removal of the body of "Robert O'Grady" from 837 West Congress street, where "O'Grady" was said to have died. He said the certificate was signed by Dr. Regent as the attending physician and James O'Brien, undertaker.

Margaret Sheehan was on the stand for a few minutes to testify to the purchase of $10 worth of flowers for the funeral of her supposed uncle. There was a craning of necks, followed by disappointment when it appeared that her testimony was not to be as sensational as when she was first on the stand.

Once on Dissecting Table.

The one strong point drawn out in the proceedings in the morning was the fact that the body of the alleged Robert O'Grady had been on the dissecting table at the Woman's Medical College at Evanston and that numerous incisions had been made in the cadaver before it was sold to James O'Brien.

H. S. Lewis, business manager of the Demonstrators' association, told of a conversation between himself and Undertaker O'Brien, and said the latter asked a reduction in the price for the cadaver. He said he told O'Brien that with the body went the services of Dr. William Eckley, President of the Demonstrators' association, and that O'Brien waived the services of Dr. Eckley and stated that he had secured the services of Joseph Eckert for a demonstration.

Andrew Nyquist testified that he was an attendant at the Woman's Medical College at Evanston and that it was a part of his work to handle the bodies to be dissected by students. He could not identify O'Brien in the courtroom, although he said he had seen and talked with him when the alleged transfer of the body was made from the college to O'Brien's wagon.

Tells of Delivery of Cadaver.

"I received a telephone message from Dr. Eckley," said Nyquist, "who informed me that an undertaker named O'Brien would call immediately at the college for a body, and that I was to give it to him. He called, and I accompanied him to the dissecting-room. The body was lying on one of the operating tables, and incisions had been made in it. We placed the body on the elevator and lowered it to the main floor, when we placed it in the wagon. That is the last I heard of the body and its subsequent burial under the name of 'Robert O'Grady' until the present case became public."

H. Friend, a shoe dealer in State street, through whose efforts, it is alleged that the lodge check for the insurance on "O'Grady's" life was cashed, was on the stand. It is claimed that he is an intimate friend of Dr. Regent. He admitted that he assisted Mrs. Delia Mahoney and Miss Margaret Sheehan in cashing the check at the Fort Dearborn National Bank, but said he could not identify Mrs. Mahoney. He identified Margaret Sheehan as one of the women who accompanied him to the bank.

JAMES S. BEACH IN WISCONSIN.

Missing Man Walks Into Postal Telegraph Office at La Cresse, Wis.—His Explanation Meager.

James S. Beach, chief clerk of the construction department of the Postal Telegraph company, who disappeared mysteriously recently, walked into the offices of the company at Lacrosse, Wis., yesterday. He said that after locking up the offices of the company here on July 11 his mind became a blank for three days, when he found himself in Kansas City. He said he was in the employ of W. A. Thompson, a United States engineer in Fountain City, Wis. Beach's disappearance caused a sensation. He had handled large sums of money, but his accounts were found to be correct. Beach left a wife and two children here, and the family has been notified of his whereabouts.

The Best Prescription for Malaria,
Chills and Fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

GRAND JURY RETURNS FIRST INDICTMENTS UNDER PURE FOOD LAW.

Lewis and Kershaw Are Accused of Having Sold Oleo for Butter—True Bills Against Telegraph Operators—Accused of Stealing Blank Orders.

The grand jury yesterday returned the first indictment secured under the pure food law, which went into effect on July 1. The parties indicted are Lewis & Kershaw, the managers of the Pure Food Supply company's store at 520 West Sixty-third street. The managers are said to have sold a quantity of butter to Benjamin B. James, 6833 Calumet avenue, as pure dairy butter, but which is pronounced as oleomargarine by the chemist in the employ of the State Pure Food commission.

James and his wife, and Inspector Frank Hoey, who secured the evidence against the concern, appeared before the grand jury and gave sufficient evidence on which to indict the managers. Inspector Hoey is one of the many inspectors employed by the State commission to hunt down the violators of the pure food law, and he says that he will have other cases before the grand jury before it adjourns.

Jessie P. Reinecke, Oliver P. M. Dillon, and Malcolm L. Mastellar, the telegraph operators who are accused of stealing a large bundle of blank money orders from the office of the American Express company at Storm Lake, Ia., and then having filled out the blanks and secured different amounts of money on them, were indicted yesterday morning by the grand jury on two counts. One indictment was for passing fictitious money orders and the other was for conspiracy to commit forgery. Mastellar has not been arrested.

Raymond C. Smiley, who is charged with securing several hundred cigars from various cigar dealers by representing himself to be the purchasing agent for the Chicago and Northwestern railway, was indicted on four counts. Two were on charges of obtaining goods by false pretenses and the others for larceny.

CREDIT MARKS FOR EMPLOYES.

Five Thousand Will Be Put Under the New Rule Today—Policemen and Firemen Next.

Five thousand city employés will be brought under a system of daily credit marking today, and within a month the number will be increased to 9,000 by the addition of all members of the Police and Fire departments. Commissioner Ela hopes to make the civil service system effective by the operation of the new method, which has been successful under federal direction. The record includes a marking of the employés on attendance, industry, quality of work, deportment, and efficiency. Five minutes' tardiness will detract from the employé's record.

Deportment of employés towards superior officers, associates, and the public is considered a factor in the rating. The keeping of the record devolves upon the head of each department or upon some one appointed by him, and reports will be made to the commission each month. The record will be used as a basis for promotional examinations.

To enable the operation of the marking system and its use in promotional examinations an amendment to the civil services rules is necessary, and Commissioner Ela has consulted Judge Tuley to arrange the necessary changes. When this has been accomplished it is expected that the civil service law will be executed in consistence with its theories, and that promotion will be upon a record of efficient service.

As a check against favoritism the markings will be public at all times and the sheets will be open to inspection constantly. Objections which employés may have to the record which the head of their department may have given them may be made on the spot, and at any time appeals may be carried up to the commissioners.

"It has been found by experience," said Mr. Ela, "that this publicity and openness to criticism by the man interested and by his fellow-employés has practically prevented favoritism. The superintendent who attempts it nearly always finds the situation too warm for him. It is safe enough unquestionably to give it a trial in our city service, where it seems as applicable as in the federal service."

Heads of departments believe that the system will be of service as a matter of discipline, and many state that the effect of the announcement that the plan is to be put in operation is already noticeable in the increased efficiency of the men. The commissioners give credit to the department heads for coöperation in developing the new method.

The highest attainable mark for efficiency, or for any of the factors which determine efficiency, is 100. For absence on sick leave not exceeding thirty days one-fifth of a point for each day is taken off. For absence with leave, not exceeding fifteen days, two-fifths of a point each day are taken off, and for a longer period three points a day. For absence without leave five points are deducted, for tardiness one point is deducted for five minutes, two points for more than five minutes not exceeding an hour, and three points for more than an hour. In marking the quality of work 100 means excellent, 90 good, 80 fair, and 70 poor.

The Small Parks commission will opppose the action contemplated by the Finance committee which will leave the commission practically without an appropriation. As decided yesterday, Alderman Jackson, chairman of the commission, will endeavor to preserve the appropriation of $100,000. It is claimed that work of the commission will be nullified if it cannot have the money. The commission considered favorably the proposition to have a playground adjoining the Holden School, Thirty-first and Loomis streets. The University of Chicago will give the ground on a limited lease for little or no rental.

FIND MISSING ONES DEAD.

FRIENDS TAKE CHESTER MARVIN'S BODY FROM CEDAR LAKE.

Ten-Year-Old Albert Brown Drowned in River at Western Avenue Bridge and Louis Rasmussen Perishes at Foot of Montrose Boulevard—First Named Seen to Fall Into the Water from a Boat and Suicide Theory Is Scouted.

Two persons who had been reported missing were found drowned yesterday, and two others came to their death in the same manner.

The Dead.

BROWN, ALBERT, 245 Homer street, aged 10; found in river at Western avenue bridge.
LEACH, FRANK, 214 Twenty-second place, aged 14; drowned in clay hole at Fortieth and Leavitt streets.
MARVIN, CHESTER L., 55 Warren avenue, aged 34; found in Cedar Lake.
RASMUSSEN, LOUIS, 1609 North Clark street, aged 10, drowned in lake at foot of Montrose boulevard.

Mr. Marvin, an old and trusted employé of Hibbard, Spencer, Bartlett & Co., went to Cedar Lake on Saturday for a few days' outing. After registering at the hotel Sigler he hired a boat and went out for a row. When two miles from the hotel he was seen by a man on the shore to stand up in the boat and paddle with one oar. A sudden gust of wind blew off his hat. In a quick effort to recover the hat he lost his balance and fell into the lake.

These facts were learned by R. C. Humphreys, a friend of Mr. Marvin, who went to Cedar Lake on receipt of a telegram stating that a hat and coat supposed to belong to the missing man had been found on the shore of the lake. A search was begun and the body was found and brought to Chicago.

An inquest was held by the Deputy Coroner and a verdict of accidental drowning was returned.

"Marvin had been talking about his anticipated trip to Cedar Lake for some time," said Mr. Humphreys, "and said he was going to have a good long row as soon as he got down to the lake. He could not swim a stroke, and when he fell into the water there was no chance to save himself."

Marvin was the only support of his widowed mother, with whom he lived. He was unmarried. His employers considered him a faithful, conscientious worker. They scouted the idea that death might have been due to suicide.

Two Ten-Year-Old Boys Drown.

Aftter searching all Monday night for some trace of Albert Brown, the boy's father, with a party of friends, found the lad's hat and shoes in a row boat at Western avenue bridge. The father notified the Attrill street police, who recovered the body. The boy had been seen playing in the row boat. The boy's father is the bridgetender of the Western avenué bridge.

While bathing in the lake with two companions at Montrose boulevard, Louis Rasmussen was drowned. He had been in the water for some time and it is supposed was taken with cramp.

The fifth drowning of the month in the Stock-Yards clay holes occurred during the day, when Frank Leach went bathing at Fortieth and Leavitt streets. He went beyond his depth and sank before help could reach him.

KEEP FEAST OF ST. IGNATIUS.

Communicants of the Holy Family Parish and Jesuits Throughout the World Honor Founder of Order.

Thousands of the communicants of the Holy Family parish yesterday celebrated the feast of St. Ignatius, the tribute rendered each year by Jesuits throughout the world to the memory of Ignatius de Loyola, founder of the Society of Jesus. The big church at West Twelfth and May streets was crowded during the two services, for which elaborate preparations have been under way for weeks. Three thousand electric lights had been installed for the occasion. In the morning solemn high mass was held at 9 o'clock, with a special musical service. One hundred and fifty altar boys assisted.

CAMP DEWEY IS A MEMORY.

Naval Militia Men, After a Week's Outing and Instruction, Return in Good Health.

Yesterday was the last day of the encampment at Camp Dewey, One Hundredth street and the lake. Early in the morning the general order was issued to break camp, and in a twinkling the white city was leveled to the ground. At 10 o'clock the bugle sounded the call to arms and presently the homeward march began. The First Ship's Crew marched to the Illinois Central Depot at South Chicago, where it boarded the special train for Chicago, while the Second Ship's Crew marched to the Rock Island junction, where they boarded the train for their homes in Quincy, Moline, and Alton.

GEN. GREELY IS COMING TODAY.

Chief of the Government Signal Service Will Stop on His Way to St. Paul.

General Greely, Chief of the government signal service, will be in Chicago today on the way from Washington to the West. He will leave for St. Paul after a short stay. During the day he will call at army headquarters and pay his respects to General Wheeler and the other officers.

Furs remodeled and repaired now for less money than later on. All work guaranteed. Pattern Seal, Persian Lamb, and Otter Jackets and Coats for season 1900 now ready. John T. Shayne & Co. Catalogue free.

SCIENTISTS CLING TO NEWTON.

Evanston Man's New Theory of Gravitation Finds a Chilly Reception at the University of Chicago.

Scientists at the University of Chicago refused to take seriously the discovery of "the law of radio-gravitation" announced by Professor James Stanley Grimes of Evanston.

They said that Newton's law of gravitation was sufficient to cover all the phenomena of falling bodies, without any additional explanations, and that in any case it was a question for scientists to deal with. They did not admit that Professor Grimes belongs in this class.

"This 'theory' of Professor Grimes is no theory at all," said Professor A. A. Michelson, head of the department of physics, "and it is hardly worth while to discuss it. The law of gravitation propounded by Newton sufficiently explains all the phenomena of the attraction of two bodies for each other, and no addition to it is needed."

FINED UNDER FIRE ESCAPE LAW

Six Violators of Ordinance Requiring Safety Devices Compelled to Pay from $25 to $100 Each.

On charges of failing to provide fire escapes for buildings, as required by the ordinances, several persons were fined in Justice Gibbons' court yesterday. Little or no defense was offered. Those fined were:

L. Allmendenger, 1925 Barry avenue	$100
L. Luderer, 118 Lincoln avenue	100
John B. Carlson, 286 Orleans street	25
Quinlan & Co., 70 Dearborn street	100
P. H. Jaeske, 72 Center street	100
Edward Price, 2219 Prairie avenue	100

Other summonses had been issued on complaint of the inspectors, but the parties wanted could not be found. Recent deaths due to the absence of fire escapes have caused activity among the city's inspectors. They say every violator of the law shall be punished.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Parkers Hair Balsam keeps the hair soft and plentiful and restores the color when gray. Greve's Ointment makes a healthy skin. 50c.

E. & W. Nipsic. E. & W.
The new fold collar.

HEALTH DEPARTMENT ON CITY WATER.



[Lake View station supplies all territory north of Fullerton avenue. Chicago avenue station supplies all territory between Fullerton avenue and Kinzie street. Fourteenth street station supplies all territory between Kinzie and Thirty-ninth streets and also the Stock-Yards. Hyde Park station supplies all territory south of Thirty-ninth street except the Stock-Yards.]

THE HUB
HENRY C. LYTTON, Pres.
Flannel suits
Great SALE To-day.



Your choice of any flannel outing suits in the house that sold at $9, $12 and $15, TO-DAY FOR . . . $5

These are the neat grays, greens and blues, light and dark, some with the thin stripes and others solid colors. . . .

YOU OUGHT TO HAVE ONE.
EVERYBODY IS WEARING THEM

CLOSING OF MAILS AT CHICAGO.

EUROPEAN MAILS—Wednesday, Aug. 1.—For Italy, Switzerland, Spain, Portugal, Turkey, Egypt, British India, Lourenzo Marques, Austria, Belgium, Netherlands, Russia, and Cape Colony, via New York, closes daily at 2, 8, and 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

Direct mails for Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Denmark, Sweden, and Norway will close tomorrow at 12 p. m. via S. S. Umbria.

Direct mails for France will close at 12 p. m. today via S. S. L'Aquitaine.

WEST INDIES—For Cuba daily at 2 a. m. and 1 and 6:15 p. m.

For Porto Rico daily, via New York, at 2, 8, and 10 a. m. and 4:30 p. m.

For Jamaica, via Boston, final close at 12 p. m. today.

CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA—For southern Pacific ports, via Colon, final close Sunday at 4:30 p. m.

For Yucatan, final close at 12 p. m. today.

For Costa Rica, via Mobile, final close today at 4:30 p. m.

For British Honduras, Guatemala, and Republic of Honduras, via New Orleans, final close Tuesday at 4:30 p. m.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS—For Philippines, China, and Japan, via San Francisco, daily at 2 a. m. and 9 p. m., final close Aug. 7 at 9 p. m.

For Samoa, Fiji Islands, New Caledonia, New Zealand, and Australia, via San Francisco, final close Aug. 3, 12 p. m.

CHARLES U. GORDON, Postmaster.

OFFICIAL DEATH RECORD.

THE FOLLOWING BURIAL PERMITS WERE issued by the Health department yesterday:

Beck, Victoria, 70; 2620 Hillock-av., July 30.
Benz, Mary A., 25; Presbyterian Hospital, July 30.
Bergen, Henry B., 51; Windsor Hotel, July 30.
Brechel, George, 13; 1654 Fairfield-av., July 30.
Carroll, Mary E., 7; 493 W. Lake-st., July 30.
Conners, Robert, 56; 4651 Wentworth-av., July 30.
Croff, Florence L., 7; 319 E. Chicago-av., July 30.
Crimmins, James, 58; 349 W. Congress-st., July 31.
Foley, Martha, 70; 9 Cottage-pl., July 29.
Hamann, Christian, 46; July 29.
Hickey, John F., 52; 1257 W. Congress-st., July 30.
Howell, David, 56; 5 Park Row, July 28.
Holmes, Henry A., 24; 567 W. Chicago-av., July 30.
Hutchinson, Martha, 9; 3057 Bonfield-st., July 30.
Knight, Jos. W., 13, 4859 Armour-av., July 29.
Larson, Anna, 51; 2917 5th-av., July 31.
Lewis, Mattie A., 66; 2681 42d-ct., July 30.
Meyer, Elizabeth, 79; 45 Newton-st., July 29.
Miller, Frederick, 64; 241 Blackhawk-st., July 30.
Novy, Charles, 47; 1413 S. 41st-av., July 29.
O'Malley, Arthur, 35; Cook County Hospital, July 29.
Osterand, Albert, 19; 2835 Southport-av., July 29.
Riley, Louis I., 23; 3207 Dover-st., July 31.
Rosenkrans, M. D., E. M., 61, 131 Clark-av., July 30.
Sandford, Le Roy, 25; 5606 Jefferson-av., July 30.
Sander, Deidrich, 51; 424 Cleveland-av., July 30.
Schully, Patrick M., 35; 955 49th-ct., July 29.
Schous, Nicholas, 55; 23 Willow-st., July 30.
Sorenson, Mads D. A., 46; 620 Alma-st., July 30.
Stanek, Josefa, 71; 416 W. 18th-st., July 29.
Toles, James P., 51; 3540 Dearborn-st., July 30.
Turton, Ralph, 48; East 35th-st., July 29.
Van Beek, Johannes, 19; 323 109th-st., July 30.
Wrightson, William T., 65; 409 S. Pine-st., July 30.

DEATHS.

BERGEN—Henry B. Bergen, beloved husband of Lizzie A. Bergen, July 30. Interment at Jericho Cemetery, near Aurora.

LAING—William G., at Dallas, Tex., only and beloved son of John R. and Mary R. Laing. Funeral Friday morning at 10 o'clock from residence, 3819 Vincennes-av. Private.

MARSHALL—July 29, Alice Telford Marshall, beloved wife of J. Albert Marshall, at Manistee, Mich. Funeral at 4 p. m. today, 383 E. 44th-st., Chicago.

MARVIN—July 28, 1900, Chester L., aged 33 years. Funeral from Sheldon's, 239 West Madison-st., Thursday at 9 a. m. Interment at Belvidere, Ill.

MAXWELL—July 29, James W. Maxwell, aged 79 years, at his residence, 3978 Lake-av. Funeral Wednesday, Aug. 1, at 10 o'clock a. m.

RILEY—Louis T. Riley, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Riley, formerly of Washington, Ind. Funeral Thursday, Aug. 2, 1900, from late residence, 3207 Dover-st. To Our Lady of Lourdes' Church, 10:30 a. m., thence by carriages to Calvary.

ROSEKRANS—Dr. E. M. Rosekrans, beloved husband of Sarah Rosekrans, at his home, 131 Clark-av., Austin, July 30, aged 61 years. Funeral from late residence Wednesday, Aug. 1, 1 p. m. Cremation at Graceland.

SMITH—July 30, at her home in La Grange, Ill., after a long and painful illness, Hattie Pettit Smith, wife of Frank C. Smith. Funeral Wednesday at 10:45. Cremation at Graceland; private. Committal services at Delavan, Wis., Thursday.

TRAVIS—John Clarence Travis, son of Captain James and Matilda Travis, drowned at Ashtabula, O., July 29, aged 19 years. Funeral Wednesday, Aug. 1, 2 p. m., 6641 Parnell-av., Englewood, to Oakwoods.

WRIGHTSON—William T., aged 60. Funeral from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. W. A. Arentz, 409 S. Pine-av., Austin, Chicago, at 2 p. m. Wednesday.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

ON SATURDAY, AUG. 4, THE PUBLIC IS INvited to a reception at the City Emergency Hospital, 85 Plymouth-pl., from 3 to 6 p. m. and from 8 to 11 p. m. An entertainment will be given, details of which will appear later. Proceeds to be used in equipping the hospital.

OFFICIAL WEATHER FORECAST.

OFFICE OF CHIEF OF WEATHER BUREAU, Washington, D. C., July 31.—Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday:

Illinois and Indiana—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, fresh southeasterly winds.

Ohio—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, cooler in northern portion Wednesday, light to fresh northerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer in northern portion Thursday, light to fresh northerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Fair and warmer Wednesday, Thursday fair, light to fresh northerly, shifting to westerly, winds.

Wisconsin—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, warmer in northern portion Wednesday, fresh northerly, shifting to southeasterly, winds.

Minnesota—Fair and warmer Wednesday, Thursday fair, fresh southerly winds.

Iowa and Missouri—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, southerly winds.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, cooler Thursday, southeasterly, shifting to northerly, winds.

Nebraska—Generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, cooler in western portion Thursday, southerly winds.

Place of observation. Time taken: July 31, 8 p. m.	Height of barometer.	Thermometer.	Max. temp.	Direction of wind.	Precipitation 24 hours.	State of weather.
Abilene	30.04	82	88	E.	.24	Fair
Albany	29.86	86	90	S.W.	....	Fair
Alpena	30.06	66	74	N.	....	Clear
Atlanta	30.00	80	88	N.W.	....	Fair
Amarillo	30.04	82	84	S.	....	Clear
Battleford	29.84	78	80	E.	Tr.	Clear
Bismarck	29.86	94	96	S.E.	....	Clear
Buffalo	29.94	76	78	N.W.	....	Clear
Boston	29.90	80	88	S.W.	....	Clear
Cairo	30.08	82	86	N.	....	Clear
Calgary	29.66	82	84	N.E.	....	Clear
Charlotte	29.98	78	88	S.W.	.32	Fair
Cheyenne	29.94	86	88	S.	....	Clear
Chicago	30.08	70	84	N.E.	....	Clear
Cincinnati	30.04	84	86	W.	....	Clear
Cleveland	29.98	74	84	S.	....	Clo'dy
Concordia	30.08	88	92	S.	....	Clear
Davenport	30.02	88	94	W.	....	Clear
Denver	29.94	88	94	S.	....	Clear
Des Moines	30.08	86	90	S.W.	....	Clear
Detroit	30.02	70	86	N.E.	....	Clear
Dodge	30.02	86	92	S.E.	....	Clear
Dubuque	30.04	86	90	N.W.	....	Clear
Duluth	30.08	72	72	N.	....	Clear
El Paso	29.94	86	90	E.	Tr.	Clear
Edmonton	29.74	74	76	Calm	....	Clear
Galveston	30.02	80	88	N.	Tr.	Fair
Grand Haven	30.06	72	74	S.	....	Clear
Green Bay	30.12	68	78	E.	....	Clear
Havre	29.76	96	100	N.	....	Fair
Helena	29.78	94	96	S.W.	....	Clo'dy
Huron	29.90	90	100	S.	....	Clear
Indianapolis	30.04	84	88	W.	....	Clear
Jacksonville	29.96	82	86	E.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Kansas City	30.10	84	86	N.E.	....	Clear
Lander	29.86	90	96	S.E.	....	Clear
Little Rock	30.06	82	86	N.E.	Tr.	Clear
Los Angeles	29.84	74	85	S.W.	....	Clear
Marquette	30.12	64	60	E.	.12	Clear
Memphis	30.08	82	84	N.E.	Tr.	Clear
Milwaukee	30.12	66	76	N.E.	....	Clear
Minnedosa	30.00	72	80	E.	....	Clo'dy
Montgomery	30.00	78	92	S.W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Montreal	29.82	70	78	W.	.01	Fair
Nashville	30.08	82	86	N.	....	Clear
New Orleans	30.00	88	94	S.W.	....	Clear
New York City	29.94	78	84	S.W.	....	Clear
Norfolk	30.00	78	88	S.E.	....	Clear
North Platte	30.02	88	92	S.	....	Clear
Oklahoma	30.04	86	90	E.	....	Clear
Omaha	30.04	86	92	S.	....	Clear
Oswego	29.88	76	84	W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Palestine	30.00	84	94	S.W.	.06	Fair
Parkersburg	30.04	82	88	W.	....	Clear
Philadelphia	29.90	84	88	S.W.	....	Clear
Pittsburg	29.98	84	88	W.	....	Clear
Pueblo	30.02	84	90	E.	....	Clear
Qu'Appelle	29.70	86	88	E.	....	Fair
Rapid City	29.74	96	102	S.E.	....	Clear
San Francisco	30.00	64	68	W.	....	Clear
St. Louis	30.06	86	88	N.	....	Clear
St. Paul	30.06	82	84	N.	....	Clear
Salt Lake City	29.82	96	98	N.	....	Clear
Ste. Marie	30.08	68	76	N.W.	.84	Clear
Springfield, Ill.	30.06	88	92	N.W.	....	Clear
Springfield, Mo.	30.08	82	88	N.E.	....	Clear
Vicksburg	30.04	76	88	W.	Tr.	Clo'dy
Washington	29.98	82	90	W.	....	Clear
White River	30.12	62	66	Calm	.66	Clo'dy
Williston	29.76	100	102	S.E.	....	Clear
Winnipeg	30.10	76	82	N.E.	....	Fair

WEATHER IN CHICAGO.

The temperature as observed yesterday by L. Manasse, optician, 88 East Madison street, Tribune Building, was as follows: Thermometer—8 a. m., 78 degrees; 9 a. m., 80; 10 a. m., 82; 11 a. m., 84; 12 m., 81; 1 p. m., 77; 3 p. m., 75; 6 p. m., 76. Barometer—8 a. m., 29.54; 6 p. m., 29.52.

25c TRIP! COOL OFF AT THE WATERWORKS CRIB
New Steamer Mary leaves 2 p. m. every afternoon except Sunday. Commencing Aug. 2. Two hours' ride. GRAHAM & MORTON DOCKS, foot of Wabash-av.

ST. JOSEPH AND BENTON HARBOR
Graham & Morton Line.
Only line carrying high-class free vaudeville show. Avoid crowded boats; five large, commodious steamers daily. The most attractive and popular excursion line out of Chicago.
50 Cents Each Way on Day Boats
9:30 a. m. daily.
12:30 noon, except Sat. and Sun.
2 p. m. daily, except Sunday.
Special Saturday 2 p. m.
Special Sunday 10 a. m.
11:30 every night; $1.00.
Docks foot of Wabash-av. Tel. Central 2162.

"COLUMBUS"
(Largest and Finest Excursion Boat in the World)
$1 MILWAUKEE AND RETURN
($1.50 Unlimited)
9:30 a. m. Week Days—10:00 a. m. Sundays.
"VIRGINIA" {NIGHT BOAT} 9:00 p. m. Daily.
Ticket Office and Docks, Foot of Michigan-av.

CHICAGO OPERA HOUSE
CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE.
Mr. & Mrs. Perkins Fisher. 6—The Sennetts—6.
Josephine Gassman. Dick & Alice McAvoy.
Eckert & Berg. John Gilbert.
3—The Rosar Trio—3. Ryan & Ryan.
Baby Lewis. Hyatt Sisters.
King & Gray. Mons. La Gette.
Fogarty & Lavigne. Raimund & Rainer.
Master Richards. Le Roy & Bush.
PRICES 10—20—30 CENTS.

SANS SOUCI— 61st-st. and Cottage Grove-av.
MRS. MURPHY MONKEY ABRONAUT. Afternoons 4:15; Eve. 10:15
ALL-STAR VAUDEVILLE.
BLACK'S FAMOUS RIDE—HIGH DIVING—CHICAGO MARINE BAND.

THE DEARBORN
BURGOMASTER
A FEAST of MUSIC, MIRTH & BEAUTY.

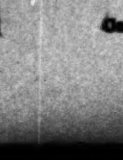
HOPKINS
BARGAIN 25c MATINEES
....THE CHERRY PICKERS....
Complete Equipment and Capable Cast.
THE POLYSCOPE'S Wonderful Pictures.
ADELE PURVIS ONRI. KOLB & DILL.
Coolest and Safest Theater in the West.

GREAT NORTHERN EVENINGS 25c 50c 75c
12th Unprecedented Successful Week.
THE DAIRY FARM
REMAINS BUT TWO MORE WEEKS.
25c—Mats. Wed., Sat., Sun.—25c



SAM T. JACK'S Madis'n, nr. State Tel. Cent. 3198.
Only Burlesque House in Chicago.
Two Big Shows Every Day at 2 and 8.
RADLEY-BARTON BALL.
OLD AGE AND YOUTH.
PRICES—10—20—30

MIACO'S TROCADERO—STATE AND VAN BUREN Sts.
Only Ground Floor Burlesque House in the City.
STAGE ALWAYS FILLED WITH LOVELY WOMEN.
Mats. Daily—10, 20, 30, 50c—Smoke if you like.
Black Crook Extravaganza Co.
An Old Title with a New Show.



MASONIC TEMPLE.
JESSIE BARTLETT
...DAVIS...
CHICAGO LADY QUARTETTE
and Seven Other Big Acts.

..BASE BALL TODAY..
Thirty-ninth-st. and Wentworth-av.
WHITE STOCKINGS vs. INDIANAPOLIS.
Game Starts at 3:30 P. M.

REPUBLICANS VIEW THE FIELD.

Representatives of National, State and County Committees Hold a Meeting.

FUNDS TO BE PRORATED.

Reports in General Are Satisfactory and Outlook Is Good.

KANSAS DEMOCRATIC YARN.

Representatives of the National, State, and County Republican committees met in the national headquarters yesterday afternoon and went over the situation in Chicago and Illinois. There were present for the National committee Vice Chairman Payne, Committeeman Stewart, and Secretary Heath; for the State committee Chairman Rowe, Secretary Fieldhouse, and Mr. McKinney; and for the County committee Congressman Lorimer, Dr. Jamieson, and John M. Smyth.

It was the first getting together of officers from all three organizations and the matters talked over were more especially those pertaining to Chicago and Cook County, with some reports from the rest of the State. Chairman Rowe for the State committee said that outside of Cook County the party affairs were in good condition, but it had been the plan of the State committee to leave the campaign in this city entirely in the hands of the County committee, and it was responsible for whatever may be the situation here.

Country Affairs in Good Condition.

In reply Congressman Lorimer reported all party affairs in Cook County in an entirely satisfactory state. "Every one has taken hold with a will," said he, "and as long as the present good work keeps up there is no doubt that Chicago will give another Republican majority next fall." The members of the National committee assured their visitors they were only too anxious to give each of the organizations they represented whatever aid they could but were anxious that the work of the campaign in Illinois should be taken in hand as much as possible by the local committees, the county one to look after Chicago and the other the remainder of the State. In the matter of speakers also the National committee would assign to the County committee what ones it wanted for use in Chicago and the State committee would look after the other meetings outside of Cook.

Coming to matters of finances, it was agreed that the money raised in Illinois should be prorated between the three committees with the agreement that if this did not furnish enough for the purposes of the State and county committees the national committee should give up some of its share.

"The meeting was an extremely pleasant one," said Congressman Lorimer afterwards, "and we all left it with the impression that keeping up the work after the manner in which we have started there will be no difficulty in carrying Illinois this year."

Asked if the County committee would ask for the services of Tom Reed on the stump, Congressman Lorimer replied:

"If Mr. Reed takes the stump and comes West I shall most certainly ask that he speak in my district at least."

Mulvane Brings Word from Kansas.

National Committeeman Mulvane of Kansas reported at Republican headquarters that the story brought from the Sunflower State by Democratic Committeeman Johnson to the effect Bryan would carry it by 15,000 or more was all wrong, and declared himself confident that McKinley would carry the State.

Soon afterwards Congressman Landis of Indiana came in from a Western trip in even a more optimistic frame of mind than Mr. Mulvane. He claimed not only his own State of Indiana, but Bryan's home, Nebraska, as well as California, Oregon, Washington, Utah, and Wyoming. He has also been in Missouri recently and claimed many Republican gains there, enough perhaps to elect a Republican Governor. "I would not be surprised," said Mr. Landis, "if Bryan did not get a single Electoral vote north of the old Mason and Dixon's line."

BRYAN WILL BE HERE AUG. 7.

Arrangements for Notification Celebration at Indianapolis Are Completed.

Chairman Johnson and Secretary Walsh of the Executive committee of the Democratic National committee and Chairman Gahan and Secretary Burke of the Democratic County committee had a conference yesterday and completed the arrangements for the trip of Bryan and Stevenson to Indianapolis on the occasion of the notification celebration of Aug. 8.

It was announced that Mr. Bryan will get here from Lincoln at 8:30 a. m. of Aug. 7, and he will be met at the depot by the German-American Democratic club, of which Frank Wenter is President. Mayor Harrison and Samuel Alschuler will also be in the receiving party. The club will escort Mr. Bryan to the Sherman House, where he will be met by Mr. Stevenson, and the two will hold a reception until noon.

The original plan of keeping the two candidates here until night was, at the request of Tom Taggart of Indianapolis, changed, and the special train which is to take the party from here will leave on the "Big Four" at 1 a. m., and reach Indianapolis about 7 o'clock. The only stops of importance between Chicago and Indianapolis will be at Kankakee, Illinois, and Lafayette, Ind. Mr. Bryan will not be expected to make any speeches, but Mayor Harrison and other spellbinders may be let loose for short efforts.

Bryan and Stevenson will be escorted from Chicago by the County Democracy, 250 strong, and it is expected the special train will also carry those members of the Committees on Notification who live in States to the west of here. Chairman Jones, who will arrive in Chicago tomorrow, will also be a member of the party, as will those members of the National committee who may be here to make the journey.

Messrs. Bryan and Stevenson, Samuel Alschuler, Mayor Harrison, Chairman Jones, and other distinguished Democrats will occupy a private car in the rear, and it is expected that, counting the 250 members of the County Democracy who will go along, the special train will carry at least 400 persons. The County Democracy has a meeting this evening to perfect its arrangements.

Samuel Alschuler, Democratic candidate for Governor, was in the city a short time last evening, on his way from Aurora to Peoria, where he will open his campaign tomorrow.

Mr. Alschuler has accepted the invitation to speak at the Labor day picnic in Chicago on Sept. 3. This is the first acceptance received by the committee from any of the candidates for State and national office.

Former citizens of Nebraska now living in Chicago will meet at the Victoria Hotel this evening to organize a "Nebraska Bryan Club of Chicago."

LIFE-SAVERS DO QUICK WORK.

Evanston Crew Holds Annual Drill and Makes Time in Difficult Maneuvers.

In six minutes and fifty-seven seconds the Evanston life-saving crew in its annual drill yesterday threw a line over a yacht 200 yards distant in the lake and drew to shore a lifeboat containing five men. The drill was under command of Captain L. O. Lawson, who was assisted by C. M. Thorne, H. O. Enwall, E. R. Perry, G. H. Carter, F. L. Bindhammer, H. B. Smith, and A. Anderson. The best record made in four drills in the righting of capsized boats was forty-five seconds.

GIVE BATTLE FOR YATES.

VETERANS' CLUB TO FIRE CAMPAIGN SHOTS TONIGHT.

Meeting at Auditorium to Be Practically the Opening of the Fight in Chicago for Success of Republican State and National Tickets—Old Soldiers Aim to Honor War Governor and Serve the State by Electing Son.

Republican campaign shots will be fired at the Auditorium tonight. Richard Yates, nominee for Governor; W. J. Calhoun, Major William Warner of Kansas City, and others will fire them. An old soldiers' patriotic rally, under the auspices of the Veterans' Yates club, will afford the opportunity for what will be practically the opening of the battle in Chicago. The organization, comprising in its membership only veterans of the civil war, was formed to help carry Illinois for the Republican national and State tickets. It was first in the field after Judge Yates' nomination, and is first to hold a public demonstration and ratify the nominees.

Much hard work has been done to make the affair a success. That it will be fully up to expectations, according to the Arrangements committee, is assured. Francis A. Riddle, President of the club, said yesterday that the indications all predict a large attendance.

State Leaders to Attend.

Every prominent veteran in the State, Governor Tanner, and other State officers, and the leading Republicans have been invited. Promises to be present have been received from a great many of them.

This is the first time, it is said, that the old soldiers ever banded themselves together in this way for campaign work. They are doing so now because of the fact that the war Governor of Illinois, whose memory they revere and desire to honor, was the father of the Republican party's present standard-bearer. The position they take, they say, is that they could not honor the memory of the father or serve the State in any better way than by doing everything possible to elect the son.

Senator Davis May Speak.

Beside the speakers already named, it is expected that Senator Davis of Minnesota and ex-Senator Charles F. Manderson of Nebraska will be added to the list. Promises to be present if possible have been received from both of them. If they arrive in time the audience will have an opportunity to hear them speak.

President Riddle, who will preside, has prepared a short address, telling of the objects of the club and what it hopes to accomplish. "Republican Veterans' Yates Club of Illinois" is the name in full, and a movement is on foot to organize an auxiliary club of veterans in every county.

Music for tonight's meeting will be furnished by vocal soloists and by a band.

FIND GAINS FOR M'KINLEY.

Republican Committeemen Say Canvass of State Shows More Voters for Him Now than in 1896.

Members of the Republican State Central committee say results of a preliminary canvas of the State are beginning to come in and that they are most satisfactory. Returns received from widely separated localities, they say, indicate gains over 1896 all along the line.

The poll of Champaign County, they declare, shows Republican gains ranging from twelve to eighteen votes in every precinct, or a total gain for the county over McKinley's vote four years ago of about 400.

Governor Tanner visited headquarters yesterday and while there stated that the free silver Republicans in the south end of the State have come back in the party.

H. J. Hamlin, nominee for Attorney General, will make his first speech today at Monmouth at an emancipation celebration by the colored people.

Reports refuting the Democratic claims of defection among German-American Republicans are received every day at State headquarters. L. P. Wolff of Peoria called on Chairman Rowe and assured him that the Germans in his part of the State are giving loyal support to McKinley, Yates, and the entire ticket. Mr. Wolff is one of the prominent Germans of Illinois and was a candidate for the nomination for State Treasurer.

PICK CHIEFS FOR DISTRICTS.

Democrats Name Campaign Managers for Their Twelve Divisions of Cook County.

The Democratic County Executive committee yesterday appointed chairmen for the twelve campaign districts into which it has divided the county, as follows:

First—J. K. Prindiville.
Second—John E. Long.
Third—V. S. Pease.
Fourth—M. G. Holling.
Fifth—John Powers.
Sixth—S. D. Griffin.
Seventh—P. B. O'Hare.
Eighth—William Legner.
Ninth—A. J. Ford.
Tenth—Oscar F. Mayer.
Eleventh—V. H. Perkins.
Twelfth—J. F. Farley.

A call was issued for a meeting of the full committee next Monday to prepare for the reception to W. J. Bryan on Tuesday.

It was announced that Samuel Alschuler will speak on Labor day, Sept. 3, and that Bryan may attend the picnic on that day.

STRUGGLE FOR OFFICE IN IOWA.

Split in Republican Caucus Mixes Up the Political Situation—State Convention Today.

Des Moines, Ia., July 31.—[Special.]—The whole situation with reference to the preconvention contests was changed this afternoon when the Eleventh District caucused and by vote of 74 to 14 (four counties not voting) decided that of the two candidates for State offices from the Eleventh District Hallam, for Attorney General, was entitled to support. The fourteen votes cast for Hobart, candidate for Secretary of State, does not represent his full strength in the district, but the overwhelming vote for Hallam is significant and leaves no room to doubt that Mr. Hobart will be compelled to go into the convention with but a small part of his district behind him.

Nominated for Congress.

State.	Dist.	Name.	Party.
Pa.	13	James W. Ryan	Rep.
Kas.	4	Thomas H. Gresham	Fusion
Tex.	13	John H. Stevens	Dem.

DEMAND ACTION AT HAWTHORNE

Citizens' Federation Meets in Oak Park and Appoints a Committee to See President Jones.

The Citizens' federation held a meeting last night at the residence of E. H. Peyton, 1 Elizabeth place, Oak Park, to take action against the betting at Hawthorne race track. At the meeting held on July 26 a letter was prepared and sent to President Jones of the Town board asking him to take action against the track, regardless of the action of the trustees. An answer to this letter was read and was as follows:

"Your communication was received, and in reply I would say that the President is the executive power and the trustees the legislative power. As such they spoke emphatically at a recent meeting of the board."

President Tuttle of the Citizens' federation said that President Jones' answer was unsatisfactory, and that the Citizens' federation wanted something more definite. President Tuttle was appointed chairman of a committee to interview President Jones and try to make him take one side or the other.

If Jones will not comply with the request of the federation it is the intention of the organization to take steps to have the law enforced by the Sheriff of Cook County.

Collector Charged with Embezzlement

Peter Busch, 696 Irving avenue, was before Justice Dooley charged with embezzlement yesterday on a warrant sworn out by Morand Bros., 331-335 May street, liquor dealers, by whom Busch had been employed as a collector. Two hundred and fifty dollars was the amount alleged to have been taken.

ALTGELD TALKS OF ROOSEVELT.

Has Speech All Ready for Democratic Clubs at Toledo Meeting.

IS SOMEWHAT PERSONAL.

Draws Picture of Government by Force and Its Inevitable Disaster.

EYPLAINS 16 TO 1 PLANK.

At the convention of Democratic clubs at Toledo, O., to be held today one of the leading speakers is to be John P. Altgeld, former Governor of Illinois, who has carefully prepared a reply to the speech made by Governor Roosevelt at St. Paul to the League of Republican Clubs.

Reply of John P. Altgeld.

Former Governor Altgeld's reply is in part as follows:

"There are only two principles or systems of government known to man—government by brute force and government by consent of the governed. The one is applied from without and is repressive, and, in the end, destructive, because it arrests growth; while the other works from within, is evolutionary and progressive."

Ex-Governor Altgeld then goes on to say that the result of government by force is always death and dissolution. In support of his assertion he reviews and applies the history of the United States.

Goes After the Rough Rider.

Reaching the point of his speech, the reply to Governor Roosevelt, he says:

"Recently a gentleman in New York who had become famous for having been alone in Cuba—a gentleman who has adopted as his life motto or coat of arms two "P's" and a double "S," which four letters signify "pompous posing" and "strenuous strutting"—left the capital of New York and went to St. Paul and delivered a speech to an association of Republican clubs. The speech has not, from beginning to end, a single argument or a single accurate historical reference; a speech that is made up of invective, misrepresentations, and vituperation.

"Who, then, is this man, and what is his history? Personalities are offensive and I will not indulge in them. But, surely, when we are thus brutally assaulted we may ask who it is that is berating us.

"I will notice only a few of the incidents of his public career, which throw light on the question of his sincerity and discretion. I find it recorded that years ago he was a member of the New York Legislature, and on one occasion he roused the hopes of the country by making a speech against a class which he called the criminal rich. But he at once dashed these hopes by turning around and voting with and for these criminal rich whom he had denounced.

Pictures Him as Tax Dodger.

"In the years 1897-'98 he held a federal office in Washington, and in order to escape paying his taxes in New York he signed an affidavit and swore before the ever-living God that he was not a citizen of New York. If this was true, then, under the constitution of New York he would not have been eligible for the Governor of that State. By subsequently accepting a nomination and election to that office he showed that he did not believe his own affidavit. This being so, may it not be that he does not believe the charge that he has made against us?"

Taking up in turn the Cuban campaign and Governor Roosevelt's career in the Legislature, he reaches that part of Governor Roosevelt's St. Paul speech in which the Governor said the Democrats at Kansas City had only 52 per cent of faith in their 48-cent dollars. This Mr. Altgeld says is wrong. That the only difference arose over the best way of expressing the Democratic faith.

Imperialism and Militarism.

Then he pictures the administration policy as one of imperialism and militarism, and says:

"You recall that the administration papers told us in big headlines that England loved us so much she wanted us to keep all the islands. It has since developed that Germany wanted to buy the islands of Spain. England did not want Germany for a neighbor in the South seas. She could not control German statesmen as she could American politicians. She could not dictate German policy as she could American policy; therefore, if she could not have the islands herself, the next best thing was to have them held by an administration which she could control; hence the desire that we should keep them."

He asserts that Dewey had recognized Aguinaldo and his people as a government, treated them as allies, and asked their cooperation.

Defends the Filipinos.

The speaker makes an elaborate defense of the Filipinos, whom he describes as highly intelligent and liberty-loving people. In support of this he quotes several people and continues:

"Now look at the spectacle of a trust candidate for Vice President of the United States, who has never seen the Philippines, standing up at a distance of 10,000 miles from these islands, and, in order to get votes in support of a criminal cause, is willing to libel those innocent people, who have done neither him nor us any harm, but whose towns we have been burning for nearly two years, whose fathers and brothers we have been shooting down, whose fields we have been laying waste, on the order of President McKinley issued on Dec. 21, 1898, beginning a war of conquest."

Concluding, he quotes from Lincoln: "They who deny freedom to others deserve it not for themselves, and under a just God cannot long retain it." And says:

"Now, my friends, we propose to stop this criminal aggression into which the syndicate and the British Ambassador have launched us. We are going to stop bloodshed and devastation in the Philippines by saying to the Filipinos that when they establish a government which in our judgment is a good government worthy of recognition that then we will withdraw on such terms as may be just.

"We are going to do what the President called our 'plain duty toward the Porto Ricans.' We are going to redeclare that King George was wrong, and that his principles shall not disgrace our statute books."

AMAZED AT GEORGE F. HOAR.

Anti-Imperialists So Surprised That He Is to Vote for McKinley That They Fall into Remarkable English.

Washington, D. C., July 31.—An open letter has been addressed by the Washington Anti-Imperialist league to George F. Hoar of Massachusetts, expressing "amazement, not unmixed with sorrow," at his announced determination to support President McKinley for reëlection. After quoting from Senator Hoar's speeches and writings in criticism of the policy pursued by President McKinley, the letter reads:

"As a public man, we have the right to criticise your public actions, so as we once applauded you, we now condemn you. You once showed us the right way so clearly that we cannot now wander from it to follow you unto your lately chosen path of certain ignominy.

"The anti-imperialists have not left you; you have left them."

Caldwell Defeats Miller.

Springfield, Mass., July 31.—Harry Caldwell of Boston defeated Charles Miller of Chicago by four laps in a fifteen-mile motor-paced race this evening at the Coliseum board track. For six miles Caldwell led by 30 yards, when he began to gain rapidly. He lapped Miller in the ninth, twelfth, fourteenth, and finally in the fifteenth mile. The time, 28:39 2-5, is the fastest ever ridden on a six-lap track.

MORE DENIALS BY POWERS

DEFENDANT IN GOEBEL TRIAL ANSWERS ALL CHARGES.

Finishes His Direct Testimony and the Cross-Examination Is Taken Up by Thomas C. Campbell—Prosecution Tries to Show by the Witness That Mountain "Army" Was Composed of Notorious and Desperate Men—Points in Statements of Accused.

Georgetown, Ky., July 31.—[Special.]—Caleb Powers finished his direct examination this afternoon, and was turned over to the commonwealth for cross-examination, which is being conducted by Thomas C. Campbell. Powers, in his direct testimony today, entered specific denials to all the damaging statements made by the witnesses against him, and repudiated conversations at which witnesses swore that assassination was discussed. He admitted only the organization of the mountain army, and the trip to Louisville on the day of the assassination for the purpose of organizing another. The money for this purpose, he said, did not come from the private funds of Governor Taylor, but was money left over from the campaign.

Witness admitted writing the letter to Professor Stevens on Feb. 2, when Goebel was dying, in which he boasted that the disorganization of the Democratic party was due more to him (Powers) than to anyone else, and that he was an open advocate of war. Powers wanted to make an explanation of this, but was refused, the court holding that there was nothing ambiguous in the letter. The defense excepted.

More Admissions by Powers.

Powers admitted having some sort of a conversation with Wharton Golden, in which he proposed to fight to the last, as he did once in a race for School Superintendent in Knox County. Witness said he talked to Culton like a brother when he asked him not to make a motion for bail, but declared it was not because Culton knew anything hurtful to the witness. Powers admitted offering Miss Sudie Snuffer money, and that he had asked her not to testify against him, but said he offered the money because she was poor and not to induce her to leave the State.

Powers admitted the truth of Captain Hawn's testimony and that Hawn had refused to take his company of militia to Frankfort without formal orders. He said he had not told J. F. Wagner that he would expose the "whole plot to the newspapers if Taylor did not act," but that he would write somebody up in the newspapers.

Cross-Examined by Campbell.

When Colonel Campbell took hold of the witness he first began asking him about the men of the "army" being sober, law-abiding, and of good reputation, which Powers had declared.

"Don't you know that Joseph Adkins has the reputation of having killed seven men?"

Witness did not. He was asked about others—some of the Bakers, Alford David Chadwell, and a host of others more or less motorious as feudalists or otherwise. Witness knew most of them. The cross-examination had progressed this far when court adjourned for the day.

It is evidently the purpose of the commonwealth to try to verify from Powers that the "army" was composed, as Culton, Golden, and Noakes have said, "of mountain feudists, men who would stand up and fight."

Denounces the Killing.

In regard to the Louisville trip Powers testified that at La Grange the party heard that Goebel had been assassinated and that the shot had been fired from the second or third story of the Executive Building.

The witness continued: "I said, it was a shame and an outrage, and that it would blight the chance of all of us whose offices were in contest. I expressed similar sentiments to other people that day. We went on to Louisville, but as the assassination of Mr. Goebel had upset our political plans we of course abandoned our idea of bringing more men to Frankfort."

Witness said that the statement of Golden that he spoke derisively when told of the shooting was absolutely false.

"I thought it my duty," he continued, "to return to Frankfort as soon as possible and did that afternoon. I went to the Executive Building, and with my key, the only one I ever had to the office, unlocked the door."

Finds Lock Battered.

"I found that the lock had been battered, and had difficulty in getting the key out of it. I did not take the lock off and supplant it with a new one, as has been stated in the defense. J. B. Mathews put on the new lock."

The witness told of a letter which he said he received from Robert Noakes in March. In the letter he says Noakes offered his services as a witness, saying that he would disprove the charges made against witness by Wharton Golden.

"I made no statement to Golden that I was satisfied the shots came from my office and did not tell him I was thinking of going to the commonwealth's attorney to tell him all I knew. I did have a talk with Governor Bradley about going to see Franklin, but he advised against it, and I did not go."

Powers then detailed the event immediately preceding the arrest of himself and Captain Davis. He said: "The Legislature had appropriated $100,000 for the prosecution of persons charged with the crime, and I did not believe it was possible for men to get a fair trial in Franklin County. Moreover, I did not believe the civil authorities there would protect me. I did not know that I could get change of venue, and these were the reasons which suggested flight from Frankfort."

TOWNE DELAYS HIS STATEMENT

Declines to Talk for Publication About His Withdrawal, but Is Expected to Get Off the Track.

Lincoln, Neb., July 31.—[Special.]—"The time is not ripe for an announcement from me whether I shall remain on the ticket as a Vice Presidential candidate or withdraw."

This was the statement made today by Charles A. Towne. He admitted he came to Lincoln to consult with Mr. Bryan, and his candidacy would probably be one of the subjects discussed, but insisted he could not definitely announce his final determination.

Neither Mr. Towne nor Mr. Bryan would discuss the result of their conference. Nevertheless Mr. Towne will withdraw when the proper time arrives. Everything he said to prominent Populists gathered here today to plan their campaign indicated that action.

Mr. Towne left this evening for Chicago. His stay there will be brief, as he has an engagement to speak at Colfax, Ia., on the evening of Aug. 3.

M'KINLEY GOES TO WASHINGTON

After Attending to Business the President Returns to Canton—Minister Tower Calls.

Canton, O., July 31.—The President's determination to go to Washington tomorrow is not a sudden one, nor is it prompted by any special business of state withheld from the public. It was the expectation when he entered upon his vacation to make occasional trips to the capital to confer with Cabinet members and to attend to matters of business which could not be conveniently forwarded to him here, and the present trip has been contemplated for several days. He expects to be back in Canton by the latter part of the week. United States Minister to Russia Charlemagne Tower arrived this morning and remained with the President until about 4 o'clock this afternoon. After a short talk in the library the President and Minister Tower were joined by Senator Fairbanks, and the three went for a drive around the city.

Arrests Yancey as Train Robber.

Hamilton, O., July 31.—A Chicago detective today arrested here Charles Yancey, alias Charles Cunningham, alias Charles Bradshaw. It is stated that while on parole from the Nebraska penitentiary last August Yancey shot a conductor on the Chicago and Northwestern railway and was convicted at the November term of court in Story County, Ia., and on Nov. 5, while being taken to the penitentiary, escaped from the Sheriff. The detective left tonight for Chicago to recover a reward offered for Yancey.

$5 Indianapolis and Return.

Via Big Four Route; going Aug. 7, returning until Aug. 9. Tickets, 234 Clark street; depot, Twelfth and Park row.

NOT A SINGLE FAVORITE WINS.

Day of Surprises on a Big Card at Columbus.

Columbus, O., July 31.—This was a day of surprises at the Columbus Driving Park. The day's card, consisting of three regular events and one unfinished, carried over from Monday, was cleaned up, and not a single favorite won. The weather was clear, but the track, though good, was not fast.

The Admiral, the little bay horse that showed surprising speed in the 2:16 pace, taking the first of the four heats driven yesterday, won two consecutive heats and the race today with comparative ease. Annie Thornton, the favorite, that had given confidence to her backers by taking the last two heats yesterday, showed in poor form.

Little Frank was the favorite in the 2:25 pace, but after taking two heats was distanced in the final, and was cut out of a share of the money. The race was won by Sphinx Medium, a rank outsider, who did not appear to be much of a factor early in the race. He had the staying qualities, however, and walked away from Little Frank and Don Ryley, who contested the final heat with him.

Cornelia Belle was picked to win the 2:17 trot, but after taking the first heat, was fortunate to get a place, Maggie Anderson winning the race in consecutive heats with comparative ease.

The 2:14 trot, the last on the card, was the best of the day. Sister Alice was a hot favorite, being backed heavily on the strength of her showing at Cleveland, but Merriment won in straight heats. Geers was behind the bay mare, and each heat was marked by the sensational finishes for which he is famous. Merriment won the first and third heats by not more than a neck and the second by about half a length.

The summaries:

2:16 pace, purse $2,000:

The Admiral b. h., by Be Sure [Payne]	1	2	2	3	1	1
Annie Thornton, b. m. [Miller]	3	3	1	1	3	3
Harma Patchen, b. g. [Valentine]	7	1	3	2	2	2
Irax, b. g. [Murphy]	2	4	4	4	4	ro
Bessie Thompson, br. m. [Macy]	5	6	5	5	6	ro
Tom Calhoun, m. g. [Hughes]	6	5	6	6	5	ro
Lady Garnett, b. m. [Majers]	9	7	7	7	dr	
Lockhart, ch. g. [Shepard]	4	8	dis			
Ferrum, b. g. [Garfield]	8	dis				

Time—2:09¼, 2:10¼, 2:11, 2:13, 2:10, 2:11½.

2:25 pace, purse $1,500:

Sphinx Medium, br. h., by Sphinx [Munson]	8	5	3	1	1	1
Don Ryley, b. g. [Hudson]	6	2	1	2	5	2
Little Frank, b. g. [Robinson]	1	1	4	5	4dis	
Tommy Mac, b. g. [McCarthy]	3	6	2	3	2	ro
Star Pugh, ch. g. [Lockwood]	2	3	8	6	6	ro
Tod Williams, g. g. [Green]	7	7	7	4	3	ro
Legal Hal, b. h. [Whitson]	4	4	6	dis		
Geisha, b. h. [Meredith]	5	8	5	dis		

Time—2:11¼, 2:11¼, 2:12½, 2:12½, 2:16½, 2:15½.

2:17 trot, purse $2,000:

Maggie Anderson, b. m., by Anderson Wilkes [Dellinger]	2	1	1	1
Cornelia Belle, b. m. [Kirby]	1	2	3	3
Alan, br. g. [Whitely]	4	4	2	2
Chain Sheet, b. g. [Labbs]	5	3	4	4
Lavaran, b. h. [Hudson]	6	5	5	5
Bessie K., b. m. [Stokes]	3	6	dis	

Time—2:12¼, 2:11¼, 2:12½, 2:12¼.

2:14 trot, purse $1,500:

Merriment, b. m., by Mambrino King [Geers]	1	1	1
Sister Alice, b. m. [Kenney]	2	3	4
Sag B., b. h. [Benadum]	3	2	6
Minuette, ch. m. [Pearse]	4	6	2
Alice Barnes, b. m. [Noble]	5	4	7
Fleetwood, ch. h. [Ferris]	7	7	3
Arragon K., blk. h. [Snider]	6	5	5

Time—2:12¼, 2:11½, 2:11½.

TURFMEN FLOCKING TO SARATOGA.

Kilmarnock's Speed Trial Chief Topic of Conversation.

[BY J. T. GALLAGHER.]

Saratoga, N. Y., July 31.—[Special.]—The principal topic among turfmen today was Kilmarnock's remarkable trial. It was generally pronounced the best work ever done by a thoroughbred. The uniformity of pace maintained from start to finish was the occasion of enthusiastic comment and George Odom was highly praised for the way he rated the horse. John E. Madden and his capable assistant, William Walker, insist that the first two miles were run in 1:44½ each. Walker, whose career as the rider of Tenbroeck, Himyar, and other noted horses, entitles his opinion to respect, said:

"Well, that horse did more than old John Harper ever claimed for Longfellow. Harper, when asked what Longfellow could do said two miles in 1:45, 1:45. This horse did better and did it easily. Odom's ride was perfect."

Other trainers declared that Kilmarnock is the horse that would best represent the American thoroughbred in England and should be sent there. It is common expression that he can beat every horse in England over a distance of ground. Some ventured the opinion that Mr. Whitney should have matched Kilmarnock instead of Jean Bereaud against Ethelbert. In pulling up Kilmarnock grabbed and cut the outside of his left fore quarter, causing a slight flow of blood. Persons who saw the blood concluded the horse had burst his foot, and this led to a report that he had broken down. He will remain here until Friday morning and then be shipped to New York. George E. Smith, "Pittsburg Phil," who arrived tonight, said:

"I believe with both fit Kilmarnock can beat Prince of Melbourne, but the Prince is a real good horse. The horse both will have hard work to beat is Ethelbert, who is good just now."

He says the ring at Brighton killed the players the last week. He lost $58,000 in four bets. He had $6,500 on Native on Monday and says nearly everybody who saw the race believed Native won.

Among those who came up on the train with him were Walter Keys, George Wheelock, Zack Forst, and Charles Quinn. A. Featherstone arrived last night. His stable is not in good condition. Mesmerist lost his speed. It was intended to give him light work here, but he got loose, ran out on the road, where he fell and skinned his legs to an extent that made Julius Bauer decide to give him a rest. Black Fox, the 2-year-old that was thought the equal of Mesmerist, has a lameness of the left fore leg, the source of which has not been located. Each time he is exercised he becomes apparently hopelessly broken down and remains in that condition for from six to ten hours. A veterinarian has advised that the colt be given regular exercise. There are many requests for O'Connor's services from outside stables, but it is doubtful if Mr. Featherstone will permit him to accept outside mounts. Mr. Featherstone believes the boy has been harshly treated by Jockey club officials and is unwilling to take more than necessary chances of being deprived of the boy's services. J. W. Schorr is here. Johnny Schorr and Tommy Burns will be here tomorrow. Some of Sam Hildreth's horses arrived tonight.

W. S. Fleischmann is here and will be on Hildreth's trail when an opportunity is presented. Fleischmann declares that if Hildreth starts in a selling race any horses he wishes to keep the entry price will have to be close to the horses' value, and after that this horse will have to be heavily backed in order to justify protection in case of winning.

Dave Gideon and Fleischmann threaten to break Hildreth if they have to follow him to California to do it. William A. Pinkerton arrived from Chicago this afternoon. He brought three trotters, a single roadster and a team, which he will drive during his stay.

The track is in first-class condition and there are more horses now ready to race than for several years past at such an early stage of the meeting. The first race will be called daily at 1:30 o'clock.

Saratoga Entries.

First race, ⅝ mile—Kinnikinnick, 117 pounds; Lieber Karl, 116; Maximo Gomez, 116; Gibraltar, 116; Prince Florist, 113; Mayor Gilroy, 111; Rush, 111; Mr. Jersey, 111; His Royal Highness, 111; Mac Flecknoe, 108; Cupidity, 106; Sweet Tooth, 88.

Second race, 1 mile, 3-year-olds, selling—The Provost, 110 pounds; Carbuncle, 109; Peaceful, 107; Villa V., 103; Fleuron, 103; Unsightly, 103; Candia, 89.

Third race, ¾ mile, Congress Hall Stakes, value $3,000, 2-year-olds—Bonnibert, 129 pounds; Elkhorn, 126; Dublin, 122; Alard Scheck, 122; Far Rockaway, 114; Hand Vice, br. c., by Hanover—Device, 104; Lanceman, 104; Idle Ways, 104; Beau Ormonde, br. c., by Ormonde—Miss Brummel, 104; Margraviate, 104; Termless, 104; Mintage, 101.

Fourth race, 1 1-16 miles—Bannockburn, 126 pounds; Maximo Gomez, 123; First Whip, 116; MacLeod of Dare, 112; Laverock, 107; Peaceful, 101; Montanic, 99.

Fifth race, ⅝ mile, 2-year-olds—Salary, 109 pounds; Ondurdis, 109; Miss Daniels, 103; Sweepstakes, 99; Goddess of Night, 99; Juniper, 99; Amarita, b. f., by Lamplighter—Constancy, 99.

REGATTA AT OSHKOSH YACHT CLUB.

Harriet H. of Pistakee Lake Wins Second Day's Race.

Oshkosh, Wis., July 31.—[Special.]—Harriet H. of Pistakee Lake won the second race for the Oshkosh Yacht club trophy cup this afternoon, defeating Caroline, its nearest opponent, by 7 minutes and 12 seconds. It was all a trick of the wind and Harriet H. got the best of it. The race was the "flukiest" ever witnessed on this lake, and, so far as the speed of the boats are concerned, it proved little. Harriet H., however, notwithstanding its good fortune in the wind, is a fast boat and deserves credit for its speed. Carolina, the winner of Monday's race, was woefully defeated on the last leg of the first round by Argo and Anita and Harriet, but on the first stretch the second time, by the same trick of the wind, it passed all the other boats in the race but Harriet, after being next to the last boat.

The breeze at first was less than a full sail breeze, and the positions of the boats changed continually. The second time around the wind changed from the northeast to the southeast, and in about five minutes it blew a perfect gale. It was Carolina's wind, and it stood up in it better than any of them and lessened the gap between it and Sox and Harriet H., finally passing Sox and following Harriet in.

This gives Caroline and Harriet a heat each. They will sail it off alone.

The score:

Official start, 2:30 o'clock.

	Actual start.	Finish.	Elapsed time.
Argo	2:30:07	5:52:08	3:22:01
Caroline	2:30:33	5:34:18	3:03:45
Anita	2:30:16	5:51:23	3:21:07
Harriet H.	2:30:20	5:27:06	2:56:46
Sox	2:30:09	5:40:32	3:10:23
Tramp	2:30:31	5:56:35	3:26:04

Harriet H. wins by 7:12.

Davis Wins Longwood Cup.

Brookline, Mass., July 31.—D. F. Davis of St. Louis defeated B. C. Wright of Boston this afternoon in the final match at Longwood for the Longwood Cup. In the first set each man won on service until Wright scored the eighth after deuce on Davis' net and double fault. This won him the set, as he took the next on his own service again. The second started the same way, but Davis got the sixth on Wright's service by brilliant placing. In the last set Wright seemed to be tired, but made a good stand after the score was 5—2 against him, wining two games only to lose the next and the match after deuce once. The score: 3—6, 6—2, 6—3, 6—4, 6—4.

Miss Anthony and J. D. Towne Win.

Miss Bessie Anthony of the Evanston Golf club, the Western woman champion, and John D. Towne of Glen View defeated Miss "Johnnie" Carpenter of Westward Ho and F. D. Frazier of Glen View in a mixed foursome match yesterday on the Glen View course. The contestants were even at the end of the eighteen holes, and another nine holes were played. Miss Anthony and Mr. Towne winning by a score of 1 up.

Championship Billiards.

The eighth challenge contest at 14-inch balk line for the championship trophy will be played tonight at Mussey's, R. J. McGinnis, the present holder, playing 300 points and A. J. Brown 200 points.

Bailey & Co., 147 State Street.

Perfect Fitting and Stylish, Cool and Comfortable.

Boots $3 Queen Quality Oxfords $2.50

LOOK FOR THIS Queen Quality $3.00 TRADE MARK STAMPED ON SOLE.

Our Oxfords are sold for 50 cents less than the Boots, as they require less labor and less material.



English Model. One of the handsomest and most comfortable shoes for street wear. Tan or Black Kibo Kid, hand-sewed welt, wide edge and medium weight sole.

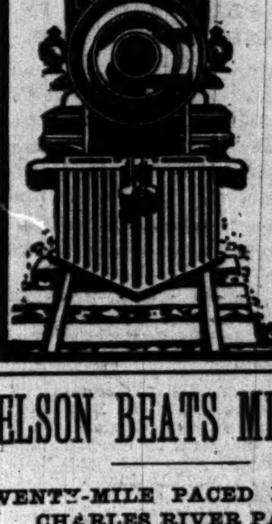
An Ideal Summer Shoe.



A New Style. Light, dainty, elegant and cool, for street or house wear. Made of Kibo Kid—the ideal summer leather.

High Arch Instep.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL



ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD — CENTRAL MISSISSIPPI VALLEY ROUTE

TO OMAHA COUNCIL BLUFFS SIOUX CITY

LIMITED LEAVES CHICAGO 5.15 P. M.

EXPRESS LEAVES CHICAGO 11.15 P. M.

Buffet-Library-Smoking Car. Dining, Sleeping and Reclining Chair Cars.

NELSON BEATS MICHAEL.

TWENTY-MILE PACED RACE AT CHARLES RIVER PARK.

Chicago Lad Wins by Five Yards Only at the Tape in 33:03 1-5 — Twenty Thousand People Watch the Race by Electric Light—Michael Chases Nelson Mile After Mile Without Being Able to Gain the Lead from the Western Rider.

Boston, Mass., July 31.—[Special.]—Johnnie Nelson, the Chicago wonder, defeated Jimmie Michael, the Welsh midget, by a bare fifteen yards at the tape in the twenty-mile motor-paced race for the championship, at Charles River Park tonight. The finish was spectacular, and it seemed surprising that not an existing record fell. The time was 33:03⅕, but Michael continues to hold the record for the distance of 31:41⅕. Nelson showed the way from the start, the midget following about ten yards behind, only once or twice lessening the distance by a few feet. The crowd was the largest in the history of the track.

The bettors for Michael crawled into their holes yesterday and but $10,000 of the $50,000 of Nelson money in sight found takers. Several thousands of dollars were wagered today by telegraph to other cities. Nelson was favorite at 5 to 4 with few takers, and 5 to 3 with more. Nelson and Michael each used 121 gear. Michael was paced by Waller and Myers, Babcock and Vetter, and Crooks and Shirrer. Nelson had Ruel and Kent, Marks and Gately, and Coleman and Callahan.

Twenty thousand people crowded upon the track just before the race started, and 100 policemen had to force them back before Nelson's managers would allow him to start. Nelson was presented with the Golden Wheel trophy won in the race July 9 to 14.

They went away, and Nelson took a big lead before he caught his pace. Ruel and Kent had Nelson and Crooks and Shirrer had Michael with the "good thing" motor. Nelson led by 100 yards at the end of the mile. Michael gained slightly in the second mile. The time was 1:50 for the first mile.

Michael reduced the lead to fifty yards at the second mile. He closed in the third. It was made in 1:36 4-5. Michael attempted to pass and failed at eight miles. After that he tried worrying tactics by threatening to go by. Nelson staved him off each time. The speed was about 1:40 right along.

It was a game battle of two giants for mile after mile, Michael chasing steadily but unable to pass. The speed up to fifteen miles was 1:40 or better for every mile. The wind retarded the men somewhat. At seventeen miles they were in the same positions and going at the same gait.

Starting the last mile, Nelson opened up on speed and Michael could not respond. Nelson won by five yards, by pure speed alone, and both men finished strong back of their motors. The time was 33:03 1-5.

The summary:

Ms.	Leader.	Time.	Each mile.	Former record.
1	Nelson	1:50		1:41 2-5
2	Nelson	3:26 4-5	1:36 4-5	3:16 1-5
3	Nelson	5:03 3-5	1:36 4-5	4:49 3-5
4	Nelson	6:40 3-5	1:37	6:23 2-5
5	Nelson	8:17 1-5	1:36 3-5	7:56 3-5
6	Nelson	9:55 2-5	1:38 1-5	9:30 3-5
7	Nelson	11:35 1-5	1:39 4-5	11:05 1-5
8	Nelson	13:13 4-5	1:38 3-5	12:36 1-5
9	Nelson	14:54 4-5	1:41	14:10 4-5
10	Nelson	16:34 3-5	1:39 4-5	15:46
11	Nelson	18:14 3-5	1:40	17:22
12	Nelson	19:54 4-5	1:40	18:57 1-5
13	Nelson	21:33 3-5	1:39	20:32 1-5
14	Nelson	23:13 4-5	1:39 4-5	22:07 4-5
15	Nelson	24:53	1:39 3-5	23:44 2-5
16	Nelson	26:31	1:38	25:19 1-5
17	Nelson	28:11 1-5	1:40 1-5	26:55
18	Nelson	29:50 3-5	1:39 2-5	28:32
19	Nelson	31:29 1-5	1:38 3-5	30:04 1-5
20	Nelson	33:03 1-5	1:34	31:41 1-5

Michael's time, 33:04.

ARTICLES ARE FINALLY SIGNED.

Corbett and McCoy Will Fight on the Night of Aug. 30.

New York, July 31.—James J. Corbett and "Kid" McCoy were matched this afternoon to fight before the Twentieth Century club on the night of Aug. 30. The men will go twenty-five rounds under Marquis of Queensberry rules. It was expected that trouble would occur when they met at 1390 Broadway, but aside from some sarcastic remarks the meeting was peaceful.

Corbett was on time, but McCoy was late. As soon as McCoy entered he walked to the opposite side of the room from Corbett. For more than five minutes neither said a word. McCoy looked extremely nervous and acted like an amateur making his first match. After about ten minutes he regained his composure and the men settled down to business. Corbett drew from his pocket the telegram he received from McCoy, and, holding it before the latter, said: "Now, there ought to be no trouble in signing articles. You say here that you will fight me at my own terms. I am going to take your word for it, but will make no unreasonable demands."

"Well, what are your terms?" said McCoy.

"I will fight you before the Twentieth Century club," answered Corbett, "the winner to take 70 per cent and the loser 30."

McCoy said he was satisfied with these terms. Charley White was named by McCoy as referee and was satisfactory to Corbett. The only wrangle that occurred was over bandages. Corbett insisted that no bandages be allowed. McCoy refused to consider that. After several caloric remarks they finally agreed that McCoy would furnish bandages and Corbett would decide on how much of the roll to be worn by each man.

John Considine and George W. Grant, the former for Corbett and the latter for McCoy, drew up articles of agreement and they were signed by both men.

Corbett will start in training in a few days at Owen Ziegler's place at Bath Beach. He has secured Charlie Goff as his sparring partner and will also engage some wrestler to help him in condition. McCoy will go to Saratoga Lake to put himself in shape. He has not decided who will be his trainer.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

HOT TO-DAY? Then have a case of BLATZ "Milwaukee's Most Exquisite" BEER sent to the house.



There's no beverage so healthful. Only the choicest components are used in the brewing, and it's aged to perfection.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE (Non-Intoxicant.) Invaluable Summer Tonic. All Druggists.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.

CHICAGO BRANCH: CORNER UNION AND ERIE-STS., Telephone Monroe 364.

PROPOSALS FOR APAREJOS.—Chief Quartermaster's Office, Chicago, Ill., July 31, 1900. Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock a. m. August 2, 1900, for furnishing and delivering at the Depot of the Quartermaster's Department, Chicago, Ill., 250 Aparejos, complete, except blankets. They must conform to specifications. Government reserves right to reject or accept any or all proposals or any part thereof. Preference given to articles of domestic production or manufacture, conditions of quality and price (including in the price of foreign productions and manufactures the duty thereon) being equal. Blanks for proposals and particulars will be furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals, to be endorsed "Proposals for Aparejos," and addressed to Lieut. Colonel. E. B. ATWOOD, Chief Quartermaster.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, CENSUS Office, Washington, D. C., August 1, 1900. Sealed proposals (in duplicate) will be received at the U. S. Census Office until 2 p. m., September 1, 1900, for furnishing from eighty to one hundred million cards, to be used in punching and tabulating the agricultural returns of the Twelfth Census. Specifications will be furnished upon application to the Chief Clerk. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids. W. R. MERRIAM, Director of the Twelfth Census.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, 1637 INDIANA-av., Chicago, Ill., August 1, 1900. Sealed proposals in triplicate for constructing six miles of Western section of Illinois & Mississippi Canal, being miles 33 to 38 inclusive, will be received here until 12 noon, central time, August 22, 1900, and then publicly opened. Information furnished on application here or to Assistant Engineer L. L. Wheeler, Sterling, Ill. J. H. WILLARD, Maj. Engrs.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, EQUITABLE Building, Memphis, Tenn., July 3[illegible] Sealed proposals for levee construction [illegible] District, Improving Mississippi River, [illegible] about 2,361,000 cu. yds. of earthwork [illegible] received here until 2 p. m., Aug. 15 [illegible] then publicly opened. Information [illegible] application. CHAS. L. POTTER, C[illegible]

WARNER BREAKS HIS AR[M]

ACCIDENTS AND ERRORS MAR T[HE] GAME IN NEW YORK.

Orphans Insist on Giving the Vict[ory] to Freedman's Hired Men and [Um]pire O'Day Helps Them Out—Gar[vin] Throws Away Runs on Bases a[nd] Pitches Poorly — Warner Cras[hes] into Grand Stand with Serious [Re]sults.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.
Brooklyn	49	29	.628	Boston	38	41
Philadelphia	43	36	.544	Cincinnati	37	44
Pittsburg	43	38	.531	St. Louis	34	42
Chicago	40	39	.506	New York	30	45

Yesterday's Results.

New York, 9; Chicago, 4.
Pittsburg, 17; Brooklyn, 1.
St. Louis, 11; Philadelphia, 4.
Boston, 11; Cincinnati, 9.

Games Today.

Chicago at New York.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at Boston.

ORPHANS OUTDO FREEDMANIT[ES]

Loftus' Men Succeed in Their Effor[ts to] Make More Errors.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

New York, July 31.—[Special.]—New [York] defeated Chicago today. It was like ta[king] candy from a child. New York made [nine] runs to Chicago's four, but Loftus' men [beat] Freedman's crowd at making errors. Am[ong] those who played poorly were Ch[ilds,] Chance, Garvin, Ganzel, Bradley, Me[rtes,] and Ryan for Chicago. New York was [bad,] but Chicago was unspeakable. The Orph[ans] were as bad on bases, almost, as they [were] in the field. Eight of New York's nine [runs] were made after the side should have [been] retired, and all nine were presented to [the] one-time Giants by errors.

There was enough excitement to pl[ease] even the riffraff which still attends gam[es at] the Polo Grounds. There was a free fig[ht in] the stand. Chance cracked against the s[tand] while chasing a foul fly and escaped w[ith a] few bruises. Jack Warner caught a [foul] after a desperate run, ran against the st[and] and fell back with his left arm broken a[t the] elbow. Henry O'Day made enough mist[akes] to drive most clubs off the field, and al[l his] mistakes were against Chicago. On [top of] them, followed by hits and errors, gave [New] York a quartet of tallies.

The game was interesting as an illustr[ation] of the degeneracy of baseball. The fiel[ding,] hitting, baserunning, and umpiring [were] worse than one will see on almost any a[ma]teur diamond. O'Day was so bad he [was] laughable. This is not an excuse. Chi[cago] did not deserve to win. Garvin was a[s] worst and Chance beat him at bad[ness.] Childs amassed four errors.

New York Bad, Chicago Worse.

Perhaps the Chicago players thought [that] in Rome they ought to do as the Ro[mans] do. They played even worse than F[reed]man's gang of Romans, Dutch, and Irish[, and] everybody knows that is bad enough. Befo[re] and came the spectacle was pathetic. On[ce in] a while a pretty stop by Davis or a clever [catch] by Bradley or Selbach enlivened things, but [other]wise it was a dreary farce. It seemed Chi[cago] was trying to throw away the game. In the [first] five innings Chicago made eight hits, one a d[ouble,] drew four bases on balls, and had a man hit, [while] New York made two awful errors, yet Chi[cago] got but four runs, although Mercer was pit[ching] like the twirler for the second team of so[me in]stitution for paralytics.

Chicago's start was awful. In the first i[nning] Loftus' men threw away at least two run[s be]cause McCarthy, who started with a double, [was] caught trying to reach third on a passed [ball.] Childs singled, Green doubled, but O'Day [called] the hit foul, and on the next attempt Green [was] saved by Gleason's error. Ryan drew a bas[e] with the pillows stuffed full Ganzel went [out.] After two men were out in the second Ga[rvin,] McCarthy, and Childs singled in succession, [giv]ing Chicago one run, and a gift to Green, fol[lowed] by a wild pitch, an out, and Hickman's f[umble] yielded another in the third.

O'Day's decisions counted in the third[. He] called Warner safe when Childs fumbled [and] covered in time to catch his man. Mercer [hit] and Garvin fielded the ball perfectly only [to have] Ganzel was not on first. Mertes started a [double] double and the day seemed saved, but Garvi[n hit a] double base. Doyle cracked a liner to [right] which Ryan misjudged, and when Selbach [ran] to score from first Childs threw wild. Doyl[e] caught napping off second, but O'Day call[ed him] safe and he scored on Smith's hit. Davis [took] base and while a free fight was in progr[ess in] the grand stand Gleason ducked a hit a[nd brought] home a fourth run.

Garvin Wastes Tallies.

Chicago moved up a peg in the fourth o[wing] to Garvin, McCarthy's hit, Childs' sacrific[e, and] an out. Chicago, through Garvin, waste[d two] tallies in the fifth, when, after hits by Gan[zel,] Chance and Bradley being hit had tied the [score,] Garvin did not run out his bounder and was d[oubled] with Chance. Then, having thrown awa[y their] own chances, Loftus' men proceeded to giv[e New] York a few more runs and the lead. Garv[in was] chiefly to blame. He gave Selbach a ba[se,] Davis doubled after two were out, and then [Garvin] hit Gleason. With the bases filled Chance [had a] passed ball, scooped the ball and tossed it t[o] Garvin, but that individual had his back [turned] and the sphere rolled on, letting two men [score,] after which Hickman doubled and Warner [made] a hit.

Van Haltren hit at Mertes in the six[th.] Mertes stood still, picked up the ball, and [threw] it back to Garvin. Selbach sacrificed, Doyl[e walk]ed, and Chance, picking up the ball, hit the [runner in the] back of the head. The ball was foul, but th[e game] had gone past the stage where little thin[gs] that counted. Childs' fourth error, a steal, [and a] single by Bowerman added another to New [York's] count after two were out in the seventh. [Two] hits yielded nothing for Chicago in the eig[hth be]cause O'Day called Garvin and Chance ou[t on a] double play.

The score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	SB	BB
McCarthy, lf.	5	0	3	4	1	0	0	0	0
Childs, 2b.	4	0	3	3	3	2	4	0	0
Mertes, ss.	5	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0
Green, cf.	4	1	0	0	2	1	0	1	1
Ryan, rf.	4	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1
Gansel, 1b.	5	1	1	1	9	1	1	0	0
Bradley, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0
Chance, c.	3	0	2	2	3	4	2	0	1
Garvin, p.	3	2	2	2	0	3	1	0	1
Totals	37	4	12	13	27	15	9	1	[illegible]

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	SB	BB
V. Halt'n, cf.	5	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Selbach, lf.	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	2
Doyle, 1b.	4	1	1	1	10	0	0	1	0
Smith, rf.	5	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0
Davis, ss.	3	1	1	2	3	5	0	0	1
Gleason, 2b.	3	2	1	1	3	0	1	1	1
Hickman, 3b.	4	1	3	4	2	4	2	0	0
Warner, c.	3	1	1	1	4	3	0	0	0
Mercer, p.	2	0	1	1	0	4	0	0	1
Bowerman, c.	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0
Totals	32	9	11	13	27	16	3	2	[illegible]

Chicago .... 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 [illegible]
Hits .... 2 3 0 1 2 0 0 [illegible]
New York .... 0 0 4 0 3 1 0 [illegible]
Hits .... 0 1 3 1 3 1 2 [illegible]

Attendance—1,600. Two-base hits—Mc[Carthy,] Davis, Hickman. Sacrifice hits—Mercer, S[elbach,] Doyle, Childs. Double plays—Mertes-Child[s-Gan]zel; Chance-Ganzel; Mercer-Davis-Doyle; [...] Ganzel-Chance-Bradley; Hickman-Gleaso[n. Hit] by pitched ball—Bradley, Gleason. Struc[k out—] Mertes, Green, Selbach, Warner, Doyle[. Wild] pitch—Mercer. Passed ball—Chance. U[mpire—] O'Day. Time of game—2:20.

Notes of the Game.

Griffith is scheduled to pitch the next g[ame.]

Bradley made a beautiful catch in the [...] going straight out the foul line and hauli[ng in] Davis' fly.

Ryan was hit on the arm in the first, but O'Day refused to let him walk or to loo[k at the] bruise the ball made. Ryan, however, [took his] base.

Warner's arm was broken just below th[e elbow.] He shoved out his left arm to stop himself [against] the stand after catching Childs' foul and [broke] the arm off short.

O'Day chased Dexter off the field in t[he ...] inning for protesting when he called [a] bounder foul. This is the fifth time thi[s season] O'Day has chased Dexter.

Chicago lost a run in the sixth. McCar[thy was] first up, went around to third on Hickma[n's] throw, and was left standing, the next t[wo go]ing out on fly balls. He could have scor[ed, but] Warner was hurt, but held his base too l[ong.]

PIRATES SLAUGHTER BROO[KLYN]

Hanlon's Men Get Their Worst B[eating] of the Year.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 31.—Brookl[yn met] with its worst defeat of the season today[. Pitts]burg used up three pitchers, making tw[enty-six] hits, with a total of thirty-seven bases. [The vis]itors outplayed the champions at every p[oint, sup]porting Tannehill, who pitched a great [game in] brilliant style. Leach's playing at third [was a] feature, while O'Brien, Beaumont, and [Tanne]hill batted like fiends. The score:

Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E	Brooklyn.	R
Beaum't, cf.	3	4	4	0	1	Jones, cf.	0
Clarke, lf.	1	1	5	0	0	Keeler, rf.	0
O'Brien, 1b.	2	5	11	1	0	Jennings, 1b	0
Wagner, rf.	1	2	0	0	0	Kelley, lf.	0
Ritchey, 2b.	1	4	1	2	0	Dahlen, ss.	0
Zimmer, c.	1	1	1	1	0	Cross, 3b.	1
Leach, 3b.	1	2	4	3	0	Daly, 2b.	0
Ely, ss.	4	3	1	5	0	McGuire, c.	0
Tan'hill, p.	3	4	0	2	0	Kennedy, p.	0
						Nops, p.	0
						Howell, p.	0
Totals	17	26	27	14	1	Totals	1

*Leach out for interference.

Pittsburg .... 5 1 4 2 0 2 [illegible]
Brooklyn .... 0 0 0 0 0 0 [illegible]

Three-base hits—Beaumont, Wagner. [...] hits—Beaumont, O'Brien, Ritchey, Ely [...] (3). Struck out—By Kennedy, 1; by N[ops ...] Howell, 2. Stolen bases—Beaumont, [...] Leach. Bases on balls—By Kennedy, 1[; ...] 1; by Howell, 1; by Tannehill, 1. Doub[le plays—] Dahlen-Jennings-McGuire, Cross-Jenni[ngs;] Ritchey-O'Brien, Ritchey-O'Brien-Ely.

te Street.
d Comfortable.
Oxfords
$2.50
LOOK FOR THIS
Queen Quality $3.00
TRADE MARK
STAMPED ON SOLE.
oots,



High Arch Instep.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD
CENTRAL MISSISSIPPI VALLEY ROUTE
L BLUFFS
X CITY
CHICAGO 5.15 P. M.
CHICAGO 11.15 P. M.
-Smoking Car.
Reclining Chair Cars.

OLUTE
SECURITY.
Genuine
arter's
e Liver Pills.
Bear Signature of
Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.
FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION
E SICK HEADACHE.

T TO-DAY?
Then have a case of
BLATZ
"Milwaukee's Most Exquisite"
BEER
sent to the house.
There's no beverage so healthful. Only the choicest components are used in the brewing, and it's aged to perfection.
BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
(Non-Intoxicant.)
Invaluable Summer Tonic.
All Druggists.
Z BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE.
CHICAGO BRANCH:
ER UNION AND ERIE-STS.,
Telephone Monroe 364.

S FOR APAREJOS.—Chief Quartermaster's Office, Chicago, Ill., July ... proposals, in triplicate, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock a. m. ... 1900, for furnishing and delivering ... of the Quartermaster's Department ... Ill., 250 Aparejos, complete ... They must conform to specifications ... reserves right to reject ... all proposals or any part thereof ... given to articles of domestic production ... manufacture, conditions of quality ... including in the price of foreign production ... manufactures the duty thereon ... Blanks for proposals and particulars ... will be furnished on application. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed ... for Aparejos," and addressed ... Colonel. E. B. ATWOOD, Chief Quartermaster.

MENT OF THE INTERIOR, CENSUS ... Washington, D. C., August 1, 1900. ... sals (in duplicate) will be received at ... sus Office until 2 p. m., September 1, ... nishing from eighty to one hundred ... to be used in punching and tabulating ... cultural returns of the Twelfth Census. ... will be furnished upon application ... Clerk. The right is reserved to reject ... W. R. MERRIAM, Director of the Census.

INEER OFFICE, 1637 INDIANA-... Chicago, Ill., August 1, 1900. Sealed ... triplicate for constructing six miles of ... tion of Illinois & Mississippi Canal, be... to 38 inclusive, will be received here ... central time, August 22, 1900, and ... y opened. Information furnished on ... to Assistant Engineer ... J. H. WILLARD ...

ENGINEER OFFICE, EQUITABLE ... Memphis, Tenn., July ... 1900 ... osals for levee construction ... proving Mississippi River, ... 000 cu. yds. of earthwork ... until 2 p. m., Aug. 15 ... y opened. Information ... CHAS. L. POTTER ...

WARNER BREAKS HIS ARM.

ACCIDENTS AND ERRORS MAR THE GAME IN NEW YORK.

Orphans Insist on Giving the Victory to Freedman's Hired Men and Umpire O'Day Helps Them Out—Garvin Throws Away Runs on Bases and Pitches Poorly — Warner Crashes Into Grand Stand with Serious Results.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Brooklyn	49	29	.628	Boston	38	41	.481
Philadelphia	43	36	.544	Cincinnati	37	44	.457
Pittsburg	43	38	.531	St. Louis	34	42	.447
Chicago	40	39	.506	New York	30	45	.400

Yesterday's Results.

New York, 9; Chicago, 4.
Pittsburg, 17; Brooklyn, 1.
St. Louis, 11; Philadelphia, 4.
Boston, 11; Cincinnati, 9.

Games Today.

Chicago at New York.
Pittsburg at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Cincinnati at Boston.

ORPHANS OUTDO FREEDMANITES.

Loftus' Men Succeed in Their Effort to Make More Errors.

[BY A STAFF CORRESPONDENT.]

New York, July 31.—[Special.]—New York defeated Chicago today. It was like taking candy from a child. New York made nine runs to Chicago's four, but Loftus' men beat Freedman's crowd at making errors. Among those who played poorly were Childs, Chance, Garvin, Ganzel, Bradley, Mertes, and Ryan for Chicago. New York was bad, but Chicago was unspeakable. The Orphans were as bad on bases, almost, as they were in the field. Eight of New York's nine runs were made after the side should have been retired, and all nine were presented to the one-time Giants by errors.

There was enough excitement to please even the riffraff which still attends games at the Polo Grounds. There was a free fight in the stand. Chance cracked against the stand while chasing a foul fly and escaped with a few bruises. Jack Warner caught a foul after a desperate run, ran against the stand, and fell back with his left arm broken at the elbow. Henry O'Day made enough mistakes to drive most clubs off the field, and all his mistakes were against Chicago. One of them, followed by hits and errors, gave New York a quartet of tallies.

The game was interesting as an illustration of the degeneracy of baseball. The fielding, batting, baserunning, and umpiring were worse than one will see on almost any amateur diamond. O'Day was so bad he was laughable. This is not an excuse. Chicago did not deserve to win. Garvin was at his worst and Chance beat him at badness. Childs amassed four errors.

New York Bad, Chicago Worse.

Perhaps the Chicago players thought while in Rome they ought to do as the Romans do. They played even worse than Freedman's gang of Romans, Dutch, and Irish, and everybody knows that is bad enough. Before the end came the spectacle was pathetic. Once in a while a pretty stop by Davis or a clever catch by Bradley or Selbach enlivened things, but mostly it was a dreary farce. It seemed Chicago was trying to throw away the game. In the first five innings Chicago made eight hits, one a double, drew four bases on balls, and had a man hit, while New York made two awful errors, yet Chicago got but four runs, although Mercer was pitching like the twirler for the second team of some institution for paralytics.

Chicago's start was awful. In the first inning Loftus' men threw away at least two runs because McCarthy, who started with a double, was caught trying to reach third on a passed ball. Childs singled, Green doubled, but O'Day called the hit foul, and on the next attempt Green was saved by Gleason's error. Ryan drew a base and with the pillows stuffed full Ganzel went out. After two men were out in the second Garvin, McCarthy, and Childs singled in succession, giving Chicago one run, and a gift to Green, followed by a wild pitch, an out, and Hickman's fumble yielded another in the third.

O'Day's decisions counted in the third. He called Warner safe when Childs fumbled but recovered in time to catch his man. Mercer bunted and Garvin fielded the ball perfectly only to find Ganzel was not on first. Mertes started a pretty double and the day seemed saved, but Garvin gave Selbach a base. Doyle cracked a liner to right which Ryan misjudged, and when Selbach tried to score from first Childs threw wild. Doyle was caught napping off second, but O'Day called him safe and he scored on Smith's hit. Davis drew a base and while a free fight was in progress in the grand stand Gleason fluked a hit and sent home a fourth run.

Garvin Wastes Tallies.

Chicago moved up a peg in the fourth on a gift to Garvin, McCarthy's hit, Childs' sacrifice, and an out. Chicago, through Garvin, wasted more tallies in the fifth, when, after hits by Ganzel and Chance and Bradley being hit had tied the score, Garvin did not run out his bounder and was doubled with Chance. Then, having thrown away their own chances, Loftus' men proceeded to give New York a few more runs and the lead. Garvin was chiefly to blame. He gave Selbach a base, and Davis doubled after two were out, and then Garvin hit Gleason. With the bases filled Chance had a tossed ball, scooped the ball and tossed it towards Garvin, but that individual had his back turned and the sphere rolled on, letting two men score, after which Hickman doubled and Warner fluked a hit.

Van Haltren hit at Mertes in the sixth, and Mertes stood still, picked up the ball, and tossed it back to Garvin. Selbach sacrificed, Doyle bunted, and Chance, picking up the ball, hit the runner back of the head. The ball was foul, but the game had gone past the stage where little things like that counted. Childs' fourth error, a steal, and a single by Bowerman added another to New York's count after two were out in the seventh. Three hits yielded nothing for Chicago in the eighth because O'Day called Garvin and Chance out in a close play.

The score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	SB	BB	BE	LB
McCarthy, lf.	5	0	3	4	1	0	0	0	0	1	4
Childs, 2b.	4	0	3	3	3	2	4	0	0	0	2
Mertes, ss.	5	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0
Green, cf.	4	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	1
Ryan, rf.	4	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	1
Ganzel, 1b.	4	1	1	1	9	1	1	0	0	0	0
Bradley, 3b.	4	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	1	1
Chance, c.	3	0	2	2	3	4	2	0	1	0	1
Garvin, p.	3	2	2	2	0	3	1	0	1	0	0
Totals	37	4	12	13	27	15	9	1	4	8	10

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	BH	TB	PO	A	E	SB	BB	BE	LB
V. Halt'n, cf.	5	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Selbach, lf.	2	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	0
Doyle, 1b.	4	1	1	1	10	0	0	1	0	1	0
Smith, rf.	5	0	1	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
Davis, ss.	3	1	1	2	3	5	0	0	1	0	1
Gleason, 2b.	3	2	1	1	3	0	1	0	1	0	1
Hickman, 3b.	4	1	3	4	2	4	2	0	0	0	1
Warner, c.	1	1	1	1	4	3	0	0	0	1	1
Mercer, p.	2	0	1	1	0	4	0	0	0	1	0
Bowerman, c.	2	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
Totals	32	9	11	13	27	16	3	2	4	5	5

Chicago	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	—4
Hits	2	3	0	1	2	0	0	3	1	—12
New York	0	0	4	0	3	1	0	1	*	—9
Hits	0	1	3	1	3	1	2	0	*	—11

Attendance—1,600. Two-base hits—McCarthy, Davis, Hickman. Sacrifice hits—Mercer, Selbach, Childs. Double plays—Mertes-Childs-Ganzel; Chance-Ganzel; Mercer-Davis-Doyle; Garvin-Chance-Bradley; Hickman-Gleason. Hit by pitched ball—Bradley, Gleason. Struck out—Green, Selbach, Warner, Doyle. Wild pitch—Mercer. Passed ball—Chance. Umpire—O'Day. Time of game—2:20.

Notes of the Game.

Griffith is scheduled to pitch the next game.

Bradley made a beautiful catch in the seventh, running straight out the foul line and hauling down Davis' fly.

Ryan was hit on the arm in the first inning, but O'Day refused to let him walk or to look at the place the ball made. Ryan, however, drew a base.

Warner's arm was broken just below the elbow. He shoved out his left arm to stop himself against the stand after catching Childs' foul and snapped the arm off short.

O'Day chased Dexter off the field in the first inning for protesting when he called Green's double foul. This is the fifth time this season O'Day has chased Dexter.

Chicago lost a run in the sixth. McCarthy, the first man, went around to third on Hickman's wild throw, and was left standing, the next three going out on fly balls. He could have scored when Warner was hurt, but held his base too late.

PIRATES SLAUGHTER BROOKLYN.

Hanlon's Men Get Their Worst Beating of the Year.

Brooklyn, N. Y., July 31.—Brooklyn met with its worst defeat of the season today. Pittsburg used up three pitchers, making twenty-six hits with a total of thirty-seven bases. The visitors outplayed the champions at every point, supporting Tannehill, who pitched a great game, in fine style. Leach's playing at third was the feature, while O'Brien, Beaumont, and Tannehill batted like fiends. The score:

Pittsburg.	R	B	P	A	E	Brooklyn.	R	B	P	A	E
Beaum't, cf.	3	4	4	0	1	Jones, cf.	0	0	2	0	0
Clarke, lf.	1	5	0	0	0	Keeler, rf.	0	1	1	1	0
O'Brien, 1b.	2	5	11	1	0	Jennings, 1b.	0	0	7	3	0
Wagner, rf.	2	1	0	0	0	Kelley, lf.	0	0	3	1	1
Ritchey, 2b.	4	1	2	2	0	Dahlen, ss.	0	0	1	3	2
Williams, ss.	1	1	1	1	0	Cross, 3b.	1	1	2	3	0
Ely, ss.	1	2	4	3	0	Daly, 2b.	0	0	2	3	2
Leach, 3b.	1	2	2	3	0	McGuire, c.	0	1	5	3	2
Zimmer, c.	4	3	1	5	0	Kennedy, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Tannehill, p.	4	0	2	0	0	Nops, p.	0	0	0	0	0
						Howell, p.	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	17	26	27	14	1	Totals	1	5	*26	17	5

*Leach out for interference.

Pittsburg	5	1	4	2	0	2	0	3	0	—17
Brooklyn	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—1

Two-base hits—Beaumont, Wagner. Three-base hits—Beaumont, O'Brien, Ritchey, Ely, Tannehill. Struck out—By Kennedy, 1; by Nops, 2; by ... Stolen bases—Beaumont, O'Brien, Leach. Bases on balls—By Kennedy, 1; by Nops, ...; by Tannehill, 1. Double plays—Cross-Jennings, Ely-McGuire, Ritchey-O'Brien-Ely. Hit by pitcher—By Tannehill, 2. Passed ball—McGuire. Time, 2:17. Umpire—Terry. Attendance, 1,600.

St. Louis, 11; Philadelphia, 4.

Philadelphia, Pa., July 31.—Both Fraser and Donahue were ineffective today, and St. Louis won with ease. The visitors played a fast, snappy game, while the locals fielded slowly and batted poorly. The score:

St. Louis.	R	B	P	A	E	Philadel'a.	R	B	P	A	E
McGraw, 3b.	2	0	1	3	0	Thomas, cf.	1	0	3	0	0
Donovan, rf.	1	1	2	0	0	Slagle, lf.	1	1	0	0	0
Burkett, lf.	1	2	4	0	0	Deleha'y, 1b.	1	1	11	1	0
Keister, 2b.	1	1	1	2	0	La Joie, 2b.	1	2	1	4	0
Wallace, ss.	1	0	3	4	1	Flick, rf.	0	2	2	0	0
McGann, 1b.	2	3	8	0	0	McFarl'd, c.	0	0	3	0	0
Dillard, cf.	0	1	3	0	0	Wolver'n, 3b.	0	1	3	2	2
Criger, c.	1	2	3	2	1	Cross, ss.	0	0	2	2	0
Jones, p.	1	3	1	3	0	Fraser, p.	0	0	0	0	1
						Donahue, p.	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	11	13	27	14	2	Totals	4	7	27	9	3

St. Louis	1	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	5	—11
Philadelphia	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4

Sacrifice hit—Slagle. Stolen bases—Keister, Wallace, La Joie. Double plays—La Joie-Delehanty; Wolverton-Delehanty; Delehanty-Cross. Bases on balls—Off Jones, 4; off Fraser, 4; off Donahue, 3. Hit by pitcher—McGraw. Struck out—By Jones, 1; by Fraser, 1. Passed ball—Criger. Time—2:30. Umpire—Hurst.

Boston, 11; Cincinnati, 9.

Boston, Mass., July 31.—Both teams slugged the ball from the time game was called until the last man was out. Hahn injured his hand in the third, Breitenstein taking his place in the fourth. Cuppy was batted out of the box in the sixth. Lewis finished the game. Attendance, 2,000. The score:

Boston.	R	B	P	A	E	Cin'nati.	R	B	P	A	E
Hamilton, cf.	1	1	5	0	0	Barrett, cf.	1	2	2	0	0
Long, ss.	2	1	1	6	0	Cr'ford, lf.	2	2	2	0	0
Stahl, lf.	0	2	2	1	0	Cor'ran, ss.	1	1	2	4	0
Collins, 3b.	3	2	2	2	0	Beckley, 1b.	1	1	13	0	0
Barry, 1b.	2	1	11	0	0	St'feldt, 3b.	2	2	0	1	1
Lowe, 2b.	1	2	3	3	0	M'Bride, rf.	0	1	0	0	0
Freeman, rf.	1	1	0	0	0	Quinn, 2b.	0	1	2	0	0
Sullivan, c.	0	2	2	0	0	Kahoe, c.	1	1	5	1	0
Cuppy, p.	1	0	0	2	2	Hahn, p.	0	0	1	0	0
Lewis, p.	0	0	0	1	0	Br'stein, p.	1	0	1	2	0
Totals	11	12	27	15	5	Totals	9	10	24	7	1

Boston	0	1	5	1	1	2	1	0	*	—11
Cincinnati	3	2	0	0	2	1	0	0	1	—9

Two-base hits—Freeman, Barrett. Three-base hits—Crawford [2]. Home runs—Steinfeldt [2], Lowe, Breitenstein, Collins. Stolen bases—Long [2], Barry, Stahl. Double plays—Long-Lowe-Barry; Corcoran-Beckley. Sacrifice hit—Hahn. Bases on balls—Off Cuppy, 2; off Hahn, 2; off Breitenstein, 1. Hit by pitcher—Freeman. Struck out—By Lewis, 1; by Hahn, 2; by Breitenstein, 1. Passed ball—Kahoe. Time—2:25. Umpire—Swartwood.

WHITEWASH FOR THE HOOSIERS.

Comiskey's Men Win a Pitchers' Contest from Indianapolis.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	50	33	.602	Cleveland	40	43	.482
Indianapolis	45	38	.542	Buffalo	42	47	.472
Milwaukee	47	43	.522	Kansas City	42	50	.457
Detroit	44	44	.500	Minneapolis	39	51	.433

Yesterday's Results.

Chicago, 1; Indianapolis, 0.
Kansas City, 6; Cleveland, 5.
Minneapolis, 10; Buffalo, 0.
Detroit, 7; Milwaukee, 5.

Games Today.

Indianapolis at Chicago.
Detroit at Milwaukee.
Buffalo at Minneapolis.
Cleveland at Kansas City.

For the third time this season Jack Katoll proved an enigma to the champions and yesterday's game went, in golfing parlance, to Comiskey's men by 1 up. The score was Chicago, 1; Indianapolis, 0.

It was not until the seventh inning that the White Stockings were able to make a booking at the plate. Hoy led off the inning with a scratch single to center and stole second. Sugden bunted down the first base line and fell over Gardner, who touched him out. McFarland flew out to Hogriever and Hoy raced for home. McDonald stood with his back to the thrower, watching the play at the plate. He was fully twelve feet wide, but Hogriever's throw bounced and struck him in the middle of the back. It did not seem possible that Hoy would have been caught and McDonald allowed the run, despite the vigorous protests of the Hoosiers, who held a mass-meeting around the official.

The game was a pitchers' battle and contained little of the spectacular. Eleven men struck out, and the commissary sergeant seemed to have dealt out a large supply of simple grounders or easy flies along with the rest of the rations. Gardner was wild at the start, presenting five of the first twelve batsmen with passes. With a little more judgment at this stage Comiskey's men should have scored. Indianapolis made no serious bids for runs until the third inning. In this Gardner singled to right, Hogriever flew out to Katoll and Hartzel duplicated Gardner's hit. He was forced by Geier, who stole second, Gardner being caught on the play at the plate.

Watkins' men looked like scoring in the fifth. Singles by Kelly, Hogriever, and Padden's error of Hartzel's grounder filling the cushions, with two out. Katoll struck out Geier and no more danger threatened until the eighth, when, after Geier had again fanned out, Seybold pasted a fast one between Hoy and McFarland and pulled up on second. But two men were put out without a run.

For the White Stockings, things bore a roseate hue at the beginning. Hoy singled to right and stole second on Sugden's third strike. McFarland and Padden drew bases, and all the stations were full. Hartman, however, fell a victim to Gardner's curves and Isbell flied to short. In the second Buckley flew to Powers. O'Leary smashed a double to left. Katoll went out, Madison to Kelly, and Hoy drew a base. Sugden was given a like present, and again the bases were full. McFarland sent an easy one to Kelly, and again no runs resulted. Buckley opened the fourth with a corking two-baser to left, and after O'Leary had struck out and Katoll flown out to Madison, he reached third on Hoy's single. Sugden went out, Gardner to Kelly, and again no tally resulted.

The scores:

Chicago.	R	B	P	A	E	Indianap's.	R	B	P	A	E
Hoy, cf.	1	3	2	0	0	Hogr'ver, rf.	0	1	2	0	0
Sugden, c.	0	0	9	2	0	Hartzell, lf.	0	1	0	0	0
McFarl'd, rf.	0	0	1	1	0	Geier, 3b.	0	0	1	1	0
Padden, 2b.	0	0	4	5	1	Seybold, cf.	0	1	3	0	0
Hartman, 3b.	0	0	0	3	0	Magoon, 2b.	0	0	1	1	0
Isbell, lf.	0	0	4	0	0	Powers, c.	0	0	5	2	0
Buckley, 1b.	0	1	5	0	0	Madison, ss.	0	1	3	5	0
O'Leary, ss.	0	1	1	1	0	Kelly, 1b.	0	1	9	0	0
Katoll, p.	0	0	1	2	0	Gardner, p.	0	1	0	4	0
Totals	1	6	27	12	1	Totals	0	10	24	7	1

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	*	—1
Indianapolis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—O'Leary, Buckley, Seybold. Stolen bases—Hoy [4], McFarland. Struck out—By Katoll, Madison, Hogriever, Gardner, Geier, Powers, Hartzell; by Gardner, Sugden, O'Leary, Hartman [2], Padden. Bases on balls—Off Gardner, 5. Time—2:06. Umpire—McDonald. Attendance—1,800.

Notes of the Game.

In the seventh inning Powers dropped Padden's third strike, but threw him out at first.

Pitcher Doheny, the south paw twirler, reported to Comiskey, and practiced before the game.

O'Leary hit to Geier in the sixth and made tracks for base, on which he sat hard enough to cause visions of the milky way to appear before his eyes.

CLEVELAND LOSES A CINCH GAME.

Blues Score Four Runs in Ninth Inning, with None Out.

Kansas City, Mo., July 31.—With three men on bases and nobody out in the last half of the ninth inning Farrell knocked a three-bagger to right, scoring three runs. O'Brien sent one to the same place and scored the winning run, after Cleveland had practically cinched the game in the eighth. Gear pitched a good game, while Hoffer was hit freely. Score:

Kansas C.	R	B	P	A	E	Cleveland.	R	B	P	A	E
Hemph'l, rf.	1	1	3	0	0	Pickerl'g, lf.	0	0	0	0	0
Farrell, cf.	1	2	3	0	0	Frisbie, rf.	2	0	2	0	0
O'Brien, lf.	0	1	2	0	0	Genins, lf.	1	2	2	0	1
Dungan, 1b.	1	1	8	0	1	La Ch'ce, 1b.	1	1	14	0	1
Schae'er, ss.	0	0	2	1	1	Crishman, c.	0	0	3	2	0
Cough'n, 3b.	0	2	2	2	0	Flood, 2b.	0	2	1	1	0
Stewart, 2b.	0	2	5	2	0	Sullivan, 3b.	0	0	0	2	0
McManus, c.	2	3	2	3	1	Shea, ss.	0	1	1	4	0
Gear, p.	1	1	2	8	0	Hoffer, p.	1	1	1	2	0
Totals	6	13	27	11	3	Totals	5	6	*24	11	2

*Nobody out when winning run scored.

Kansas City	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	4	—6
Cleveland	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	—5

Three-base hit—Farrell. Sacrifice hits—Farrell, Gear, Genins. Stolen bases—Genins, O'Brien. Bases on balls—Off Gear, 2; off Hoffer, 12. Left on bases—Kansas City, 7; Cleveland, 3. Double play—Hoffer-Crisham-La Chance. Hit by pitcher—Frisbie. Struck out—By Hoffer, 2. Time—1:45. Umpire—Mannassau.

Detroit, 7; Milwaukee, 5.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 31.—Dowling lasted two innings, the visitors scoring six runs on as many hits and three errors. This was enough to win the game. Rettger and Cronin both pitched good games. The score:

Milwa'kee.	R	B	P	A	E	Detroit.	R	B	P	A	E
Kete'm, cf.	2	2	2	0	0	Casey, 3b.	1	0	3	2	2
Waldr'n, rf.	0	2	2	0	0	Holmes, 1b.	1	2	1	0	0
Dowd, lf.	0	1	2	0	0	Harley, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Ander'n, 1b.	1	1	10	0	1	Elberf'd, ss.	1	1	5	0	0
Fultz, ss.	1	0	1	3	0	McAllis'r, c.	1	2	2	1	0
Conroy, 3b.	1	1	0	1	0	Dillon, 1b.	1	4	12	1	0
Bierba'r, 2b.	0	1	5	7	0	Nicol, cf.	0	2	2	0	1
Diggins, c.	0	1	6	1	1	Ryan, 2b.	1	0	7	3	1
Dowling, p.	0	0	0	2	1	Cronin, p.	1	1	0	1	0
Rettger, p.	0	1	0	2	0						
Totals	5	11	27	16	3	Totals	7	13	27	13	5

Milwaukee	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	—5
Detroit	3	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—7

Two-base hits—Ketchem [2], Diggins, Anderson, McAllister, Dillon. Stolen bases—Holmes, Dillon, Nicol. Bases on balls—Off Dowling, 1; off Rettger, 2. Hit by pitcher—Conroy. Passed ball—McAllister. Sacrifice hit—Casey. Struck out—By Dowling, 1; by Rettger, 5; by Cronin, 2. Double plays—Elberfeld-Ryan-Dillon; Casey-Ryan-Dillon. Umpire—Sheridan. Time—1:45.

Minneapolis, 10; Buffalo, 0.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 31.—Werden's hard hitting and the fine pitching of Bailey were the features of today's game. Nance and Abbatticchio were bad in the field. The best fielding was done by the visitors, but Bailey held them down to three hits. Score:

Min'apolis.	R	B	P	A	E	Buffalo.	R	B	P	A	E
Davis, cf.	1	1	2	0	0	Halligan, lf.	0	0	0	0	1
Harvey, rf.	2	1	1	2	3	Gettman, cf.	0	1	4	0	0
Nance, 3b.	2	1	1	2	3	Sheron, rf.	0	0	0	0	0
Lally, lf.	2	3	0	0	0	Schreck, c.	0	0	1	0	0
Werden, 1b.	3	3	12	0	0	Atherton, 2b.	0	0	5	1	1
Fischer, c.	1	1	4	1	0	Carey, 1b.	0	0	15	0	0
Smith, ss.	0	0	1	2	1	Holman, ss.	0	1	2	4	0
Abb'chio, 2b.	0	0	1	3	2	Speer, c.	0	0	1	2	0
Bailey, p.	0	0	0	1	0	Andrews, 3b.	0	0	1	3	0
						Kerwin, p.	0	0	0	3	1
Totals	10	9	27	12	6	Totals	0	3	24	17	4

Minneapolis	1	0	1	3	0	2	4	0	*	—10
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hits—Harvey, Werden [2]. Home run—Werden. Passed balls—Schrecongost, 2. Wild pitches—Kerwin, Bailey. Bases on balls—Off Kerwin, 2; off Bailey, 3. Struck out—By Kerwin, 1; by Kerwin, 1. Double plays—Andrews-Carey; Atherton-Holman-Carey. Stolen base—Carey. Time—2:05. Umpire—Cantillon. Attendance—500.

THREE IN AT THE FINISH.

JUDGES ARE OBLIGED TO PLACE HORSES IN FOURTH RACE.

Limelight, Lomond, and Guess Me Run So Close Together at the Wire That Only Keen Eyes Can Separate Them—Talent has a Merry Day Picking Winners, Four Favorites Showing in Front—Jockey Knight Is Fined Twenty-five Dollars.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

Hawthorne followers of favorites, after a siege of hard luck, took a hand in the proceedings yesterday and put four first choice shots over the plate. This, considering the manner in which their selections have been bowled over, was marvelous. It is a question, though, whether the books were hit hard, as there were so many good things handed around almost every horse in each race was played.

The race of the day, from a finishing standpoint, was the fourth, in which Limelight, Lomond, and Guess Me crossed the line as named so close together it took the keen eyes of the judges to separate them. It looked like a dead heat, so close was the finish. Limelight was the favorite, while the prices against Lomond and Guess Me were 10 and 8 to 1 respectively. The latter pair made the running, Lomond showing the way down the backstretch and then falling back to fourth place. Guess Me showed the way into the stretch, but was passed by Limelight at the eighth pole. Neither Lomond nor Guess Me was out of it, as the latter hung on like a leech, and Lomond, coming again, compelled Knight to peg away to the end. Magrane's trick came with a grand burst of speed at the finish, and would have won had the wire been ten yards farther away.

The winner was entered to be sold for $300, and Magrane bid $200 more and secured him. Starter Holtman had his hands full trying to get the field away, and at last was compelled to leave Balk Line at the post. The latter was 15 to 1 in the betting. C. De Witt, his owner, said he was never better, and thought he would be in the money.

The afternoon opened with a six-furlong affair in which Omdurman was installed favorite, but never got as much as a look in. Bogaboo, at 5 to 1, off none too well, gradually cut down the lead of her field and won in a fierce drive from Woodstick and Fondo. The latter tried to make a runaway race of it, but tired on the end.

It was Onomastus, Goebel, and Algareta with the talent in the second race, but the wise ones got their checks down on Marsara and cashed. Goebel set the pace right from the outset and looked a sure winner a hundred yards from the wire. Twenty yards farther Marsara had caught him; then the struggle began. Mathews on the latter proved the better finisher, and won out after a hard drive.

The fall of the first two favorites did not deter the regulars from plunging on Fancywood at 7 and 8 to 5, and they were fortunate in winning, as Barnes' filly had poor racing luck throughout the journey, and just managed to beat out Barbara M. in the last few jumps. She was much the best animal in the race, and had the best jockey. Regea, at 12 to 1, showed some speed to the head of the stretch and finished third. Bonnie Lissak, of whom much was expected, ran poorly.

Alcedo experienced no difficulty in winning the fifth race. Winkfield held him in third position until straightened out for home, then let him down and won handily. The Unknown, at 7 to 1, made a strong bid for victory and finished second.

The distance race of the day, at one mile and a quarter, went to Cogmoosey, the favorite. He led from flag to finish. Vincennes was second and Catastrophe third. The latter stumbled at the stretch turn, but for which he would have given the winner an argument. The final event went to Dutch Comedian in a gallop. Jockey Knight was fined $25 for careless riding in the first and second races.

Hawthorne Summaries July 31.

Weather clear. Track fast.

First race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
9-2	Bugaboo, 105 [J. Walsh]	7	8	4	4	1
20-1	Woodstick, 102 [L. Rose]	8	7	5	2	2
11-2	Fondo, 107 [J. Winkfield]	3	1	1	1	3

Time, 1:16¼. Grandon, 106 pounds; Omdurman, 108; Hurry, 97; Janowood, 97; Al Brown, 108; Simmonswald, 104, finished as named. Winner, J. J. Kelley's br. f., by Lamplighter—Falerna. Start good. The first six were driving hard. When Grandon collapsed in the stretch he swerved badly, crowding Omdurman, Hurry, and Janowood into the fence. The former could not have been worse ridden had Dupee tried.

Second race, ¾ mile:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
10-1	Marsara, 107 [Mathews]	6	2	2	2	1
5-1	Goebel, 107 [Dupee]	1	1	1	1	2
8-5	Onomastus, 112 [T. Knight]	4	4	3	3	3

Time, 1:14½. Goldone, 98 pounds; Algareta, 107; Mountebank, 95; Little Jack Horner, 104, finished as named. Winner, J. Griffin & Co.'s br. f., by Tournament—Marsa. Won in a long, hard drive. Marsara was well ridden and stood a long, hard drive gamely. Dupee lost much ground by swinging Goebel wide in the stretch. Onomastus also suffered from poor handling. Algareta is stale and badly in need of rest.

Third race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, fillies:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
3-2	Fancy Wood, 112 [J. W'k'd]	3	4	3	2	1
5-1	Barbara M., 112 [L. Rose]	5	1	1	1	2
12-1	Regea, 112 [Bradford]	7	1	2	3	3

Time, 1:01¾. Bonnie Lissak, 112 pounds; Fairy Day, 108; Mintara, 105; Watita, 105; Water Alone, 100; Form, 105; La Minco, 105; Cast Anchor, 100, finished as named. Winner, W. S. Barnes' br. f., by Prince of Monaco—Sara. Start good. Won hand ridden but out to the last ounce. Fancy Wood was far the best. She met with a lot of interference on the far turn. Regea showed a fine turn of speed but tired badly.

Fourth race, ¾ mile, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
3-1	Limelight, 100 [T. Knight]	5	3	2	1	1
10-1	Lomond, 105 [W. Kiley]	1	1	4	3	2
8-1	Guess Me, 105 [J. Carter]	3	2	1	2	3

Time, 1:28¾. Barney F., 99 pounds; Sir Kenneth, 100; Brown Vail, 98; Loyaletta, 105; Talma, 102; Miss Ross, 100; Bettie B., 100; Repay, 98, finished as named. Balk Line, 105, left at the post. Winner, H. T. Griffin's b. g., by Quicklime—Soubrette II. At post 13 minutes. Start bad. The first three were close together, driving to the limit. Limelight barely lasted long enough to win. Lomond improved suddenly and came through the stretch like a whirlwind. Barney F. ran a good, game race. Sir Kenneth was interfered with a dozen different times.

Fifth race, 1 1-16 miles, 3-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
17-20	Alcedo, 115 [J. Winkf'ld]	1	3	3	1	1
7-1	The Unk'wn, 105 [J. W'sh]	4	2	2	2	2
7-1	Scarlet Lily, 100 [T. K'ht]	2	1	1	3	3

Time, 1:46¾. Florizar, 115 pounds; Greenock, 108; Satan, 105, finished as named. Winner, P. Dunne's b. c., by Esher—Elopement. Start good. Won easily. Scarlet Lily ran a good race and Florizar, who seemed to sulk, a bad one.

Sixth race, 1¼ miles:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
13-5	Cogmoosey, 106 [T. K'ght]	1	1	1	1	1
5-1	Vincennes, 93 [J. Waldo]	6	4	5	2	2
7-1	Catastrophe, 107 [Herting]	4	6	6	3	3

Time, 1:54¾. Donation, 111 pounds; Admetus, 111; Ollie Dixon, 93; Hub Prather, 93; C. Meader, 91; Kentucky Babe, 92, finished as named. Winner, Lockhart Bros.' ch. g., by Teuton—Marion C. Start good. Won well in hand. Cogmoosey got away flying and won all the way. Vincennes ran a good race but was outclassed. Donation made up much ground in the last half mile. Kentucky Babe showed a lot of speed.

Seventh race, ⅞ mile, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
9-2	D'ch Comedian, 110 [M'ws]	1	3	2	1	1
10-1	L. T. Caton, 107 [Tully]	7	1	1	2	2
7-1	Frangible, 104 [R. Narvaez]	6	4	4	4	3

Time, 1:27¾. Aloha II., 98 pounds; Little Land, 109; The Sluggard, 116; Carl C., 103; Bishop Reed, 110; Celeritias, 107; Maclaren, 103, finished as named. Winner, J. R. Hand's ch. h., by Teuton—Modjeska. Start good. Won handily. L. T. Caton was much used in racing to the front down the backstretch and when the pinch came he swerved badly. Frangible, after being sharply interfered with on the first turn, made up much ground and ran a good race.

Hawthorne Entries.

First race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, colts and geldings, maidens:

First Pop	113	Curd Gillock	105
Sortie	108	Shut Up	105
Handy Man	108	Oricius	105
Impromptu	108	Galanthus	102
Forkford	105	Robert Waddell	102
Maldonado	105		

Second race, ¾ mile, selling:

Emigre	116	Lady Britannic	108
Jim Gore II	112	Miss Shanley	105
Maggie Davis	110	Onoto	103
Rival Dare	110	Emma R.	103
John Grigsby	108	Emma M.	101
Lomond	108	Olekma	101

Third race, ⅝ mile, 2-year-olds:

Jiminez	120	Princess Tatyana	107
Tyr	113	Port Jarvis	105
Icon	113	Oscar Tolle	105
Dandy Jim	110	Wampago	102
Denizulu	110	Harry Frost	102
Money Muss	110	If You Dare	102

Fourth race, ¾ mile, selling:

Insolvent	114	Laura K.	108
Interferer	113	Little Singer	108
Little Billy	110	Oneita	108
Sir Dick	110	Pirate J.	106
Intriguer	110	Allie Davis	101
Senator Thompson	110	Louisville	101

Fifth race, 1 mile:

San Venado	114	Guess Me	100
Inverary II	111	Bill Garett	98
The Devil	111	Goodale	98
Leando	105	Frelinghuysen	94
Polly Pitcher	101	Lydia S.	89
Duty	100	Elta	89

Sixth race, 1 mile, selling:

Blue Lick	112	Castake	102
Jim McCleevy	109	Sister Fox	98
Sam McKeever	108	Ben Chance	92
Henry C.	108	Owensboro	92
Racivan	106	Mitten	90
Papa Harry	102		

Seventh race, 1 mile:

John Baker	107	Old Mike	102
Hard Knot	105	Lamachus	94
Mint Sauce	102	Van Hoorebeke	91
Hub Prather	102	Star Cotton	91
Toribio	102		

BULLMAN IS WINNING AT BRIGHTON.

Rides Janice Well to the Front in the Distaff Stakes.

New York, July 31.—[Special.]—There was a good stake race and a handicap for all ages at Brighton Beach today. Janice won the stake and Meehanus won the handicap. It was a good day for the talent, for in four races first or second choices won. The Distaff Stakes for filly 2-year-olds proved a better race than was expected. Cap and Bells, who looked to have a walkover, was scratched, and Janice and All Saints were added. There was a strong tip on Helen O'C. and Agnes D. They got off after several breaks. Helen O'C. and Orienta made the running to the stretch, when Janice, well ridden by Bullman, came on the outside and won easily, with All Saints second and Agnes D., who made up a lot of ground, third.

The Flight Handicap, for all ages, was the fifth race. Firearm was made favorite, and Firearm, as usual, finished outside the money. Heliobas and Meehanus were second choices at 2½ to 1. Lady Uncas got away first and made the running to the stretch, when Meehanus moved up and won easily, with Heliobas second and Lady Uncas third.

Edgefield was made the favorite in the first race. The Brother, owned by A. L. Aste, was the tip. The Brother ran in second place, all into the stretch, when he went to the front and won easily. Mercer won the second race in a drive by a half a length from Harry McCoun, who beat Fluke, the 7 to 5 favorite, three lengths.

Bettie Gray at 6 to 20 looked a cinch in the fourth race at a mile, but Brigade was heavily backed by his stable, while there was some betting even on Decimal, Exit, and Tip Gallant. Bettie Gray went to the front at the fall of the flag and was never headed.

There were but two starters in the last race at one mile and a furlong—Blue Away and Decanter. Blue Away led to the back turn, when Decanter went to the front and won literally in a walk.

Brighton Beach Summaries July 31.

First race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds, maidens, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
6-1	The Brother, 102 [Henry]	7	1	1	1	1
8-1	Cogswell, 102 [Howell]	3	4	3	2	2
16-5	Edgefield, 106 [McJoynt]	5	5	6	4	3

Time, 1:03 2-5. Dangerfield, 110; Frank Hall, 97; Ginki, 106; Plumed Knight, 105; Hayseed, 94; The Irish Boy, 99; and Favornette, 102, finished as named. Winner—Ch. c., by De Beauvoir—La Sorcella. Start good. Won driving. Edgefield was hampered at the start, but closed up ground. Dangerfield ran well. Frank Hall had no chance with his poor ride.

Second race, ¾ mile, 3-year-olds:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
7-2	Mercer, 108 [Mitchell]	5	7	2	1	1
8-1	Harry McCoun, 106 [McJo't]	1	3	4	3	2
9-5	Fluke, 106 [Bullman]	4	4	3	4	3

Time, 1:15. Hansborough, 98; Eileen Daly, 96; Turney, 98; Albonita, 91; Ceylon, 98; Dick Furber, 106; and Dan Reagan, 93, finished as named. Winner—Br. c., by Sir Dixon—Merdin. Start good. Won driving. Mercer was easily best. Fluke was outrun all the way. Eileen Daly quit in the stretch.

Third race, 5½ furlongs, 2-year-olds, fillies, the Distaff Stakes, $1,000 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
16-5	Janice, 109 [Bullman]	5	4	3	3	1
4-1	All Saints, 109 [Spencer]	4	5	5	5	2
30-1	Agnes D., 109 [Jenkins]	6	6	6	6	3

Time, 1:08 4-5. Helen O'C., 109; Orienta, 110; and Cherries, 112, finished as named. Winner—Ch. f., by Midlothian—Rosette. Start good. Won handily. Janice drew away at the end rather easily. All Saints closed strongly in the last furlong. Orienta and Cherries both quit in the last quarter.

Fourth race, 1 mile, selling:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
1-2	Bettie Gray, 108 [Henry]	3	1	1	1	1
11-5	Brigade, 111 [T. Burns]	2	2	2	2	2
15-1	Exit, 103 [Mitchell]	4	3	3	3	3

Time, 1:42. Decimal, 88, and Tip Gallant, 107, finished as named. Winner—B. f., by Fonso—Bettie Blaise. Start good. Won easily. Bettie Gray showed great speed and held Brigade safe.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, the Flight Handicap, $1,200 added:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
13-5	Meehanus, 109 [Henry]	5	4	2	1	1
5-2	Heliobas, 127 [Jenkins]	2	3	4	2	2
10-1	Lady Uncas, 88 [Rauch]	1	1	1	3	3

Time, 1:13 4-5. Firearm, 120; Modrine, 110; and Kithener, 102, finished as named. Winner—Ch. c., by Golden Garter—Fedelma. Start good. Won handily. Meehanus drew away under urging in the stretch. Heliobas finished gamely. He received a poor ride. Lady Uncas set a terrific pace, but weakened in the last furlong.

Sixth race, 1⅛ miles:

Bet.	Horse, weight, jockey.	St.	½	¾	Str.	Fn.
1-4	Decanter, 110 [Turner]	2	2	2	1	1
3-1	Blueaway, 110 [Bullman]	1	1	1	2	2

Time, 1:54. Winner—B. h., by Deceiver—Maudlin. Start good. Won easily. Blueaway went to the post sore and pulled up lame.

Brighton Beach Entries.

First race, ¾ mile, handicap—Heliobas, 132 pounds; Gold Fox, 114; Pupil, 108; Maribert, 107; Toluca, 106; Rikki Tikki Tavi, 106; Musette, 104; Smoke, 103; Stuart, 98.

Second race, ⅝ mile, 2-year-olds, maidens—Albert Edward, ch. c., by Albert—Emma Mack, 110 pounds; Mateo, 110; Tom Kenney, 110; Apple of My Eye, 110; Rochampton, ch. c., by Bathhampton—Agnes Flash, 110; Humboldt, 110; Frank Kenny, b. c., by Bothen—Mrs. General Gilford, 110; Minion, 110; Annuity, 110; Operator, 110; Idle Chat, 107; Taveta, 107; Queen Quality, 107; Princess Pepper, 107; Street Boy, 107; Anna Darling, 107; Philma Paxton, 107.

Third race, 1 mile, 3-year-olds, selling—King Bramble, 110 pounds; The Chamberlain, 110; Gonfalon, 106; Silver Garter, 106; Prestidigitator, 98; Hansborough, 98.

Fourth race, 1 mile, the Sea Cliff Stakes, $1,000 added—Voter, 133 pounds; Modrine, 117.

Fifth race, ¾ mile, 2-year-olds—Kenilworth, 115 pounds; Handwork, 115; Beau Gallant, 115; Glennellie, 112; Kid Cox, 112.

Sixth race, 1⅛ miles—Prince McClurg, 126 pounds; Imp, 121; Flaunt, 111; Decanter, 111; Rinaldo II., 108; Herbert, 107; Gonfalon, 106; Belle of Troy, 106; Tyr Shena, 101; King Bramble, 101.

FOUR WINS IN ONE DAY FOR J. REIFF

W. C. Whitney's Spectrum Captures the Charlton Welter Handicap.

LONDON, July 31.—At the first day's racing at the Goodwood meeting today, the Steward's Cup, value 300 sovereigns, was won by J. A. Drake's Royal Flush, ridden by Johnnie Reiff. Richard Croker's Americus, ridden by Rigby, was second.

The Charlton Welter Handicap Plate of 200 sovereigns was won by W. C. Whitney's Spectrum, on which J. Reiff had the mount. The West Dean Stakes, of 5 sovereigns each for starters, with 100 sovereigns added, was won by W. Sibary's Armful. J. Reiff was again the rider.

The Richmond Stakes, of 25 sovereigns each, with 500 sovereigns added, was won by Sir E. Cassell's Handicapper, with L. Reiff in the saddle. The Gratwicke Stakes of 100 sovereigns each was won by Lord Harewood's Free Companion. J. Reiff was once more the successful jockey, making his fourth win for the day.

JOHN YERKES WINS FEATURE RACE.

All Favorites or Second Choices but One at Highland Park.

Detroit, Mich., July 31.—The attendance at Highland Park today was the largest since the opening day. The track was at its best. Favorites and second choices won all but the first race. John Yerkes won the feature race at a mile. He was much the best, and after being cut off a couple of times came with a rush in the final furlong and won by a length. The summaries:

First race, 7 furlongs—Tortugas, 8 to 1, won; Mouzeltoff, 3 to 1, second; Salvado, 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:29¼.

Second race, 5 furlongs—Donna Seay, 5 to 2, won; Compass, 3 to 1, second; Annie Chamberlain, 9 to 2, third. Time, 1:02.

Third race, 1¼ miles—Kitty Regent, 3 to 1, won; Captive, 8 to 1, second; Erwin, 4 to 5, third. Time, 1:55.

Fourth race, 1 mile—John Yerkes, 3 to 5, won; The Benedict, 4 to 1, second; Handicapper, 3 to 1, third. Time, 1:41.

Fifth race, 7 furlongs—Clipsetta, 6 to 1, won; Our Lizzie, 7 to 5, second; Left Bower, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:30.

Sixth race, 7 furlongs—McGrathiana Prince, even, won; Jucoma, 6 to 1, second; Stites, 30 to 1, third. Time, 1:29¾.

Results at Windsor.

Detroit, Mich., July 31.—Weather clear; track fast at Windsor. The summaries:

First race—The Lady, 10 to 3; Master Mariner, Expelled.

Second race—Golden Harvest, 3 to 1; Queen Victoria, Little Henry.

Third race—Millie M., 20 to 1; Prince Zeno; Cousin Letty.

Fourth race—Clara Woolley, 2 to 1; Earl Fonso, Beguile.

Fifth race—Tolstoi, 5 to 1; Lord Farandole, Last Follow.

Sixth race—King Elkwood, 8 to 1; Joe Gammage, Prince of India.

MISS MACDONALD WINS HANDICAP.

Daughter of the Ex-Champion Captures Women's Prize at Wheaton.

Miss Janet Macdonald handed in the winning score in the women's medal play handicap at the Chicago Golf club yesterday. Miss Macdonald, while materially assisted by a liberal handicap, played a consistent game, and finished with a net of 82, four strokes ahead of Miss Cora Kirk, who came second with a net of 86. Miss Macdonald is one of the club's promising young players, who plays an unusually safe game, her drives seldom landing out of the course.

Miss Kirk's gross score of 112 was the best gross record of the day, and but for hard luck on the way to the sixth hole would have been many strokes lower. On the way to the sixth bunkers and difficult lies galore spoiled what would otherwise have been an excellent card, as the last half was made in 50 strokes.

Mrs. A. L. Reid had the second best gross score of 127. Mrs. Reid was matched with Mrs. John R. Gott, and a series of bunkers, mishaps on the part of both, kept two of the best players down.

Twenty-one players started, twelve of whom finished and handed in their cards.

Mrs. F. C. Mather-Smith and Mrs. Dr. Hosmer started the match, driving off at 2 o'clock. They were followed by Mrs. R. D. Pope and Miss Wells. The majority of the contestants preferred to wait until the cooler part of the afternoon, the last pair leaving at 4 o'clock. The prize was presented by Robert T. Lincoln and consisted of choice of a silver cup or a set of sleeve cuff buttons. Play was at sixteen holes, the ninth and tenth, including the drives over the pond, being omitted.

Players and scores as follows:

	Gross.	Allowance.	Net.
Miss Janet Macdonald	130	48	82
Miss Cora Kirk	112	26	86
Miss Florence Clarke	129	40	89
Mrs. A. L. Reid	127	36	91
Mrs. E. W. Cramer	161	66	95
Mrs. Harold Howard	160	63	97
Mrs. R. D. Pope	179	72	107
Mrs. E. A. S. Clarke	178	66	112
Mrs. D. W. Bowles	156	44	112
Mrs. Eames	190	72	118
Mrs. Dr. Hosmer	163	44	119
Miss Wells	193	72	121

The following did not hand in their scores: Mrs. John R. Gott, Mrs. C. H. Wilmerding, Mrs. H. O. Crane, Mrs. C. L. Stroble, Mrs. W. P. Hunt, Mrs. F. C. Mather-Smith, Mrs. Peter Dudley, Mrs. Wallace Kirk, Mrs. John Crerar.

Tomorrow there will be an eighteen-hole medal play handicap for women, for which two prizes have been donated by Arthur Ryerson.

RACING MEN ARE DISCIPLINED.

Stevens and Eaton Suspended for Alleged Irregularities at Vailsburg.

Boston, Mass., July 31.—[Special.]—Orlando Stevens and Jay Eaton have been suspended by the Board of Control of the National Cycling association pending an investigation. Jim Kennedy, manager of Jimmy Michael, has been fined $100, Floyd McFarland has been fined $400, and F. W. Vetter and Oscar Babcock have been fined $25 each.

Stevens and McFarland are now en route to Europe. The action will prevent Stevens competing in the international championships unless he explains away the race with Jay Eaton at Vailsburg on July 24. It is claimed that things were irregular. McFarland receives punishment for failure to carry out a contract he made with or without authority with the management of the Baltimore Coliseum and Washington cycle track, guaranteeing the appearance there of a lot of prominent men for meets on July 20 and 21. Manager Kennedy is fined $100 for refusing to obey the referee at Providence last Sunday. Kennedy and his pacing team are given until Aug. 6 to pay their fines.

DIXON IS FORCED TO QUIT.

EX-CHAMPION BREAKS HIS ARM IN TWO PLACES.

End Comes in the Seventh Round, When O'Rourke Throws Up Sponge—Examination Discloses Reason for Dixon's Disability—Betting 2 to 1 on "Old Chocolate" at the Ringside and Considerable Money Changes Hands—Sullivan Has Better of It.

New York, July 31.—The one-time invincible George Dixon succumbed to Tommy Sullivan of Brooklyn at Coney Island tonight in their battle at 122 pounds.

The end came as the men shaped up for the seventh round, when Tom O'Rourke, Dixon's chief second, admitted defeat for his man, and because his left arm was disabled refused to permit him to continue. This left no other alternative for the referee than to declare Sullivan the victor. Dixon was getting all the worst of the body punching each was administering, and just before the close of the sixth round was looking appealingly toward his corner.

Upon examination by the club's physician it was found that Dixon's left arm was broken in two places.

It looked simply a case of youth being the better. As a matter of fact, Dixon looked particularly big about the body. Sullivan was willing to mix it up on the slightest provocation and it was the consensus of opinion that Dixon was beaten and well beaten. It was a popular victory and was greeted with wild cheers.

A great volley of cheers greeted "Old Chocolate" when he entered the ring. Sullivan's adherents made themselves heard by a blast of tin horns, which they sounded upon the slightest occasion. The betting was 2 to 1 on Dixon, and considerable money changed hands.

The preliminary scheduled to go twelve rounds was at 122 pounds between Sam Bolen and "Cyclone Jim" Quinn lasted just two rounds, when Quinn got a right hand jolt which rendered him unfit for further combat.

Round 1—Sullivan was the first to lead, landing a light jab on Dixon's face. George started right in and whipped in left hooks and right swings, which soon apparently justified the odds on the colored boy. Sullivan's nose looked a bit the worse for wear as they went to their corners.

Round 2—Sullivan seemed unable to get away from Dixon's left. A rattling exchange of infighting with the wind the objective point by each set the crowd on edge. Dixon apparently did not relish the body punches. Sullivan's right ear was bleeding when they took their chairs.

Round 3—Dixon rushed repeatedly, but usually swung around his opponent's body, because Sullivan stepped inside. Dixon landed a number of his straight rights to the body and head. Sullivan usually came right back for the body. Dixon landed a staggerer to the body just at the bell.

Round 4—A beautiful session of infighting started things in this round and was not relished by Sullivan. Dixon landed a smashing left to the body, which he followed with a right swing. Sullivan was a trifle blown at the bell.

Round 5—Dixon started right in attending to his man's body. Midway through the round George had Sullivan on the ropes staggering with both hands. The latter returned as good as he got and pounded Dixon's wind in a way the latter did not relish. Sullivan had all the better of the latter half of this round and was the stronger at the bell.

Round 6—Dixon looked a trifle weary when they shaped up for the sixth. This round consisted of infighting entirely. The men were locked throughout. Sullivan had all the better of the argument and weakened his man completely by the body punches.

WILL BE A SCIENTIFIC CONTEST.

Corbett and McCoy to Beat Lewis Bill Twenty-four Hours.

[BY GEORGE SILER.]

James J. Corbett and "Kid" McCoy have buried the hatchet, and will now fight. They met yesterday afternoon and without wasting any words signed articles to have it out at Madison Square Garden on Aug. 30. Manager Kennedy of the Twentieth Century club was on hand, offered 60 per cent of the gate receipts, and secured the match. This, however, was a foregone conclusion.

I saw McCoy on the night of the Erne-McGovern fight, and he told me he would like to get on with Corbett at the Madison Square Garden, as he was sure they could pack the building. I spoke to Corbett next day regarding the match, and he said he would not fight the "Kid," as he was laying to get another crack at Jeffries. McCoy, with his financial eye, figured the amount of money he could add to his bank account, kept after Jim, and, to force the latter to back water or saw wood, posted, so reports say, $2,500 in the hands of Al Smith to fight Corbett. And, as an inducement, agreed to let Jim name the conditions. Those proceedings were too commonplace for such an important affair. Something had to be done to stir up things, something to boom things along, to cause interest in the match. This was done last week when McCoy dropped into Corbett's saloon and got into a wordy argument with the latter. That, to my way of thinking, was uncalled for, as the match could have been arranged, like all matches, in a business-like manner. Their heated meeting has not added any interest to the match, as the followers of pugilism consider that a prearranged affair.

The match, however, irrespective of how it was brought about, is a good one—one the sporting public has been anxiously looking forward to for a year or more. And more so since the Corbett-Jeffries fight. From a scientific standpoint it is the best that could have been made and from a gate-receipt point of view it takes the persimmons.

Erne and McGovern drew over $30,000 at prices ranging from $2 to $15. Prices for the big fights which took place at Coney Island ranged from $5 to $35 and drew from $60,000 to $80,000. Coney Island is at least twelve miles from upper New York City, and Madison Square Garden is in the heart of the city. If, just for the sake of a financial argument, the Coney Island club, twelve miles out and with poor transportation, can gather in $80,000 worth of spectators, how many dollars worth of spectators ought the Madison Square Garden promoters corral at the same prices?

It looks like a good thing, doesn't it? And I'm sure everybody interested in the coming Corbett-McCoy fight can see a good thing without running their noses plumb against it. The Lewis bill, prohibiting prize-fighting in New York State, takes effect on Sept. 1. The date set for the fight beats the law twenty-four hours—enough, though, to gather in a bunch of getaway money.

The fight ought to be the most scientific that has ever taken place in the history of the ring, and the spectators will receive the worth of their money irrespective of which wins.

The defeat of Jack O'Brien at the hands of George McFadden last Monday night shelves one lightweight champion aspirant. There remain but three in the field—Erne, Gans, and McFadden. Fighting time in New York is limited, and if there is any sifting to be done it must be done immediately. Gans and McFadden are anxious to inveigle Erne into a match, but the latter, it appears, is dodging the issue. What's the matter with Joe and George having it out, and then Frank will have but one man to talk championship fight to? I guess O'Brien has gone back. Six months ago he was considered one of the best, if not the best, lightweight in the country. His twenty-five round draw with Erne at Coney Island last December placed him breast to breast with the champion. Upon that occasion he showed himself every inch a fighter. Not of the really scientific sort, but one that would slam bang into an opponent from the time his chair was pulled out of his corner to the finish. Stockily built, a hard hitter, fairly clever, and game to the core, he was a formidable opponent for any man. But I guess he's done. The ribs which McFadden, it is said, loosened from their moorings, will keep him under cover for some months. When he makes his appearance again he will be considered a has-been, and that, to a championship aspirant, is degrading. Too bad, but there have been others, and it all comes under the head of pugilism.

The Benny Yanger-Jimmy Anthony match, which was to have taken place at Peoria and which was postponed from Aug. 2 to Aug. 6, has been declared off.

International Tennis Matches.

Boston, Mass., July 31.—A slight change in the dates for the first competition for the international challenge bowl presented to the United States National Lawn Tennis association by Dwight F. Davis is announced, the opening being on Aug. 7 and the play continuing through the next two days at the Longwood courts. The English Lawn Tennis association, challenger, will be represented by Messrs. A. W. Gore, E. D. Black, and H. Roper Barrett; the United States association by Messrs. M. D. Whitman, D. F. Davis, and Holcombe Ward. The players in singles will probably be Messrs. Gore, Black, Whitman, and Davis; in doubles, Black and Barrett and Ward and Davis. Four single matches and one double match will be played.

Torrey and Bruce Win Doubles.

The finals in doubles of the summer tennis tournament at the University of Chicago were won by Torrey and Bruce, who defeated Blackwelder and Coulter, 6—2, 6—3, 4—6, 10—8. The semi-finals in singles will be played today.

OUTINGS For a DIME
On The Trolley Car
CHAPTER XXXIII.
To See Your Sauerkraut Grow, Go to Bowmanville.
During those good old times before the Civil War there was a small German settlement off to the northwest called Bowmanville. It's still there and may be reached by trolley car from the end of the Lincoln avenue cable. Along the way there are many kinds of truck gardens where vegetables are raised for the Chicago market. To-day you may see next winter's supply of sauerkraut under cultivation; also the vegetables which may reach your table to-morrow. It's a pleasant ride, with a quaint old town at the end of the line. You should go
On The Trolley Car
Cars start at Lincoln and Wrightwood. Round trip, 50 minutes, cost 10 cents.

Golf Rash



Heat Rash, Chafings, Irritations, Tan, Sunburn, Bites and Stings, Too Free or Offensive Perspiration, Red, Rough, Blistered Hands, Tired, Lamed, Strained Muscles, Soothed, Cooled and Healed by Baths with
Cuticura SOAP
Followed when necessary by gentle applications of CUTICURA Ointment, purest and sweetest of emollients and greatest of skin cures.
Millions of People Use Cuticura Soap Exclusively for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands.
Millions of Women use CUTICURA SOAP in the form of baths for annoying irritations, inflammations, and chafings, too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, for many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used it to use any other, especially for preserving and purifying the skin, scalp, and hair of infants and children. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odors. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, viz., TWENTY-FIVE CENTS, the BEST skin and complexion soap and the BEST toilet and BEST baby soap in the world.
Special attention is called to the use of CUTICURA Ointment in connection with CUTICURA SOAP. Its "One Night Treatment of the Hands," or "Single Treatment of the Hair," or use after Athletics, cycling, golf, tennis, riding, sparring or any sport, each in connection with the use of CUTICURA SOAP, is sufficient evidence of this.
Cuticura The Set $1.25 Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP (25c.) to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, CUTICURA Ointment (50c.) to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT (50c.) to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, and humiliating skin, scalp, and blood humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails. Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston, Mass. "All about the care of the Skin, Scalp, and Hair, in Summer," free.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING.

IT IS GIVEN ABSOLUTELY FREE WITH

NEXT SUNDAY'S TRIBUNE



A superb reproduction, in the very colors of the original, of J. C. Arter's famous painting of Japanese outdoor life.

"Two Maids of Fair Japan"

It is a gem for any home—a poem in Oriental tints. You will regret it if you fail to secure one. It is the same size as "A Patriotic Pair," 20x28 inches. The Tribune pictures, when framed, compare favorably with pictures sold in art stores at high prices. They make very pleasing art posters also. If you bring your Tribune pictures to room 5, Tribune building, you can have them mounted on first-class picture matting at 19c each for the small and 25c each for the large sizes. "Two Maids of Fair Japan" to be given next Sunday is the best of the Series. The original, a framed reproduction and one of the reproductions cut out and mounted as an art poster can be seen in the windows of the Tribune office.

Summer Felts.

For golfing, boating, traveling, and all sorts of outing and summer use, felt hats are particularly smart. The line we are showing in trimmed felts is complete in every detail and the prices are very reasonable.

THE FELT CRUSHERS, for the most rough of rough-and-ready usage, are the handiest sort of hat you can have during the summer. They range in price from $1.85 to..... **65c**

WE CLOSE SATURDAYS AT 1 P. M

CARSON PIRIE SCOTT & CO.

Undermuslins.

A Colossal Closing-Out Sale of a Manufacturer's Surplus Stock.

The fact that on Monday we surpassed all records in this department, which has been the scene of many notable special sales, is evidence enough that the values we are offering in undermuslins cannot be equaled elsewhere. This is not a selling of odds and ends, mussed or soiled stock; it is a sale of brand new, freshly manufactured garments.

Umbrella drawers, H. S. lawn flounce, at.....25c

Corset covers, in cambric and nainsook, full front and fitted covers—V. square, and round necks, at.....25c

Lace and embroidery trimmed corset covers, full front, perfect fitting.....35c

Muslin gowns, best materials, generous size, in high, square, and trimmed with val. or torchon lace and embroidery...50c

Umbrella drawers, in muslin and cambric, with embroidery, torchon, or val. lace trimmings, at.....50c

Corset covers, in cambric and nainsook, with all the latest trimmings and conceits, at.....50c

Cambric and nainsook drawers, val., torchon and embroidery trimmings, at 65c

Twenty different styles of gowns, embroidery and lace trimmed, at.....75c

Nine different styles of skirts, twenty different styles of gowns, seven different styles of drawers, in cambric and muslin, all the latest effects and trimmings, goods worth up to $1.50 each, at.....98c

Lace and embroidery trimmed skirts and gowns, worth up to $2.75, at....$2.00

Duchess lace skirts, worth $3.75...$2.50

100,000 Handkerchiefs,

Gathered together for our annual sale of Travelers' Samples.

That our annual sale of travelers' sample handkerchiefs has come to be looked upon as an event worth the waiting for has been plainly in evidence this week. Our handkerchief department has been the scene of unusual and continued activity, due, we think, entirely to the fact that it is possible by taking advantage of this sale to purchase here handkerchiefs worth at least twice the price we ask. The stock includes every known grade and variety of handkerchief, from the simplest to the very best of French and Swiss manufacture. You will not find another such opportunity to supply yourself and your family with handkerchiefs. For convenience they have been assorted into lots—the cheaper lots will be found in the basement. The lots are priced as follows:

3c, 5c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 25c, 35c, 50c.

Annual Towel Sale.

If you need, or will need, towels take advantage of this sale.

An annual towel sale was an event of our own creation and, being originators, we feel that you look to us to maintain the reputation which we made when this event was inaugurated. Every known grade of towel is comprehended in the assortment and you will find the prices so reasonable that your sense of economy will prompt you to purchase now.

Fine quality hemstitched huck and large size Devonshire huck hemmed towels, never offered for less than 20c—at..... **12½c**

Extra size and quality hemstitched huck and heavy all-linen hemmed huck towels, always sold at 25c—at..... **15c**

A handsome heavy hemstitched huck and double warp Turkish bath towel, former price 30c—at..... **20c**

The best value ever given in Chicago—hand drawn, hemstitched huck, with beautiful jacquard centers and figures, and extra quality bleached Turkish bath towels, the regular price 40c—at **25c**

Beautiful hemstitched huck and fringed damask towels, plain white and fancy borders, real value 50c—at **35c**

Hemstitched huck and damask towels, hemstitched and knotted fringed Turkish bath towels, have been marked 75c and $1.00—at..... **50c**

Colored Shirt Waists.

General and sweeping reductions on all lines of Colored Waists.



The time has come to employ radical measures to reduce the shirt waist stock. We have learned that the public are keen judges of values and will readily purchase when the price is sufficiently low. We think that the prices we now quote will effect a quick clearance:

$1.00 for $2.00 waists.
75c for $1.50 waists.
50c for our regular $1.00 waists.

White waists, 75c—A manufacturer's entire stock of stylish white waists, with soft flare cuffs and French back—made to sell at $1.50—all styles at **75c**

Outing Skirts.

In the Department of Dress Skirts and Waists on the 3rd Floor.



We know that this department is giving the greatest degree of satisfaction, because many of our sales this week have been to customers who came to us earlier in the season and wish now to add to their stock of skirts.

Black and grey cheviot and summer suiting skirts, flaring flounce and trimmed with stitched band of bias satin—$7.50 and..... **$5.75**

White wool skirts—cool, dainty and stylish, at half price—$12.00, $10.00 and... **$8.50**

Dress skirts—black taffeta silk, unlined—extra quality of silk, handsomely trimmed—$18.00, $15.00, $12.00 and..... **$10.00**

Tan Shoes and Oxfords.

Sweeping Reductions on all Grades of Summer Shoes.

We must have room for the autumn styles that will soon be in. You can supply whatever your shoe needs may be at this time to the very best advantage. Our prices in many instances are below the actual cost of manufacture.

$1.95 for $3.00 and $4.00 Shoes.

Hundreds of pairs of tan shoes, actually worth $3.00 and $4.00 a pair, will be sold regardless of cost, shoes with light turn soles for house wear, or the heavier welt soles for street wear, in tan, vici kid and Russia calf, button and lace. These shoes must all be cleared out—to get the best selections come early. We can fit you now in any size or width, all at one price..... **$1.95**



$1.45 for $2.00 and $2.50 Oxfords. Beautiful hand-turned oxfords, both black and tan, cloth vesting and all leather tops—patent leather and kid tips—opera, military and common sense heels—narrow, medium and wide coin toes—1,000 pairs in all, at the extremely low price of..... **$1.45**

All Our Knit Underwear at 20% Off

Twice a year, we make this sweeping discount. EVERY Undergarment in our stock of Men's, Women's and Children's Knit Underwear of worsted, cotton, wool, silk, linen and mixtures, can be bought during this month at exactly 20%—or one-fifth—LESS than the price marked upon it.

There are no exceptions to this offer. Light-weight, medium-weight and heavy-weight Underwear—*everything* upon our shelves is included. Price-tickets will not be changed. The discount will be deducted on the face of the sales-ticket. **Men's Bathing Suits and Sweaters** at same discount.



SUMMER Dresses, Skirts, Waists, etc., reduced to close

Already our first purchases of autumn suits and jackets are beginning to arrive. Summer goods must be sold quickly to make room for the new arrivals.

COLORED WASHABLE DRESSES, in new and dainty styles in dimities, organdies and lawns, reduced to **$10, $12.50 and $15.**

WASHABLE TAILORED GOLF SKIRTS, in red and blue pique, inverted plaits in back, extra band around the bottom, tailor-stitched, special purchase, at less than half price, **$3.75**

WASHABLE SKIRTS of Art Linen, in the pastel shades, reduced to **$3.50**

Odd lots at greatly reduced prices, **$5, $6 and $7.50.**

BLACK CHEVIOT DRESS SKIRTS reduced to **$2.50 and $5.**

DRESS SKIRTS of fancy brown mixtures, all lined with best taffeta, reduced to half former price, **$7.50**

TAILOR SUITS AND JACKETS, only one or two of a style left, all marked at clearing prices.

COLORED SILK WAISTS marked at half the already reduced prices, **$2.50, $3.45, $4, $5** and up.

GREAT CLEARING SALE of all our high-grade WHITE SHIRT WAISTS

The greatest collection of dainty fine White Waists, trimmed in lace insertion and fine tucking, now marked very low to close, **$3.75, $5 and $7.50.**

Other bargains in White Waists at **$1.45, $1.50 and $1.75.**

A Bargain in Foulard Silks

About 2,000 yards in the lot, in monotone and three-colored printings; colors, navy, beige, reseda, national, old rose, cardinal, gray, violet, etc., at the very low price of, yard, **65c**

The values and styles in this lot will at once commend themselves to the discriminating buyer.

BASEMENT: A collection of Novelty Silks and Foulards, about 3,500 yards; choice styles, good colorings, very desirable for street and house wear. A rare opportunity at, yard, **50c**

Clearance of Summer Gloves, 40c pair

Suede Gloves and Chamois Gloves in white and natural color, and a good assortment of Black and Colored Kid Gloves—all worth very much more than our clearance price. On sale in both Main and Basement departments. The line will probably not last long at this very low price, **40c**

Excellent qualities in Black Suede and White Glace Gloves which are worth much more, prices at 85c and $1.15.

Summer Fabric Gloves

You will find *nothing in Chicago* to equal these at the prices.

Women's Lisle Thread Gloves, suede finish, button or clasp wrist, in shades of tan, mode, gray and white; cool, comfortable, kid-fitting gloves, unusual price, **38c**

Women's Pure Silk Gloves, 2 clasp wrist; tan, mode, gray, black and white; odds and ends of our better grades, all extra value, at **50c**

Parisian Bijouterie

To find a more attractive line of Parisian Jewelry Novelties than is shown this week in our Jewelry department would be difficult, even in Paris, if we except the Exposition. The display will be just as interesting to those who have been abroad this year as to those who have remained at home.

We show Fancy Jeweled Hat Pins, Brooches, Hair Clasps, Aigrettes, Combs, Guards, etc., in a great variety of new styles. Prices are from **25c to $25.00**

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

FURS—special prices—FURS

It will pay you well to provide *now* for this winter's fur needs. We must do a *phenomenal* Fur business to excel last August's record and we make strong price-inducements accordingly.

A special price-schedule prevails *throughout* our entire Fur business. On Fur Garments to order—on Fur Garments from stock—on Fur Repairing and Re-modeling—on any of these you can save money by placing your order with us *during this month.*

Sealskin Coats to Order, $155, $200 and $235

These prices are for Genuine Alaska Sealskin Coats, made in our own workrooms in any of the modes prevailing for the coming season (our new models are all ready) and guaranteed to fit. Sealskins are much higher in price than at this time last year and *very few, if any,* (other) furriers are in a position to quote prices such as the above on Sealskin Coats of our quality. During the Fur season we shall ask very much more money for Sealskin Coats, to order, in any of these grades.

We can make a few—*only a few*—genuine Sealskin Coats during this month for **$125.00**

Persian Lamb Coats—to order:

During August, we will make to order Persian Lamb Jackets in any of the new styles, for $85.00. You may choose from good Leipzig-dyed skins, imported by ourselves and matched in bundles. Your choice of large, medium or small, bright curl Persian. Coats to order, **$85.00**

Otter Coats—to Order.

Natural Plucked Otter Coats to order, from matched skins selected by yourself, in any of the new models for the coming season, during August, **$135**

Coats to order from Seal-dyed Otter Skins, dyed exactly as Sealskins are dyed, 22 inches long, in new styles, **$165 and $195**

High-Grade Coats in Stock—in entirely new styles, only one in each style, of Sealskin, Broadtail and Persian.

To show that the August special price schedule affects everything we quote a few examples of Fur Garments from stock, all of which are in the popular modes for the approaching season and are warranted in every way. The prices are very low.

Good China Seal Coats, 22 inches long entirely new shape. **$16.50**

Genuine Electric Seal Coats, 22 inches long, new style back, front, collar and sleeves, **$23.00**

Best grade Electric or Near Seal Coats, in several new styles, **$39.00**

Choicest quality Near Seal Coats with deep shawl collar & cuffs of golden beaver **$47.00**

Fur Repairing and Remodeling will cost you less now than later.

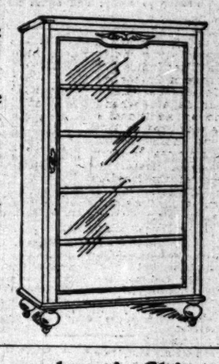
We have a great workroom (the largest fur factory in America) employing several hundred skilled people. To keep this workroom running full time and thus maintain our organization intact, we can well afford to sacrifice profits on repairing and remodeling work, at this season.

We advise all contemplating having their Furs made over or altered in any way, to send them in during this month.

Orders placed now will receive the best of attention and garments can be renovated and held, ready for wear when needed. The new models are ready and garments can be remodeled now to better advantage and at less cost than later in the season when our workroom is crowded with "rush" orders.

ALL Furniture Reduced

10% to 50% discount on every piece of furniture in our stock (4th and 7th floors) for 30 days.



Our autumn purchases will arrive very soon and room must be found for them. Furniture cannot be condensed as can some merchandise. Two pieces cannot be made to occupy the room of one. Much of our present stock of furniture must be sold and sold quickly. Hence, this discount offer.

Bookcases, Bureaus, Cabinets, Chairs and Rockers, Chiffoniers, China Closets, Writing Desks and Tables, Dining Tables, Upholstered Parlor and Library Furniture, Tea Tables, Porch and Summer Furniture, Antique and Imported Furniture—ALL REDUCED.

A Special Item—A carload of Golden Oak Bookcases (see illustration), 58 inches high, 29½ inches wide, with 4 adjustable shelves, glass door with brass lock and key and 3 brass hinges and ball feet, castered. Our special sale price is **$8.75**

Summer Ribbons

A special sale. We have reduced the prices on several broken lines Fancy Ribbons, and on a number of new patterns which we wish to close out quickly. A few of our offerings:

At 19c Yard

3½ to 4 inch Taffetas, in Corded, Brocades, Hemstitched and Checked patterns, and a large variety of fancy whites.

At 25c Yard

3¼ to 8 inch Taffetas, in Checks, Plaids, Stripes, Brocades, Persians, Warp Prints, Ombres, in all the latest colorings, and a fine assortment of fancy whites.

At 29c Yard

3½ to 8 inch Taffetas, in Checks, Stripes, Brocades, Persians, Corded Satin, Bayadere Roman Stripes, and Fancy Wash Ribbons.

BLACK VELVET RIBBON, Satin back, much in demand and usually scarce. We have a complete line in several qualities, including No. 1, which is especially in demand. This is sold in both the Main and Basement departments.

Second Reduction Lace Curtain Ends

We have remaining from our great annual sale of Lace Curtain Ends about 2,000 pieces, among which are some of the choicest patterns. In order to close these out quickly we have made a second radical reduction on every piece, cutting the prices in most instances to nearly half of the former very low prices.

Choice Ends at

18c, 25c, 38c, 50c, 90c

Many odd Curtains and odd pairs of Curtains that were soiled in handling, marked to close at less than half of regular prices, pair,

38c, 50c, 80c & $1.50

Washable Laces at Clearance Prices

Washable Laces, in all-overs, edges, insertions and galoons, in Luxeuil, Cluny effects, etc., in ecru, creams and whites. On part of this lot the outside layers are slightly soiled; others are dropped patterns. All come from our wholesale dept., and are radically reduced to close.

LACE SCARFS AND BARBS. A late invoice just received of these popular neck trimmings, in all widths. In this lot are included many entirely new designs; all washable, and decidedly cheap at these prices,

25c, 35c, 48c, 65c and up

Embroideries Reduced ½ and ⅓

Clearing Sale of Odd Pieces and Short Lengths of Cambric, Nainsook and Swiss Embroideries at greatly reduced prices. The collection includes some of our choicest patterns. Prices, yard,

15c, 25c, 35c and up

FANCY ALL-OVERS for waists, and trimming, in tucking, puffing and embroidery, greatly reduced prices, yard,

95c, $1.25, $1.45

EMBOIDERED ROBES, consisting of Skirt and Waist material, ½ price and less, each,

$3.95, $8.50 and up

REMNANTS of All-overs in lengths of ⅓ to ¾ yards, for yokes and guimpes, greatly reduced, each,

48c, 68c, 85c

Basement: An accumulation of Fine Remnants, transferred from the main department and marked at nearly ½ former prices to close.

Extra values in China and Cut Glass, 3d floor, annex.

Preparatory to placing orders for a season's stock of Cut Glass our buyer has sent here from the different factories a sample piece of every article for the purpose of comparing the productions of the different makers and placing the order to the best advantage of the department and its patrons. Naturally there are many of these samples which we decide not to order from and which we are afterwards glad to dispose of at a sacrifice. We announce a clearance of this kind now.

The articles included are Cut Glass Nappies, Bowls, Jugs, Tumblers, etc., of the best American makes, about 200 pieces in all, all samples. They will be disposed of at very much less than they would cost you from regular stock.

We have prepared one

Table of Odds and Ends in China

of good quality and pattern, every piece of which is a bargain. We quote a few sample prices.

China Soup Plates, China Bread and Butter Plates, **10c**

China Salad Bowls on foot, handsomely decorated, **$1.25**

Silverware Specials

3,000 pieces of Sterling Silver Mounted useful articles, for the toilet, for the writing desk, in three lots,

25c, 35c and 45c

500 Sterling Silver Mounted Puff Boxes,

45c, 93c and $1.45

Sterling Silver Mounted Tooth Powder Bottles, **45c**

Sterling Silver Mounted Hair Brushes, **$1.45 and $1.95**

Other articles to match at proportionately low prices.



Negligee Shirts Reduced

Our Own Make, for Men and Boys

The three *special* prices named below cover practically our entire large stock of Men's Negligee Shirts. The majority of them were made in our own factory from dependable materials in good patterns, and have sold readily all season at prices *considerably higher* than those now asked.

Men's and Boys' Negligee Shirts that were formerly sold at much higher prices, well made and nicely proportioned, up-to-date in style; marked to close, **75c**

Men's and Boys' Negligee Shirts, reduced to close, **$1.00**

Men's Negligee Shirts, of the higher grades, some of which sold for double and others at nearly double the present marked price, all marked to close, **$1.50**



Boys' Summer Clothing

A good list of seasonable items. On any one of them you will save money.

Boys' Negligee Blouses, in pretty blue striped ginghams (sizes 9 to 16); laund'd collars and cuffs attached; a bargain, at **$1.00**

Boys' Washable Sailor Suits (sizes 3 to 11), closing several styles at **$1.95**

Washable Knee Trousers (sizes 3 to 16), in dark colors, for play, **50c**

Several hundred pairs of Boys' all wool Knee Trousers (sizes 3 to 16), made from fine materials, **$1.50**

About 250 Boys' Two-Piece Suits, (sizes 7 to 16), in navy blue Serge, and several styles of fancy Cheviots. These would be just the right thing for early school and autumn wear, Special, **$5.00, $6.50, and $8**

BASEMENT: Boys' all-wool Knee Trousers (sizes 3 to 16) at **50c**

Boys' all wool Two-Piece Suits (sizes 7 to 16), several lines reduced to **$3.50**

Boys' Washable Sailor Suits, (sizes 6 to 10), reduced to **$1.00**

Boys' Washable Knee Trousers (sizes 3 to 16), at **25c**

About 60 dozen Boys' Laundered Waists (sizes 6 to 14), with Byron collar: a special purchase at a reduced price, **50c**

Toilet Goods

Violet Water, 8 oz. bottle, a preparation we highly recommend—prepared for us, **30c**

These goods are put up by LaGrand, Paris, and are SPECIALLY PRICED for a limited time.

Toilet Powder, Parma Violette, in a variety of tints, **25c**

Extract Parma Violette, 1¼ oz. bottle, a very true and lasting odor, **75c**

Extract Essence Oriza Violettes du Czar, our own special bottle containing 1¼ oz., **87c**

Eau de Toilette Parma Violette, 6 oz. bottle, **69c**



Parisian Hair Ornaments

Nowhere else is so much attention paid to the beauty and utility of Hair Ornaments as in our Hair Ornament department. Everything new that is worth having is shown here in advance, and this is especially noticeable in our Parisian Coiffure fashions, which are made exclusively for us. A large and interesting line to select from, in perfect imitation Tortoise Shell, **10c to 95c**

ALL Men's, Women's and Children's SHOES, in Main Dept., First Floor, REDUCED.

EDITORIAL SHEET.

CROWN GOES TO YOUNG DU

Prince Leopold's Minor Succeeds to the Rule Saxe-Coburg.

MUST WAIT TWO YE

Regent to Govern Until t cipient Monarch Attai His Majority.

CAREER OF THE DEAD P

COBURG, July 31.—The Duke Coburg, who died at 10 o'clock last at Rosenau Castle, by his sudde escaped a painful, lingering end. at a consultation of specialists in was discovered that there was a c growth at the root of his tongue desire of the Duchess and other me the family, who were aware of the his disease, the Duke took up his at Rosenau. His Royal Highness aware of the real state of his he hoped he would recover until Fri when his condition became such a clude hope. On Saturday and Su suffered such violent attacks of su that arrangements were made for ing the operation of tracheotomy. the Duke died without having suffer pain.

Ready for the Young Duk

BERLIN, July 31.—The body of Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha wi vayed tomorrow to the Maurice C Coburg, where it will lie in state. Duke, the Duke of Albany, son Leopold, who, on July 19 was ap Lieutenant in the Prussian arm for some time has been receiving education in Potsdam, is for the ma guest of King Oscar of Sweden. pected to arrive here tomorrow. H attain his majority until 1905, an Coburg law, passed in 1898, H Prince Ernst von Hohenlohe-Lan son-in-law of the late Duke, bec regent.

The German press again discusses desirability of allowing a German state to become an English heirlo ing from hand to hand. The Nat tung concludes its article on the telling the young Duke that it w on him to dissipate all objections side and outside of the duchy to t sion going to a Prince of foreign education.

It is rumored here in political ci the death of Duke Alfred was temperance, it being town talk that he was habitually carried to night sodden with liquor.

Funeral on Aug. 3.

LONDON, July 31.—The funer late Duke will be held at Coburg Aug. 3. The Prince of Wales will the Queen. He will be accompa burg by either his son, the Duke his brother, the Duke of Connaug The news of his death created in London, as it was totally u There were many callers at Cla Marlborough Houses and the Lord lain's office. Flags were half-ma Carleton, Reform, Sports, and End clubs.

The Queen was deeply affecte Prince of Wales canceled the arr for attending Goodwood today, horse, Lucknow, was the favorite for the Stewards' Cup.

CROWN FOR DUKE OF

Young Man Must Wait Two fore He Can Reign Earnest.

[BY EX-ATTACHE.]

New York, July 31.—[Special.]— to the fact that the Duke of Con his only son, Prince Arthur, w rights of succession to the thro Coburg that the young Duke of A of Prince Leopold, who was the cate of all Queen Victoria's chi succeeds as sovereign Duke of th man duchies in question.

In order to understand how Prince, who is likewise a British to succeed to the crown of one of ous independent states of cent comprised in the federation kn German Empire, it is necessary fact that Queen Victoria's husba younger of the two sons of th Saxe-Coburg and Gotha. Ernes elder of these two sons, Ernest few years ago without issue, his fore desiring on sons of his you er, Albert, consort of Queen V the bad preceded him. The E stitution will not permit a forei be held simultaneously with th Britain, and the constitution of S and Gotha is likewise oppose ruler becoming sovereign of the The heir apparent of the Britis be titular sovereign of Saxe-C Gotha until he ascends the thro Britain, but even in that case it by the Coburg constitution tha appoint a Viceroy or stadtholde later the sovereignty of the du regarded as inadmissible that parent to a foreign throne sho exercise the duties of rulership

Wales Waives His Ri

In order to avoid all these di Prince of Wales some time befo of his uncle, Duke Ernest of S waived his own rights and thos and son's sons to the throne of S His abandonment was not absol ditional. True, he renounced hi and those of his children, but younger brothers and to their ch ants). In the event of their d issue or without ascending th Coburg and Gotha, the crown duchies does not pass to the oth of the House of Coburg, as has but reverts to the Prince of Wal to his son and grandsons.

When the Prince of Wales rights to the throne of Coburg did so in favor of a second bro the sailor Duke of Edinburg, death of their uncle Ernest, the throne of Coburg and G Alfred had an only son bearin who, broken in mind and body b into which he had been led whil tary service at Berlin, commit couple of years ago, a few da celebration of his parents' sil The necessity of selecting an ducal throne then became a Duke Alfred's younger brot Duke of Connaught, Queen V der son, as next in line, wa Crown Prince, but when the D naught discovered that it was he should transfer his abode to Germany and sever his co the British army, which he hop command in chief, and when he ever, that he would be obliged

edium-weight and
included. Price.
on the face of the
ame discount.



ee Shirts Re-
duced
vn Make, for Men
and Boys
e special prices named be-
ractically our entire large
en's Negligee Shirts. The
them were made in our
from dependable mate-
od patterns, and have sold
season at prices consider-
than those now asked.
d Boys' Negligee Shirts
formerly sold at much
es, well made and nicely
ed, up-to-date in 75c
ked to close,
d Boys' Negligee Shirts,
$1.00
Negligee Shirts, of the
des, some of which sold for
others at nearly double the
arked price, all $1.50
-close.



Boys'
mer Clothing
list of seasonable items. On
them you will save money.
egligee Blouses, in pretty
d ginghams (sizes 9 to 16);
ars and cuffs at-
bargain, at $1.00
Vashable Sailor Suits (sizes
losing several $1.95
le Knee Trousers (sizes
dark colors, for 50c
hundred pairs of Boys' all
e Trousers (sizes 3 to 16),
$1.50
50 Boys' Two-Piece Suits,
to 16), in navy blue Serge,
a. styles of fancy Cheviots.
uld be just the right thing
school and autumn wear.
0, $6.50, and $8
MENT: Boys' all-wool Knee
(sizes 3 to 16) 50c
all wool Two-Piece Suits
16), several
iced to $3.50
Washable Sailor Suits,
10), re- $1.00
Washable Knee Trou-
3 to 16), at 25c
60 dozen Boys' Laundered
izes 6 to 14), with Byron col-
pecial purchase at a
price, 50c

oilet Goods
Water, 8 oz. bottle, a prep-
e highly recommend 39c
ed for us,
oods are put up by LaGrand,
d are SPECIALLY PRIC-
limited time.
Powder, Parma 25c
in a variety of tints,
t Parma Violette, 1¼ oz.
very true and last- 75c
t Essence Oriza Violettes du
r own special bottle 87c
ng 1¼ oz.,
da Toilette Parma 69c
6 oz. bottle,



sian Hair Or-
naments
here else is so much at-
paid to the beauty and
of Hair Ornaments as in
ir Ornament department.
thing new that is worth
is shown here in ad-
and this is especially
able in our Parisian Coif-
ashions, which are made
ively for us. A large
nteresting line to select
n perfect imitation Tor-
10c to 95c

EDITORIAL SHEET.

The Chicago Daily Tribune.

PART TWO. Pages 9 to 16.

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 1, 1900—SIXTEEN PAGES.

CROWN GOES TO YOUNG DUKE.

Prince Leopold's Minor Son Succeeds to the Rule of Saxe-Coburg.

MUST WAIT TWO YEARS.

Regent to Govern Until the Incipient Monarch Attains His Majority.

CAREER OF THE DEAD PRINCE

COBURG, July 31.—The Duke of Saxe-Coburg, who died at 10 o'clock last evening at Rosenau Castle, by his sudden demise escaped a painful, lingering end. Recently at a consultation of specialists in Vienna it was discovered that there was a cancerous growth at the root of his tongue. At the desire of the Duchess and other members of the family, who were aware of the nature of his disease, the Duke took up his residence at Rosenau. His Royal Highness was unaware of the real state of his health and hoped he would recover until Friday last, when his condition became such as to preclude hope. On Saturday and Sunday he suffered such violent attacks of suffocation that arrangements were made for performing the operation of tracheotomy. Finally the Duke died without having suffered severe pain.

Ready for the Young Duke.

BERLIN, July 31.—The body of the late Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha will be conveyed tomorrow to the Maurice Church at Coburg, where it will lie in state. The new Duke, the Duke of Albany, son of Prince Leopold, who, on July 19 was appointed a Lieutenant in the Prussian army and who for some time has been receiving a military education in Potsdam, is for the moment the guest of King Oscar of Sweden. He is expected to arrive here tomorrow. He will not attain his majority until 1905, and, by the Coburg law, passed in 1898, Hereditary Prince Ernst von Hohenlohe-Langenburg, son-in-law of the late Duke, becomes the regent.

The German press again discusses the undesirability of allowing a German sovereign state to become an English heirloom, passing from hand to hand. The National Zeitung concludes its article on the subject by telling the young Duke that it will depend on him to dissipate all objections made inside and outside of the duchy to the succession going to a Prince of foreign birth and education.

It is rumored here in political circles that the death of Duke Alfred was due to intemperance, it being town talk in Coburg that he was habitually carried to his bed at night sodden with liquor.

Funeral on Aug. 3.

LONDON, July 31.—The funeral of the late Duke will be held at Coburg on Friday, Aug. 3. The Prince of Wales will represent the Queen. He will be accompanied to Coburg by either his son, the Duke of York, or his brother, the Duke of Connaught.

The news of his death created a sensation in London, as it was totally unexpected. There were many callers at Clarence and Marlborough Houses and the Lord Chamberlain's office. Flags were half-masted at the Carleton, Reform, Sports, and other West End clubs.

The Queen was deeply affected, and the Prince of Wales canceled the arrangements for attending Goodwood today, where his horse, Lucknow, was the favorite in the race for the Stewards' Cup.

CROWN FOR DUKE OF ALBANY.

Young Man Must Wait Two Years Before He Can Reign in Earnest.

[BY EX-ATTACHE.]

New York, July 31.—[Special.]—It is owing to the fact that the Duke of Connaught and his only son, Prince Arthur, waived their rights of succession to the throne of Saxe-Coburg that the young Duke of Albany, son of Prince Leopold, who was the most delicate of all Queen Victoria's children, now succeeds as sovereign Duke of the two German duchies in question.

In order to understand how an English Prince, who is likewise a British peer, comes to succeed to the crown of one of the numerous independent states of central Europe comprised in the federation known as the German Empire, it is necessary to recall the fact that Queen Victoria's husband was the younger of the two sons of the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, Ernest I. The elder of these two sons, Ernest II., died a few years ago without issue, his crown therefore devolving on sons of his younger brother, Albert, consort of Queen Victoria, and who had preceded him. The English constitution will not permit a foreign crown to be held simultaneously with that of Great Britain, and the constitution of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha is likewise oppose to a foreign ruler becoming sovereign of the two duchies. The heir apparent of the British crown can be titular sovereign of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha until he ascends the throne of Great Britain, but even in that case it is stipulated by the Coburg constitution that he should appoint a Viceroy or stadtholder to administer the sovereignty of the duchy, it being regarded as inadmissible that the heir apparent to a foreign throne should actually exercise the duties of rulership in a duchy.

Wales Waives His Rights.

In order to avoid all these difficulties the Prince of Wales some time before the death of his uncle, Duke Ernest of Saxe-Coburg, waived his own rights and those of his son and son's sons to the throne of Saxe-Coburg. His abandonment was not absolute, but conditional. True, he renounced his own rights and those of his children, but only to his younger brothers and to their male descendants. In the event of their dying without issue or without ascending the throne of Coburg and Gotha, the crown of these two duchies does not pass to the other members of the House of Coburg, as has been stated, but reverts to the Prince of Wales, or rather, to his son and grandsons.

When the Prince of Wales waived his rights to the throne of Coburg and Gotha he did so in favor of a second brother, Alfred, the sailor Duke of Edinburg, who, on the death of their uncle Ernest, succeeded to the throne of Coburg and Gotha. Duke Alfred had an only son bearing his name, who, broken in mind and body by dissipation, into which he had been led while doing military service at Berlin, committed suicide a couple of years ago, a few days after the celebration of his parents' silver wedding. The necessity of selecting an heir to the ducal throne then became apparent, and Duke Alfred's younger brother, Arthur, Duke of Connaught, Queen Victoria's soldier son, as next in line, was gazetted as Crown Prince, but when the Duke of Connaught discovered that it was expected that he should transfer his abode from England to Germany and sever his connection with the British army, which he hopes one day to lead in chief, and when he found, moreover, that he would be obliged to surrender his paternal rights to direct the education of his only boy, and to intrust the lad to the guardianship of Duke Alfred and of Emperor William, he declined to accept the honor, and by a solemn act of renunciation waived all his claims and those of his son to the young Prince Leopold, only son of his deceased younger brother, the Duke of Albany.

Regency for Two Years.

The people of Coburg agreed to his succession, but insisted on special arrangements being made for his guardianship and for the regency in the event of his succession during his minority. According to the terms of these arrangements it is Duke Alfred's son-in-law, the Prince of Hohenlohe-Langenberg, son of the Viceroy of Alsace-Lorraine, who becomes Regent of the duchies until the young Duke of Albany becomes of age, a couple of years hence, when he will find himself at the head of a small sovereignty, but in the possession of private estates worth considerably over $500,000 a year. Eight months ago he was a penniless schoolboy at Eton, looked upon by the royal family in England in the light of a dependent and a poor relation; today, through the death of an uncle, through the suicide of a cousin, and the withdrawal of another uncle and cousin he finds himself a full-fledged reigning sovereign.

CAREER OF PRINCE ALFRED.

He Possessed Many Titles and Honors in Great Britain and in the Duchy of Saxe-Coburg.

Prince Alfred Alexander William Ernest Albert, Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, first Duke of Edinburg, K. G., K. T., K. P., G. C. S. I., G. C. M. G., G. C. V. O., was the second son of Queen Victoria and was born at Windsor Castle on Aug. 6, 1844. He was educated by private tutors and prepared for the navy, which he entered in 1858 as a naval cadet on the steam frigate Euryalus. He served first in the Mediterranean, and later cruised along the shores of America and in the West Indies. In 1862 he was offered the throne of Greece, which he declined.

In 1866 Parliament granted him £15,000 a year, payable when he attained his majority, and an additional £10,000 on his marriage. He was created Duke of Edinburg, Earl of Kent, and Earl of Ulster the same year, and took his seat in the house of Lords. He was sworn in master of the Trinity House, and received the freedom of the City of London. In 1867 he started on a tour of the world in command of the frigate Galatea, and visited nearly every country. At a picnic held at Clontarf, near Port Jackson, New South Wales, an attempt was made to assassinate him. His assailant was an Irishman named O'Farrell, who fired a shot at the Prince, wounding him in the back. O'Farrell was tried, found guilty, and executed.

The Duke subsequently visited Japan, where he was received both publicly and privately by the Mikado, and toured the interior of China and India. In 1873 he went to Italy and had an audience with the Pope in Rome. The following year occurred his marriage with the Grand Duchess Marie Alexandrovna, only daughter of Alexander II. The wedding occurred at St. Petersburg and was celebrated with great pomp.

In March, 1874, the Duke and his wife, accompanied by the Queen, made public entry into London amid much popular enthusiasm. Their silver wedding was celebrated at Coburg last year. In 1882 the Duke was promoted to the rank of Vice Admiral in the British navy and given various important commands. As commander of the Mediterranean squadron in 1888 he visited the chief continental capitals, and at Madrid was given the Order of the Golden Fleece by the Queen Regent of Spain He gave up his naval command in 1889.

The Duke succeeded to the Duchy of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha on the death of his uncle in 1893, and took the oath of loyalty to the constitution in the presence of the German Emperor, to whom he later paid a state visit at Potsdam. He had the year before been made an honorary General of infantry in the German army. He kept up an establishment at Clarence House, England, and lived there a portion of every year, thus retaining the annuity of £10,000 given him in 1873. The £15,000 annuity conferred upon him in 1866 was voluntarily relinquished upon his succession to the Duchy, and as a foreign sovereign he ceased to be a Privy Councilor of Great Britain.

In addition to being Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha he was Duke of Saxony, Duke of Juliers, Cleves, and Berg, of Engern and of Westphalia; Landgrave of Thuringia, Margrave of Misnie, Count of Henneberg, Count of Mark and of Ravensberg, and Seigneur of Ravenstein and of Tonna Alt.

His first child, and only son, Prince Albert, was born in 1874 and died in February of last year. Four daughters are still living, the eldest, Princess Marie, being the wife of the Crown Prince of Roumania; the second, Princess Victoria, the wife of the Grand Duke of Hesse; and the third, Princess Alexandra, the wife of Prince Ernest of Hohenlohe-Langenburg. The fourth, Princess Beatrice, born in 1878, is still unmarried.

AMERICAN WINS GREAT PRIZE.

Tuberculosis Congress Votes Award to Dr. Knopf of New York for Consumption Essay.

BERLIN, July 31.—Dr. S. A. Knopf of the City of New York has been awarded the prize of 4,000 marks offered by the Tuberculosis Congress for the best essay on the subject "How to Fight Tuberculosis as a Disease of the Masses."

Eighty-one essays were offered in competition.

The award was made by a committee containing several of the leading German physicians and Count Posadowsky Wehner, Imperial Secretary of State of the Interior, and the Duke of Ratibor.

JOHN CLARK RIDPATH, HISTORIAN, DEAD.



He passed away yesterday in a New York hospital. He was born in 1840.

JOHN CLARK RIDPATH DIES

NOTED HISTORIAN EXPIRES AT A NEW YORK HOSPITAL.

He Had Been Suffering from a Complication of Diseases Since April 28—His Wife and Son Were with Him at the End—Sketch of the Career of Writer—His First Work Appeared in 1874 and Was Followed by Many Others.

New York, July 31.—John Clark Ridpath, the historian, died in the Presbyterian Hospital at 5:30 o'clock this evening from a complication of diseases. He had been a patient in the hospital since April 26. At the time of the historian's death his wife and son, S. E. Ridpath, were at the bedside. The body was later removed from the hospital.

John Clark Ridpath, historian and author, was born in Putnam County, Ind., on April 26, 1840. Through his father he was descended from the Ridpaths of Berwick-on-Tweed and through his mother from Governor Samuel Mathews of Virginia. His parents were poor and emigrated from Montgomery County, Va., into Indiana. John Clark was the eldest of the children, and from childhood gave evidence of great talents. There were many difficulties in the way of his securing an education, but an active mind and much energy enabled him to overcome obstacles, and when he was 11 years old he had acquired all that was taught in the log schoolhouse.

Applies Himself to Study.

For four years after leaving the home school he studied by himself works on natural philosophy, chemistry, and history. At 17 he was teaching school and clerking in a store. His father furnished him with funds to pay for the first year at Asbury (now De Pauw) University, from which he was graduated in 1863, having gone through a six-year's course in four years, supporting himself at the university by private teaching and contributions to newspapers. His attainments in Latin and Greek were regarded as phenomenal.

He became principal of Thorntown Academy in 1864 and superintendent of the Lawrenceburg, Ind., schools in 1866. In 1869 Asbury called him to the chair of English literature, and in 1871 changed him to the chair of belles lettres. In 1879 he was elected Vice President of the university, and chiefly through his efforts it received its large endowment and change of name to De Pauw.

His first historical work, the "Academic History of the United States," appeared in 1874 and was immediately successful. This work was abridged in 1876 and called "Grammar School History," and in this form is still a text book in the schools of the country. His "Popular History," issued in 1877, reached a sale of 350,000 copies and was translated into German. In the next four years appeared an "Inductive Grammar of the English Language," a monograph on "Alexander Hamilton," and the "Life and Work of Garfield." Seventy-five thousand of the latter work were sold in three months and a German translation made. "The Trial of Guiteau," a monograph, was published in 1882, after the appearance of the first volume of the "Cyclopedia of Universal History," which was made into a four-volume work and was a big success. "Beyond the Sierras" was published in 1888, and "Great Races of Mankind," four volumes in 1891. "The Life of Columbus" also appeared in 1891.

Mr. Ridpath was a regular contributor to magazines and newspapers, and was one of the editors of the "People's Cyclopedia." Syracuse University in 1880 made him an LL. D.

He was married in 1863 to Hannah R. Smythe, and leaves three daughters and one son.

DIES A CHRISTIAN SCIENTIST.

Mrs. J. A. Marshall Refuses Aid of Physicians and Succumbs to a Stroke of Paralysis.

Mrs. Alice Marshall died at Manistee, Mich., yesterday from a paralytic stroke. She and her husband, J. A. Marshall, had left several days ago for Manistee in the hope of bettering her health. Mrs. Marshall was a strong Christian Scientist and would have no physician.

The Marshall family resides at 383 East Forty-fourth street. The body will be brought to Chicago today, and the funeral will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon from the residence.

One of Mrs. Marshall's sons said last night: "Believing there is no death we do not feel the grief that others do over what others term death."

Arnold's Partner Held.

LONDON, July 31.—Thomas Boulton Sismey, a solicitor, was committed for trial in the Marlborough Street Police Court today on five charges of conspiracy to defraud clients. Sismey is a partner of Julian T. B. Arnold, who is now contesting extradition at San Francisco. The magistrate placed Sismey's bail at £10,000, which is considered prohibitive.

Orders Election in Cuba.

Washington, D. C., July 31.—The War department has issued an order for a general election to be held in Cuba on the third Saturday of September to elect delegates to a convention to be held in Havana on the first Monday of November. This convention is to frame and adopt a constitution for the people of Cuba.

Struck by Cable Train and May Die.

D. C. McCarthy, 736 West Madison street, was struck by a cable car at West Madison street and Western avenue while riding his bicycle across the tracks about 8:30 o'clock last night. He received a concussion of the brain, which may result fatally. He is 24 years old.

PEACE CONGRESS MEETS IN PARIS.

Convention of Parliaments and Press Associations in Session.

WORK FOR ARBITRATION.

Newspapermen Adopt System of International Press Credentials.

SERVIAN WEDDING DELAYED

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY GRACE CORNEAU.]

PARIS, July 31.—The interparliamentary peace congress had its first session today in the Senate Chamber, under the presidency of M. Fallieres, who made the opening address. He urged the delegates to make all nations understand it was better to seek decisions by arbitration than by victories of blood.

M. Monis, the Minister of Justice, welcomed the delegates. M. des Camps, a Senator from Belgium, read a report on the judicial functions of peace in the time of war.

Count Appoyni proposed the organization of a press union.

The arbitrage congress sent a resolution of sympathy to Italy.

Press Congress Gets to Work.

The press congress got down to serious work today.

A paper was read by Mr. Singer urging the establishment of better conditions for journalists and that they fortify their place in the state and society by lifting up the profession to the height of a public function enjoying entire public confidence. The report of Mr. Fanney proposing an international press card good in all countries was accepted by unanimous vote.

Michael De Young of San Francisco was elected President of the American press section and M. Hebrard, director of the Temps, President of the French section.

Wait Wedding for Throne.

The Czar has decided to be present by witness at the marriage of King Alexander and has charged Count Mansourow to represent him. The ceremony has been postponed because the Servian throne is in Paris as one of the decorations in the Servian palace at the exposition. The King has ordered it sent back and workmen packed it up today. It will arrive at the Servian capital for the ceremony on Thursday.

PETTIGREW'S SON WITH BOERS.

Young American Joins General Botha's Staff—Lord Roberts Lessens Estimate of Recent Surrender.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—The Lourenzo Marquez correspondent of the Daily Express says: "The Boers are preparing to retreat from Watervalboven. Frank Pettigrew, son of United States Senator Pettigrew, has arrived there and has joined Commandant General Botha's staff."

A dispatch received at the War office today from Lord Roberts materially modifies yesterday's statement of the surrender of 5,000 under General Prinsloo. It now appears that Generals Prinsloo, Villiers, and Crowther surrendered with 986 men, 1,432 horses, 955 rifles, and a Krupp nine-pounder. Some of the leaders in more distant parts of the hills hesitate to come in on the plea that they are independent of General Prinsloo. Lord Roberts adds that he has directed General Hunter to resume hostilities forthwith and to listen to no excuses.

REPRESSION AT ODESSA.

Military Authority There Makes Arbitrary Disposition of Prisoners.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, Aug. 1, 3 a. m.—The Times this morning publishes a dispatch from Odessa, July 31, which says: "The Odessa official gazette contains a notice saying that for causing street disturbances in Odessa on Sunday and yesterday 1,041 persons were arrested and incarcerated in the Odessa prison. They are awaiting the establishment of identification. The Governor, acting under powers of martial law, orders an arrested person born in Odessa to undergo three months' imprisonment and those not born here to be expelled and sent to their native places.

AMERICANS BACK ROYAL FLUSH

Sporting Crowd in London Nearly Break Goodwood Bookmakers Betting on Drake's Winner.

LONDON, July 31.—The American sporting crowd nearly broke the bookmakers at the Goodwood races today on Royal Flush's victory for the Stewards' Cup.

John Drake, the Chicago owner of the winner, backed the horse for many thousand pounds with the same nerve with which he plays poker.

He got odds of 5 and 6 to 1.

John Gates stood by him filling the bookies' list, while the whole crowd of sports who regularly play the races backed Royal Flush because little Johnnie Reiff was riding him. It is estimated tonight that Americans cleared a quarter of a million dollars on the victory.

C. M. SHELDON COMING HOME.

Topeka Pastor Sails Today from Liverpool for New York—Talks of English Churches.

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, July 31.—The Rev. C. M. Sheldon held a farewell meeting tonight in Liverpool. He sails tomorrow for New York. He said during his two months' visit in England he had observed more formality between ministers and their congregations than in America. This, he thought, was detrimental to the interests of both.

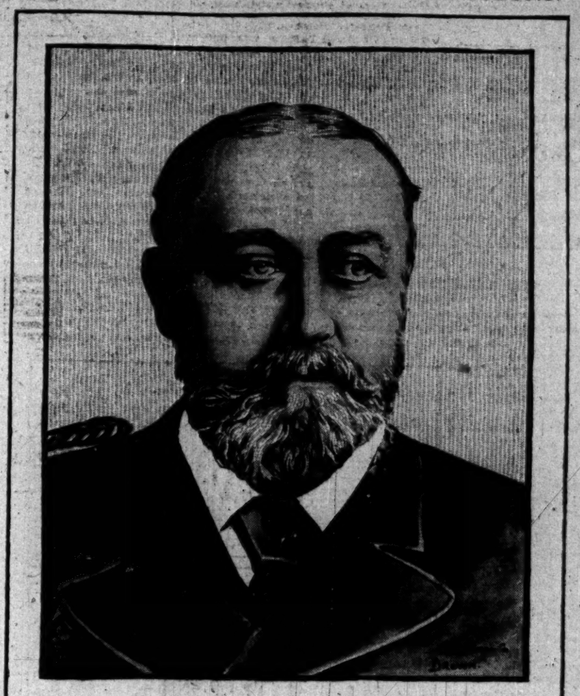
Queen's Statue Defaced.

LONDON, July 31.—An unknown vandal has wrenched the head from the Queen's statue in Elsewick Park, Newcastle. The police think it was the work of a crank whose mind has been unsettled by the assassination of King Humbert.

In Memory of Bismarck.

BERLIN, July 31.—Memorial services were held today in the Bismarck mausoleum. Emperor William had sent a magnificent wreath, which was placed upon the coffin.

THE LATE DUKE ALFRED OF SAXE-COBURG.



He died Monday evening and will be succeeded by the young Duke of Albany.

FIND SUCCESS IN LONDON.

AMERICAN PLAYERS REAP FAME IN ENGLISH CAPITAL.

Once a Favorite, Always One, Holds Good with British Audiences—Edna May Makes a Big Hit and Draws Tears When She Says Good-By for a Short Season—Profitable Experiences of Gertrude Elliott, Mrs. Carter, Mrs. Potter, and Others.

[FOREIGN CORRESPONDENCE OF THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, July 18.—Successes in London are perhaps no more common than in New York or Chicago, nor are they less easily made, but they are undoubtedly more lasting. Once a favorite among London theater goers, always a favorite, is a maxim that holds good nine times out of ten. True, London audiences will not support a play, musical comedy, or opera that is not to their liking, yet the individual favorite is never forgotten. The next time he or she appears a welcome—and a warm one—is as certain as the ringing up of the curtain. A fair sample of this is illustrated in the case of Edna May.

In "The Belle of New York" she made a hit the size of which has not been equaled in London in many years; the last night of that piece actually provoked tears in many eyes; the good-by given Miss May was enthusiastic to a degree seldom witnessed outside an American national convention. When she reappeared, after an absence of only three months, in "An American Beauty," her reception was quite as cordial. But "An American Beauty" was a failure—rewritten, reinforced, revamped in a dozen ways London would not have it. One would have thought that Edna May, Ella Snyder, and James E. Sullivan—all favorites in the "Belle"—would have fallen in public estimation with it. Not so. This was shown the opening night of "The Casino Girl." Edna May was not in the cast, but she was in a box with her sister, and the audience was not slow to pick her out and cheer her as if she were a returned war hero. Sullivan and Miss Snyder were not forgotten either, but though they were on the stage and bidding for fresh honors their greeting was no more pronounced than was that of the pretty American girl in a simple white dress seated in the box.

Engagements Always Open.

There is almost a score of American actresses and actors who have such a following in London that an engagement is always open to them. Next to Edna May, perhaps the most remarkable success is that of Gertrude Elliott. When Miss Elliott came to London with her sister, Maxine Elliott, and Nat Goodwin she was entirely unknown. Her work in "The Cowboy and the Lady" and "An American Citizen" made her familiar to every playgoer in London and brought her offers from managers galore. Even her beautiful sister was eclipsed. The critics agreed that she was an actress whose future it would be difficult to measure. She was offered among other things the leading part in "A Royal Family" and decided to remain in London. Today she is leading woman in Forbes Robertson's company and gives every promise of proving a worthy successor to Mrs. Campbell.

Mrs. Carter's success in "Zaza" has made her also a permanent favorite in London. The critics, with only a few exceptions, praised her acting, but they railed against the play, as many did in America. Yet the play succeeded, Mrs. Carter became the rage, and in future her manager will have but to announce her appearance to insure a fat box office.

Mrs. James Brown Potter's hold on the London public was derived not so much from any particular theatrical success as to her powers as a social leader and to the fact that she was taken up by the Prince of Wales. Mrs. Potter has been "resting" for nearly a year now, but it is announced that she is making preparations for a reappearance in the fall.

Praise for Michigan Girl.

In smaller parts, but in companies equally good, Helen Macbeth, a decidedly pretty actress whose home is in Michigan, has secured a permanent position in London. Her work in "The Wrong Mr. Wright," when that piece had such a run at the Strand, and in "Kitty Grey," now running at the Vaudeville, has received uniformly good notices.

Phyllis Rankin helped materially to make "The Belle of New York" a success, and the announcement by G. W. Lederer that she is soon to return to London has called forth many nice things from the critics.

The recent success of Mabelle Gilman in "The Casino Girl" is not only exceptional, but eminently deserved. No light opera singer has ever been sent from America who possesses so many qualities essential to popularity. In the first place she has a voice of unusual sweetness and quality—something Edna May never owned—she can dance gracefully, her stage presence is most captivating, and in point of beauty she is above the average of pretty American girls. The instant she stepped upon the stage, just one week ago tonight, she hit the fancy of London. She had been heralded some, but not to any great extent; she arrived in London with only her own talents to commend her. Those talents did commend. Everything she did after her initial bow was well received, when she sang, when she danced, or when she only acted. The critics without exception praised her, and urged their readers to see her.

Approved by Clement Scott.

Even Clement Scott sang her praises in a lengthy paragraph. She has been interviewed, her pictures appear in all of the illustrated papers, and the nobility is sweating down its collars and shirt fronts to see her from the boxes. That she will be taken up by society, as was Edna May, is only a question of a short time. Then nothing will stand in the way of salary at her own figures.

Of American actors who have established reputations in London, there are even more than there are actresses. An even dozen can be counted without stopping to think. The best known of the lot, perhaps, is Hayden Coffin. Mr. Coffin came to London from Boston several years ago and sprang into fame one night by singing "Queen of My Heart," at the same time making the opera "Dorothy" the greatest musical success ever recorded. He has appeared in a number of operas since then, and sang one season in America with Lillian Russell. His latest success is in "San Toy," which has been running at Daly's for about nine months.

Franklyn MacLeay, the member of Beerbohm Tree's company who died a couple of weeks ago, was well thought of in London. He was a Canadian by birth and a Bostonian by education.

Paul Arthur, for several years with the Frohman forces in America, plays all the leading juvenile rôles in the Haymarket productions—the most elaborate in point of detail in London. The Haymarket company also includes Cyril Maude, thought by many to be the best character actor in England.

Leading Man to Mrs. Campbell.

Frank Mills came to London with Mrs. Carter in "The Heart of Maryland" three years ago and made such a good impression that he has since had good parts with Beerbohm Tree, Wilson Barrett, and Forbes Robertson. He is now leading man to Mrs. Patrick Campbell, and his portrayal of the villain in "Magda"—in which Mrs. Campbell has won such honors—is one of the best pieces of work of the season.

Holbrook Blinn, a young Californian, who appeared first in London in Chester Bailey Fernald's play, "The Cat and the Cherub," is now Martin Harvey's leading support. In "The Only Way," "Don Juan's Last Wager," and "Ib and Little Christina" he has done excellent character work.

Tom Wise made an excellent impression in "The Wrong Mr. Wright," and Frank Lawton, James E. Sullivan, Harry Davenport, Dan Daly, and Edward J. Connelly are all well remembered in connection with "The Belle of New York." Lawton has since made much money and a lot of friends in the music halls, while Sullivan is helping Mabelle Gilman make "The Casino Girl" a go.

Nat Goodwin made some reputation in "An American Citizen" and "The Cowboy and the Lady," and would no doubt be welcomed in any play suited to London audiences.

De Wolf Hopper made a decided hit socially and would have carried back to America with him a cartload of English sovereigns had he had an opera worthy of his talents.

On the vaudeville stage Eugene Stratton and R. G. Knowles hold the first rank. They, with Dan Leno, receive the highest salaries paid in England—$500 and $600 a week. Stratton first introduced the modern coon to London and Knowles the American monologue.

MRS. JOSEPH H. DILLON HURT.

Wife of Theatrical Manager Thrown from a Trap While Driving with Her Husband and Seriously Injured.

Narragansett Pier, R. I., July 31.—[Special.]—Joseph H. Dillon, the theatrical manager in charge of Richard Mansfield's tour, was driving with his wife in a one-seated one-horse trap along Ocean road at 6:30 p. m., when the trap was upset and Mrs. Dillon was badly injured.

The seat of the Dilion trap is eight feet high. Mr. Dillon is a large man, weighing 250 pounds. Mrs. Dillon is quite frail. The horse is 6 years old, and up to this time had never shown temper.

The horse, however, got frightened at something on the way back from the polo ground, and ran madly along the road, past a throng of fashionable turnouts, finally upsetting the vehicle. Mrs. Dilion was picked up unconscious, and found to be badly injured internally. The people in the turnouts among which the runaway found its way were panic-stricken.

Former American Consul Dies Abroad.

LONDON, July 31.—George Daniels, United States Consul at Hull under President Harrison's administration, died here today.

FIGHT FIRE ON CHANNEL BOAT.

Passengers and Crew of Connemara Have Perilous Journey.

FINALLY CHECK FLAMES.

Twenty-three Per Cent of English School Children Defective in Vision.

WANT ATHLETIC PASTOR

[SPECIAL CABLE TO THE CHICAGO TRIBUNE BY ARTHUR L. CLARKE.]

LONDON, July 31.—The passengers and crew of the channel steamer Connemara had a desperate struggle with flames this morning. Soon after leaving Grenore for Holyhead fire was discovered in the cargo, and the efforts of the crew failing to check the spread of the fire the men who were passengers were called. The announcement that the ship was on fire created a panic, and smoke was soon pouring from the hatches. The deck grew dangerously hot. After several hours the flames were extinguished, but not before the deck, crowded with passengers, had been severely scorched.

Fast Work in Police Court.

A London police magistrate has established a new legal record. This morning he disposed of a docket of sixty cases of various character in one hour. Some of the prisoners were sent to jail almost before they were aware their cases had been called.

Defective Eyes in English Schools.

The London School board's test of the eyesight of pupils just finished shows 23 per cent have defective vision. The results lead the experts to declare that residence in crowded districts is injurious to eyes, as in the city 44 per cent are defective, while in Greenwich the percentage is only 18. The authorities declare this is due to the fact that city children are not trained to observe objects at a distance.

The report shows that boys have better sight than girls.

Clergyman Must Be Athlete.

Only athletic clergymen need to apply for pastorates in rural English districts. One country curate has received his order of removal, not because of any objection to his theology, but because he is a poor cricket player.

The vicar declared: "What the parish needs is a good, fast bowler, with a break from the off."

The vicar evidently considers that the doctrine expounded by a clergyman capable of winning the county championship is irresistible to the average village lad.

Arrivals by the Cymric.

Among the passengers arriving at Liverpool by the Cymric from New York on July 18 are J. C. Bancroft Davis and wife, and the Rev. O. L. W. Smith, the American Minister to Liberia.

BREAD RIOTS IN HONDURAS.

Populace Rises Against Taxes Placed on the Necessities of Life—Governor General Absent.

New Orleans, La., July 31.—News reached here today of a riot at Belize, British Honduras. The taxes on the necessities of life were increased and the laboring classes revolted. A man named Huer led the mob, which stormed the palace of Governor General Wilson, demanding an audience. The Colonial Guards dispersed the mob at the point of the bayonet. Governor General Wilson is now on a visit to President Diaz of Mexico, having gone there on the Mexican gunboat Saragosa, and will visit London before returning to Honduras. Political significance is attached in Honduras to the Mexican trip.

ALDERMAN MINWEGEN SHOWS A CROWD HOW TO STOP A RUNAWAY.

Catches Horses in Dearborn Avenue and Drives Them Back to Starting Point, Leading His Own Animal—No One Hurt by the Wild Team.

Alderman John Minwegen of the Twenty-fourth Ward showed the residents of Dearborn avenue a few things in the line of stopping runaway teams yesterday afternoon. As he was driving east in Huron street from Clark, a pair of runaway horses attached to a Bellevue Express company's wagon dashed past him and continued north in Dearborn avenue. The Alderman at once started after them.

Near the crossing of Chestnut street he overtook the express wagon. Raising from his seat he struck with his whip at the heads of the running horses. They slackened their speed, and Mr. Minwegen jumped from his buggy and caught them by the reins.

Then, tying his horse to the express wagon, he mounted the seat and drove back to Clark street. The chase was watched by hundreds of people who were calling to those in front of the team to stop it. No one was struck by the wagon.

EVANSTON'S FEAR IS REALIZED.

Hints of Wrong in City Hall Followed by Arrest of Collector Rice for Wheeling Without a Light.

Not since the citizens give the best behaved cab driver a gold medal or the time when a trick donkey broke into the pound has Evanston been so stirred as it was last night. Press and pulpit have been charging that corruption lurked in high places in the Evanston city administration, and in the evening a startling revelation was made. Louis S. Rice, the Collector of the city, was arrested and taken to the station-house being detected in the act of riding his bicycle at night without a light.

Mr. Rice refused to talk after his arrest, but it is said that his confession when made will involve other officials also high in the municipal affairs of the city. It is said that a man who is serving his second term as Alderman told Mr. Rice to persevere in his course of wickedly riding without a light, and that another high official refused to lend him a match.

The bicycle was put under arrest as well as Mr. Rice. Rice secured his release, but the wheel was placed in solitary confinement and nobody was permitted to interview it.

LEAGUE OF MOTHERS HERE

MEETING WILL OPEN AT LONGWOOD THIS MORNING.

Large Audience Expected—Topic for Discussion at Opening Session, "Neighborhood Relationship," Excites Much Interest—Membership in Organization Limited, but General Atendance Is Invited—Program for Other Days.

The League of American Mothers will open its annual congress at Longwood this morning and continue in session for three days. There were numerous arrivals yesterday, women prominent in mothers' club work coming from all parts of the country. The congress goes to Longwood, a station on the Rock Island, southwest of the city, to meet again where the league was formed. Although only mothers are admitted to the league, a general attendance at the annual conferences is invited.

Word has been received that twelve mothers from Texas are on the way to attend the meeting. Mrs. Lida J. Hardy, who has been an assistant to the Rev. Charles M. Sheldon, has arrived. Among the others here to attend are:

Mrs. James T. Hughes, Toronto.	Miss Martha Crombie Wood, Hillsboro, Tex.
Mrs. Upson, Mason City, Ia.	Mrs. Frank Hoag, Aurora.
Mrs. J. B. Whaling, Van Buren, Ark.	Mrs. Alice B. Bierhaus, Vincennes, Ind.
Mrs. Jeannette G. West, St. Louis.	Mrs. George Sieberling, Akron, O.
Mrs. H. I. Cramer, Wilmette.	Mrs. Carrie Ashton Johnson, Rockford, Ill.
Mrs. Gregory West.	Miss Josephine Jarvis.

This morning's session promises to be one of interest, as the question of neighborhood relationships has aroused much discussion. The views of the suburban resident, who knows every neighbor for a block well enough to drop in informally and discuss household matters, will be contrasted with those of the city resident, who does not even make formal calls on the neighbor in the next apartment. Mrs. Ellen Lee Wyman of Evanston is to lead the discussion of this subject.

CHICAGOANS SAIL FOR EUROPE.

List of Cabin Passengers Booked in Local Offices to Leave Eastern Ports for Old World Points.

The following cabin passengers booked at the Chicago office sail on the White Star line steamship Majestic today:

Mr. and Mrs. David Protz.	Fred Lake.
Miss Agnes Whyte.	Harold Beattie.
Mrs. C. A. Gunn.	D. Floyd Fager.
Mrs. Pluma Gunn.	Louis Rohrer.
Dr. V. M. Daly.	Henry Schneidecker.
K. G. Brunnberg.	Mr. Wright.
F. G. Hunter.	G. N. Trateur.
Rev. C. J. Hughes.	Harry Williams.
E. B. Hart.	Ole Skinsted.
H. S. Hayward.	Mrs. John Simock and two children.
J. P. Magnus.	Mrs. Ruth Kilburn.
Mr. and Mrs. William Cliff.	Mrs. W. Caldwell.
Rev. J. S. Doyle.	Mrs. J. L. Ledlie.
Samuel Rosen.	Mrs. Thomas Ledlie.
William D. Hardy.	Mrs. H. D. Simons and child.
Miss Ray Merebaum.	Miss Grace Cahill.
S. Kitakoga.	Miss Margaret Walsh.
Mrs. Robert Mather.	Miss Elizabeth Walsh.
Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Hastings.	Miss H. Golding.
Ronald Rankin.	Miss Anne Wedge.
Harry Roberts.	Miss P. Amery.
John Amery.	Mrs. Mary Trateur.
James Wedge.	Mr. and Mrs. Otto Fahlstrom and child.
J. N. Blenkarn.	James Ryan.
J. L. Ledlie.	Miss Ryan.
Thomas Ledlie.	Mr. and Mrs. George Williams and child.
William Ledlie.	Rev. and Mrs. Lee Beattie.
Master Chester Ledlie.	
Miss Fannie Ledlie.	
John H. Hetreed.	

The following cabin passengers, booked in Chicago, leave this week on the Red Star line steamer Westernland:

Charles D. Guerney.	Mrs. G. L. Brown.
John Eclois.	Oscar Fish.
Miss E. L. Hanlon.	Miss M. R. Hanlon.
Miss K. F. Maun.	Miss Hanna Strauss.
Otto B. Strauss.	Miss Anna E. Strauss.
C. C. Reinert.	William Horace.
Frank Bloes.	Miss Elizabeth Bloes.
Anton Kramer.	Miss Sophie Transch.
Miss Mary Transch.	Miss Minnie Bauman.
Miss Anna Gantrel.	Ferdy Biegel.
Martin Reinert.	Oscar Schlotthauer.

CONTENTS OF AUGUST MAGAZINES.

The Century Magazine.

"Amusements of the Paris Exposition." I.—Jean Schopfer.
"The Helmet of Navarre." I.—Bertha Runkle.
"The Old Collector"—Beatrice Hanscom.
"The Riverside of East London"—Sir Walter Besant.
"The Decadence of Manners"—Amelia Gere Mason.
"Treasures of the New York Aquarium"—Charles L. Bristol.
"Dr. North and His Friends." VI.—S. Weir Mitchell.
"Memoirs of a Musical Life." II.—William Mason.
"Summer Holidays in Alaskan Waters"—John Burroughs.
"Oliver Cromwell." X.—John Morley.
"The Author's Reading in Simpkinsville"—Ruth McEnery Stuart.
"The Druggist's Clerk"—Laura E. Richards.
"The Montgomery Race Conference"—Booker T. Washington.

Harper's Magazine.

"The Punishment of the Stingy"—George Bird Grinnell.
"English and American Elections"—Sydney Brooks.
"Eleanor." A novel. Part VIII.—Mrs. Humphry Ward.
"In a Hansom." A story—Brander Matthews.
"A Journey to the Abyssinian Capital." Part III.—Captain M. S. Wellby.
"The Mantle of Elijah." A novel. Part IV.—Israel Zangwill.
"Whilomville Stories. XIII. A Little Pilgrim"—Stephen Crane.
"His Old Love." A story. Margaret Sutton Briscoe.
"Old Cinder Cat." A story—Virginia Frazer Boyle.
"The Lady of the Barge." A story—W. W. Jacobs.
"Evidence of Life After Death"—Thomson Jay Hudson, LL. D.
"A Century of Church Methods"—J. H. Ecob.
"The Doctor's Horse." A story—Mary E. Wilkins.
"Richard Foster." A story—Seumas MacManus.
"A Bicycle of Cathay." A novel. Part III.—Frank R. Stockton.

The Forum.

"The Present Status of Afghanistan"—Sultan Mohammed Khan.
"Some Italian Problems"—H. Remsen Whitehouse.
"Canada and Imperialism"—John Charlton, M. P.
"The United States as a World Power"—Charles A. Conant.
"Child Study and Its Relation to Education"—G. Stanley Hall.
"The Present and Future of the Philippines"—F. F. Hilder.
"How Peace Was Made Between China and Japan"—Hon. Charles Denby.
"The Negro Problem in the South"—C. H. Grosvenor.
"Labor and Politics in Great Britain"—J. Keir Hardie.
"Texas, Past and Present"—Robert T. Hill.
"Tolstoy's Russia"—G. H. Perris.

The Atlantic Monthly.

"Political Education"—Arthur Twining Hadley.
"The Foreigner"—Sarah Orne Jewett.
"The Wild Gardens of the Yosemite Park"—John Muir.
"A Sea Change"—Alice Brown.
"The Iowans"—Rollin Lynde Hartt.
"A Difficult Case." II.—W. D. Howells.
"Gramarye"—Harriet Prescott Spofford.
"The Price of Order"—Talcott Williams.
"The Pathway Round"—Fanny Kemble Johnson.
"Content in a Garden." III.—Candace Wheeler.
"The Circle of Death"—G. D. Wetherbee.
"Submarine Signaling and Maritime Safety"—Sylvester Baxter.
"Our Rights in China"—Mark B. Dunnell.
"Some Radicals as Statesmen: Chase, Sumner, Adams, and Stevens"—Frederic Bancroft.

Scribner's Magazine.

"Tito—the Story of the Coyote That Learned How"—Ernest Seton-Thompson.
"Old Carnations"—Albert Bigelow Paine.
"The Duchess at Prayer"—Edith Wharton.
"The Green Dancer"—Bliss Carman.
"Pretoria in War Time"—Richard Harding Davis.
"How Granny Reads Her Omar"—Mary Youngs.
"Tommy and Grizel." XXV.-XXVI.—J. M. Barrie.

Review of Reviews.

"The Chinese Revolution"—Stephen Bonsal.
"The Kansas City Convention"—Walter Wellman.
"Mr. Bryan at Home."
"Theodore Roosevelt"—Jacob A. Riis.
"Roosevelt's Work as Governor."
"The New York Appellate Courthouse in New York City"—Ernest Knaufft.
"The Embellishment of a Michigan Town"—Archibald Hadden.
"A National Art Exhibition"—William Ordway Partridge.
"Volcanic Scenery of the Northwest"—Robert E. Strahorn.

Leslie's Popular Monthly.

"Sammy." Story—F. Hopkinson Smith.
"An Impression of the Regency." Story—A. Conan Doyle.
"A Tragedy from the Trivial." Story—Mary E. Wilkins.
"Girls of Two Republics"—Infanta Eulalia of Spain.
"Josiah Allen on a Wheel." Story—Marietta Holley.
"Recollections of General Robert E. Lee"—Robert E. Lee Jr.

Popular Science Monthly.

"Rythms and Geologic Time"—G. K. Gilbert.
"The Photography of Sound Waves"—Professor R. W. Wood.
"The Psychology of Red"—Havelock Ellis.
"Chapters on the Stars"—Professor Simon Newcomb.
"Colonies and the Mother Country"—James Collier.
"Evolution and Present Status of the Automobile"—William Baxter Jr.
"Scientific Results of the Norwegian Polar Expedition."—General A. W. Greely.

The Cosmopolitan.

"The Paris Exposition"—William T. Stead.
"A Newport Palace"—Montgomery Schuyler.
"Some Notable Murder Cases"—William F. Howe.
"The Story of Annabel Lea"—Francis Willing Wharton.
"What is a Gentleman?—a Lady?"—Adam Adam Singleton.
"Republic of the United States of Great Britain"—John Brisben Walker.
"With Boer and Briton"—Frank R. Roberson.
"Wreck of the Brigantine Ringer"—John R. Spears.
"The Evolution of the Top Hat"—Charles Johnston.
"The Rembrandt"—Edith Wharton.
"The Choice of a Profession"—Thomas R. Slicer.

The International Monthly.

"The Trend of Modern Agriculture in the United States"—George W. Hill.
"American Literary Criticism and the Doctrine of Evolution." II.—William Morton Payne.
"Recent Advance in Psychology"—E. B. Titchener.
"Man and the Environment—a Study from the Paris Exposition"—Patrick Geddes.
"Modern Political Germany"—Theodor Barth.

The Critic.

"English Dramatists of Today"—W. Kingsley Tarpey.
"Representative American Women Illustrators." II.—Regina Armstrong.
"The Gospel of Hemp"—Joseph B. Gilder.
"Quousque Tandem?"—William Archer.
"The Genesis of Romantic Love"—Charles James Wood.
"Queen Victoria Day by Day"—The late Mrs. Oliphant.
"Decadence"—Andrew Lang.

Short Story of the Day
A Precious Trust.

"Her dresses with precision hang,
Her hat observes a stylish set,
She has a poodle for a pet——"
—Frank Dempster Sherman.

THE firm of Twist & Taffeta was progressive—consequently considerate. So, it being July, Will Merrivell got off at 1 o'clock on Saturdays. So did Iona Wray, who was in the mail order department, and who frequently came to him, in his position as manager of the cloth department, to match samples or order goods. On one of these occasions he discovered that Iona lived in the same suburb as he did. He found out, too, that they generally went out of the city at the same hour, on the same train. On learning which his spirits rose like a toy balloon. To be sure, Iona was a pretty girl. She possessed not only beauty but distinction. She held her slender young body so erectly, she spoke so frankly, but also with such dignified reserve, and she was so earnest and so conscientious in doing the work intrusted to her that Will Merrivell forgot while in her presence to give the firm his best duty and attention.

But, then, Merrivell was extremely susceptible. If he had not been so susceptible it is quite unlikely that he would have been confided with a precious trust. And if he had not been selected for the honor conferred upon him he and Iona might never have proceeded beyond the boundaries where the courtesies of casual acquaintance cease. Indeed, she did not feel sufficiently familiar with him to mention the fact of her intention to stay an hour later in town than usual on one particular afternoon, although she had come down to Merrivell that morning for six yards of lavender broadcloth to be sent to a lady living in Arizona.



"Hot day," remarked Merrivell. "It will be fine to get away early."

"Delightful!" assented Iona.

But she did not enter the Northwestern Depot at her ordinary hour, although Will paced up and down just without the railing, and watched the great gates until his train had come and gone. Surely she would be here before the next train was due to leave. The thought of sitting beside her as the train rushed out of the smoky city into the beautiful green suburbs was delightful. He might even get up courage to ask to call! And if permitted to do so, how kind he would be to Bobby—if only Bobby would keep still about their little altercation. Bobby had stretched a string across the sidewalk. Merrivell, running for the train, had fallen over it and skinned his shins. Observing the culprit, he had promptly grabbed him and given him chastisement brief but effective. Confound it! How was he to know that the little red-headed wretch was the brother of this charming girl? He would fall over strings all the way from Melrose to State streets, if only——

"I beg your pardon, madam!"

His hat was in his hand and he was bowing profoundly to a lady with whom he had almost collided when he had turned so abruptly in his impetuous walk.

"Do not mention it!" cried the lady, who was young and pale and of almost tragic appearance. She was handsome, too, but evidently grief was responsible for the wild expression of large black eyes and the piteous trembling of her lips. She wore deep mourning. She was apparently a foreigner. "But you will help me, sir? I am in desperation. Two hours from now I take a train to the West. I came down here to make arrangements for leaving. At my hotel I forgot some important papers. I must return at once and secure them. In the meantime may I beg of you to undertake the care of my darling Snowflower? It is a precious trust and one which I would not confide to every stranger. Is this asking too much, sir?"

Merrivell the susceptible, Merrivell the gallant, bowed still more courteously. "I am honored," he assured her, "highly honored! Consider me at your service!"

He felt jubilant. This was an opportunity. Now, when Iona Wray arrived, she would see with what gentleness, with what tenderness he cared for this child of a stranger! She would appreciate all the lovely depths of his sympathy! She would be incredulous of the statements of that red-headed Bobby! She might even think Bobby deserved corporal reproval. And, when she passed through the gates alone what a lingering glance would she not send back to him where he sat caring for the child of a lonely young widow! He would smile sadly in answer, and she would realize that it was only his sense of chivalry which kept him from her side. And all the way out she——

So deep was he in the delicious dream he did not perceive the return of the black-eyed stranger until she was close beside him.

"You are so kind! I shall now feel perfectly safe about my little darling. I shall soon be back!"

Then she disappeared, and Merrivell found himself staring down upon the big, covered basket she had thrust in his hand. Hallo! What kind of a game was this? Her darling Snowflower! Her precious trust! Was the child in the basket? Was the child dead? Was he to be involved in an ugly mystery? His face blanched. A cold sweat broke out on his forehead. He could feel it trickling down his cheeks. He glared wildly around. He sank weakly down on the bench, never relaxing his grip of the heavy basket. Should he cut for it and run? Wouldn't that arouse suspicion? Or—merciful heavens! Here was Iona Wray now—coming directly towards him, and looking sweet as a rose in her thin summer gown and big leghorn hat. He was wildly anxious that she should not see him, but she did. She paused in some astonishment. "Are you ill?" she asked. "I have never seen you appear so——" she hesitated for a word—"so disturbed," she concluded.

He staggered to his feet, still holding hard the handle of the basket in his left hand and jerking off his hat with his right.

"No—no! I'm all right—at least——" Here something in the basket moved. He glanced down in a panic. Iona's bewildered gaze followed his. Did that contain the mystery of his pallor, his excitement, his distracted air?

"It's—it's alive!" he said in a blood-curdling whisper.

He hastily set the basket down and drew back.

"What's alive?" gasped Iona.

"Her darling Snowflower—the child!" he panted.

"The child!" repeated Iona with a shriek. "A baby in that basket!"

Her cry attracted the attention of the people hurrying for the trains. Many paused. A crowd gathered—augmented.

"Here—here!" cried a portly policeman hastening up. "What's all this about?"

"It's a child!" "It's a baby!" "It's tied in that basket!" "Here's a loophole for air!" "Who does it belong to?" "The man was abducting it!"

The cries increased in number. Exclamations of horror resounded. A couple of railway officials passed through the throng. And meantime the basket rocked away on the bench in an uncanny fashion that sent shivers down the back of the least imaginative.

"I don't know anything about it!" protested Merrivell in an agonized wail. "A lady gave it to me to hold until her return. I——"

Lowering looks met his. A threatening growl arose.

"That's all right, sir!" grunted out a man apparently panoplied with authority. "We'll attend to you. Officer, keep your eye on this fellow! I am going to open this basket."

He whipped out a knife—bent down. The curious crowd pressed closer. Not one of that breathless mob moved as the knife snipped—snipped along the taut lines. Suddenly the lid was jerked upward. There was a cry from the basket—not the cry of a child. It was a yelp. A wooly white poodle poked out his head and looked inquisitively around.

The howl that went up from the observers caused the hurrying suburbanites on the iron staircase to stand aghast. The big policeman burst into a bellow. He took his hand from Merrivell's arm. Iona laughed through her frightened tears. And, just when the hubbub was at its height, a frantic woman burst through the throng. She plowed her way to the bench, to the basket, her black eyes flashing fire.

"You are a fine gentleman to trust!" she screamed. She had turned on Merrivell in a fury. "Letting those horrid railroad men see my Snowflower! Now, they will not allow me to take him in the passenger car! And I shall not have my beautiful little love shut up in the baggage car! I gave him the tiniest whiff of chloroform to keep him quiet until we should have started. I went away to get a trifle more. He would have slept the whole way! But you—you impostor! You have betrayed me! You have abused my confidence!" She stormed away at a wonderful rate. "O, my precious pet!" she wailed at last, catching the drowsy canine to her bosom, "it's astonishing that he didn't try to steal you!"

"I—I didn't know it was a dog!" protested Merrivell weakly. She flung fiercely around. "What did you think it was?" she demanded.

Whereat the crowd roared again.

"Oak Park train—a-ll a-b-oard!" bawled the starter.

Merrivell and Miss Wray sat together all the way out. They laughed immoderately. He was assured he might call. He did—in fact, he is still calling. To be explicit, there is a rumor that—but this may be gossip. Anyhow, the girls in the mail order department smile when Iona's work takes her to the cloth goods aisle. And Will's fellow-workers are guying him for taking down Navajo blue when she asked for sunburnt rose. At all events, these young people seem to be happy together on their free Saturday afternoons. Best of all, Bobby, by some mysterious process, has been conciliated. As a chaperon, self-satisfied, ubiquitous, and decidedly superfluous, he merits commendation, and gets nickels, dimes, and sometimes even—quarters.

Marquise de Fontenoy Letter.

(Copyright, 1900, by the Marquise de Fontenoy.)

AMERICAN friends and acquaintances of Prince Albert of Belgium will do well to take note of the fact that his marriage to Princess Elizabeth of Bavaria will take place during the last week of next month. It was to have been celebrated a fortnight ago, but had to be postponed on the eve of the date fixed for the wedding owing to the sudden death of Prince Albert's grandmother, the Dowager Princess of Hohenzollern. The ceremony will take place at Munich, much to the disgust of the good people of Brussels.

The controversy which has recently taken place between W. W. Astor and Sir Berkeley Milne has had the rather remarkable, but still not altogether unexpected, effect of starting a movement in England for the revival of dueling, and it is declared on unquestioned authority that the Prince of Wales himself views this movement with approval. This is not surprising in view of the cosmopolitan ideas of the British heir apparent, and there is no doubt that something of the kind will have to be done, now that the intercourse between continental society and that of England has become so close and intimate. Sir Berkeley Milne is not merely a man of ancient family and the member of several leading London clubs, but is likewise a Captain of the royal navy. This being the case, the view is taken by society in England and on the continent that the affront placed upon him by Mr. Astor, first in turning him out of his house and then in publishing the fact in his paper, the Pall Mall Gazette, constitutes an indignity not only to the service to which Sir Berkeley belonged, but likewise to the "Queen's cloth," which he wears. For officers of the army and navy in Europe are expressly taught that they must at all costs have "the King's cloth" respected, that any indignity to which it is subjected is an insult to the sovereign, and must be resented as such. On the continent any officer who does not resent such an affront either by exacting the most abject apology or else by fighting a duel with the insulter is compelled to resign his commission and is subjected henceforth to such social ostracism that it renders expatriation indispensable. To such a point is this idea carried that when a man is debarred by reason of his inferiority in rank from giving satisfaction to the affronted officer by a meeting on the field of honor—that is to say, by a duel—the officer is considered to have a right to draw his sword and to cut the fellow down, receiving little or no punishment and losing no caste nor consideration if he happens to kill his man while so doing.

Now, it is felt that the half-hearted and graceless apology published in the Pall Mall Gazette by Mr. Astor is in no sense of the word adequate to the situation, or that it meets the requirements of the case, since he merely retracted the paragraph which he had published about Sir Berkeley having been uninvited at his house. A far more ample apology is required, and, failing this, it is considered that in spite of Anglo-Saxon prejudice against dueling Mr. Astor should be forced by Sir Berkeley to fight him. The latter has almost as many friends on the continent as in England, and whenever he visits Vienna, Berlin, or Paris he is at once given the run of the leading clubs there, if he does not happen to be already on the list of members. If he is to continue to enjoy these privileges and this consideration abroad it is necessary that he should order his conduct in accordance with the ethics which prevail there, and it is realized by Sir Berkeley any by his fellow-officers, friends, and sympathizers in England that unless Mr. Astor apologizes for his affront in a far more public and abject manner than he has done until now, or else fights a duel with Sir Berkeley, the latter is likely to find the doors of continental clubs closed against him and hands that were formerly extended to him in friendship and comradeship contemptuously withheld.

In fact, if matters remain as they are now the position of Sir Berkeley, especially abroad, is likely to prove one of exceptional difficulty, while even in England it will be decidedly awkward. It must be borne in mind that if English military regulations forbid dueling, so do the military regulations on the continent. The military regulations on the subject, however, have been devised solely for the purpose of satisfying public opinion, and are not meant to be obeyed by continental officers. Indeed, obedience thereto entails compulsory resignation and ostracism. It is no secret that the Princes of the reigning house of England, who are so much bound up with foreign courts and allied by ties of blood with foreign royal families, share these views, and I can recall one memorable case—namely: that of Colonel the Hon. Fred Wellesley, brother of the late Earl Cowley, who was forced to resign his commission in the Coldstream Guards, his post as aid-de-camp to the Queen, and his secretaryship of the British Embassy to Austria for having, while at Vienna, declined to fight a duel with Count Hugo Kalnocky after having had his face publicly smacked by the latter. Wellesley, after his return to England, tried to explain matters to the royal Duke of Cambridge, who was commander-in-chief of the army at the time, and who had demanded the resignation of Wellesley's commission. Pointing out that dueling was contrary to English military regulations, he exclaimed: "But what am I to do, sir?" "Turn dancing master, and be d—— to you," growled the Duke, pointing to the door.

EVENTS IN CHICAGO SOCIETY.

Vaudeville Dinner and Dance to Be Given at Exmoor Club, Highland Park, on Saturday Evening.

There will be a vaudeville dinner and dance at the Exmoor club, Highland Park, on Saturday evening.

Mrs. George W. Lamb, 4458 Oakenwald avenue, received yesterday. Mrs. Lamb removed here from Waukegan.

Miss Alice Runnells has gone to Chocurua in the White Mountains for a visit.

Mrs. John Newell and Miss Newell, 848 Ontario street, have gone to Rye Beach.

Mrs. Wilson S. Chapman and Miss Chapman, 297 Schiller street, are spending the season in the White Mountains.

Mrs. Albert A. Joseph of Goldsboro, N. C., is visiting Mrs. Max Stern, 481 Bowen avenue. At home today and Aug. 8.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Requa leave today for Rye Beach, N. H., to spend the remainder of the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Bingham have returned from a month's outing at Lake Geneva.

Mr. and Mrs. Madison B. Kennedy and family will spend the remainder of the season at Manchester-by-the-Sea.

CHARLES MAIDEN FINDS FAMILY

Learns Through "The Tribune" Whereabouts of His Relatives in India, Unknown to Him Two Years.

An advertisement under the head of "Personal" in the want columns of THE SUNDAY TRIBUNE restored communication between Charles Henry Maiden and his relatives in India. They had written to the manager of a local steamship ticket agency asking him to learn the missing man's whereabouts. Maiden left New Ferry, Cheshire, England, then the family home, several years ago to seek his fortune in America. About the time he came here his relatives moved to India and communication thus was broken. When Maiden read THE SUNDAY TRIBUNE he was overjoyed at getting a clew to their whereabouts. He called at the steamship company's office and proved his identity. He is traveling for a Stock-Yards company.

Green Lake Service.

Through parlor car to Green Lake via Northwestern line leaves Chicago 3 p. m., except Sunday. Through sleeper for Chicago leaves Green Lake 12:30 midnight Sundays, arrives Chicago 7:30 a. m. Mondays. Low rate excursion tickets every Friday and Saturday. Ticket offices, 212 Clark street and Wells Street Station.

Safer to invest money in diamonds than in some banks; easy terms. Loftis Bros., 103 State.

Encore—Once More!

Uneeda Quartet

You never get tired of the Uneeda Quartet. Every member of this great combination is a favorite with the people. Everybody pleased; every taste suited; every appetite satisfied. Ask your grocer.

Uneeda Biscuit
Uneeda Jinjer Wayfer
Uneeda Milk Biscuit
Uneeda Graham Wafer

Every member of the Uneeda Quartet is a prime favorite with all lovers of good food. Sold everywhere in air tight, moisture proof packages. Ask the grocer for one or all of them.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY.

Just introduced!
Uneeda Milk Biscuit and Uneeda Graham Wafer
The latest Uneeda success. A surprise and a delight for everybody.

MUSIC AND THE DRAMA.

Chicago Opera-House.

At the head of the long list of features which go to make up this week's vaudeville bill at the Chicago Opera-House are Mr. and Mrs. Perkins Fisher, who appear to advantage in an amusing rural sketch by Ezra Kendall, entitled "The Half-Way House." Josephine Gassman and her pickaninnies, in darky songs and specialties, proved a good second in favor, and John Gilbert's monologue entertainment was profusely applauded. The six Sennets, a company of grotesque acrobats, give a performance which is both amusing and astonishing. Dick and Alice McAvoy have a clever Irish sketch entitled "Casey's Corner."

Ferris Wheel Park.

Morris' dog and pony circus is still one of the chief attractions at Ferris Wheel Park, where it will remain throughout the week. The performance of the Florence troupe of aerialists is also productive of additional entertainment. The vaudeville bill includes Eddie Leslie, in monologue; Clayton and Leonard, in a sketch; Mlle. Carrie, in a musical number; the three Celestos, acrobats, and others.

Cawthorne to Succeed Norris.

Herbert Cawthorne will succeed William Norris in the title rôle of "The Burgomaster" at the Dearborn tomorrow night. Mr. Norris has been working almost uninterruptedly throughout the last season and during the summer, and he leaves now only because a rest is imperative before he begins rehearsals with the Viola Allen company.

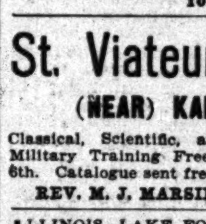
Ram's Horn Editor Gives a Talk.

Galesburg, Ill., July 31.—[Special.]—Elijah P. Brown, editor of the Ram's Horn, addressed the Chautauqua Assembly today. He dealt with the mistakes and wrongs resulting from defective vision and contended that making the sight better is making the world better. Wrong seeing creates false conclusions. Mr. Brown emphasized the fact that in politics especially people are blind and that a politician sees no more of the public good than he can see at the public crib. Other exercises were by C. E. Kemp and the Mendelssohn quartet.

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS ANNA MORGAN'S Studio for the Art of Expression.
203 MICHIGAN AVE., FINE ARTS BUILDING.
Æsthetic Technical Training of Voice and Action for social and professional purposes. The studio, in methods, artistic arrangements and atmosphere is unlike any other in America. Especially designed gymnasium. Classes open Sept. 17 and Oct. 8. Booklet of information sent free.

Culver Military Academy
(On Lake Maxinkuckee)
CULVER, INDIANA.
Only a limited number of vacancies in this well known school to be filled in September. Enrollment for past session 242 cadets. For information, or handsome illustrated catalogue, apply to COL. A. F. FLEET, A.M., LL.D., Supt.



ST. JOHN'S MILITARY ACADEMY,
DELAFIELD, - - - - WIS.
Courses: Classical, Scientific, Business. Diploma admits to Colleges East and West. Athletics under trained instructors. Instruction in rowing. Address SIDNEY T. SMYTHE, PH. D., PRESIDENT.

CHICAGO KENT College of Law
Law Department Lake Forest University.
Hon. THOS. A. MORAN, LL. D., Dean.
Both DAY and EVENING courses with complete curriculum in each. Large faculty. Prepares for admission to Bar in all states. For information address the Secretary, ELMER E. BARRETT, LL. B., 100 Washington St., Chicago.

St. Viateur's College,
(NEAR) KANKAKEE, ILL.
Classical, Scientific, and Commercial Courses. Military Training Free. Classes resumed Sept. 6th. Catalogue sent free on application to REV. M. J. MARSILE, C. S. V., President.

ILLINOIS, LAKE FOREST—FERRY HALL SEMINARY for Young Women—31st year. College Preparatory, Junior College. Elective courses. Vocal and instrumental music, art, elocution, physical training. Certificate admits to Smith, Vassar, Wellesley, Mt. Holyoke, Lake Forest Colleges. Box 112. MISS SABRA L. SARGENT.

MAPLEWOOD. $250. Successful school, one of the best to infuse with energy, to wake up boys to duties of life. Prepared for business or college. New gymnasium. Under 13 years, $230. Location beautiful, elevated and healthy. No tobacco. J. Shortlidge (Yale), A. M., Prin. Concordville, Pa.

BLEES MILITARY ACADEMY

TODD SEMINARY FOR BOYS.
An ideal home and school near Chicago. Send for prospectus and come and see us. NOBLE HILL, Princ., Woodstock, Ill.

ILLINOIS, CHICAGO, 4313 Drexel Boulevard.
STEVAN SCHOOL Boarding and Day School for Girls. Begins Eleventh Year Sept. 19th. Prepares for Colleges. Send for circular. MRS. LUELLA M. WILSON, Principal.

MRS. JOHN VANCE CHENEY.
SCHOOL OF LIFE AND EXPRESSION.
New Education in Music and Physical Culture. Fall term begins Sept. 5th and Oct. 15th.
FINE ARTS BUILDING, CHICAGO.

DE FAYE'S MILLINERY SCHOOL,
8th Floor Champlain Building.
SUMMER SEASON NOW OPEN.
Complete course in 10 lessons.

Racine College Grammar School
47th Year, Sept. 13th, 1900.
REV. H. D. ROBINSON, M. A., Warden, Racine, Wis.

KENWOOD INSTITUTE, 40 East 47th street. Affiliated academy of the University of Chicago. Boarding and Day School for Girls. Certificate admits to all principal colleges. Address Miss ANNICE E. BRADFORD BUTTS, Principal.

THE AMERICAN CONSERVATORY Kimball Hall Chicago.
JOHN J. HATTSTAEDT, Director, is the leading School of Music and Dramatic Art in the West. Unrivaled free advantages. Catalog mailed free.

EDUCATIONAL.

CHICAGO MUSICAL COLLEGE
Established in 1867. DR. F. ZIEGFELD, President.
The Largest and Most Complete Institution of Musical Learning in America.
NEW COLLEGE BUILDING, 202 MICHIGAN-BLVD.
The finest structure in existence devoted exclusively to a musical college.
MUSIC SCHOOL OF ACTING, ELOCUTION Modern Languages.
35th SEASON BEGINS SEPT. 10.
Catalogue Mailed Free.
Applications for the 37 Free and 150 Partial Scholarships will be accepted until August 10.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NOTRE DAME,
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA.
Classics, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture.
Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses. Ecclesiastical students at special rates. Rooms Free. Junior or senior year, Collegiate Courses. Rooms to Rent, moderate charge. St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13. The 57th Year will open September 4th, 1900. Catalogues Free. Address REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

ST. MARY'S ACADEMY,
NOTRE DAME, INDIANA,
(One mile west of the University of Notre Dame.)
Conducted by the Sisters of the Holy Cross. Chartered 1855. Thorough English and Classical education. Regular Collegiate Degrees. In Preparatory Department students carefully prepared for Collegiate course. Physical and Chemical Laboratories well equipped. Conservatory of Music and School of Art. Gymnasium under direction of graduate of Boston Normal School of Gymnastics. Catalogue free. Address DIRECTRESS OF THE ACADEMY, St. Mary's Academy, Notre Dame, Indiana.

Sacred Heart College,
Watertown, Wisconsin.
(Branch University Notre Dame, Indiana.)
Thorough Classical, English, Commercial, and Preparatory Courses. Terms moderate. Buildings heated by steam. Home comforts. For further information and catalogues apply to REV. J. O'ROURKE, C. S. C., President.

DVORAK DRAMATIC SCHOOL
KIMBALL HALL, 243 WABASH-AV., CHICAGO.
Instruction in Acting, Elocution, Physical Culture, Oratory, Pantomime, Fencing, Modern Languages. Fall term opens Sept. 10. Catalogue mailed free. EDWARD DVORAK, Director.



Results Tell. Success is best shown by results. The school has doubled in 3 years. Students prepared at the Illinois Woman's College take honors at the larger colleges and universities. The school has also a fine record for health. Send for illustrated catalogue to Jos. R. Harker, Ph. D., Pres. JACKSONVILLE, - ILLINOIS.

Kenyon Military Academy, Gambier, O.
One of the oldest and most successful boarding schools for boys. Close personal supervision. Prepares for ALL colleges and technical schools. Flexible two years' business course. Illustrated catalogue free. THE REGENTS.

GIRLS, where are you going to school next year?
If you wish to make next year happy and fruitful in every good way, write for a catalog of The Frances Shimer Academy of the University of Chicago, Mt. Carroll, Ill. Opens Sept. 11. Rev. WM. P. McKEE, Dean.

Waterman Hall,
SYCAMORE, ILLINOIS.
A school for girls, will reopen September 19th. Preparatory, Academic, Musical, and other courses. Catalogues furnished. Rector will be at 510 Masonic Temple Mondays from 11 to 1 o'clock. REV. B. F. FLEETWOOD, D. D., Rector.

NORTH CHICAGO BUSINESS COLLEGE
444 Garfield-av., near Cleveland-av.
Business, Shorthand, and English departments. DAY AND EVENING SESSIONS.
The demand for our students by business firms exceeds the supply. Fall term commences Sept. 3, 1900. Large illustrated booklet free by mail, or call on C. C. COCHRAN, Principal. 444 Garfield-av.

SHERWOOD MUSIC SCHOOL
Fine Arts Building, 203 Michigan Av., Chicago.
William H. Sherwood, Walton Perkins, Directors. Highest Standard of Art. Faculty of eminent teachers. Catalogue free on application.
FALL TERM OPENS SEPT. 10TH.
WILLIAM R. PERKINS, Sec'y.

MONTICELLO SEMINARY
Opens the 63rd year Sept. 27th. Superior faculty. English, Latin, Greek, German, French, Music, Science, Art, Physical Culture. For illustrated catalog address MISS H. N. HASKELL, Prin., Godfrey, Ill.

HARVEY MEDICAL COLLEGE.
EVENING SCIENTIFIC WORK....
Visit the Laboratories. Send for illustrated announcement. 167, 169, 171 SOUTH CLARK STREET. Francis Dickinson, Pres.

GIRLS' CLASSICAL SCHOOL,
Indianapolis, Ind. Complete equipment in Classical, Literary and Scientific Departments, Art, Household Science, Gymnasium. Attractive home. Send for catalogue.
THEO. L. SEWALL, Founder.
MAY WRIGHT SEWALL, Principal.

ACADEMY FOR YOUNG WOMEN. 71st Year.
High-grade English and Classical School. Literary, Music, Art Courses. Certificate admits to Eastern colleges. Limited number scholarships for deserving girls. A complete educational home. For Catalogue address E. F. BULLARD, A. M., President, Jacksonville, Ill.

MISSOURI, Lexington.
Wentworth Military Academy
Oldest and largest military school in Central West. Gov't supervision. State commissions to graduates. COL. SANDFORD SELLERS, M. A., Supt.

Ward Seminary Nashville, Tennessee.
For young ladies. Full Lit. Course with Music, Art, Elocution, $300 to $350. Certification to Wellesley and Balt. Woman's College. 35th year Sept. 20. Catalogue.

EDUCATIONAL.

Western Military Academy Upper Alton, Illinois.
Established reputation. Limited number. Thoroughly equipped. Excellent location. Convenient to St. Louis. Owned and managed by teachers of long experience, who take personal charge of the cadets and assume personal responsibility for their care and instruction. Ask for circular. GEO. D. EATON, Secretary.

PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY COLLEGE
Chester, Pa.
39th Year begins Sept. 19.
"A Military School of the highest order."—U. S. WAR DEPT.
Degrees in Civil Engineering, Chemistry, Arts. Thorough Preparatory Courses. Infantry, Artillery, Cavalry. Catalogues of Col. C. E. HYATT, President.

SUMMER RESORTS.

WESTERN.

YELLOWSTONE PARK and ALASKA.
Extended tours under the management of THE AMERICAN TOURIST ASSOCIATION
Reau Campbell, Gen. Man., 1423 Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill. Pullman Sleeping and Dining Cars leave Chicago Tuesday, August 7th and 21st, at 10 p. m. via CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.
Tickets Include All Expenses Everywhere.
Ticket Office, C., M. & St. P. Ry., 95 Adams-st., Chicago.

THE NEW AVERY BEACH HOTEL,
SOUTH HAVEN, MICH.
Finest Summer Hotel in the Northwest. Charming location on lake front and inside city limits. Safest bathing beach. Most delightful port on the eastern shore for a restful, health giving outing. Music twice daily. Hops Wednesdays and Saturdays. Electric service. Rates, $9.00 to $15.00 per week. Write for booklet.

THE PENNOYER, KENOSHA, WIS.
Situated in spacious grounds (75 acres) facing Lake Michigan. With all modern accommodations and service of the highest order. The sick or well can find an ideal place for rest and recreation. Send for illustrated prospectus.

Picturesque Georgian Bay
NORTH CHANNEL & 30,000 ISLANDS.
Muskoka Lakes of Ontario
Fine steamers 4 times each week from Mackinac. General office 103 Adams Street.

Wisconsin Central R'y SUMMER RESORTS.
Good hotels, good fishing. Excursion rates. For full information apply 230 Clark-st., Chicago.

DELAVAN LAKE, WIS.
LAKESIDE HOTEL.
Most modern and best equipped hotel on the lake. Newly furnished throughout. Gas in every room. Cuisine unexcelled. Terms moderate. Special rates to parties. J. A. ROBINSON, Manager.

Lakeside Hotel Pewaukee Lake AND COTTAGES. Hartland P. O., Wis.
6 miles from Waukesha. Send for terms and descriptive circular. H. G. DUNNING, Mgr.

LAKE LAWN HOTEL,
DELAVAN LAKE, WIS.—Cottages and steamboats in connection. All new modern improvements. 25 acres of lawn and shade trees. 9 link Golf Course; only one on the lake. E. F. & C. W. PHILLIPS.

BELVEDERE BEACH—SOUTH HAVEN.
"The Famous North Shore Resort." Every room large and airy, overlooking the lake; well shaded; spring water; finest beach; fruits in variety. R. E. HISTED, Prop.

PHANTOM LAKE INN, Mukwonago, Wisconsin.
The romantic spot of the lake region. 80 miles from Chicago, via Wis. Central Ry. Special rates.

ALMA SANITARIUM, ALMA, MICH.—A delightful resort for seekers after health and rest. Modern. Alma-Bromo Spring water. Wonderful. All the best electrical treatments. Send for booklet.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB'S
Vacation Tours & Excursions
NEW OFFICE, 103 ADAMS-ST.

EASTERN.

MAINE STEAMSHIP CO
DIRECT LINE TO PORTLAND, MAINE.
Connecting with all railroad and steamship lines to all Summer Resorts. Steamships "Horatio Hall" (new) and "Manhattan" leave Pier No. 38, E. R., foot of Market street, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 5 p. m. Steamers fitted with every modern improvement for the comfort and convenience of passengers. Ticket offices No. 290 Broadway, corner of Reade-st., and general office, No. 222 South-st., opposite the Pier. HORATIO HALL, G. T. M., 222 South street.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL
"The Niagara Falls Route."
Tourist Route to Eastern and New England Points. Ticket office, 119 Adams-st., Chicago. Get "A Summer Note Book."

THE EDGEMERE,
EDGEMERE, L. I.
NOW OPEN
J. C. Matthews, Mgr. J. H. BRESLIN.

SUMMER VACATION TOURS, via Great Lakes or Rail and River East.
"A Wonderful Book," 48 pages, with Maps, of Routes and Rates, Lake, Rail, River, and Ocean. FREE on application, or mailed for 2 stamps. WM. A. FLETCHER, Tourist Agent, New Office, 103 Adams-st., Chicago.

GULF OF ST. LAWRENCE EASTERN SUMMER RESORTS
in Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island, Cape Breton, Newfoundland. All reached via Montreal and the Intercolonial Ry. Call or send for printed matter, 103 Adams-st.

SUMMER TOURS BY SEA by rail to Baltimore and thence steamers of Merchants and Miners Transp. Co. to Boston and Providence. Low rates, best accommodation. Printed matter and circulars, 103 Adams-st.

UPHOLDS TITL[E] OF ALLEY

Appellate Court Decid[es] Adversely to Stockho[lders] of Old Company

FINDS NO SIGN OF F[RAUD]

Judge Freeman Writes [...] Affirming Validity of [...] closure Sale.

MAY GO TO HIGHER [...]

The title of the present South[...] vated railroad company to its pro[...] upheld by the Appellate Court [...] in the suit brought by stockhold[...] old Alley "L" company. A de[...] given by Judge Freeman denyi[...] points made affecting the valid[...] foreclosure sale, and affirming [...] authorized by the Circuit Court [...]

The Appellate Court sums up [...] as follows:

"We find in the record no e[...] warrant the conclusion that the [...] proceedings have been fraudule[...] or conducted. So far as appears [...] no concealment from the stockho[...] full publicity was given to the [...] cedure.

"The construction contract an[...] mortgage trust deed were concu[...] all the stockholders. The sec[...] deed was likewise duly authorize[...] the company nor the stockholder[...] be heard to complain of their ow[...]

"It does not appear that subse[...] chasers of the stock were in an[...] led. They were at liberty to [...] in the open market and form [...] estimate of value. The decree [...] been acquiesced in for more than [...] during which the purchaser ha[...] large amounts upon the property [...] persons have become intereste[...] stockholders in the purchasing c[...] and as holders of its bonds."

The court says in its opinion tha[...] were filed tending to show that t[...] company was hopelessly insolv[...] before the time of the foreclosure pro[...] would be so even if the property, righ[...] chises were now restored to it, if at th[...] the indebtedness paid by the foreclosu[...] revived.

In the judgment of the court, it d[...] that a stockholder is injured by a d[...] the property of his corporation in p[...] debts in such a sense as to entitle h[...] of error. If the reversal of the decr[...] store to him personally the property l[...] might be so benefited.

Rules on Transfer of Fran[chise]

[...]

Finds No Collusive Fr[aud]

[...]

American Linseed Ann[ual]

[...]

May Buy a Railro[ad]

[...]

Bank Clearings for [July]

[...]

Plan Small State B[ank]

[...]

Railroad Earni[ngs]

[...]

com- every
ced! da scuit da Wafer eda suc- and a de- dy.
ATIONAL.
ern Upper ary Alton, emy Illinois.
PENNSYLVANIA MILITARY COLLEGE Chester, Pa. 39th Year begins Sept. 19. "A Military School of the highest order."—U. S. WAR DEPT. Col. C. E. HYATT, President.
R RESORTS.
STONE PARK and ALASKA.
TOURIST ASSOCIATION
All Expenses Everywhere.
HE NEW EACH HOTEL, HAVEN, MICH.
YER,
e Georgian Bay NEL & 30,000 ISLANDS. Lakes of Ontario
n Central R'y ER RESORTS.
AN LAKE, WIS. IDE HOTEL. J. A. ROBINSON, Manager.
Hotel Pewaukee Lake. H. G. DUNNING, Mgr.
LAWN HOTEL. E. F. & C. W. PHILLIPS.
BEACH—SOUTH HAVEN. R. E. HISTED, Prop.
LAKE INN, Oukwonago, Wisconsin.
ARIUM, ALMA, MICH.
D & WHITCOMB'S Tours & Excursions OFFICE, 103 ADAMS-ST.
EASTERN. STEAMSHIP CO
GAN CENTRAL
EDGEMERE, W OPEN J. H. BRESLIN.
ATION TOURS, via Great Lakes or Rail and River East.
LAWRENCE EASTERN SUMMER RESORTS
URS BY SEA

UPHOLDS TITLE OF ALLEY "L."

Appellate Court Decides Case Adversely to Stockholders of Old Company.

FINDS NO SIGN OF FRAUD.

Judge Freeman Writes Opinion Affirming Validity of Foreclosure Sale.

MAY GO TO HIGHER COURT.

The title of the present South Side Elevated railroad company to its property was upheld by the Appellate Court yesterday in the suit brought by stockholders of the old Alley "L" company. A decision was given by Judge Freeman denying all the points made affecting the validity of the foreclosure sale, and affirming the decree authorized by the Circuit Court in 1896.

The Appellate Court sums up its opinion as follows:

"We find in the record no evidence to warrant the conclusion that the foreclosure proceedings have been fraudulently begun or conducted. So far as appears there was no concealment from the stockholders, and full publicity was given to the whole procedure.

"The construction contract and the first mortgage trust deed were concurred in by all the stockholders. The second trust deed was likewise duly authorized. Neither the company nor the stockholders can now be heard to complain of their own acts.

"It does not appear that subsequent purchasers of the stock were in any way misled. They were at liberty to buy or not in the open market and form their own estimate of value. The decree of sale has been acquiesced in for more than two years, during which the purchaser has expended large amounts upon the property and many persons have become interested in it as stockholders in the purchasing corporation and as holders of its bonds."

The court says in its opinion that affidavits were filed tending to show that the railroad company was hopelessly insolvent at and before the time of the foreclosure proceedings, and would be so even if the property, rights, and franchise were now restored to it, if at the same time the indebtedness paid by the foreclosure sale were revived.

In the judgment of the court, it does not follow that a stockholder is injured by a decree taking the property of his corporation in payment of its debts in such a sense as to entitle him to a writ of error. If the reversal of the decree would restore to him personally the property in dispute he might be so benefited.

Rules on Transfer of Franchise.

The decision takes up the contention of the stockholders of the old company that the mortgages of Oct. 1, 1899, and Jan. 2, 1893, were void, as they attempted to convey the right to maintain and operate the road under the city ordinances. Referring to the provision of the ordinance that the consent granted by the city shall not authorize any other company to use the franchise, the court says that the counsel for the old stockholders in error contended that the meaning is that the Rapid Transit company shall never authorize any other railroad company to use the consent.

"It is clear, however," the court adds, "the limitation is for the benefit of the city. The city could exercise its discretion about giving its consent to the purchaser to use the franchise. As to this, the purchasers at the foreclosure sale took the chances. But the sale of even a worthless thing, all parties knowing the facts, and taking the risk as to its thereafter becoming valuable, is not invalid. The refusal of the city to authorize the purchaser to use the franchise might affect its value, perhaps, but would not void the sale as between the parties. The construction of the ordinance could be determined in a direct proceeding."

Taking up the contention that the bonds secured by the first mortgage as well as the mortgage itself were void, the court says the stock and bonds were issued in payment for the building of the road, and that the contractor, who had to realize on the securities before he received his money, was not likely to take such risks without a margin sufficiently large to make it worth his while to proceed with the undertaking.

Finds No Collusive Fraud.

The old second mortgage provided that the bonds might be foreclosed in case of continuance of default of interest for six months. The six months was waived by vote of the directors of the Rapid Transit company, and the old stockholders claimed that this was evidence of collusion. The court says that the first mortgage was about to be foreclosed, and that it was only a question of a short time when the second would be also. Nothing was to be gained by delay, although additional expense might be caused. In the opinion of the court the waiver cannot be regarded as evidence of collusive fraud. It was an act of the corporation.

The court also denies the claim of the old stockholders to an equity in the surplus real estate, on the ground that this was bought with the proceeds of the bond sales.

The attorneys for the old stockholders say that, while they have reached no conclusion, an appeal probably will be taken to the State Supreme Court.

American Linseed Annual.

Net earnings of the American Linseed company for the first fiscal year of its existence, which ended on March 1, were $2,028,401. This is equal to 5.44 per cent on the outstanding common stock, after providing for the full dividend of 7 per cent on the preferred. The annual report of the company was made public yesterday and it shows the following disposition of the profits for the twelve months:

Earnings		$2,028,401
Three dividends paid	$823,812	
Dividend No. 4, payable Mar. 5.	293,125	
		1,116,937
Balance to credit of profit and loss		$911,464

The company has $16,750,000 preferred stock outstanding and a like amount of common. The report contains nothing as to the amount of business done since March 1, and officials say the reason for this is that to disclose the amount and character of the stock on hand would give undue advantage to its competitors. On March 1 last the company had a stock of seed, oil cake, and manufactured supplies on hand valued at that time at $9,024,771.

The net earnings of the company are shown, exclusive of $300,000 which was spent for new machinery and improvements, but not placed in this report. In the assets appearing in the statement is $677,886 of stocks and securities, which, it is explained, represents holdings in other concerns which the company controls. The three dividends figuring in the assets were paid before the first year ended, and hence are equivalent on the company's books to cash on hand.

The working capital statement, exclusive of the plants and equipment, as of March 1, 1900, makes the following showing:

ASSETS.

Cash and cash items	$ 758,872
Accounts receivable (due from customers)	728,936
Notes receivable	20,081
Unexpired insurance	42,808
Unexpired interest	24,167
Seed, oil, oil cake, packages, and manufacturing supplies	9,024,771
Treasury stock (market value)	157,500
Bonds National Linseed Oil company for redemption	40,259
Other stocks and securities	677,886
Dividends Nos. 1, 2, and 3 paid	823,812
Total	$12,299,075

LIABILITIES.

Underwriters' working capital	$ 5,000,000
Notes payable	5,101,812
Current accounts for merchandise bills	118,861
Estimated depreciation in excess of what has been charged to profit and loss for ordinary repairs	50,000
Earnings	2,028,401
Total	$12,299,075

May Buy a Railroad.

The following was telegraphed from New York: "There is a suggestion that the Vanderbilt-Pennsylvania combination will buy the Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville railway company, which is now controlled by J. P. Morgan. The Vanderbilts are not disposed to buy this property for the Big Four, as has been intimated, but it is said that they would be willing to join with the Pennsylvania in acquiring control in order to remove an independent competitor from the territory to which the Big Four and the Chesapeake and Ohio must look for traffic. The Big Four, it is asserted, does not need the money, but the road is a rival for local traffic and its purchase by the interests that dominate trunk line territory would secure harmony in that particular section, just as the purchase of the Chesapeake and Ohio assured harmony in its territory."

Bank Clearings for July.

Chicago bank clearings for July were $561,226,455, showing an increase of $53,105,514 over the clearings for July last year—over 10 per cent.

Plan Small State Bank.

Interests connected with the Columbus Safe Deposit company, which conducts the safety deposit vaults in the Columbus Memorial Building, are planning a new State bank with a capital of $200,000. State street capitalists and merchants in the vicinity of the bank will have a financial interest in it. The stock has not been placed up to this time. The bank will be located in the basement of the building and will be in connection with the safe deposit vaults. It will cater specially to the State street shopping trade.

Railroad Earnings.

Railroad earnings are reported as follows:

UNION PACIFIC.

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
June—Gross	$ 1,808,383	$ 1,762,754	$ 135,629
Expenses, including taxes	1,134,358	975,045	159,313
Surplus	764,025	787,709	*23,684
Year ending June 30:			
Gross	$23,046,907	$20,516,058	$2,530,849
Expenses, etc.	13,322,222	11,942,023	1,380,199
Surplus	9,724,684	8,574,015	1,150,669

NORFOLK AND WESTERN.

June—Gross	$ 1,310,888	$ 1,010,684	$ 300,204
Net	546,059	288,094	257,965

Surplus	358,404	99,393	261,011
Fiscal year:			
Gross	14,091,004	11,827,139	2,263,865
Net	5,589,909	3,888,037	1,701,872
Surplus	3,316,270	1,646,333	1,669,947

NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Third w'k July	$ 622,297	$ 572,027	$ 50,270
From July 1	1,776,176	1,640,697	135,479

*Decrease.

Other Financial News.

The Union Pacific railroad has declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent on its preferred and 2 per cent on the common stock, payable on Oct. 1. Books close on Aug. 25 and reopen on Sept. 24.

Sales of beer stamps at the office of the Internal Revenue Collector in Chicago during July indicate an output of 316,672 brls, as compared with 335,307 for the corresponding month of last year, or a decrease of 18,635 brls. The following shows the comparisons by months since Jan. 1:

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
January	214,005	177,221	36,784
February	188,925	172,433	16,492
March	230,957	223,774	7,183
April	266,945	259,599	7,346
May	317,364	305,017	12,347
June	322,482	364,792	*42,310
July	316,672	335,307	*18,635

*Decrease.

Foreign exchange was easier yesterday at the following figures in Chicago:

	Demand.	60 days.
Sterling—		
Actual	487⅝	484
Commercial	486⅝	483½
Paris francs—		
Actual	515⅝	518¾
Commercial	516⅞	519⅜
German marks—		
Actual	95 3-16	94 9-16
Commercial	95	94 3-16

Closing Curb Prices.

Closing prices of curb securities in New York yesterday were as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.
Amalgamated Copper	86	86⅞
American Bicycle	6⅝	6⅞
Do pfd.	....	35
American Woolen	13½	14
Do pfd.	70½	71
Bay State Gas	1¼	1½
Cast Iron Pipe	4	4½
Do pfd.	....	34
Chicago and Alton subscriptions	103½	104
Compressed Air	26½	....
Distilling Company of America	5	5½
Do pfd.	19½	20
Electric Vehicle	17½	21
Do pfd.	40	65
Illinois Electric Vehicle	1	1¼
International Pump	19⅞	20
Do pfd.	65½	66½
National Salt	38	42
Do pfd.	66	68
Otis Elevator	28½	29
Do pfd.	86½	87¼
Royal Baking Powder	90	92
Standard Oil	528	532

Sales on the Stock Exchange.

Sales on the Chicago Stock Exchange yesterday were as follows:

	Sales.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Linseed	765	12¼	11⅛	12
Do pfd.	1,540	57⅛	56	57⅛
Chicago Union T. pfd.	45	55	55	55
Diamond Match	20	120½	120⅛	120⅛
Northwestern Elevated	100	23⅞	23⅞	23⅞
Do pfd.	150	63⅜	63¼	63⅜
South Side Elevated	33	95½	95½	95½
Shelby Steel Tube pfd.	60	64½	63½	63½
West Chicago	200	103¾	103⅛	103⅛

BONDS.

$3000 W Chi deb 6s..100½ | $2000 Lake deb 6s.. 94

Clearings at the larger cities yesterday and a week ago were:

	July 31.	July 24.
New York	$125,476,846	$149,928,410
Chicago	20,202,003	20,782,124
Boston	16,358,520	18,491,620
Philadelphia	13,682,305	15,978,576
St. Louis	4,740,519	4,896,369
Baltimore	3,215,829	3,015,743

New York exchange sold yesterday as follows: Chicago, 10c discount before clearing, 5c discount after; St. Louis, par bid; 15c premium asked.

DIVIDE ON NEWS FROM CHINA.

Brokers Regard Expected Advance on Pekin from Different Points of View —A Number of Stocks Decline.

[BY E. W. HARDEN.]

NEW YORK, July 31.—[Special.]—The news that the allied troops would shortly begin a march on Pekin had little effect upon the stock market today. By some it was looked upon as being a bear argument, while others looked on it from an entirely different standpoint. Those who took the view that this movement was likely to result in higher prices for stocks based their predictions on the theory that a determined show on the part of the allies would speedily bring China to terms.

The London market opened somewhat higher than last night's close, and partly as a result of this the local market was strong throughout the early trading. Support was lacking after the noon hour, and prices declined sharply in a number of stocks. This was particularly true of sugar, which was hammered hard during the last hour of trading. The street had reports of a further cut in the price of sugar, which would indicate a fresh breaking out of war between the refiners. There were sales of nearly 10,000 shares of the stock during the last ten minutes of trading, and this resulted in quotations going off from a high price of 124 to 120, with a close only ¼ point above the low price. The net decline in Sugar was 2⅜ points.

Nearly all of the industrials suffered in today's market. Steel and Wire and Federal Steel were both forced to lower levels, and American Tobacco was hammered hard after having shown considerable strength after the opening. There was a net loss in American Tobacco of 1⅝ points. Continental Tobacco declined ¼ in the common and 1⅛ in the preferred, though the trading in these stocks was limited in volume.

In the railroads some strength was shown in a number of the more active securities. The grangers were, however, without feature, Burlington, St. Paul, and Rock Island closed tonight on a parity with last night's figures. Union Pacific, however, showed material strength, and there was an active demand for the stock. The trading in this issue exceeded 33,000 shares, and the net gain was 1⅜ points. Its strength came from the announcement that the directors had declared a 2 per cent dividend on the common stock.

IN THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities in Wall Street.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Some animation was given to the closing dealings in the stock market today by the conflicting movements of prices engendered by the upward spurt in Union Pacific and the realizing of Sugar. The break in Sugar proved the more effective in its influence and the market closed weak at about the low level of the day after having shown considerable gains in many stocks at an earlier period. The trading was dull and continued entirely in professional hands.

There was a slightly firmer tone to sterling exchange today, in spite of a shading of London discount rates. The question of gold exports this week remains undecided, with today's conditions against the probability. The bond market was firmer today, but dull. Total sales, par value, $982,000. U. S. refunding 2s, when issued, declined ⅛ and the 3s, old 4s, and 5s ¼ at the last call today.

Money on call steady, 1¼@1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4¾ per cent; sterling exchange firm, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487¼@487⅜ for demand and 483⅞ for sixty days; posted rates, 484½@485 and 488½; commercial bills, 483@483¼.

Bar silver, 61¼; silver certificates, 61¼@62¼; Mexican dollars, 48¼. Government bonds, weak; State bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, firm.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

Description.	Sales.	High.	Low.	Closing— Jul. 31.	Jul. 30.
Amn. Sugar	59,200	121¼	120	120¼	122⅝
Amn. Tobacco	8,300	94¼	91½	91⅞	93
Amn. Tin Plate	400	21⅝	21¼	21⅝	21½
Adams Express	10	125	125	125	.....
Am. Steel & Wire	6,000	33⅛	32¼	32¼	33¼
Atchison	800	26⅛	25⅞	26	25⅞
Do pfd.	4,100	69⅛	68⅝	69	68⅝
Am. Steel Hoop	300	19	19	19	18⅞
Do pfd.	700	66⅞	66⅞	66⅞	67
Anaconda	700	42½	41¼	42½	.....
Amn. Linseed	200	11⅝	11½	11⅝	.....
Amn. Ice	100	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	.....
Bkln. Rap. Tran.	8,300	57⅞	56⅝	56⅝	56⅝
Brunswick	100	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	.....
Balto. & Ohio	8,000	74⅝	74	74⅝	73½
Do pfd.	200	80	80	80	79½
C., B. & Q.	9,900	126¼	125⅛	125⅝	125⅝
C. & N. W.	500	157⅞	157	157⅞	157
C., M. & St. P.	1,700	110⅞	110¼	110⅝	110⅝
C., R. I. & P.	900	106¼	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
Ches. & Ohio	1,100	26⅝	26⅜	26⅜	26½
Cen. R. R. of N. J.	400	128	128	128	128½
C., C., C. & St. L.	100	58½	58½	58½	59
Canadian Pacific	100	87½	87½	87½	.....
Con. Gas [N. Y.]	1,700	179⅝	179	179⅝	179
Chicago Term	100	10	10	10	10¼
Col. & Southern	100	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
Col. Fuel & Iron	200	33½	33¼	33½	32⅝
C. I. & L. pfd.	300	54	53	53	.....
Chi. Gt. Western	100	10	10	10	11
Do pfd. A	200	70	70	70	.....
Cont. Tobacco	900	25	24½	24½	24¾
Col. & H. C. & I.	300	78	75	77⅞	78⅝
Int. Power	100	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	.....
Erie	200	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	.....
Do 1st pfd.	100	32½	32½	32½	32
Federal Steel	7,800	33	31⅞	32	32⅝
Do pfd.	500	65⅝	64⅞	64⅞	65
Gas of Ber. Co.	100	77¼	77¼	77¼	.....
Glucose	100	51½	51½	51½	52
Gt. Northern pfd.	100	153	153	153	152
Hocking Val. pfd.	100	61	61	61	61¼
Illinois Central	2,200	119⅝	118⅞	119¼	118⅞
Iowa Central	100	20	19⅞	19⅞	.....
Louis. & Nash	900	71¼	70⅝	71	70⅝
Laclede Gas	200	74½	74	74	.....
Manhattan	1,900	90¼	89⅝	90¼	89¼
M., K. & T.	100	10	10	10	.....
Do pfd.	1,000	30½	30	30	30⅞
Met. St. Ry.	1,000	156	153⅝	153⅝	154½
Mex. Cent. [Ltd.]	200	12¼	12⅛	12⅛	12¼
Mobile & Ohio	100	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	.....
Missouri Pac.	3,900	50¼	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝
Minn. & St. Louis	100	55½	55½	55½	55½
Do 1st pfd.	100	93	93	93	.....
Northern Pac.	2,700	51	50⅝	50⅝	50¼
National Steel	400	23½	23⅛	23⅛	23½
N. Y. Central	900	129⅛	128⅜	128⅜	128
Norfolk & Wes.	400	33	33	33	32⅝
N. Y., Ont. & W.	300	20	19⅞	19⅞	20
People's Gas	800	98¼	97⅝	98	97⅝
Penn. R. R.	12,500	128⅜	127⅞	128⅜	127⅞
Pacific Mail	400	30	30	30	30⅛
Pressed Steel Car	200	41	41	41	41½
Do pfd.	100	73½	72½	73½	.....
P., C., C. & St. L.	100	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝	52½
Reading 1st pfd.	2,000	60	59	59⅞	58⅝
Republic Steel pf.	300	53	53	53	54
Southern Ry.	100	11	11	11	10⅞
Do pfd.	100	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝	51½
St. J. & G. I.	400	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
Southern Pacific	1,300	33⅛	32⅞	33⅛	32⅞
St. L. & S. W. pfd.	200	26	25⅞	25⅞	25½
S. R. & T.	100	5	5	5	5½
Texas Pacific	600	14⅝	14½	14⅝	14⅝
Third Ave.	300	109½	108⅝	109½	.....
Tenn. Coal & I.	2,900	69	67½	67½	69
Union Pacific	3,100	58⅝	57	58⅝	57
Do pfd.	1,500	75⅝	75¼	75½	75¼
Union Bag & P.	100	11½	11½	11½	.....
U. S. Rubber	4,800	28⅞	26⅝	27½	26½
Do pfd.	200	[illegible]	95½	96	.....
U. S. Leather	900	10¼	10⅛	10¼	10¼
Wheeling & L. E.	500	8⅞	8½	8⅞	8⅞
Wabash	100	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	.....
Western Union	200	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝	79⅝

Total sales, 209,625 shares.

EXPRESS STOCKS.

Adams	125	United States	45
American	154	Fargo	123

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

U. S. 2s ref... w. i.		Do coup.	133¾
reg	104	U. S. old 4s, reg	115¼
Do coup.	104	Do coup.	115½
U. S. 2s, reg	109	U. S. 5s, reg	113¾
U. S. 3s, reg	109¼	Do coup.	114¾
Do coup.	110¼	Dis. of Col. 3.65s	123
U. S. new 4s, reg	133¾		

NEW YORK BOND SALES AND QUOTATIONS —10 A. M. TO 3 P. M.

50000 Atch gen 4s.101@¼	2000 MoP con 6s...116½
6000 do adjmt.......83¾	2000 M&O ex 6s...120½
3000 Adams Ex 4s.104	13000 do new 6s......
5000 B&O 3½s.......94⅞	.......124¼@125
18000 do 4s..........100	5000 Mex Int cons. 86
1000 BCR&N 1st....106½	2000 Met St Ry 5s.120
15000 C Ga con 5s.. 91¾	10000 NYC&LS 3½s
20000 do 1st inc..44⅝@45	..........98¼@98⅜
6000 Can So 1st....106¼	1000 N&W gen 6s.130½
1000 Colo So 4s...... 85	17000 N&W con 4s. 97⅝
5000 C&E 1st.........116	2000 NYO&W ref
57000 C Pac gtd 4s	4s.................106
.......100¼@100⅜	5000 NPac gen 3s.. 66⅛
2000 C&O gen 4½s. 99⅜	7000 do prior 4s...104
10000 do R&A 1st...105½	1000 do Term'l 5s...117
35000 CM&StP C&P	2000 NYG&E 4s.... 93
W 5s......118⅛@118⅜	5000 OR&N 5s.......102⅞
1000 do gm 4s sr A.110⅛	24000 RGW gen 4s.87⅜@⅞
22000 CB&Q Neb ex	2000 RGSo 1st....... 93
4s.................111	1000 StLSW 1st...... 89½
90000 C R I & P 4s	11000 do 2d..........58@58½
..........106⅞@107	50000 StPM&M Mnt
5000 Erie con 4s..... 88	C 6s.........130@131
3000 E&TH gen 5s.107¼	1000 SRT 6s........ 72½
15000 GH&SA M&P	15000 So P 4s........ 79
1st........99¼@99⅜	5000 So Ry 5s......108⅜
2000 G E deb 5s....115⅞	5000 Tex P 1st 5s..111½
5000 H&TC con 6s.112	85000 UP 1st 4s....105@⅛
1000 H&StJo cons.122	12000 Wab deb B...... 32
4600 L & N 5s.......111	51000 WNY & P gm
9000 do S&NA con	B 4s.......94⅛@94⅜
5s...................110	1000 do inc........... 32½
6000 do unf 4s...... 98⅛	8000 W U 4½s........106
25000 M K & T 2ds	2000 do 5s.............110⅝
Tex.........91@91⅜	12000 Wis Cent gen
5000 do 1st 4s...... 90½	4s.............87⅝@88
1000 MK&E 1st....103⅛	19000 WS gtd 4s rg.111⅝

Total sales, $849,000.

IN THE BOSTON MONEY MARKET.

General Tendency of Cash and Securities at the Hub.

BOSTON, Mass., July 31.—[Special.]—Under the influence of the improved tone of the Wall street market the local market today made a better showing. More attention was paid to the so-called arbitrage issues than to the home specialties. Aside from Sugar common, Union Pacific common, Federal steel, and Chicago, Burlington and Quincy made up the bulk of the day's trading. The home railroads were quiet and steady. Call loans, 2@2½ per cent. Time loans, collateral, 3@4 per cent. Time loans, mercantile paper, 4@5½ per cent.

Description.	Sales.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Sugar	4,500	122⅝	123⅝	120⅝	120⅝
American Tel.	225	144½	144½	144	144
Atchison pfd.	500	68⅝	69	68⅝	69
Bost. & Mont. M.	25	295	295	295	295
Butte & Bost. M.	200	63	63	62	62
Boston Elevated	100	143	143	143	143
C., B. & Q.	1,300	125⅝	126⅛	125¼	125⅞
Chi. Junct. Ry.	25	136	136	136	136
Dom. Coal	15	39½	39½	39½	39½
Michigan	100	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
Mohawk	100	16	16	16	16
Montana Coke	50	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝
Mex. Central	125	12	12	12	12
Old. Dom. Mining	50	18	18	18	18
Parrott	50	40½	40½	40½	40½
Royal	150	26⅛	26⅛	26	26
Utah	200	27⅞	27⅞	27¼	27½
Union Pacific	700	57⅛	58⅛	57	58⅛
Do pfd.	100	75½	75½	75¼	75½
U. S. Oil	50	18½	18½	18½	18½

BONDS.

$1000 Atch adj......83¼ | $1000 Mex 4s........79¾
4000 KCFtS&M 6s.110 | 2000 N E G & C.5s, 65½

IN THE FOREIGN MONEY MARKET.

Tendencies of Cash and Securities in London, Paris, and Berlin.

NEW YORK, July 31.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial telegram says:

Business was not increased in the markets here today, the public not even nibbling, but the tone was harder on the developments in China and Africa. Paris got over the sensation caused by the assassination of King Humbert without trouble, and the markets here were not affected by the announcement by the government of a coming issue of £13,000,000 exchequer bonds of three to five years' duration for war purposes.

Americans were idle and featureless, but firm, and they are expected to remain so till after election day.

Money was in good demand for end of the month requirements. The bank did a large business.

LONDON, July 31, 4 p. m.—Consols for money, 97 9-16; do for the account (September), 97 15-16; Atchison, 26⅝; Canadian Pacific, 89⅝; St. Paul, 113⅝; Illinois Central, 119; Louisville, 72⅞; Union Pacific preferred, 77¼; New York Central, 131⅝; Erie, 11; Pennsylvania, 65⅛; Reading, 8⅝; Erie first preferred, 33; Northern Pacific preferred, 73; Grand Trunk, 6⅛; Anaconda, 8⅛; Rand mines, 39⅞. Bar silver steady, 28 3-16d per ounce. Money, 3@3½.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4@4⅛ per cent; do three months' bills, 4⅛ per cent.

PARIS, July 31.—The more encouraging situation in China and satisfactory news from south Africa caused a more favorable feeling all round on the bourse today. Italian securities recovered yesterday's loss. Internationals were firm and Rio Tintos were in active demand. De Beers and south Africans were well maintained.

BERLIN, July 31.—There was a firm tone to prices in the early dealings of the boerse today. Later, however, the absence of business caused them to react somewhat.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 31.—Today's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $150,807,905; gold, $73,489,728.

Oil and Oil Certificates.

OIL CITY, Pa., July 31.—Credit balances, $1.27. Certificates, sales, 9,000 brls cash oil at $1.29. Shipments, 96,696; average, 83,008; runs, 155,242; average, 91,004.

PRODUCE MARKETS EAST AND WEST

Closing Quotations in the Leading Exchanges of the Country.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Flour—Receipts, 33,546 brls; exports, 11,100 brls; sales, 6,750 pkgs; market was steady but without demand.

Wheat—Receipts, 56,425 bu; exports, 39,871 bu; sales, 2,575,000 bu futures; 400,000 bu export; spot steady; No. 2 red, 79⅝c elevator; No. 2 red, 82⅝c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 84¼c f. o. b. afloat to arrive; No. 1 hard Duluth, 86¼c f. o. b. afloat to arrive. Options opened steady on foreign buying, but eased off and were exceedingly dull within narrow range all day. Disappointing cables, a less active export trade, and liquidation formed the chief bear influences. Closed steady on late covering at a partial ¼c net advance; September, 79⅜@80 5-16c, closed 80¼c; October, 80⅛@80⅝c, closed 80⅝c; December, 81¼@81 11-16c, closed 81⅝c.

Corn—Receipts, 246,950 bu; exports, 225,624 bu; sales, 25,000 bu futures; 208,000 bu export; spot steady; No. 2, 45c elevator and 45⅞c f. o. b. afloat. Options opened steady with wheat, after which it advanced on cable, local covering, and small country acceptances. Closed steady at unchanged prices; September, 44⅛@44⅝c, closed 44⅛c; December closed 41⅛c.

Oats—Receipts, 268,000 bu; exports, 25,971 bu; spot weak and lower; No. 2, 26@26⅛c; No. 3, 25½c; No. 2 white, 28@28½c; No. 3 white, 27½c; track mixed Western, 26@27½c; track white Western, 27½@33c; track white State, 27½@33c. Options dull and nominal.

Coffee—Spot Rio easy; No. 7 invoice, 9½c; mild steady. The market opened steady at a decline of 5 points and further sold off 10 to 15 points soon after the call. Closed steady at a net decline of 10 to 20 points. Total sales, 24,000 bags, including September, 8.05@8.10c; November, 8.25c; December, 8.35@8.40c; January, 8.45c; March, 8.50@8.60c; April, 8.55c; May, 8.55@8.60c.

Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining, 4⅝c; centrifugal, 96 test, 4⅞c.

Cotton—The cotton market opened at a decline of 3@6 points and continued generally weak throughout the session. July contracts went out at about 9.55c, having since the first trades of the season shown an extreme range of 6.02c and 10.21c. Factors in today's decline were the 1 to 8 points decline in Liverpool, the favorable weekly crop bulletin from Washington, the generally bearish character of crop accounts, unsatisfactory reports from cotton goods centers, continued indifference on the part of the speculative public. The market was finally quiet and steady at a net decline of 3@11 points. Spot closed dull; middling uplands, 10 1-16c; middling gulf, 10 5-16c; sales, 4,186 bales. Futures closed quiet and steady; August, 8.99c; September, 8.56c; October, 8.26c; November, 8.16c; December, 8.13c; January, 8.14c; February, 8.16c; March, 8.19c; April, 8.21c; May, 8.23c; June, 8.25c.

Metals—The cable news was irregular, and reports from the West were not calculated to give the market a stable trend. At the close the Metal Exchange called pig iron warrants weaker at $12.50 nominal; lake copper unchanged at $16.50; tin quiet at $32.50@33.00; lead dull at $3.97½@4.02½; spelter quiet at $4.25@4.30.

Butter—Creamery, extras, per lb, 19½c; do firsts, 18½@19c; do seconds, 17½@18c; do thirds, 17c; State dairy, half firkin tubs, fancy, 18½c; do firsts, 17½@18c; do Welsh tubs, fancy, 18@18½c; do firsts, 17½c; State dairy, tubs, seconds, 16½@17c; do thirds, 15½@16c; State dairy, tins, etc., 15½@18c; Western imitation creamery, extras, 17½c; do firsts, 16@16½c; do lower grade, 15@15½c; Western factory, June make, 16@16½c; do current packed, finest, 15¾c; do seconds, 15½@15½c; factory or dairy, lower grades, 14@15c; renovated butter, fancy, 17@17½c; do common to prime, 15@15½c.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 31.—Wheat—Better; No. 2 red cash, elevator, 72¼c; track, 73@74c; July, 71⅝c; September, 72⅝@72⅝c; December, 71⅝c; No. 2 hard, 69½@70½c. Corn—Steady; No. 2 cash, 38c; track, 39½c; July, 38c; September, 37½c; December, 32⅝c. Oats—Lower; No. 2 cash, 22c; track, 22@22½c; September, 21½c; No. 2 white, 24½@25¼c. Lead—Dull, $3.95. Spelter—Easier, $4.05. Receipts—Flour, 8,000 brls; wheat, 176,000 bu; corn, 104,000 bu; oats, 60,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 6,000 brls; wheat, 125,000 bu; corn, 108,000 bu; oats, 6,000 bu.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 31.—It was a quiet and dull day in wheat, September showing ½c variation through the first hour. September closed ¼c lower than yesterday, at 74c, and December at 75¼c. There was a little better tone to cash wheat, although the market showed the same dullness, and was unsatisfactory on the whole. No. 1 Northern was 1c over September, No. 2, ¼@½c under September; No. 3, 71c. Flour—Unchanged.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31.—Wheat—September, 65⅝@65⅝c; December, 67⅝@67⅝c; cash, No. 2 hard, 66½@67c; No. 3, 64@66½c; No. 2 red, 72½c; No. 3, 67@71c. Corn—September, 36@36⅛c; December, 32⅝c; No. 2 mixed, cash, 36¼@36⅛c; No. 2 white, 38½c; No. 3, 38c. Oats—No. 2 white, 26½@27c. Receipts—Wheat, 165,000 bu; corn, 13,700 bu; oats, 6,000 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 181,800 bu; corn, 24,700 bu; oats, 3,000 bu.

DULUTH, Minn., July 31.—Wheat—No. 1 hard cash, 78⅝c; to arrive, 78⅝c; August, 78⅝c; September, 78⅝c; December, 78⅛c; No. 1 Northern, cash, 76⅛c; to arrive, 76⅛c; August, 76⅝c; September, 76⅝c; December, 76⅛c; No. 2 Northern, 75c; No. 3 spring, 71⅛c. Oats, 23⅝@23⅛c. Corn, 39¼c. Receipts—Wheat, 28,074 bu. Shipments—Wheat, 169,451 bu.

TOLEDO, O., July 31.—Wheat—Dull, lower; spot, 77½c; July, 77½c; August, 77½c; September, 78⅝c. Corn—Dull, lower; cash, 42⅛c; September, 39⅝c. Clover-seed—Active, unchanged; '98 prime, $5.05; '99 prime, $5.20; October, $5.90; No. 2, $4.75.

WILMINGTON, N. C., July 31.—Spirits turpentine firm, 42@42½c. Rosin firm, $1.20@1.25. Crude turpentine, $1.50@2.50. Tar firm, $1.15.

PEORIA, Ill., July 31.—Corn—Firm; No. 3, 40c. Oats—Easy; No. 3 white, 23c. Whisky—On the basis of $1.23 for finished goods.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 31.—Turpentine steady, 40½c. Rosin firm, unchanged.

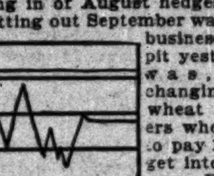
SAVANNAH, Ga., July 31.—Spirits turpentine firm, 43c. Rosin firm, unchanged.

GRAIN TRADE INACTIVE.

WHEAT RANGE NARROW, PRICES A SHADE LOWER.

Elevators Change Over from August to September at One Cent Difference, Otherwise Scalpers Have the Pit to Themselves — Good Thrashing Returns from Southern Minnesota—Provisions Strong on Continued Cash Demand.

Buying in of August hedges by elevators and putting out September was the principal business in the wheat pit yesterday. There was, of course, changing of long wheat also by holders who were willing to pay 1c premium to get into the later future. But aside from these operations



Sept. wheat range.

trade was narrow, and confined largely to the scalping element, with the general tendency one of weakness. The range was only ½@⅝c, for the first two hours barely ¼c, with the previous closing price the limit above which the bulls could not boost values. The net result of the day's fluctuations was a loss of ¼c. September opened at 75c, sold from 75⅛-¼c to 74⅝c, and closed at 74⅞@75c, with August 1c lower. Last transactions in July were at 74c. At the start Liverpool gave no encouragement, that market being easy at ¼d higher to unchanged, the arrival of fourteen cargoes, eleven of which were still waiting sale at ports, to three the day before being a factor there. Receipts here were 351 cars, of which 327 were winter wheat and 185 hard Kansas. Receipts last year were only 112 cars. Receipts in the Northwest passed those of last year, 304 cars to 226 the week before, and 296 for the corresponding week in 1899. This comparison disturbed some holders in spite of reports from Kansas City that an average of 150 cars daily were being shipped from there to the Northwest. On the other hand, some of the local bulls could not reconcile the claims of great improvement in the crop in the Northwest with the large purchases of winter wheat by the millers of that section, and were encouraged to stick to their lines or add to them. There was not quite so much pressure of winter wheat on the primary markets, receipts again falling under those of last year, but the assumption of some enthusiastic bulls that the rush of new wheat is over may prove a dangerous one to follow. The congestion at Galveston was reported relieved by large sales for export, and the 15c rate to Northern markets withdrawn. It was hot and dry through the Northwest, and there was some effort to stir up excitement over the possibility of damage to the wheat in the milk, but the market was apathetic to all crop damage claims. Minneapolis reported thrashing returns from four counties in the southern part of the State, two of which averaged 15 bu to the acre, one 14 bu, and one 11 bu. Kansas City wired that milling demand for wheat was slack, and Hastings, Minn., reported the sale of 50 cars of flour to London. Minneapolis reported an improvement in the flour demand. Lowest prices for the day were reached on Bradstreet's report of an increase of 2,309,000 bu in the world's visible, compared with a decrease the week before of 1,925,000 bu, and the corresponding week last year of 352,000 bu. Of the total increase 1,300,000 bu was in Europe and 1,009,000 bu east of the Rockies. There was a rally of ¼@⅜c on local buying based on the reported sale of 480,000 bu for export at the seaboard. Duluth reported 200,000 bu sold for export. No shipping business was accomplished here. Clearances were 305,611 bu. Spot in Liverpool was unchanged. London futures were steady to ¼d lower, Paris ⅜c to 1¼c lower, Antwerp ⅝c lower, Berlin ⅝c higher, and Buda-Pesth ½c higher. Broomhall reported arrivals of new Russian wheat at Nicolaieff only middling in quality and light in weight.

Quiet in the Corn Pit.

There was an appearance of strength in corn early, a brisk demand from several big commission houses putting up July to 39⅝c and September to 38⅞c, advances of ⅜c and ¼c respectively from the previous close. But the attempt to galvanize new life into speculation killed by the recent rains in the corn belt was a failure and for the rest of the session there was a dull market, following rather feebly the fluctuations in wheat. There was a less urgent demand for cash and July lost ¼c of its premium over September, closing at 39c, compared with 39¼c the day before. August closed at 38⅞-¾c, a loss of ¼c, and September unchanged at 38⅝c. Harris and Finley Barrell were buyers. McReynolds sold. Bradstreet's reported a decrease of 1,452,000 bu in the world's visible supply, compared with one of 1,168,000 bu the week before and one of 2,918,000 bu last year. Country offerings continued light. Receipts here were 612 cars, with 260 for today. Primary receipts were 590,912 bu, to 832,346 bu last year, and clearances were 441,627 bu. Seaboard export sales were 860,000 bu.

Provisions were strong on continued demand by packers, a good evidence of the existence of a strong cash demand. Ribs were particularly strong. There was buying by Armour and Cudahy, and the pit had an idea Wright had begun accumulating a line. The selling was through commission houses. September pork sold at $12.10 and September ribs at $7.15, with closing prices near the top. Pork gained 27½-30c, lard 10-12½c, and ribs 15c. Total receipts at Western points were 50,600 head, to 55,400 last year. Chicago had 15,600 hogs, with prices practically unchanged.

Oats suffered with the rest of the grain list, closing ¼@⅜c lower than on Monday, the principal defection being in July, owing to the "changing" to more deferred futures. The close was at practically bottom prices all around, except in September, which closed ⅛@¼c better than the low point. Nearly all the commission trade was on the selling side and there was but a poor demand for the "long" stuff thus liquidated. About the only good demand was for No. 2 white September, which was wanted anywhere from 22⅞@23c, particularly by Milmine-Bodman and Bartlett-Frazier. Buckly gave them considerable. Receipts were liberal all around—475 cars here—and country offerings were rather better, both facts indicating a freer movement from now on. Private elevator stocks are now 2,031,000 bu, and contract 965,000 bu. Seaboard clearances were light at 30,900 bu.

Rye was more active in the way of changing, cash being turned into September at a difference of 1c, but new business was not large. September sold at 50½c; No. 2 f. o. b. sold 51@52¼c, No. 2 to go to store at 50c, and No. 4 do at 47c. Barley was dull for want of offerings. Sales were made of medium to good malting at 40@44c for old and 43c for new. Timothy seed sold at $3.20 September, closing $3.22½ bid. This was also the October price. Clover seed was nominal at $8.00 for contract and $9.00@9.25 for October. Flaxseed was dull and steady, with trade showing little feature. Receipts were heavy, 63 cars here and 4 at Minneapolis, against 31 cars at all points last year. Cash seed remained $1.50; September was $1.35½ bid; October sold $1.30¼, closing $1.30 bid, with sellers at $1.30½.

WHEAT.

	Closed Monday.	High.	Low.	Closed yesterday.	Closed Aug. 1, 1899.
July	74¼-½	74¼-½	73⅞	74	....
Aug	74¼-½	74¼	73⅝-¾	73¾-4	....
Sept	75¼-½	75¼-½	74⅝	74⅞-5	69⅛

CORN.

July	39¼	39⅝	39	39	....
Aug	38⅞-9	39¼	38⅞	38⅞-¾	30
Sept	38⅝	38⅞	38½	38⅝	30

OATS.

July	21½	21	20¾	20¾	....
Aug	21⅝	21¼	20⅞	20⅞-1	19¼
Sept	21⅞	21¾	21¼	21⅜-½	19

MESS PORK.

July	11.70	12.00	11.97½	11.97½	....
Sept	11.75	12.10	11.85	12.02½	8.27½

LARD.

July	6.72½	....	....	6.82½	....
Sept	6.75	6.87½	6.80	6.82½-5	5.25
Oct	6.77½	6.92½	6.85	6.87½	5.30

SHORT RIBS.

July	6.97½	....	....	7.10	....
Sept	7.00	7.15	7.00	7.12½	4.90
Oct	6.92½	7.07½	6.95	7.05	4.95

GRAIN INSPECTION.

	No. 2 and better.	No. 3.	Low grades.	Total.
Winter wheat	156	137	34	327
Spring wheat	1	9	14	24
Corn	192	322	98	612
Oats	92	332	51	475
Rye	11	12	2	25
Barley		2	10	12
Totals	452	814	209	1,475

Inspected out: 14,000 bu Northern spring wheat, 148,948 bu corn.

Cash Produce Transactions.

FLOUR—Quiet and easy. Spring special brands, $4.50; Minnesota hard spring patents, $3.90@4.10; soft patents, $3.70@3.90; white rye, brls, $3.10@3.20; dark, $2.90@3.00.

WINTER WHEAT—In good demand but closing a shade lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 2 red, 76½@77c; No. 3 red, 75½c; No. 4 red, 74c; No. 2 hard, 72c; No. 3 hard, 71@72c. On track: No. 3 red, 75c; No. 2 red, 77¼c; No. 3 hard, 72¼c; No. 2 hard, 72¼c. Free on board: No. 4 red, 69@74c; No. 3 red, 73@76½c; No. 2 red, 76½@77½c; No. 4 hard, 71½c; No. 3 hard, 71½@76c; No. 2 hard, 71½@72½c. Billed through: No. 2 hard, 72c.

SPRING WHEAT—Quiet and easy. Sales free on board: No. 4, 69@70c. Billed through: No. 4, 67@67½c.

CORN—In good demand and small supply, feeling easier. Sales on track and free on board: No grade, 37@38c; No. 4, 37@38¼c; No. 3, 39¼@40c; No. 3 yellow, 39¾@40c; No. 2, 39¼@39½c; No. 3 white, 41½@42c; No. 2 white, 41½@42c. Billed through: No. 4, 38c; No. 3, 37⅝@38½c; No. 3 yellow, 38½@39½c; No. 2, 38⅝@38⅝c; No. 2 yellow, 39½c; No. 3 white, 40½c; No. 2 white, 40½c.

OATS—Dull, weak, and about 1c lower. Sales in store and to go: No. 4 white, 23½c; No. 3, 21½c; No. 3 white, 23c; white clipped, 405,000 bu on p. t. On track and free on board: No grade new, 22@22½c; No. 4 old, 21½c; No. 4 white, new, 22¾@23c; old, 23½@23¼c; No. 3, new, 21¼@21½c; old, 21½@22c; No. 3 white, new, 23@23½c; old, 23¾@24½c; No. 2, new, 21⅞c; old, 22@23c; No. 2 white, new, 23½@24¼c; old, 24½@25½c. Billed through: No. grade, new, 22c; No. 4, new, 21½c; No. 4 white, new, 21½@22c; old, 23c; No. 3, new, 21c; No. 3 white, new, 22@23½c; old, 22½@24½c; No. 2, new, 21½@21½c; old, 21½@23c; No. 3 white, new, 22½@23½c; old, 24@24½c.

RYE—In light demand and ½c weaker. Sales in store and to go: No. 2, 50c; No. 3, 50c; No. 4, 47c. Free on board: No. 2, 50@52½c.

PROVISIONS—Feeling stronger, short rib sides in active demand at advance. Cash lots new pork, $11.95@12.00 regular, 40@50c discount for old and 90c@$1.00 discount for repacked old. Lard, $6.82½@6.85 regular; 10c discount for choice old and 15c discount for regular old. Short ribs, $7.00@7.30 according to weight.

HAY—Steady, inquiry good. Receipts, 380 tons. Track sales included: Choice timothy, $13.50; No. 1 timothy, $12.50; choice prairie, new Kansas, $9.00@9.25; No. 3 prairie, $6.00@6.50.

Trade Gossip on 'Change.

Estimated receipts today: Wheat, 225 cars; corn, 260 cars; oats, 230 cars; hogs, 35,000.

Charges filed by Bartlett-Frazier against D. H. Harris to the effect that in executing a recent order to buy 65,000 bu of corn Harris had made part of the purchase at one price and reported it at another were considered by the directors and dismissed. The hearing of charges of dishonorable and dishonest conduct preferred by a special committee against Lloyd J. Smith was set for Aug. 14.

Detroit claims to have received but 7 cars of new wheat so far from the entire State of Michigan.

Minneapolis wired that J. A. Davidson, Minister of Agriculture of Manitoba, says the average yield of wheat will be about 6 or 7 bu per acre, and the total yield not over 11,000,000 bu. Of this about 5,000,000 bu will be required for home consumption and seed, leaving 6,000,000 bu for export, against 30,000,000 bu last year. Wheat is practically in two crops, so that fully one-quarter will be wasted in reaping, the first crop being too ripe and the later not ripe enough. Harvesting has begun in several parts of the province.

Farmers of the Northwest still refuse to admit the improvement in crop prospects claimed by the elevator interests. A trader yesterday received the following letter from Robert R. Ogilvy, a prominent farmer at Fargo, N. D.:

"The government report is or was correct when published. We are having terribly hot weather, with hot winds, and what little grain there is is in the milk, and it will injure it terribly. The conditions in this State are these: Last year we raised nearly 80,000,000 bu. This year we will be fortunate if we get 18,000,000 bu. The acreage originally seeded, which I have from Professor Kauffman of the State Agricultural College, who receives reports from 250 different stations, was 4,000,000. Half of that will never be cut, either plowed under or cut for hay; the balance will have to average 9 bu to the acre, which I do not think possible. A few instances from prominent farmers about here, where the crop is better, if one may call it a crop, than anywhere else, with the exception of one or two small sections where they had some showers early in the spring. R. S. Lewis of Buffalo marketed 46,000 bu from 3,000 acres last year. He told me two days ago from the same acreage he would not market 8,000 bu this year. James Holes, one of our most successful farmers in the State, has had seven gang plows going for over three weeks, turning under forty acres a day. One of our own men who had 700 acres in seven miles southwest of town started to plow before the rain, but stopped, thinking that the rain would make a crop. He was in three days ago and said it was no use, and he would plow under 600 acres, the other 100 might go 7 bu. One of the professors of the Agricultural College today told me within the last ten days there had been over 1,300 farmers from every section of the State on excursions tendered free by the railroads to the college for the purpose of instruction by the faculty in farming, and every one of them wanted to know just when to cut their wheat so that it would make the best hay. He said their universal report was that there would not be any wheat except on summer fallow or corn ground, and the few small areas I mentioned as having had showers. I have personally been over this country within a distance of 120 miles north through the heart of the great Red River Valley, and west to the James River country, examined the fields by going into them, not from a railroad car, as Jones probably did, and can assure you that the full extent of the damage has not yet been fully realized by our own people. It is about the same in South Dakota, and a little better in the southern part of Minnesota. It is not possible under the most favorable conditions (which we are not now getting) for these three Northwestern States to raise more than 100,000,000 bu, against 220,000,000 bu last year, and I, as well as many thoroughly posted men, think that the result will be nearer 80,000,000 bu than 100,000,000 bu. This may sound foolish, but it is the true condition of affairs."

A joint committee consisting of members of the Commerce committee of the United States Senate and the River and Harbor committee of the House will visit this city on Aug. 24 on a tour of inspection of rivers and harbors, as guests of the Lake Carriers' association. The directors have been asked to appoint a committee to accompany the visitors.

FAIR TRADE IN FARM PRODUCE.

Local Dealers Moderate Buyers at About Previously Quoted Prices.

There was a fairly good trade in farm produce yesterday, but in few of the articles in the popular list were prices quotably changed. Supplies were generally fair and ample for all requirements.

Round lots were quoted as follows:

DAIRY PRODUCTS.

Butter, creamery, extra	19c	Eggs, at mark, cases returned	7½@10½c
Firsts	17@18c	City, recandled, cases included	12@12½c
Seconds	15½@16½c	Cheeses, cheddars	9¾c
Dairies, etc.	15½@16½c	Cheese, twins, new	9⅞@10c
Ladles	14@15c	Cheese, fancy, brick	9⅝c
Packing stock	14c		
Eggs, loss off, cases returned	11c		

POULTRY.

Live turkeys, lb.	5½@6½c	Iced chickens	8@9c
Chickens	8@13c	Springs	10@13c
Geese, doz.	$4.00@4.50	Ducks	7@11c
Iced turkeys	7@7½c	Geese	5@7c

FRUITS.

Apples, common to fair, brls.	$1.50@2.00	Whortleberries, 16 qts.	$1.00@1.20
Apples, good to choice	$2.00@2.50	Peaches, Mich., 1 bu.	$1.00
Apples, fancy	$3.00@3.50	Do Ga., 6-basket crates	$1.25@1.75
Black raspberries, 24 pts., Mich.	$1.00	Pears, bu.	60@75c
Mich., 16 qts.	$1.15	Cherries, 16 qts.	$1.00@1.40
Gooseberries, 16 qts.	60@75c	Pineapples, Fla., crates	$2.50@3.00
Blackberries, Mich., 16 qts.	50@80c	Cal. oranges, Valencia	$3.50@4.00
Blueberries, 16 qts., Mich.	$1.50@1.75	Med. sweets	$3.25@3.50
Lemons, Cal.	$3.50@5.00	Watermelons, per car	$175.00@190.00
Cherry currants, 16 qts.	50@75c	Gems, ¼ bu.	30@50c
Red raspberries, Mich., 24 pts.	75c@$1.15	Tex., crates	$1.25@2.25
Bananas, bch.	$1.50@2.00	Osage, crates	40@60c

VEGETABLES.

Beans, navy, hand-picked, new, bu	$2.13@2.15	Green onions, doz bunches	4@6c
Medium	$2.07@2.10	Onions, Ill., ½ bu.	20c
Beets, 100 bchs.	50@75c	Carrots, Illinois, 100 bunches	75c
Cucumbers, Ind., bu	25@40c	New potatoes, Early Ohios	32@34c
New cabbage, per 100	60@80c	Home-grown, 1½-bu sacks	40@50c
Turnips, new, Ill., bu	30@35c	Spinach, home-grown, brls	25@35c
Lettuce, head, tubs	20@30c	Tomatoes, Ill., 4-bskt crate	30@40c
Wax beans, Ill., bu box	35@50c	Squash, bu, crookneck	25@30c
Celery, Mich., 12 bunches	30@50c	Green peppers, 4-bskt crate	50c
Kohlrabi, 100 bunches	75c@$1.00	Parsley, home-grown	12½@15c
Pieplant, home-grown, bunch	5@7c	Radishes, home-grown, 100 bunches	30@45c
Cauliflower, home-grown, boxes	15@50c	Sweet corn, Illinois, crate	25@35c
Mushrooms, lb.	20@35c		

The following table shows the receipts and shipments of country produce for the last twenty-four hours, as compared with the same time last year:

Articles.	Receipts— 1900.	1899.	—Shipments— 1900.	1899.
Apples, brls.	328	152	240	172
Beans, bu	....	83	....	305
B. corn, lbs.	....	60,400	700	1,070
Butter, lbs.	1,369,255	1,333,597	1,269,314	1,323,184
Cheese, lbs.	476,966	303,670	139,859	125,640
D. fruits, lbs	40,000	89,448	30,865	74,710
Eggs, pkgs.	7,969	5,755	4,352	2,061
Hay, tons	380	708	....	....
Hides, lbs.	284,775	286,285	480,163	388,858
Hops, lbs.	40,000	....	8,700	....
Potatoes, bu	6,740	10,540	1,387	1,472
Poultry, lbs	21,490	36,515	27,844	8,685
Poultry, c'ps	289	314	270	240
Wool, lbs.	61,900	586,433	410,365	912,773

IN THE LOCAL LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Receipts and Shipments of Cattle, Hogs, and Sheep.

Following is a statement of Chicago receipts and shipments of live stock, the receipts including stock received direct by packers:

Receipts—	Cattle.	Calves.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Monday, July 30	20,267	327	32,391	15,029
Tuesday, July 31	3,500	1,100	15,000	12,000
Totals	23,767	1,327	47,391	27,029
One week ago	17,846	1,336	33,378	29,609
One year ago	20,132	1,213	43,532	26,476
Shipments—				
Monday, July 30	6,164	....	6,937	710
Tuesday, July 31	2,000	40	1,800	1,000
Totals	8,164	40	8,737	1,710
One week ago	5,653	9	10,063	2,574
One year ago	4,574	13	14,319	3,608

Combined receipts at Chicago, Kansas City, Omaha, and St. Louis:

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Thus far this week	57,000	77,000	45,000
Same period last week	44,000	61,000	47,000
Same period 1899	51,000	78,000	43,000

Today's receipts are estimated at 13,000 cattle, 25,000 hogs, and 14,000 sheep, against 15,980 cattle, 24,050 hogs, and 9,647 sheep a week ago, and 16,578 cattle, 25,049 hogs, and 14,431 sheep the corresponding Wednesday a year ago.

Cattle—Receipts were estimated at 3,500, including 1,300 Texans and 700 Western rangers. The supply of native beef cattle was small and the quality rather poor. The best on sale sold at $5.50, with common to fair 980@1,350-lb steers at $4.65@5.45. Fancy native steers would sell at about $5.90. A load of 1,195-lb Texas steers sold at $5.35, with four loads averaging 1,103@1,247 lbs at $5.10@5.15, and 848@933-lb grass Texans at $3.55@3.75. Grass Westerns sold at $3.00@4.20 for cows and heifers, and $3.75@4.75 for steers. Native cows sold at $2.35@4.30; heifers, $2.75@4.25; bulls, $3.00@4.50; veal calves, $5.00@6.60; and feeding cattle, $2.75@4.60. Veal calves declined 25@40c.

Hogs—Best grades of light ruled a shade higher, while poor to fair heavy were a shade lower. The general market averaged about steady, with the finish rather weak. Shippers purchased less than 2,000, both the Boston packers being out of the market. Local packers acted indifferent and left 3,500 in the pens. Receipts were rather small and the quality the poorest of the year. There was a big run of coarse heavyweights, while lightweights were scarcer than usual. A good many light sold at $5.37½, with 215-lb butchers' at that price. Sales were made at the following quotations:

Bulk of sales	$5.15 @5.30
Selected butchers', 220@270 lbs	5.25 @5.37½
Selected bacon, 150@190 lbs	5.27½@5.37½
Mixed grades, 180@240 lbs	5.15 @5.35
Heavy shipping, 250@350 lbs	5.20 @5.32½
Heavy packing, 280@400 lbs	5.10 @5.25
Rough, heavy grades	4.90 @5.05
Poor to choice pigs	4.20 @5.20

Sheep—There was no change in sheep and lambs. Trade was active and prices steady. Lambs sold at $4.00@6.00, bulk $5.65@5.85. One lot of 857 Westerns averaging 69 lbs sold at $3.80. Native sheep sold at $3.00@4.35; yearlings, $4.50@5.00; Western sheep, $3.50@4.35; and Texas at $4.00. Ewes sold at $3.25@4.00.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS ELSEWHERE.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Beeves—Receipts, 180; nothing doing of importance; steady to firm feeling; cables unchanged; shipments, 850 cattle and 5,800 qrs of beef. Calves—Receipts, 152; quiet; veals steady; some late arrivals unsold; veals, $4.50@7.00; buttermilks nominal. Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 4,716; good sheep firm, common dull, lambs weak, common and medium grades easier; sheep, $3.00@4.80; export wethers, $5.25; lambs, $4.75@6.87½; culls, $4.00@4.50; no choice lambs here. Hogs—Receipts, 1,549; all for slaughterers; nominally steady at $5.60@5.85; choice light State hogs quotable up to $5.90.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 7,000 natives, 2,900 Texans; a few choice bunches higher, others steady; heavy native steers, $4.80@5.60; stockers and feeders, $3.85@4.80; butcher cows and heifers, $3.25@5.10; canners, $2.75@3.25; fed Westerns, $4.00@5.40; fed Texans, $3.90@4.20; grass Texans, $3.25@4.00. Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; market opened steady, closed slow to 5c lower; heavy, $5.15@5.25; mixed, $5.10@5.20; light, $5.05@5.20; pigs, $4.75@4.95. Sheep—Receipts, 4,600; excellent demand for all classes at shade higher prices; lambs, $5.00@5.60; muttons, $3.80@4.20; Westerns, $3.50@4.00; feeders, $3.25@4.25; culls, $2.50@3.25.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,800, including 3,000 Texans; market strong for natives; Texans steady; native shipping and export steers, $4.95@5.80; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.50@5.25; steers under 1,000 lbs, $3.60@4.90; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.80; cows and heifers, $2.00@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.85; bulls, $2.75@3.50; Texans and Indian steers, $3.25@4.90; cows and heifers, $2.50@3.75. Hogs—Receipts, 6,500; market easier, a shade lower; pigs and lights, $5.15@5.25; packers, $5.10@5.25; butchers, $5.25@5.32½. Sheep—Receipts, 3,100; market steady; native muttons, $4.00@4.35; lambs, $4.85@5.75; culls and bucks, $1.50@3.75; stockers, $3.30@3.50.

SOUTH OMAHA, Neb., July 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 2,900; market steady to strong; native beef steers, $4.50@5.60; Western steers, $4.25@4.85; Texas steers, $3.75@4.40; cows and heifers, $3.40@4.50; canners, $1.75@3.25; stockers and feeders, $3.50@4.65; calves, $3.00@6.00; bulls, stags, etc., $2.50@4.40. Hogs—Receipts, 6,500; market strong; heavy, $5.07½@5.15; mixed, $5.07½@5.10; light, $5.00@5.10; pigs, $4.50@5.00; bulk of sales, $5.07½@5.10. Sheep—Receipts, 1,100; market strong to 10c higher; yearlings, $4.00@4.60; wethers, $3.80@4.25; stock sheep, $3.00@3.75; lambs, $4.50@5.65.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 31.—[Special.]—Cattle—Receipts, 1,310; steady to strong; natives, $4.35@5.40; Westerns, $3.75@5.40; cows and heifers, $2.00@4.75; calves, $4.00@6.50; bulls and stags, $3.00@4.50; stockers and feeders, $3.00@4.50. Hogs—Receipts, 4,307; steady to 2½c lower; light and light mixed, $5.00@5.15; medium and heavy, $5.10@5.20; pigs, $3.75@5.50; bulk, $5.10@5.15. Sheep—Receipts, 2,066; steady to strong.

IN THE FOREIGN PRODUCE MARKET.

Closing Quotations on Grain, Cotton, and Provisions in Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, July 31.—Wheat—Spot dull; No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 2d; No. 1 Northern spring, 6s 3d; No. 1 California, 6s ¼d@6s 2d; futures quiet; July nominal; September, 6s ¼d; December, 6s 1½d.

Corn—Spot—New quiet, old steady; American mixed, new, 3s 11d; do old, 3s 11½d; futures quiet; September, 3s 11½d; do old, 3s 11¼d.

Bacon—Short rib, 18@22 lbs, dull, 43s; long clear middles, light, 30@35 lbs, steady, 41s 6d; do heavy, 35@40 lbs, steady, 41s; short clear backs, 15@18 lbs, dull, 39s; shoulders, square, 12@14 lbs, dull, 35s. Receipts of American corn during last three days 190,200 centals.

Cotton—Spot dull; prices lower; American middling fair, 6 5-32d; good middling, 5⅞d; middling, 5 11-16d; low middling, 5 9-16d; good ordinary, 5 7-16d; ordinary, 5¼d; the sales of the day were 3,000 bales, including 2,700 American; none for export and speculation. Receipts, 9,000, including 7,250 American. Futures opened easy, closed barely steady. American middling, l. m. c., August, 5 21-64d sellers; August-September, 5 8-64d sellers; September-October, 4 53-64d@4 54-64d buyers; October-November, 4 41-64d@4 42-64d sellers; November-December, 4 36-64d@4 37-64d buyers; December-January, 4 34-64d sellers; January-February, 4 32-64d sellers; February-March, 4 30-64d sellers; March-April, 4 29-64d value.

In the New York Poultry Market.

NEW YORK, July 31.—[Special.]—Poultry—Alive—Spring chickens, per lb, 12@14c; fowls, 10½c; roosters, 6½c; turkeys, 7@8c; ducks, Western, per pair, 35@60c; geese, 70c@$1.00; pigeons, 15@20c. Dressed—Iced—Turkeys, hens, average best, 8@9c; toms, 7c; poor, 5@6c; broilers, Philadelphia, selected, large, 18@20c; do mixed sizes, 15@17c; Pennsylvania, 14@16c; do Western and Southwestern, dry-picked, 3 lbs and over average to pair, per lb, 13c; do scalded, 12c; do western and Southwestern, under 3-lb average, 10@11c; fowls, State and Pennsylvania, good to prime, 11c; do Western scalded, 10@10½c; do Western dry-picked, average small, 10½c; do large, 10c; do Southern and Southwestern, prime, 10@10½c; do poor to good, 8@9½c; old roosters, 5@5½c; ducks, Eastern and Long Island, spring, per lb, 11c; geese, Eastern spring, 10@14c; squabs, per dozen, $1.50@2.25. Frozen—Turkeys, young hens, No. 1, 12@12½c; mixed young hens and toms, No. 1, 11@12c; young toms, No. 1, 11c; No. 2, 8@10c; broilers, fancy, dry-picked, 14@15c; do scalded, 13@14c; do fair to good, 10@12c; chickens, fancy, soft-meated, 12c; do average No. 1, 9@11c; capons, fancy large, 15c; do medium weights, 13@14c; fowls, dry-picked, No. 1, 9@9½c; do plain, 8@8½c; ducks, average No. 1, 8@10c.

Available Supply of Grain.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Special cable and telegraphic communications to Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies from the last account: Available supplies: Wheat—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increased 1,009,000 bu; afloat for and in Europe, increased 1,300,000 bu; total supply, increased 2,309,000 bu. Corn—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decreased 1,452,000 bu. Oats—United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decreased 1,240,000 bu. Among the more important gains reported to Bradstreet's are 545,000 bu at Chicago private elevators, 147,000 bu at St. Joseph, and 140,000 bu at Chattanooga. The leading decreases include 55,000 bu at Coteau and 50,000 bu each at Forth Worth and East St. Louis. Pacific coast wheat stocks decreased 18,000 bu last week.

In the Mining Stock Market.

NEW YORK, July 31.—Mining stocks:

Chollar	12	Ontario	550
Crown Point	10	Ophir	60
Con. Cal. & Va.	135	Plymouth	10
Deadwood	40	Quicksilver	150
Gould & Currie	17	Do pfd.	650
Hale & Norcross	16	Sierra Nevada	22
Homestake	5000	Standard	410
Iron Silver	50	Union Con.	15
Mexican	12	Yellow Jacket	20

NEWS OF THE COURTS.

Denies O. M. Harrington's Appeal.

The Branch Appellate Court has refused to change the verdict of the Criminal Court which sentenced O. M. Harrington to nine months in the bridewell for shooting William M. Marshall on March 5 at Polk and State streets. Judge Horton in the reviewing court finds that no material errors were made at the trial in the Criminal Court. The evidence showed that Harrington left his horse in charge of Marshall, who did not remain till Harrington returned, and that later in the evening they met and quarreled and Harrington shot Marshall.

Branch Appellate Court Opinions.

Judges Horton, Freeman, and Shepard yesterday announced twenty-four opinions in the Branch Appellate Court. Thirteen of the rulings affirm the findings previously entered in the lower courts. The opinions were recorded as:

8284—The Chicago South Side Rapid Transit Railroad Co. and the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, for use, etc., vs. The Northern Trust Company et al.; affirmed.

8616—Board of Education vs. Patrick Foley; reversed and remanded.

8650—John McNulta, recvr., vs. Anders Nordgren; affirmed.

8769—Charles E. Forsell and Ida Forsell vs. Joseph W. Suddard and Arthur S. Welsh, recvers; reversed and remanded.

8775—John Reid et al. vs. William McMillan et al.; affirmed.

8779—Great Northern Hotel Company vs. Farrand & Votey Organ Co.; affirmed.

8782—Empire Tailoring Company vs. The First National Bank of Columbus, Neb.; reversed and remanded.

8784—James McCrea vs. Murphy & Son; affirmed.

8792—James O'Leary vs. The People of the State of Illinois; affirmed.

8794—Horace H. Stoddard vs. Henry H. Walker, recvr.; reversed.

8803—Orient Insurance Company of Hartford, Conn., vs. Isaac Peiser; reversed and remanded.

8804—The Goss Printing Press Company vs. Carl Lempke; affirmed.

8812—Globe Mutual Insurance Association vs. Dora Wagner; affirmed.

8816—William R. Hauze vs. Guy H. Powell, assg.; reversed and remanded.

8818—Lake Shore Sand Company vs. East Tennessee Stone and Marble Company; affirmed.

8823—City of Chicago vs. William Burke; reversed and remanded.

8829—Albert Ellinger vs. Commercial Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Providence, R. I.; affirmed.

8844—Chicago City Railway Company vs. Catherine H. Bucholz; reversed and remanded.

8864—John F. McRea vs. Max Becker; affirmed.

8870—Frank H. Follansbee et al. vs. The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company; affirmed.

9346—Jacob L. Kesner et al. vs. Catherine Miesch; reversed.

9338—O. M. Harrington vs. The People of the State of Illinois; affirmed.

9351—Henry W. Hill et al. vs. Paul E. Tarbell; reversed and remanded.

9322—The Lawyers' Coöperative Publishing Company vs. The Chicago Law Book Company; appeal dismissed.

Circuit Court Decrees.

Judge Burke—6406—Sweet vs. Dearlove; def. dec.—6407—Sweet vs. Dearlove; def. dec.—7298—Lyman vs. Danielski; dec. sale.—9347—O'Neill vs. Donlin; dec.—206681—Ogden vs. Dunk; dec. sale.—12735—Clarke vs. Hawkes; dec. sale.—12901—Sec. T. & T. Co. vs. Quick; dec. sale.—130774—Parker vs. Follansbee; dec. sale.—209536—Kay vs. McCormick; dec.

Petitions in Bankruptcy.

4099—Owen Mulholland; liabilities, $86; no assets. Matthew J. Huss, atty.

4100—Charles K. Oliver; liabilities, $770; assets, $94. Frederick Kingsland, atty.

4101—Victor Du Chateau; liabilities, $2,837.39; assets, $575. Steve Allright, atty.

4102—Adolph M. Dahl; liabilities, $594.70; assets, $240. P. H. Bishop, atty.

4103—George E. Dihel; liabilities, $296.87; assets, $185. Robert E. Cantwell, atty.

4104—John J. O'Connell; liabilities, $241.83; no assets. Andrew F. Crane, atty.

4105—John E. Long—liabilities, $460.65; assets, $32.75. Jesse A. Joseph, atty.

Court Calls for Today.

Judge Tuley—Motions of course and general business.

Judge Chytraus—Emergency business.

Judge Burke—Emergency business and juvenile court.

Judge Carter—County Court—Motions of course and decisions in all specials held under advisement.

Judge Wheatley—County Court—General tax objections.

Judge Thompson—County Court—General tax objections.

Judge Bishop—Set case.

Judge Batten—Probate Court—Call not extended.

Judge Burke—Criminal Court, Branch No. 2—Call not extended.

Judge Baker—Criminal Court, Branch No. 3—4291, 4285, 4272, 3342, 4222.

Judge Hutchinson—Criminal Court, Branch No. 4—4294, 4327, 4248, 4290, 4292, 4293, 4299, 4108, 4280, 4281, 4286.

Judge Brentano—Criminal Court, Branch No. 5—Call not extended.

Federal Court—No court.

HAVE YOU MADE A WILL?
The Trust Department of this bank draws and stores wills free of charge and will be pleased to consult with you in the matter.
INTEREST paid on deposits.
CASH CAPITAL ONE MILLION DOLLARS.
STATE BANK OF CHICAGO TRUST COMPANY.
CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BUILDING, S. E. Cor. LaSalle and Washington-sts.
DIRECTORS:
Thomas Murdoch. Chas. L. Hutchinson.
M. J. Wentworth. Henry C. Durand.
John H. Dwight. A. P. Johnson.
Theo. Freeman. H. A. Haugan.
John R. Lindgren.

Union Trust Co. Bank
N. E. Cor. Dearborn and Madison-sts.
Capital and Surplus - - $1,300,000.00
Solicits accounts of Merchants, Manufacturers, and Bankers.
2% INTEREST allowed on Daily Balances of Checking Accounts.
Issues Certificates bearing interest payable on demand or on time as desired.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT
3% INTEREST paid on Savings Accounts.
Deposits made on or before the 10th of the month draw interest from the 1st.
ISSUES DRAFTS and LETTERS OF CREDIT
Available in all parts of the world.
MONEY TO LOAN on Approved Collaterals and on Improved City Real Estate.
S. W. Rawson, Pres. F. L. Wilk, Vice-President
G. M. Wilson, Cashier. F. H. Rawson, Ast. Cashier.

Bartlett, Frazier & Co.,
Grain & Provisions,
STOCKS, BONDS AND COTTON.
Western Union Building, CHICAGO, ILL.
Wires to the principal markets East, South and West.

J. Finley Barrell. James Barrell. Stewart E. Barrell.
MEMBERS { NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE. CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE. CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.
FINLEY BARRELL & CO.
.. STOCKS .. BONDS .. GRAIN .. PROVISIONS .. COTTON ..
Monadnock Block, Jackson and Dearborn Streets.
Direct Private Wires. Telephone Harrison 1741.

Vermilye & Co
BANKERS,
Nassau and Pine Sts., New York. 13 Congress Street, Boston.
Dealers in U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS and other INVESTMENT SECURITIES
Deposits Received and Interest Allowed on Balances subject to draft at sight.

ESTABLISHED 1886.
ADOLPH J. LICHTSTERN & CO.
Bank Floor, The Rookery. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
STOCKS, GRAIN and COTTON.
Strictly Commission Business.
TELEPHONE H. 2195.

KNIGHT, DONNELLEY & COMPANY
STOCKS AND BONDS
218 LASALLE STREET
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
MEMBERS CHICAGO STOCK EXCHANGE.
MEMBERS CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

Wm. H. Colvin & Co.
STOCK BROKERS,
190 La Salle-st.
Members { New York Stock Exchange. Chicago Stock Exchange. Chicago Board of Trade.

Metropolitan West Side Elevated Railway Company.

TREASURER'S OFFICE, CHICAGO, Aug. 1st, 1900.—The coupons for interest due August 1st, 1900, on the First Mortgage 4 per cent 40-year Gold Bonds of the Metropolitan West Side Elevated Railway Company will be paid in Chicago at the office of the company, 1001 Royal Insurance Building, and in New York at the office of the Central Trust Company, 54 Wall-st., on and after that date.

GEORGE HIGGINSON JR., Treasurer.

....LOCOMOTIVES....
RICHMOND LOCOMOTIVE and MACHINE WORKS.
....RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.
Simple or Compound Locomotives to their own Designs or to Specifications. | Modernly Equipped Shops. Annual Capacity 300 Locomotives. Terms Made Satisfactory. Correspondence Solicited.

LOANS Without Commission
On choice real estate security at 5%, 5½%, and 6%. Quick action.
BAIRD & WARNER, 90 La Salle-st.

First Mortgages ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE.
H. O. STONE & CO. 206 La Salle-st. Phone Express 681

IF YOU WANT THE LATEST
WAR NEWS
Read The Tribune.

The Tribune.

FOUNDED JUNE 10, 1847.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily, single copy	2 cents
Sunday, single copy	5 cents
Daily, per week	12 cents
Daily and Sunday, per week	17 cents
Daily, per month	50 cents
Daily and Sunday, per month	75 cents

BY MAIL IN ADVANCE.

Postage paid in the United States (outside of Chicago city limits) and in Canada and Mexico:

Daily, without Sunday, one year	$4.00
Daily, without Sunday, six months	2.00
Daily, without Sunday, three months	1.25
Daily, without Sunday, two months	1.00
Daily, without Sunday, one month	.50
Daily, with Sunday, one year	6.00
Daily, with Sunday, six months	3.00
Daily, with Sunday, three months	1.75
Daily, with Sunday, one month	.75
Sunday issue, one year	2.00
Sunday issue, one month	.25

Give postoffice address in full, including county and State.

Remit by express, money order, draft, or in registered letter, at our risk.

NEW YORK—164 WORLD BUILDING.
WASHINGTON—40 WYATT BUILDING.

Persons wishing to take "The Tribune" by carrier may order it by postal card or by telephone—Express 667. When delivery is irregular make complaint.

DOMESTIC POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 1 cent; 16 to 24 pages, 2 cents; 28 to 40 pages, 3 cents; 44 to 56 pages, 4 cents; 60 pages and over, 5 cents.
FOREIGN POSTAGE—Twelve pages, 2 cents; 16 pages, 3 cents; 24 pages, 4 cents; 32 pages, 5 cents; 40 pages, 6 cents; 44 to 48 pages, 7 cents; 52 to 56 pages, 8 cents; 60 pages and over, 9 cents.
Note—The laws of the Postoffice department are strict, and newspapers insufficiently prepaid cannot be forwarded.

WEDNESDAY, AUG. 1, 1900.

Blatherskite Most.

Herr Most, after a long and grateful silence, has opened his mouth to approve the murder of King Humbert. He is considerate enough to concede he had no grudge against the King and that individually he was estimable and had been guilty of no oppression of the people. Still, he justifies the foul murder, simply because Humbert was a King. Most would have every one killed who is in high station of any kind. Most himself is not exactly a useful member of society, and certainly is not ornamental. He spends the most of his time consuming beer and giving utterance to the desire that people may be killed. Most is not a worker. He lives by deadbeating. Most is not a brave man. He will never practice what he preaches. He will never summon courage sufficient to kill any one. When he was last wanted by the police he had to be dragged out from under a bed, and yet just such swashbucklers as Most, aided by a few crazy or notoriety-loving women like Miss Crevella, incite fanatical and evil disposed aliens to commit murder. It would be much better for the peace of the community and for the safety of persons in an official position if the mouths of such nuisances as Most could be sealed.

Earned an Honorable Epitaph.

Whatever may be said of the life of Charles Cross, alias Joseph Rogers, late of Chicago, it must be admitted that in his death he has earned for himself an honorable epitaph. So far as his residence in Chicago is concerned, Cross was better known to the police than to any other class of citizens. More than once he had seen the inside of the jail in which he was finally locked up in the fall of 1897 on the charge of grand larceny. Aided by another prisoner, he sawed his way out of jail a few weeks after his arrest. Since that time the police of the country have looked after him in vain. No trace of his whereabouts was ever found until, a day or two ago, his name was found in the list of those killed in battle in the Philippines. Cross, it appears, went from jail to the army. A criminal and an outcast in civil life, his record as a soldier is one of which any man might well be proud. Few professional criminals are brave men. They rarely attack a man unless the odds are overwhelmingly on their side. In this respect, at least, Cross differed from the majority of his fellows. The country, which has laurel wreaths and monuments for most of the soldiers who "fall in the line of duty," can at least afford to let the death of this brave soldier blot out the memory of his earlier misdeeds.

Death of Prince Alfred.

The death of Prince Alfred Ernest Albert, Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, leaves Queen Victoria with but two sons—Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, and Arthur, Duke of Connaught, who married the Princess Louise of Prussia in 1879. The remaining children are the Princesses Victoria, widowed; Helena, married to Prince Christian of Schleswig-Holstein; Louise, married to the Duke of Argyll; and Beatrice, married to Prince Henry of Hesse. The deceased Prince was born in 1844 and married in 1874 the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia, only daughter of Emperor Alexander II. The Victorian family has always been prolific, and Prince Alfred leaves behind him one son and four daughters, three of the daughters—Marie, Victoria, and Alexandra—being married. From 1858 to 1889 the deceased served in the British navy, rising from a cadetship to the rank of Vice Admiral, more than once holding command of important squadrons. Previous to 1889 he had figured but little in political life. In 1866, when he was created Duke of Edinburg, he took his seat in the House of Lords. In 1862 he was offered the throne of Greece, which he had the good sense to decline. He succeeded his uncle, Ernest II., as reigning Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha in 1893, one of the most comfortable of royal positions, as there is comparatively little work to do and the pay is handsome. In addition to $50,000 a year from the English civil list the Duke received $90,000 and one-half of the excess of revenue over expenditure from the Coburg domain for his administrative services. As the sailor Prince he was greatly admired in the navy and by the English people at large for his agreeable personal qualities and his love of culture and the arts.

Beauty a Cause for Suicide.

Strangely pathetic is the story of George Novy, who hung himself to a beam in his new house away out on West Fortieth avenue on Sunday. For more than thirty years he had lived in the Nineteenth Ward, one of the most crowded and dirty regions of the city. Often the quarter where his old home was located was spoken of as "the slums." Philanthropists have established "settlement homes" close to the old house and people who live in happier circumstances have spent time and money and sympathy in efforts to "raise the standard of living" in the ward. But to old George Novy the dirtiest and most congested part of the Nineteenth Ward was "home, sweet home." The cries of the myriad "babies on our block" had come to be music in his ears. He liked the accustomed and never ceasing rattle of street cars and peddlers' wagons and the babel of many tongues in which the cosmopolitan citizens of the ward bid each other good day. To his eyes an unemptied garbage box was a familiar and therefore a friendly sight. Uncleaned streets and unkempt door yards were to him, if not things of beauty, at least old and homely friends. His affections, dwarfed and misdirected though they may have been, went out to the sights and sounds and smells which many people would flee from.

Living in these surroundings for more than thirty years, George Novy had none the less prospered. He had become in the community of which he was a part a rich man and was looked up to as a leader. This was another link which bound him to the quarter where he had lived so long. But if Novy was satisfied his family was not. It was tired of dirt and crowds of uncleanly people. It had a laudable ambition to move away from the tenement house district and settle somewhere out of the noisy, smoky atmosphere of the tenement district. Far out on West Fortieth avenue the family set up its new home. There was a pretty green lawn about the new house. In front of it were trees and flowering shrubs, and cool, fresh breezes blew in over the prairies further to the west. As compared with the place they had left most men would have felt that it was ideal. But to George Novy it was desolate and forlorn. The Ephraim of the Nineteenth Ward was joined to his idols. He missed everything that he had left behind him in his old home. Gradually he grew morose and sullen. When the family went out on Sunday afternoon to enjoy an outing in Douglas Park Novy went into the pretty new house and hanged himself to a beam in the basement. There was no family or financial trouble to account for what he did. It was simply the last protest of a broken old man who could not accustom himself to new surroundings, though in the eyes of most men they were infinitely superior in every way to those which for years had meant home to him.

THE GERMAN-AMERICAN VOTE.

A Washington correspondent has been estimating or guessing at the German-American votes in those States west of the Alleghanies, where the managers of the Democratic campaign are going to endeavor to make gains of Electoral votes, without which Bryan cannot be elected. The following table gives the assumed strength of the German-American vote at this time in nine important States:

Illinois	192,400	Minnesota	66,800
Indiana	64,200	Nebraska	39,200
Kansas	30,000	Ohio	161,400
Kentucky	24,800	Wisconsin	150,000
Michigan	76,000		

These estimates may be too high or too low. How near accurate they are cannot be told, however, until the data collected by the census enumerators this year have been tabulated. It is certain, however, that the aggregate vote in the States named of American citizens born in Germany and of such citizens of German parentage is quite large. It is certain also that the greater part of that vote was cast for McKinley in 1896. It is equally certain that if as large a percentage of that vote were to be polled for Bryan this year as was polled for McKinley four years ago the former would carry most if not all of the nine States.

The Democrats will not admit there is any "if" about the matter. They contend that the German-Americans are leaving McKinley by thousands because they are alarmed by something which is called "imperialism," which they or their fathers left Germany to get away from, and are going to support the man they defeated four years ago, although his views on all questions are the same as they were four years ago. It is not asserted by the Democrats that the German-Americans have been converted to free silver, but it is alleged that they do not fear the election of a free silver President because there is a gold standard Senate.

Doubtless there are German-Americans who voted for McKinley in 1896 who reason after this fashion. The indications are, however, that there are but few of them. It is well known to the German-Americans that the election of Bryan and a Democratic House of Representatives would not mean the immediate enactment of a law for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. The Senate would defeat such a law. Those voters are pretty generally of the opinion, however, that, to use the language of Abram S. Hewitt, "the election of Mr. Bryan even with a Republican Senate in existence, would result in widespread calamity and business convulsion. Its effect on business generally would be hard to estimate, but that its effect would be disastrous cannot be doubted."

The German-Americans are not praying for calamities and business convulsions.

Nor are they so wrought up over "imperialism" as the Democrats pretend they are. There was an election last fall in Iowa, a State in which there are many German-Americans. The Democrats had little to say about free silver and much about "imperialism." Yet Governor Shaw got 55.25 per cent of the total vote cast, while McKinley got 55.5 per cent of the total vote cast in 1896. The new issue did not influence the Iowa voters perceptibly.

Election day is three months off. Long before it arrives the great majority of the German-Americans will have reached the conclusion, if they have not already, that "imperialism" is an old woman's tale and that the election of a free silver President will be the signal for financial distrust and industrial distress.

MOTIVES OF ASSASSIN BRESSI.

Assuming that King Humbert's assassin is the same Bressi who worked as a weaver in Paterson, N. J., and who has a wife and child in Hoboken, it becomes more than ever difficult to imagine any rational motive that could send him to Italy to commit his hideous crime. He had been in the United States five years and he had a home, a family, and employment. He seems to have been happily married and was devoted to his child. There was no reason why the monarchs of the old world, good or bad, should be of immediate concern to him. Why should he leave his home and wife and child to cross the Atlantic and kill the King of Italy? He must have known that the act would end his own career, for he seems to have made no attempt to escape. The fact that capital punishment has been abolished in Italy could not have influenced him to any great extent, for life imprisonment is not much better than death. The motive that could lead such a man to throw away his life and blast the happiness and good name of his family in this deliberate style is difficult to understand.

No doubt the Anarchistic virus had got into this man's ill-balanced brains and vitiated all his reasoning. Constant intercourse with dupes of the same vicious and senseless doctrines seems to have altered his natural character or to have put him under some secret oath-bound obligation to commit this murder. His wife says he was a mild and timid man, afraid of a mouse. Events have shown her to be a poor judge of character, but all ordinary rules seem to fail in judging what an Anarchist will do. Anarchists are no longer rational beings, though they are by no means irresponsible maniacs. Their motives and their blind pseudo-reasoning are incomprehensible to any healthy mind.

A rational being would understand the utter folly of trying to kill a system by killing an individual. The assassination of a King does not change the government or alter the condition of things. The Anarchists might kill every ruler of every nation in the world and yet the same form of government would remain in each case and new rulers would be in the places of the old. They might exterminate every royal family and every officeholder in the world, and yet new rulers would arise at once by virtue of brute strength or superior intellect and would dominate things as before. Every herd of wild animals has its master among its own ranks. There is no such thing as permanent anarchy—a perpetual ruleless state—except in the silly and vitiated imaginations of the fools who call themselves Anarchists. The thing is impossible and even unthinkable to any mind that takes in the whole subject, and not merely an isolated corner of it.

EXPERT MUNICIPAL OFFICIALS.

The Clerk of the London County Council is soon to leave his office—carrying a salary of $10,000 a year—to accept a private business position, and the fact is the subject of suggestions in London municipal circles that perhaps the regular custom of advertising for candidates for this office from anywhere in the kingdom may, because of the smallness of the salary, fail to bring a first-class applicant, while the peculiar need at this transition period—when the new local government act for London is about to be put into effect—for a clerk acquainted with the details of the disappearing system, may demand his selection from among the subordinate staff. It is explained that there would be no prospect of attracting the able town clerks of Liverpool or Glasgow, since each receives a salary equal to or greater than that mentioned, and the imminence of the reorganization of local governing agencies is urged as forbidding a period of apprenticeship for a stranger to acquaint himself with the system to be transformed.

The point of the situation is, however, that the only considerations discussed are the matter of distinctive qualifications for the position and the quesion of where these can be found, whether in London or elsewhere in the kingdom. Any suggestion that the choice of a candidate should be limited to some political party, to say nothing of its being limited to the "workers" therein, would be treated as an absurdity.

The criticism herein contained upon our own theory and practice of municipal government goes to the root of our admitted inefficiency therein as a nation. It explains the death of the four women and girls at last Wednesday's fire, just as, in the main, it does paving frauds, dirty streets, deranged finances, feverish school management, and inefficiency in the thousand forms in which its results are precipitated upon the public.

It is as certain and plain as anything possibly can be that ability is the only means by which the public service can be well carried on, and that "rotation in office," and selection, whether of heads of departments or of street sweepers, for political reasons, negative the idea of able administration. No one who analyzes the situation can fail to see that popular elections in American cities must somehow be brought to turn less upon persons and more upon policies, and that officials must be chosen because of their capacity to execute in a liberal and efficient manner public mandates, rather than because they trained with one particular party in such an election.

To compare the clerk in question, whose four years' faithful services have made him seem almost indispensable to the present administrative needs of London, with the City Clerk of Chicago, whose one conspicuous act within the reach of recent memory was in connection with the promotion of the defeated Ogden Gas ordinance, is to bring out in humiliating but wholesome contrast the cutting logic of the two sorts of political philosophy represented by the two officials.

THE ST. LOUIS STRIKE.

The Rev. Frank Foster gives in the current number of the Independent a seemingly temperate review of the issues, events, and lessons of the St. Louis street railway strike—which was settled on the 2d instant, but was declared "on" again, with its accompanying boycott, a week later.

The organization of the employés last winter into a union followed the consolidation during the last year of four-fifths of the mileage of the city and suburbs under one company, and was apparently prompted in part at least by a sense of apprehension at the idea of such a powerful combination as employer. The company thereupon began to discriminate against the union men, certain of them being discharged apparently because of their membership in the union. The company likewise promoted the formation under its own patronage of another organization among the men. There were also two important grievances claimed to exist, one connected with the alleged underpayment of men for extra trips and the other with the distribution of the day's work through a number of hours considerably in excess of the ten hours paid for.

A threatened strike on these grounds was averted by an agreement on March 10, but no provision was made therein for any tribunal to pass upon questions arising under it. The men soon claimed that its terms were being violated, and, receiving no satisfaction from headquarters, they presented to the company an ultimatum containing extreme demands for the absolute unionizing of the service. No acceptable answer thereto was vouchsafed and about 3,500 (out of 4,000) employés quit work.

The extreme nature of the men's demands prejudiced their cause with the public and they soon abated them and were ready to arbitrate. The company, however, declined this method, and the struggle assumed the aspects of violence which are but too well known. Finally, through the intervention of a citizens' committee a settlement was effected on the 2d instant, on the basis of the original agreement of March 10, with the additional provisions that the men should be free to join any labor organization and that all vacancies should be filled from the old men. This agreement, however, like the other, contained no provision for any method of settling disputes as to its interpretation or observance, and a week later, when the men claimed that the company was violating the compact, there was no way to test the question, and the strike and boycott were revived. Petitions have since been circulated to bring about arbitration, but the company has not been willing to accede to this.

Fourteen persons have been killed and nearly 200 injured during the trouble, while the reduction of the number of passengers of the company during the quarter ending with June to 13,733,621, as compared with 27,058,585 the previous quarter—although the strike only began in May—comprises but one item of the economic losses which have been suffered.

Mr. Foster emphasizes the injury to unionism which results from violence, declares that the boycott "cuts deepest into the pockets of the" working class, and, on the other hand, censures the company for retaining a general manager "who is persona non grata to the great number of its employés." The principal conclusion of a definite nature, however, which he draws is "that a compulsory arbitration clause ought to be inserted in every franchise" for a street railway.

Taken as a whole there can be but one lesson from this disastrous struggle in St. Louis, and that is that arbitration, under some effective arrangement, either voluntary or compulsory, is the method which ought and must be applied to industrial disputes of this sort.

BOER RESISTANCE WEAKENING.

The unconditional surrender of General Prinsloo and nearly a thousand Boer soldiers marks another stage in the slow but certain disintegration that began with the surrender of General Cronje. The number of prisoners is considerably smaller than was reported in the earlier dispatches, but the fact remains that organized opposition to the British in the Orange Free State has ceased to exist. Several detachments have fought long and stubbornly in the hills of the northeastern part of the Free State, along the Caledon River, which forms the boundary of Basutoland. Here some of them have finally been surrounded and forced to succumb. As in the case of Cronje's troops, they have shown the customary Boer discretion by ceasing to fight and die when nothing practical was to be gained by sacrificing themselves.

Thus the resistance of the burghers is gradually being worn away by Great Britain's overpowering numbers. Apparently it will not be long before General Hunter will be free to spare a part of his force for use in the Transvaal, where General Roberts is still hammering away with meager results. It is true that the British have no enviable task before them. Commandant Botha has again eluded pursuit to the eastward of Pretoria, and the British soldiers on that expedition have suffered intensely from cold and exposure. The British are still far from the Leydenburg region, in which President Kruger has made his headquarters. To the west of Pretoria they are also constantly harassed by active Boer detachments, and it has again fallen to General Baden-Powell's lot to be besieged—this time in Rustenburg.

But though the Boers may continue their warfare for months, it is none the less apparent that they are gradually weakening. The recent capture of Piet De Wet and half a dozen of the Free State officials was but one of the numerous small reverses that are wearing out their slender resources. Their horses and war munitions are also dwindling and cannot be replaced. They have rendered desolate the territory through which the British must advance, thus inflicting much inconvenience and privation upon the enemy, but this sort of warfare is almost equally hard on both sides. It is only a matter of time when the Boers' one remaining line of outside communication—the railroad to Lourenzo Marquez—will be cut off by the British. When that occurs their gallant fight will be about at an end.

POPULATION OF CINCINNATI.

The Census office gave out yesterday the figures for Cincinnati. That city has now a population of 325,902, being 28,994 more than in 1890. This is a gain of a little over 9 per cent, while there was a gain of 16 per cent for the preceding ten years' period. This return of population may not satisfy the people of Cincinnati. They may say the enumerators have not done their duty and will ask for a recount.

It has been suggested that a falling-off in the rate of growth is to be expected in the case of cities which are so well equipped with rapid transit facilities as to make it possible for workers to live in suburbs and be able in a short time to get to the city and their business. In 1890 the systems of trolley roads, which have contributed so much towards reducing the density of urban population by enabling people to live far from business centers and yet be near them in time, were in their infancy. It is more than likely that there has been a much greater increase in the number of people doing business or working in Cincinnati than the census figures imply.

The Census office will be reporting soon the population of suburban and of agricultural districts. The latter cannot be looked to for gains. The census of ten years ago showed a loss in population in twenty-nine agricultural counties in this State. If the suburban districts show a great increase, a satisfactory explanation will be had of the slower rate of growth of the cities which are tributary to them. It is not impossible, however, that it will turn out that the greater gains in the suburbs will not make up for the smaller gains in the cities and that the percentage of growth of the whole country will be smaller than it was during 1880-1890. There were in the last decade several years of hard times which had a tendency to discourage marriage. Foreign immigration met with a sharp check for a time. So if the percentage of increase should fall below 24.86 per cent, which was the gain for the ten years 1880-1890, there will be no occasion for surprise.

THE "BLIND PIGS" IN HYDE PARK.

The municipal authorities have pleaded guilty to the charges publicly made by reputable and well-informed persons concerning the failure of the police to make a serious effort to stop the sale of liquor in the prohibition district of Hyde Park. The charges in question were not general and indefinite. An Inspector, Captain, and Lieutenant of police were accused of "incompetency or a deliberate attempt to deceive their superior officers." The names of persons who are selling liquor in the prohibition district in defiance of the law were given, and it was asserted that the existence of many, if not all of them, was known to the police, but that they persistently kept their eyes shut.

The Lieutenant who was accused of incompetency or a deliberate attempt to deceive his superior officers has been transferred to another station. The Chief of Police says that that officer "could not cope successfully with the 'blind pig' question in Hyde Park," but that the officer who is to succeed him "will attend to the matter in vigorous fashion." But if, as has been alleged, the Captain and Inspector, who are the immediate superiors of this Lieutenant, are averse to the enforcement of the ordinance against the sale of liquor in the prohibition district, the new officer will accomplish no more in the long run than the old one did. There may be a display of spasmodic activity for a time, followed by a long period of friendly toleration of lawbreaking.

A police Captain triumphantly challenges those citizens of Hyde Park who are endeavoring to enforce an ordinance the police should enforce, but do not, to procure the conviction of a single person for selling liquor unlawfully, and at the same time prove the police have previously known the violation of the law, and failed to do their duty by arresting the guilty persons. To prove a negative—to prove that the officers saw an infraction of the law which they say they did not see—is no easy matter. It will be easy to show that the police ought to have seen that infraction, but that is not enough.

It does not seem to occur to this police officer that his admission that a citizens' organization can discover "blind pigs" which escape the notice of the patrolmen, part of whose duty it is to ferret them out, is a condemnation of those patrolmen. Policemen who cannot discover law-breakers when citizens can find them should be dismissed. It is outrageous that private citizens should be compelled to undertake duties which others are hired to perform, but which they do not, because they are incompetent or unwilling to do so. In this case unwillingness is at the bottom of the trouble. Police officers and many patrolmen sympathize with the keepers of the "blind pigs." The acting Mayor should make a clean sweep in the Hyde Park district. He should make many transfers instead of one, until superior officers can be found who are willing to enforce the ordinances.

A CONSTITUTION FOR CUBA.

An order has been issued by the War department for a general election in Cuba on the third Saturday of September. There will be elected on that day delegates whose pleasing duty it will be to prepare a constitution under which the people of Cuba may govern themselves, free from American tutelage. They will meet in Havana on the first Monday in November.

This will be a pleasing duty because undoubtedly nearly all the Cubans wish to have a government of their own. They long to be citizens of the Republic of Cuba. The desire for annexation to the United States, which some Americans assumed would manifest itself speedily, seems to be non-existent. On his arrival from Cuba last week, General James H. Wilson, who was on duty there for some time, said, "The thinking people of Cuba unquestionably desire the emancipation of the island as soon as it possibly can be accomplished." General Wilson said also, "The administration could make no happier move, so far as the Cubans are concerned, than to hand the government of their country over to them."

This will be done with all reasonable speed. After a constitution has been framed it will have to be submitted to the popular vote. Then legislative and executive officers will have to be elected under it. When they have been chosen the United States authorities will give place to them, and there will be one more Spanish-American republic whose citizens will have every reason to be grateful to the American people and who, no doubt, will be grateful, for all the promises made to them will have been kept.

The convention which is to meet next November may be depended on to frame an excellent constitution. The Spanish-Americans, with that of this country as a model, never have found it difficult to frame organic laws which were free from fault. The trouble has been always the lack of ability to live up to those laws. The necessity for "absolute acquiescence in the decisions of the majority, the vital principle of republics, from which is no appeal but to force, the vital principle and immediate parent of despotism," never has been appreciated in Spanish-American countries. It may not be in Cuba after its people have been in the self-governing business for a brief time.

The United States government cannot afford to borrow trouble on that score. It will not be to blame if the future Republic of Cuba is not altogether a success. Even if it is not, perhaps the Cubans will prefer it to American government. They prefer their own ways to American ways. While they do not suspect this country of any intention of dealing unfairly with them, they are longing for independence, which seems all the more precious, perhaps, because they never have had it. So while there should be no undue haste about this important matter, the establishment of the independent Cuban government should not be delayed unnecessarily.

THE 5,000 men captured by Lord Roberts' armies the other day have been subjected to a more accurate count and prove to be less than 1,000. This probably breaks up a promising Five Thousand club.

GOVERNOR ROOSEVELT will notice that ex-Governor Altgeld is snarling at him.

THE New York Journal of Commerce declares Chicago to be only a way station. Chicago is going to be a station away ahead of New York before many years.

THE police went bucket-shopping yesterday and accumulated about 400 samples of goods, cut mostly from margins.

NEW YORK CITY, with its salary roll of over $40,000,000 a year, doubtless is where Boss Croker Gets It.

DR. E. BENJAMIN ANDREWS, on his return to Lincoln, Neb., refuzed to se the nuzepaper men. He had nuthing fawr them. Did the illustrious educator think they wanted a handout?

YET there is little comfort for Philadelphia in the supposition that Chicago's population is only 1,767,239.

ST. LOUIS says it will make Chicago's Columbian Exposition look like 30 cents, but it will be remembered that Paris said substantially the same thing in French.

HERR MOST has no beers to shed over the assassination of the King of Italy.

THE man who built the Oregon has our earnest congratulations.

OTIS? Otis? Where have we, etc.

IN A MINOR KEY.

Knew Her Own Limitations.

"Norah, these are as heavy as lead. Didn't you tell me you knew how to bake biscuit?"

"Yis'm, an' so I do, but I'm a little shy on the mixin' av 'em, mem."

Fusion.

Democratic Manager—"I am glad you have arranged a deal with the Populists in your locality. What terms did you make with them?"

Subordinate Committeeman—"Well, we gave them the platform and the candidates, and they let us call it the Democratic ticket."

Its Relative Position.

"Have you any idea why they call it 'low' comedy?"

"I think it must be because it always has to look up to the gallery for its applause."

Adding the Insult.

"Consider the bucket shops, how they go," moralized the professor, as the patrol wagon went away with its load of unauthorized and irregular dealers in margins. "They toil not, neither do they spin. And yet I say unto you that even Solomon in all his glory was not a raid like one of these."

A Little Off in His Spelling.

Mr. Wipedunks met his old friend, Colonel Shaw, on a street corner.

"Glad to see you, Colonel," he said. "How are Mrs. P. and the children?"

Wrong Guess.

It was the middle of the week when the young man appeared at the office to make his excuses and explanations.

"You should have returned from your vacation last Monday, sir," said the proprietor of the establishment. "You were having a good time at that summer resort, I suppose, and thought you were entitled to three days of grace?"

"N-Not exactly," stammered the young man, with heightened color. "Laura, sir."

Adds His Malediction.

Driven to the roof of the office building the hunted burglar ran to the parapet and looked over.

"Trapped!" he exclaimed, through his set teeth. "Curses on that negligent Fire Escape Inspector!"

WHO'S WHO AND WHAT'S WHAT.

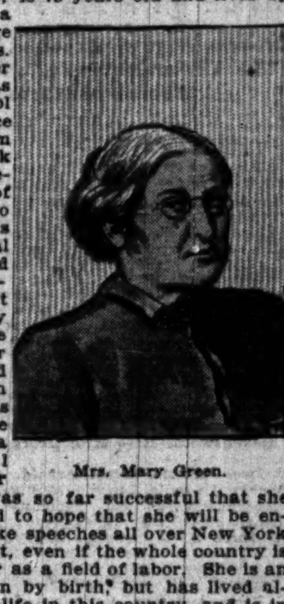
HOW LIZZIE M'CARTHY DEFIED THE CHINESE BOXERS.—When the story of the present upheaval in China comes to be written a chapter will certainly be devoted to the exploits of a young woman whom many California people knew not many years ago as Lizzie McCarthy. She was born and brought up on a ranch and became skillful with the rifle and fearless in the pursuit of big game. The family moved to San Francisco, where six years ago the young Amazon met Alfred F. Chamot, a Frenchman, whom love of adventure had led to travel over the world. They fell in love and were married. Soon after the young couple moved to Pekin, China, where they opened the Pekin Hotel, which immediately became a great resort for Europeans in the Celestial Kingdom.



Mrs. Alfred F. Chamot.

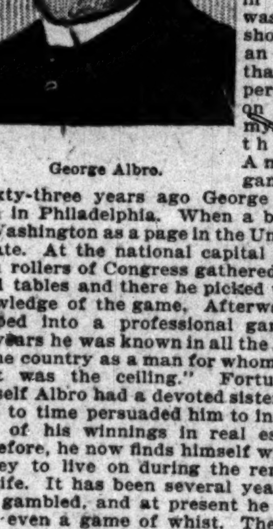
On the last day of May word came to Pekin that the Boxers had broken out into open rebellion at Chang Hsin Tien, ten miles from Pekin, and that they had surrounded and were fiercely attacking a party of thirty French railway engineers at that point. The wives of the Frenchmen who were in danger were guests of Mrs. Chamot at the Pekin Hotel, and to her they appealed with tears and lamentations. Fortunately she was exactly the woman for the emergency. She hurried to the French Embassy and through the good offices of the French Minister secured the services of a company of Chinese soldiers and of nine Europeans. With this small party she set out at once to the rescue of the besieged engineers. Mrs. Chamot was obliged to lead her force through a hostile country and to cut her way through the great mass of fanatics which surrounded the camp of the engineers, but she finally succeeded in reaching them, and in spite of all obstacles brought them safely through to Pekin. Therefore the European residents of Pekin speak her name with pride, and are agreed that she deserves at the least the decoration of the Legion of Honor.

WOMAN OF 75 TAKES STUMP FOR BRYAN.—Mrs. Mary Green of New Rochelle, N. Y., is 75 years old and lives by herself in a lonely cottage in the woods. Almost all her life she has been a school teacher. Since retiring from active work she has devoted most of her time to reading works on political economy and she now announces that she is ready to take the stump for Bryan and Stevenson. In fact, she has already made her début as a political speaker. Her first effort was so far successful that she is encouraged to hope that she will be engaged to make speeches all over New York State, at least, even if the whole country is not given her as a field of labor. She is an Englishwoman by birth, but has lived almost all her life in this country, and is in full possession of most of her faculties. Already she boasts of being the first woman to take the stump in behalf of the "peerless leader," and before the campaign is over she expects to break the championship record as to total number of speeches delivered and number of miles traveled.



Mrs. Mary Green.

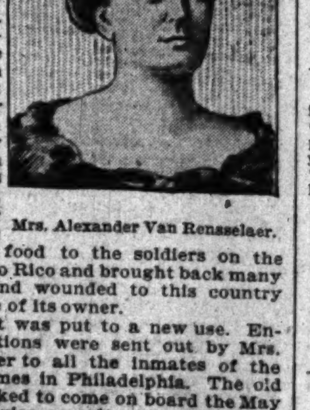
TAUGHT POKER TO THE PRINCE OF WALES.—Up among the orange groves of Pomona County, in southern California, lives a man who in his day was counted the most skillful poker player who ever "cashed in a chip." It was he who taught the principles of poker to the Prince of Wales, and in 1870, when General Phil. Sheridan was in Paris, he was asked to show no less an aspirant than the Emperor Napoleon III. the mysteries of the great American game.



George Albro.

Sixty-three years ago George Albro was born in Philadelphia. When a boy he went to Washington as a page in the United States Senate. At the national capital he saw the high rollers of Congress gathered about the card tables and there he picked up his first knowledge of the game. Afterwards he developed into a professional gambler, and for years he was known in all the large cities of the country as a man for whom "the only limit was the ceiling." Fortunately for himself Albro had a devoted sister who from time to time persuaded him to invest a portion of his winnings in real estate, and, therefore, he now finds himself with enough money to live on during the remainder of his life. It has been several years since he has gambled, and at present he refuses to play even a game of whist. The sight of a card, he declares, is repulsive to him.

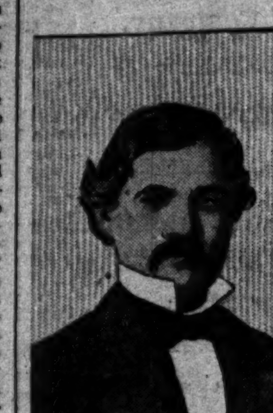
ROMANTIC STORY OF STEAM YACHT MAY.—Love, war, and a beautiful charity are blended in the story of the steam yacht May, which is owned by Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer of Philadelphia. The boat is one of the handsomest private yachts in commission. During a "house party" on board the May Mr. and Mrs. Van Rensselaer became engaged. On the same boat the daughter of Mrs. Van Rensselaer met the man whom she has since married; during the war with Spain the May carried food to the soldiers on the Island of Porto Rico and brought back many of the sick and wounded to this country under the care of its owner.



Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer.

Last week it was put to a new use. Engraved invitations were sent out by Mrs. Van Rensselaer to all the inmates of the old ladies' homes in Philadelphia. The old ladies were asked to come on board the May for a day's cruise on salt water. One hundred of them accepted. For each guest a comfortable rocking chair and a pillow were provided. Luncheon was served on deck shortly after starting, and when the cruise was nearly over tea was poured and sandwiches, ices, and sweetmeats were served. A few days later, in order that the old men might feel no pangs of jealousy, Mr. Van Rensselaer sent out similar invitations to the inmates of all the Philadelphia homes for old men. They, too, had their pleasant day on the water, and both excursions were so successful that it is anticipated that several other yacht owners will put hteir vessels to a similar use during the summer.

AMERICAN ON CHINA'S LIST OF GODS.—General Fred Ward, the American soldier of fortune, who in the '60s organized and led the "Ever - Victorious Army" of China which suppressed the great Tai-ping rebellion, still holds a place in the affections of every patriotic Chinaman. At the death of Ward the Chinese erected a temple in honor of the "invincible American," and to this day Chinese warriors burn incense before his shrine when they are about to begin a campaign. So it has come to pass that among the inhabitants of the Chinese Olympus there is at least one Yankee god.



General Fred Ward.

Before going to China, to which country he shipped as a sailor before the mast, Ward served as a soldier in the Crimean war, and in several filibustering expeditions against Nicaragua and other Central American countries. His great ambition was to enter West Point, and when he failed of an appointment he threw himself into the employment of any government that would give him active service in the field. He left the United States just too soon to take part in the rebellion.

TO HOLD BICYCLES ON STREET CARS.—Bicycle riders who have met with accidents in remote quarters of the city and have found it necessary in consequence to walk home with the disabled steeds, will be glad to learn of an invention just patented by a California man. It is called the "universal street car bicycle carrier," is designed for use on all sorts of cable and trolley cars. The device is so arranged that when not in use it can be entirely folded up against the dash of the car. When it is desired to attach a bicycle the vertical rods are pulled out and the wheel is placed in the hooks provided for that purpose. The pulling out of the rods locks them into position, so that a perfectly rigid carrier is provided for the bicycle.



Bicycle Carrier for Street Cars.

It is the idea of the inventor that every up-to-date street car line would be glad to adopt a device, which, without taking up a foot of extra space, provides a way of carrying bicycles, for which, if desired, an extra charge may be made.

GREAT BOON FOR WOMANKIND.—It takes a woman to appreciate what it means to have a carefully poised hat settle down over the left ear, and it took a woman to invent a device which would absolutely prevent such disasters in the future. The present benefactor of her sex lives in Indiana. Her invention consists of a light wire frame, which fits snugly and yet lightly in the interior of the crown of the hat. It is fastened by an eyelet at the top and by one on either side. A rubber cord is passed through these eyelets and is attached to the two metallic forks. When it is desired to put the hat on the forks are grasped one in either hand and pulled outward, allowing the crown of the hat to settle down tightly on the head, the forks meanwhile working up into the hair until the shanks strike the eyelets. In this way there is a constant tension exerted to keep the hat exactly in place, while at the same time the force exerted is never strong enough to inconvenience the wearer or disarrange the hair.



Device for Holding Hats on Straight.

FOREIGN NEWS NOTES.

Letters mailed in Paris are delivered in Berlin within an hour and a half, and sometimes within 35 minutes, through pneumatic tubes.

In London recently unusually high prices were paid for pieces of Nanking Chinese pottery owing to the feeling that the present Chinese troubles will make such pottery difficult of procurement. Three vases, each ten inches high, brought $1,155.

Eleanor Duse's 19-year-old daughter, Elisabetta Marchetti, is studying to be a school teacher at Munich. She is said to be the image of her mother.

Among the British civil list pensions awarded during the last financial year are £200 a year to Alfred Austin, "as poet laureate"; £100 to John Sims Reeves, "in consideration of his eminence as a singer and of his straitened circumstances"; and £125 to Herman Charles Merivale, "in consideration of his literary work and of his straitened circumstances."

"Dublin has been described as 'the most car drivingest city in the world,'" says the St. James Gazette, "but the popularity of the jaunting car seems to be on the wane. In a single year the number of cars has been reduced by sixty-two, the total number licensed last year being 1,214, as against 1,276 the previous year. No reason is assigned for this, nor is there an increase in any other style of conveyance."

A French automobile company has dispatched forty-two motor cars to central Africa to serve in the regular transportation of goods between Busaloba and Bumoka. Hitherto it required nearly a month to convey merchandise along this trade route, but the new motor wagons have accomplished the journey in the space of three or four days. Each wagon is about four tons in weight, and has from nine to ten horse-power at its disposal as motive force.

SUMMER RESORT REFLECTIONS.

To spend a week at a summer resort,
And catch a breeze on the wing,
The dapper eight per week young man
Will resort to anything.
—Philadelphia North American.

Higgins—"Why don't you go to Cape Nome and get rich this summer?" Wiggins—"I don't have to; I've got all the rooms in my summer hotel taken till October."—Detroit Free Press.

Mr. Pitt—"Do you know why we go to the seashore for a few weeks in the summer?" Mr. Penn—"To rest, of course." "No; we go to be salted. Then we return home to be smoked. After that, we keep until next season."—Pittsburg Chronicle.

What are the wild waves saying,
As they break on the sandy beach?
"Beware the baron landlord—
He grabs everything in reach!"
—Buffalo News.

"Yes," said the young woman, "I find books in the running brooks." "Well," said Farmer Corntossel, "them summer boarders littered the place up terrible with them trashy novels last year. Me an' ma done the best we could to burn 'em all in the cook stove, but they do seem to keep turnin' up."—Washington Star.

Much Considered Dignitary.

I'd like to be the weather man,
For when his words come true
We bow to his prophetic plan
And sing his praise anew.
And when his prophesies prove chaff
The world he can't provoke.
The people simply gaze and laugh
And vow that it's a joke.
—Washington Star.

Fateful Fad.

Mr. Henpeck—"I wish they had never started this new 'shirtwaist man' fad."

Mr. Wunder—"What's wrong with it?"

Mr. Henpeck—"My wife makes me wear all her old big-sleeved shirt waists now. That's what's wrong with it."—Baltimore American.

His Long Head.

"You haven't applied for your vacation time yet, have you, Bilkins?"

"No, not yet. I haven't figured out just when I would be the busiest if I staid at work."—Indianapolis Press.

CINCINNATI'S GROWTH SLOW

Official Census Figures Com- plete Show Her Popula- tion Is 325,902.

RATE OF INCREASE 9.2

R. F. Lawson of Illinois Stan[ds] Good Chance to Succeed Perry S. Heath.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NEW[S]

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE Washington, D. C., July 31.

Cincinnati's Population Is 325,902.

Cincinnatians will undoubtedly be dis[ap]pointed with the census returns given out [by] the Census office [to]day. They show t[hat] Cincinnati has [not] grown in popula[tion] during the last dec[ade] nearly so fast a[s in] the previous ten years. According [to the] official count the population is 325,902, against 296,908 in 1890. This is an increase [of] 28,994, or 9.77 per cent over a decade ago, [a] growth of less than 3,000 each year for [the] last ten years. The population by ward[s is] as follows:

Ward.		Ward.	
1	12,179	17	[illegible]
2	15,905	18	[illegible]
3	8,469	19	[illegible]
4	13,067	20	[illegible]
5	6,476	21	[illegible]
6	6,362	22	[illegible]
7	8,861	23	[illegible]
8	2,763	24	[illegible]
9	6,486	25	[illegible]
10	10,090	26	[illegible]
11	12,505	27	[illegible]
12	14,688	28	[illegible]
13	10,025	29	[illegible]
14	9,131	30	[illegible]
15	9,414	31	[illegible]
16	9,679		

During the decade between 1880 and [1890] the increase was 41,769, or 16.87 per c[ent;] that of 1870 to 1880, 38,900, or 17.99 [per] cent; from 1860 to 1870, 49,412, or 113.81 [per] cent; 1850 to 1860, 26,383, or 154.88 per c[ent;] and from 1840 to 1850, 69,097, or 149.12 [per] cent. It will be observed that after a [city] has a fairly large population the incr[ease] is slow and the percentage decreases. [To] ascertain the real growth the numbe[r of] persons must be considered rather t[han] the percentage. With the returns alre[ady] completed the indications are that du[ring] the last decade there was an increase [of ...] per cent in the population of the cou[ntry] which on June 30 was between 75,000[,000] and 78,000,000.

Senator Foraker Talks on Chinese Question.

"The Chinese question is pregnant w[ith] possibilities," said Senator Foraker toni[ght]. "We do not yet know the whole truth. No matter what action the Chinese government may take, troops will certainly march into Pekin. The veil of mystery m[ust] be lifted, and after the entrance of the tr[oops] into Pekin it may develop that conditi[ons] exist of which we know nothing at pres[ent]. There is a possibility that the situation [may] even be such as to warrant the Presiden[t in] calling Congress together in extraordi[nary] session. At this time I can see no nece[ssity] for an extra session.

"The Chinese Minister is a gentlema[n of] high standing. I think he is furnis[hing] this country with the best information a[t his] disposal. He at least is sincere. The Chi[nese] question has not injured the Repub[lican] party politically. I believe every [...] American is conscious that it has [been] handled most ably by President McKi[nley]. He has avoided many entanglements an[d has] the problem well in hand.

"Politically, the chances for Repub[lican] success were never better. I do not be[lieve] Mr. Bryan will carry any State east o[f the] Rocky Mountains, with the possible ex[cep]tion of Colorado. He certainly will n[ot re]ceive the Electoral vote of Kentucky, [West] Virginia, or Maryland. The Republica[ns of] Ohio are not worrying over the claims [of the] Democrats that they will carry that S[tate]. We shall carry Illinois and Indiana, alth[ough] the latter State is always close. Republi[cans] all over the country feel confident of suc[cess]. I do not believe the Democrats thems[elves] have any great hopes of electing Mr. Br[yan]."

Progress of Manual Training in Germany.

"There exist at present in Germany [...] tributed in 605 places, 861 schools an[d in]stitutes wherein [man]ual training is ca[rried] on in 1,514 w[ork]shops," says C[onsul] Guenther at F[rank]fort. "Of this [num]ber 836 schools and institutes conduc[t] training on a pedagogical basis. Pr[ussia] has 570 manual training schools. The pupils' workshops comprise 286 indepe[ndent] manual training schools and 238 [...] schools, of which 16 are auxiliary sc[hools] where the work is obligatory, 17 are m[iddle] class schools, 41 are high schools (ma[...]) of 8 gymnasiums, 6 technical gymnas[iums,] 11 technical and technical high schools, 15 boarding schools), 7 are preparato[ry in]stitutes, 26 are teachers' seminaries, [...] are boys' asylums, while the remainde[r con]sists of various kinds of private educa[tional] establishments. Five hundred and [...] five workshops are devoted to wood ca[rving,] 237 to working in cardboard, and 356 [to the] carpenter's bench. Of these 68 are c[...] connected with wood carving, 77 with [pre]paratory roughing-out work, 35 with [metal] work, 28 with country timbering, 1[...] wood and metal turning, and 11 with [model]ing in clay. Over 2,200 German te[achers] have been taught to become instruct[ors in] manual training. Of these 954 were t[aught] in Leipzig and 1,250 acquired training [in] places in other parts of Germany."

Representative Lentz a Persistent Optimist.

Representative Lentz of Ohio, who [never] misses an opportunity of attackin[g the] President, visited the Democratic Congressional committee today. "The Democrats have a good chance of carrying Ohio this fall," he said. "The fa[ct that] this State is the home of the Presid[ent, in]stead of being a source of strength [to the] Republicans, may be one of weakn[ess on] account of the disappointments re[sulting] from appointments. In my judgm[ent the] Democrats are even stronger in Oh[io than] in Indiana. In the immigration into I[ndiana] on account of the natural gas disc[overies] the Republican have had about 8,00[0 votes] added to their strength. The Dem[ocrats] must overcome this to carry the Stat[e. It] will give the Republicans a close [fight in] both Indiana and Ohio, but I rega[rd the] outlook in the Buckeye State much [better] than in the Hoosier State."

Eugene McComas of Chicago has [been ap]pointed a special Indian agent in [the In]terior department, at $2,000 a year. [Mc]Comas married Miss Haidee Drown [of this] city, who was the betrothed of Jam[es ...] of Chicago. It will be remembered [that her] match with Mr. Kirk was broken [and] Miss Drown was married to Mr. M[cComas] on the day set for her wedding with M[r. Kirk]. The only change was the substitution [of one] man for another.

Report of Consul McCook at Dawson.

"Favorable reports have been [received] here concerning Forty-Mile minin[g," says] Consul [McCook] at Dawson. "The Tanana [country] in Alaska is [causing] quite a stir, [and pro]vides honors [...] Koyukuk country. Men who hav[e ...] from the Tanana claim they can get [from ...] to 30 cents of pay dirt to the pan, and [they] are working in summer diggings, w[hich are] from two to three feet to bedrock. [...] good as $1 a pan where one has to [go for]ty-five feet to bedrock. Many who [...] with horses to take them overla[nd from] Fort Yukon to the Koyukuk found [the] work to cross the low, marshy co[untry ...]

CINCINNATI'S GROWTH SLOW.

Official Census Figures Complete Show Her Population Is 325,902.

RATE OF INCREASE 9.22.

R. F. Lawson of Illinois Stands Good Chance to Succeed Perry S. Heath.

NATIONAL CAPITAL NEWS.

WASHINGTON BUREAU CHICAGO TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C., July 31.

Cincinnati's Population Is 325,902.

Cincinnatians will undoubtedly be disappointed with the census returns given out by the Census office today. They show that Cincinnati has not grown in population during the last decade nearly so fast as it did the previous ten years. According to official count the population is 325,902, as against 296,908 in 1890. This is an increase of 28,994, or 9.77 per cent over a decade ago, or a growth of less than 3,000 each year for the last ten years. The population by wards is as follows:

Ward.		Ward.	
1	12,179	17	10,167
2	15,905	18	6,956
3	8,469	19	7,783
4	13,067	20	9,086
5	6,476	21	9,139
6	6,362	22	11,731
7	8,581	23	15,941
8	5,763	24	12,557
9	6,486	25	14,036
10	10,090	26	14,094
11	12,505	27	8,736
12	14,638	28	11,862
13	10,025	29	13,083
14	9,131	30	14,369
15	9,414	31	10,267
16	9,679		

During the decade between 1880 and 1890 the increase was 41,769, or 16.37 per cent; that of 1870 to 1880, 38,900, or 17.99 per cent; from 1860 to 1870, 49,412, or 113.81 per cent; 1850 to 1860, 26,383, or 154.88 per cent; and from 1840 to 1850, 69,097, or 149.12 per cent. It will be observed that after a city has a fairly large population the increase is slow and the percentage decreases. To ascertain the real growth the number of persons must be considered rather than the percentage. With the returns already completed the indications are that during the last decade there was an increase of 10 per cent in the population of the country, which on June 30 was between 75,000,000 and 78,000,000.

Senator Foraker Talks on Chinese Question.

"The Chinese question is pregnant with possibilities," said Senator Foraker tonight. "We do not yet know the whole truth. No matter what action the Chinese government may take, troops will certainly march into Pekin. The veil of mystery must be lifted, and after the entrance of the troops into Pekin it may develop that conditions exist of which we know nothing at present. There is a possibility that the situation may even be such as to warrant the President in calling Congress together in extraordinary session. At this time I can see no necessity for an extra session.

"The Chinese Minister is a gentleman of high standing. I think he is furnishing this country with the best information at his disposal. He at least is sincere. The Chinese question has not injured the Republican party politically. I believe every true American is conscious that it has been handled most ably by President McKinley. It has avoided many entanglements and has the problem well in hand.

"Politically, the chances for Republican success were never better. I do not believe Mr. Bryan will carry any State east of the Rocky Mountains, with the possible exception of Colorado. He certainly will not receive the Electoral vote of Kentucky, West Virginia, or Maryland. The Republicans in Ohio are not worrying over the claims of the Democrats that they will carry that State. We shall carry Illinois and Indiana, although the latter State is always close. Republicans all over the country feel confident of success. I do not believe the Democrats themselves have any great hopes of electing Mr. Bryan."

Progress of Manual Training in Germany.

"There exist at present in Germany, distributed in 605 places, 861 schools and institutes wherein manual training is carried on in 1,514 workshops," says Consul Guenther at Frankfort. "Of this number 836 schools and institutes conduct the training on a pedagogical basis. Prussia has 570 manual training schools. The 1,514 pupils' workshops comprise 286 independent manual training schools and 238 public schools, of which 16 are auxiliary schools, where the work is obligatory, 17 are middle class schools, 41 are high schools (made up of 8 gymnasiums, 6 technical gymnasiums, 11 technical and technical high schools, and 8 boarding schools), 7 are preparatory institutes, 26 are teachers' seminaries, and 93 are boys' asylums, while the remainder consists of various kinds of private educational establishments. Five hundred and thirty-five workshops are devoted to wood carving, 237 to working in cardboard, and 356 to the carpenter's bench. Of these 68 are closely connected with wood carving, 77 with preparatory roughing-out work, 35 with metal work, 28 with country timbering, 11 with wood and metal turning, and 11 with modeling in clay. Over 2,200 German teachers have been taught to become instructors in manual training. Of these 954 were taught in Leipsig and 1,250 acquired training in 33 places in other parts of Germany."

Representative Lentz a Persistent Optimist.

Representative Lentz of Ohio, who never misses an opportunity of attacking the President, visited the Democratic Congressional committee today. "The Democrats have a good chance of carrying Ohio this fall," he said. "The fact that this State is the home of the President, instead of being a source of strength to the Republicans, may be one of weakness on account of the disappointments resulting from appointments. In my judgment the Democrats are even stronger in Ohio than in Indiana. In the immigration into Indiana, on account of the natural gas discoveries, the Republican have had about 8,000 votes added to their strength. The Democrats must overcome this to carry the State. We will give the Republicans a close run in both Indiana and Ohio, but I regard the outlook in the Buckeye State much better than in the Hoosier State."

Eugene McComas of Chicago has been appointed a special Indian agent in the Interior department, at $2,000 a year. Mr. McComas married Miss Haidee Drown of this city, who was the betrothed of James Kirk of Chicago. It will be remembered that the match with Mr. Kirk was broken off, and Miss Drown was married to Mr. McComas on the day set for her wedding with Mr. Kirk. The only change was the substitution of one man for another.

Report of Consul McCook at Dawson.

"Favorable reports have been received here concerning Forty-Mile mining camp," says Consul McCook at Dawson City. "The Tanana district in Alaska is creating quite a stir, and divides honors with the Koyukuk country. Men who have come from the Tanana claim they can get from 10 to 50 cents of pay dirt to the pan, and, as they are working in summer diggings, with only from two to three feet to bedrock, it is as good as $1 a pan where one has to go twenty-five feet to bedrock. Many who left here with horses to take them overland from Fort Yukon to the Koyukuk found it hard work to cross the low, marshy country in that section, and hearing of the good prospects in the Tanana, changed their course and went to the new find, which is about 125 miles from Circle City, directly south.

"Alaska is destined to be a wonderful mining country. The great necessity now is good roads, good camps, and the prospecting of comparatively unknown sections. Great dissatisfaction was expressed at Dawson this spring after the wash-up by miners who worked for men who leased mining claims from the owners. The laymen sign contracts to work so many feet of the claim during the season, the owner to receive 50 per cent of the gold coming out of the claim, the lessee agreeing that all men working the property will be employed under a written contract, by which the men promise not to hold the claim in any way liable for their wages. It unfortunately has turned out in hundreds of cases that the cost of working the claims has taken more than 50 per cent of the output, the lessees' share. The men employed on the claims have thus been deprived of the wages they expected at the end of the season. Laymen on rich claims do well, but the majority of Klondike claims cannot be worked on a 50 per cent basis with the current rate of wages."

Candidates for Perry Heath's Old Position.

R. F. Lawson, postmaster of Effingham, Ill., is a candidate for the position of First Assistant Postmaster General, made vacant by the resignation of Perry S. Heath, which took effect today. Mr. Lawson's chances seem to be good, as he has the indorsement of the Congressional delegation of the State. C. W. Watkins of Grand Rapids, Mich., is also a candidate who has considerable influence behind him, and the race seems to be between these two men. George W. Beavers of New York, chief of the salary and allowance division, who is now acting as First Assistant Postmaster General, is also a candidate. He has excellent backing, both Senators Platt and Depew having indorsed him, together with the Republican members of the New York Congressional delegations. Mr. Beavers is an efficient officer, and under ordinary circumstances would probably land the plum, but there is a strong disposition to go outside of the department to select a successor to Mr. Heath.

BEGINS ISSUE OF NEW BONDS.

Secretary of the Treasury Extending Old Issues in Accordance with Currency Law of March 14, 1900.

Washington, D. C., July 31.—The Secretary of the Treasury today began sending out the new 2 per cent bonds due in 1930, which are to take the place of such of the old 3s, 4s and 5s as have been offered for extension at the new rate under the currency act of March 14, 1900. The amount of the old bonds outstanding when the offer to extend them was issued, was a little less than $840,000,000, and of this amount $320,680,000 has been surrendered and a corresponding amount of the new 2 per cents will have been sent to the owners before the end of August.

NEW SCHOOL DISTRICTS MADE.

City Divided into Fourteen Sections, Each Having an Assistant Superintendent.

Redistricting the city with regard to the territory of District Superintendents of Schools has been accomplished, though it has not yet been determined which districts will be assigned to the different officers. As six new superintendents have been added to the corps, it is expected that the inspection and visiting of schools in the coming year will be much more effective and satisfactory.

The fourteen districts are now composed of the following schools:

District One—Audubon, Belle Plaine Avenue, Blaine, Bowmanville, Augustus H. Burley, Eugene Field, W. C. Goudy, Horace Greeley, Hamilton, Hawthorne, McPherson, Morris, Louis Nettelhorst, Ravenswood, Rose Hill, George Schneider.

District Two—Agassiz, Alcott, Arnold, Headley, Knickerbocker, La Salle, Lincoln, Mulligan, Newberry, Prescott, George H. Thomas, Thomas Hoyne, Kinzie, Manierre, Ogden, Sheldon.

District Three—J. Q. Adams, Armour Street, Carpenter, Franklin, Huron Street, Kosciusko, Motley, Oak Street, Peabody, Schiller, Talcott, Lyman Trumbull, Washington, Wells.

District Four—Anderson, Columbus, Lafayette, Ellen Mitchell, Winfield S. Schley, Wicker Park, Burr, Chase, Drummond, Goethe, Langland, Logan, Pulaski.

District Five—Avondale, Bancroft, Bismarck, Brentano, D. R. Cameron, Charles R. Darwin, Irving Park, Jefferson Park, Linné, Lowell, Bernhard Moos, William Penn Nixon, Norwood Park, Von Humboldt, Wabansia Avenue, Richard Yates.

District Six—Iowa Street, Austin; Laurel Avenue, Austin; Henry H. Nash, Ohio Street, Austin; Ryerson, Jacob Beidler, Calhoun, Emerson, Robert Emmet; Austin; Marshall, Sumner, Tennyson, Tilden, Tilton, Bryant.

District Seven—Brown, John Crerar, Doré, Goodrich, Grant, Irving, Andrew Jackson, Jefferson, King, John McLaren, Marquette, Montefiore, Polk Street, Scammon, Skinner, Brainard, Thomas, Chalmers, Gladstone.

District Eight—Clarke, Cooper, Daniel J. Corkery, Farragut, Froebel, Hammond, George Howland, Frank J. Jirka, Lawndale, Medill, Pickard, Rogers, John M. Smyth, John Spry, Whittier, John Worthy.

District Nine—Eighteenth Street, Foster, Garfield, Komensky, Longfellow, David Swing, Throop, Walsh, Washburne, Maxwell Street, Thomas Brenan, Harrison, Mark Sheridan, Haven, Jones.

District Ten—Brighton, Buckley, Burroughs, Chicago Lawn, Everett, Nathaniel Green, Holden, McAllister, Shields, Fallon, Hartigan, Healy, McClellan, Horace Mann, Ward, Webster.

District Eleven—Colman, George Dewey, Charles W. Earle, Fulton, Graham, Hancock, Hedges, Hendricks, Hoerner, Holmes, Kershaw, O'Toole, Parkman, Seward, Sherman, Sherwood.

District Twelve—Alice L. Barnard, Perkins Bass, Beale, Hermann Raster, D. S. Wentworth, Auburn Park, Brownell, George William Curtis, Fernwood, Gresham, Harvard, Lewis-Champlin, Normal Practice, Scanlan, Van Vlissingen, West Pullman, Yale, Riverdale.

District Thirteen—A. E. Burnside, Carter, Cornell, Ellis Avenue, Kenwood, Charles Kozminski, McCosh, Park Manor, Ray, Woodlawn, Bowen, Myra Bradwell, Henry Clay, Gallistel, Madison Avenue, Pullman, Phil Sheridan, Stony Island Avenue, Taylor, J. N. Thorp.

District Fourteen—Calumet Avenue, Cummings, James J. Doolittle Jr., Douglas, Eighty-third Street, Farren, Forrestville, Melville W. Fuller, Greenwood Avenue, Keith, J. L. Marsh, Moseley, Oakland, Oak Ridge, Parkside, Raymond, Walter Scott, Springer, Frances E. Willard.

BUYS STATE STREET LEASE.

Seymour Morris Purchases $50,000 Interest in Property North of Monroe from Thomas G. Otis.

The leasehold estate and building and improvements at 156 State street has been transferred by Thomas G. Otis to Seymour Morris. The consideration named in the deed is $10,000, but revenue stamps to the amount of $50 are attached to the deed, indicating a consideration of $50,000.

The property is ninety-six feet north of Monroe street, east front, and is 24x120 feet, and is owned by the School board. The lease was made by the Board of Education on May 8, 1888, for a period of fifty years at a rental of $2,160 a year for the first five years, with a revaluation every five years upon a 6 per cent basis. On June 15, 1888, the lease was extended to May 8, 1985, by the same parties, the extension providing that no appraisal to be made prior to May 8, 1915, shall be operative or binding upon the parties to the lease for any purposes if the valuation of the land be thereafter found or fixed at less than $53,700, being 80 per cent of the appraised value in 1885. The deed of transfer is dated July 30. The property is improved with a four-story brick building.

James Mowatt has transferred to George Pettijohn the property located in Sixty-seventh street, 100 feet west of Perry avenue, south front, 84½x149, and the adjoining property located in Perry avenue, northwest corner of Sixty-seventh street, east front, 50 x100, incumbered for $7,500, both pieces being valued at $25,500, in return for the property located in Prairie avenue, 307 feet south of Fifty-first street, 100x156, valued at $40,000, and incumbered for $22,000.

William H. Lusk has transferred the twenty acres in the Thirty-fifth Ward, formerly Cicero, located at North avenue, southwest corner of Central avenue, to Ella S. Allister. Consideration, $20,000. William M. Allister deeded William H. Lusk property located at Vincennes avenue, southeast corner of Forty-sixth street, 45x123; consideration, $40,500, with an incumbrance of $17,000.

Monthly report of the real estate transfers filed for record during the month of July, 1900, involving $1,000 and upwards, is:

Number of transfers	1,158
Consideration	$7,211,758
SAME PERIOD 1899.	
Number of transfers	1,445
Consideration	$15,734,430

The large decrease is due to the fact that the Wisconsin Central railroad filed a deed for $6,000,000 on July 24, 1899.

CROP CONDITIONS IMPROVE

GOVERNMENT REPORT FOR THE WEEK SHOWS DISTINCT GAINS.

Drought in the Atlantic Coast District Relieved by General Rains—Corn Has Made Rapid Progress in the States of the Central Valleys—Winter Wheat Harvest Practically Completed — Gathering In the Spring Wheat.

Washington, D. C., July 31.—[Special.]—The government crop report for the week, issued by James Berry, Chief of the Climate and Crop Service, says:

The drought prevailing at the close of the previous week in the Atlantic coast districts has been wholly relieved by local rains, except in southern Florida, and the week as a whole, in the districts east of the Rocky Mountains, has been one of highly favorable temperature conditions, with generally abundant moisture. On the Pacific coast the conditions were also generally favorable, although the eastern portions of Oregon and Washington experienced high temperatures.

The corn crop has made splendid progress during the week. All reports from the States of the central valleys indicate that it has made rapid growth and that the early planted is nearing maturity over the southern portions of the principal corn States.

Winter wheat harvest is practically completed, except where delayed by rains in some districts over the northern portion of the winter wheat region. Thrashing has been quite generally delayed in the central valleys as a result of rains, and injury to wheat in shock is quite extensively reported. Harvesting continues on the Pacific coast.

Spring wheat harvest is now general in the northern portion of the Red River valley, and is progressing favorably in the southern portion of the spring wheat region. The dry, warm weather has rapidly matured the crop in North Dakota, where, owing to short straw, much had to be mowed. In southern Minnesota a large part of the crop is in shock, and in the northern portion of the State the wheat heads are reported as well filled. In South Dakota fair to good yields are indicated in the extreme southeastern counties, the crop being poor to fair elsewhere, but generally of good quality.

Rains have caused some further delay in oat harvest, which, however, is nearly finished in the more northerly sections. Some damage to oats in shock is reported from West Virginia, Indiana, and Illinois.

Over the eastern and western portions of the cotton region there has been a material improvement in the condition of cotton, but in the central districts it has suffered further from continued rains. In Texas the crop has been generally laid by in good condition and is promising in many localities, while complaints of too rank growth, light bolls, weevil, and bollworms are reported.

Conditions in Leading States.

The following statements are based upon reports from more than 12,000 climate and crop correspondents collected at State section centers of the climate and crop service of the Weather bureau:

New England, Boston—General heavy rains greatly benefited crops; corn promises average yield.

New York, Ithaca—Abundant rains made last week the most favorable of the season and revived crops and pastures, which are making excellent growth.

New Jersey, New Brunswick—Droughty conditions that prevailed in some portions of all sections effectually broken; peaches, pears, and plums promising.

Pennsylvania, Philadelphia—Timely rains of great benefit; crops in center of State were parched and dying, now revived and growing luxuriantly.

Maryland and Delaware, Baltimore—Moderate temperature and frequent rains; wheat, rye, and oats harvested; yields good; corn in fine condition.

Virginia, Richmond—Drought broken by fine rains; early tobacco and melons damaged beyond recovery; late corn and tobacco now promising.

Florida, Jacksonville—Frequent rains unfavorable for cotton, which has been damaged by rust; poor bottom crop; picking commenced on uplands; large acreage set to pineapples and cabbage.

Texas, Galveston—Showery throughout week; cotton generally laid by in good condition, growing rapidly, fruiting well, and promising in many localities, but some complaints of too rank growth and light crop of bolls.

Kentucky, Louisville—Rain fall heavy, but irregularly distributed; threatened drought in north-central section completely broken; wheat thrashing delayed and considerable damage done in localities by excessive rains; crops generally improved.

Crop Conditions in Illinois.

Illinois, Springfield—An excellent week for growing crops, but rain early in week delayed harvesting and thrashing and damaged wheat and oats in shock; oat harvest nearly over, large yield; corn prospects fine, rapid growth during week, ears generally formed, poor on bottom lands in parts south; haying about finished, some injury by rain; minor crops doing well; apple prospects seem improved, better north than south; good crop on sprayed trees.

Indiana, Indianapolis—Frequent rains delayed harvesting and thrashing and injured oats and wheat in shock; corn is maturing rapidly and promises a heavy yield; oats yield good; a fair hay crop secured; potatoes have seldom promised better; some tobacco topped, early transplanted nearly ready to cut; rye and barley yield fair; prospect for a good apple crop diminishing; fall plowing progressing.

Ohio, Columbus—Weather favorable for farm work and vegetation, except some damage to grain; thrashing and oat harvest progressing; oats good; wheat yielding better than expected.

Michigan, Lansing—Heavy rains in southern counties delayed harvest and slightly damaged hay and wheat, but generally weather was favorable to all vegetation and for field work; splendid oat crop being cut and secured; beans, potatoes, and sugar beets making good growth; corn much improved.

Wisconsin, Milwaukee—Showers general first of week; haying, except on marsh land, completed, crop light and damaged to some extent by rain; oats and barley in southern section in shock; oats light, quality good, barley discolored in some sections; corn excellent, little smut; potatoes doing well, early varieties in market; tobacco good; apples light crop, doing well.

Minnesota, Minneapolis — Excellent harvest weather; much spring wheat and barley in shock in south and harvest begun in north; wheat well filled; oats ripe, but corn poor; barley and wheat stacking and thrashing begun in south; corn, potatoes, late flax, late grass, and forage crops growing well; hay crop light; apples promising.

Iowa, Des Moines—Widely distributed showers, with some local excess, retarded field work first two days; good progress made balance of week and harvesting nearly completed in all sections; grain in shock somewhat damaged by excessive rains in central section, but aggregate loss not heavy; corn making steady growth and earing well.

North Dakota, Bismarck—Dry, hot weather has rapidly matured what grain was left, and also damaged flax, which is drying up and dying; wheat harvest general, yield light, quality good, much mowed and gathered with hay rake, being too short for bending or heading; oats, rye, and barley being harvested; corn and potatoes affected by drought, great damage by hail at scattered places in Red River Valley.

South Dakota, Huron—Local rains; moisture ample except in extreme northern localities; spring wheat harvest begun north.

Nebraska Reports Favorable.

Nebraska, Lincoln—Cool and favorable; thrashing and stacking made good progress; haying general, crop good in northern portions and lighter elsewhere; corn continues to improve; plowing for winter wheat progressing well, ground in fine condition.

Kansas, Topeka—Corn greatly improved in most of corn counties, but poor in Reno, and burnt in Barton; some early corn matured sufficient for feed in south; apples good east and improved central; hay grass much improved, haying progressing.

Oklahoma and Indian Territories, Oklahoma—Rains have improved late crops and made corn; cotton making rapid growth, bolling and blooming, and in excellent condition; millet and hay being harvested and secured in good condition; Kaffir and broomcorn heading; late fruit maturing.

Montana, Helena—Hay harvest about half over, with average crop in west, half crop in central, and almost failure in east portion; grain ready to cut; favorable weather for harvesting.

Wyoming, Cheyenne—Showers of last week have been general, thoroughly breaking drought in most portions, and making ranges look green; grain harvest in progress, poor to good yields.

Idaho, Boise—Moderate thunder showers in central and eastern sections, no precipitation elsewhere; wheat harvest made good progress and thrashing has begun, good yields from fall wheat; fruit maturing rapidly; irrigation water scarce, irrigated crops look well.

New Mexico, Santa Fé—Fair storms, excepting in Taos and Rio Arriba Counties, where disastrous drought obtains, and crops and ranges are drying up; drought in southwest much relieved, but grass not yet started; high winds dropped considerable fruit.

Washington, Seattle—Dry and hot in eastern and warm in western section.

Oregon, Portland—Dry, with normal temperatures, west, warm east; species army worm destructive to clover, potatoes, and gardens in Willamette Valley and Coast districts; wheat yields disappointing, but quality good.

California, San Francisco—Higher temperature at close of week in interior, elsewhere nearly normal; harvesting, thrashing, and fruit picking continue; further reports of light yield of wheat and barley in all sections; deciduous fruits heavy crop, except in south; prunes dropping, reports conflicting; probable average yield of grapes, though some adverse reports from San Joaquin Valley; citrus fruits and walnuts good.

Cuba, Havana—Light to abundant, well distributed, and beneficial rains occurred everywhere, except in northwestern Santiago Province, where corn crop is total loss, and grasses and all small crops are drying up for want of moisture.

CROP REPORT FOR ILLINOIS.

Rain Interferes with Harvesting and Thrashing and Delays Farm Work—Heavy Corn Crop Looked For.

Springfield, Ill., July 31.—[Special.]—The weekly climate and crop bulletin of the Weather bureau, Illinois section, United States Department of Agriculture, was issued today, as follows:

Rainy weather early in the week throughout most of the State interfered with harvesting and thrashing, and delayed farm work generally. Better conditions prevailed during the latter part of the week.

Some wheat has been thrashed, showing but little change from yield previously reported. Rain, however, has continued to damage some of that in shock. Oats harvest is nearly finished in the central and southern districts, but less advanced in the northern district. Some thrashing has been done, and the average yield is large.

Corn is generally expected to be a large crop, many correspondents saying it will be the largest produced in years. Most of it is in silk and tassel, and in many places the ears have begun to hang down.

Haying is about finished. Unfavorable conditions for harvesting this crop caused some loss, but most of it was harvested in good condition. Pastures and newly sown clover are in fine condition.

Pears and small fruits are generally a good crop. Peaches are plentiful in some localities and scarce in others. In a few places they are rotting on the trees. Reports on apple prospects seem to show a slight improvement over last week.

WHAT PENSION REPORT SHOWS.

On July 1 There Were 993,528 Beneficiaries on the Rolls, an Increase of 2,010 During the Year.

Washington, D. C., July 31.—The forthcoming annual report of the Commissioner of Pensions will show a grand total of 993,528 pensioners on the rolls on July 1 last. The figures on which the report will be based show that on July 1, 1899, there were 991,519 pensioners on the rolls. During the year 40,645 original pensions were granted, and 4,699 names were restored to the rolls.

To offset these 43,334 names were dropped from the rolls during the year, including 35,809 by reason of death, 909 by remarriage of pensioners, and 6,616 for other causes, leaving the total number on the roll at the first of this month 993,528.

The number of claims of all kinds pending July 1, 1900, was 437,104, against 477,239 on July 1, 1899. The report shows a total of 260,797 names dropped during the six years ending June 30, of which 193,014 were because of death.

INSURANCE AFFAIRS.

The Western union recently has been investigating the question of commissions on the whisky storage business located in storage warehouses outside of the excepted city district, Louisville and Covington. No company admits paying commissions in excess of 15 per cent on outside risks, but it is claimed that they do admit paying high commissions in the excepted district, with the result that it secures them the whisky lines outside.

Complaints are being made by the local agents of companies over the fact that the Board of Assessors have continued to levy assessments on their net receipts regardless of the enactment by the last Illinois Legislature of the law imposing a tax of 2 per cent on the gross receipts of all insurance companies doing business in the State. They contend that the tax was to be in lieu of all other taxes, State, county, municipal, or town, excepting the tax for the Fire Department. Explanations verbal and in writing have been made, but to no avail.

Chairman Law of the Western Special Committee on Rates said yesterday that the committee was hard at work on the question of rates on hazardous risks in the Western field, but that the report would not be completed before September.

James Glen, formerly an assistant manager in the Chicago office of the Manchester Fire, proves to be the manager of the National of Great Britain. Some of the policies of that concern were sold to the National Biscuit company.

Additional semi-annual statements of insurance companies are as follows:

Royal—Assets, $7,223,878; liabilities, $4,893,619; reinsurance reserve, $3,641,050; net surplus, $2,330,259.

British American—Assets, $1,240,552; liabilities, $766,133; reinsurance reserve, $651,003; net surplus, $474,419.

Western Assurance—Assets, $1,753,771; liabilities, $1,194,778; reinsurance reserve, $1,016,964; net surplus, $558,993.

Greenwich — Assets, $1,737,126; liabilities, $1,231,044; reinsurance reserve, $811,956; net surplus, $306,082.

Union Assurance—Assets, $1,598,876; liabilities, $881,979; reinsurance reserve, $675,094; net surplus, $707,397.

Law Union and Crown—Assets, $700,478; liabilities, $274,947; reinsurance reserve, $207,129; net surplus, $425,531.

Indemnity Fire—Assets, $342,840; liabilities, $74,334; reinsurance reserve, $56,591; net surplus, $68,507.

Boston—Assets, $3,200,299; liabilities, $852,587; reinsurance reserve, $622,290; net surplus, $347,711.

Phœnix of London—Assets, $2,722,008; liabilities, $2,037,679; reinsurance reserve, $1,496,674; net surplus, $734,328.

New Hampshire—Assets, $3,241,613; liabilities, $1,401,121; reinsurance reserve, $1,130,106; net surplus, $840,492.

Phenix of Brooklyn—Assets, $5,471,654; liabilities, $3,231,597; reinsurance reserve, $2,990,461; net surplus, $1,240,157.

New York, July 31.—[Special.]—Current rumor has it that the Bavarian Bank and Mortgage company of Germany has canceled all of its reinsurance treaties. On Saturday, the 4th inst., Edward Litchfield, former United States Manager of the Lancashire Insurance company, will sail for Europe. He will visit the head offices of the company, and later go on the continent.

LAKE SHIPPING NEWS.

Freights and Charters.

CHICAGO—Grain rates were dull, but without change. Charters: To Buffalo—Robert Mills, Baltimore, St. Paul, corn. To Port Huron—Minnie Slauson, Richard Mott, S. A. Wood, corn.

DULUTH, Minn. — Vessel agents are holding their boats for 1¾ cents on wheat to Buffalo, but the line boats took enough for their purposes today at 1⅝c.

Vessel Movements.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont.—Down—Myles, Dunn.

FAIRPORT, O.—Arrived—Oglebay. Cleared—Light—Oglebay, Duluth; Harper, Superior.

SANDUSKY, O.—Arrived — Fiske, Concord, Yankee, Algoma. Cleared—Cormorant, Norris.

HURON, O.—Arrived—Tacoma, Georger, Tuxbury. Cleared—Coal—Parker, Superior. Light—Algeria, Duluth.

LORAIN, O.—Arrived—Wales. Cleared—Light—Constitution, Two Harbors; Glasgow, Duluth; Redfern, Marquette.

CLEVELAND, O.—Arrived—Gilbert, Frontenac, McGregor, Maytham, Sawyer, Madden. Cleared—Light—Russia, Marcia, Gilbert, Duluth.

MARQUETTE, Mich.—Cleared—Fay, Macy, Buffalo; Rhodes, Rugee, Wilson, Toledo; Wade, Abyssinia, Venezuela, Conneaut.

SOUTH CHICAGO—Cleared—Morse, Gates, Manila, Duluth; Malietoa, Two Harbors; Panther, Escanaba; Alpshard, Two Rivers.

ERIE, Pa.—Arrived—Jones, Huron City, Advance. Cleared—Light—Queen City, Duluth; Gould, Chicago. Coal—Francomb, Chicago.

TOLEDO, O.—Arrived—Buell, Barnes. Cleared—Coal—Penobscot, Duluth; Tempest, Coyne, Montana, Green Bay; Vanstraubenzie, Toronto.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Cleared—Andaste, Plankinton, South Chicago; Linden, Cranage, Chicago; Britannic, Escanaba. Arrived—Young.

CONNEAUT, O.—Arrived—Pontiac, McDougall, Holden. Cleared—Light—Pontiac, Presque Isle; McDougall, Holden, Duluth. Coal—Scranton, Ashland.

ESCANABA, Mich.—Arrived—Gogebic, Biwabik, Wetmore, Brunette, Clint. Cleared—Cumberland, Alfred Mitchell, Lake Erie ports; Pickands, Elk Rapids.

ASHLAND, Wis.—Arrived—Bermuda, Edenborn, Moore. Cleared—Light—Turner, Oneonta, Duluth. Ore—Sheriffs, Mowatt, St. Paul, Cleveland; Harvard, Conneaut; Sheldon, Negaunee, Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N.Y.—Arrived—Rockefeller. Cleared—Light—Reynolds, Hundred Thirty-one, Pueblo, Tampa, Inter Ocean, Chicago; Seattle, Munising; Vulcan, Victory, Duluth; Waldo, Superior; Flower, Escanaba.

DULUTH-SUPERIOR — Arrived — Frick, Tom Adams, Brazil, Oneonta, Turner, Langell and consorts, Ward, Merida, Gilchrist, Hanna. Departed—Ralph, Harold, Fedora, Polynesia, Aurora, Caledonia, Lake Erie, ore; Portage, Buffalo, flour.

STURGEON BAY, Wis.—Down—Ann Arbor No. 3, 9:30 Monday night; Seymour, 3:30 a. m.; Duncan City and consorts, 7:30; Hilton, Grummond, 11; La Petite, 1:30 p. m.; Schroeder, 2; Mills, 6. Up—Wyman, 10 a. m.; Chipman, 2:30 p. m.; Leatham and consorts, 7.

ASHTABULA, O.—Arrived—McWilliams, Livingstone, City of Genoa, German, Corsica, Christie, Moonlight, Sonsmith. Cleared—Light—Centurion, Presque Isle; Grecian, Pope, Presley, Escanaba; Castalia, Ashland; Reis, Bulgaria, Duluth; Henry Whitbeck, Chicago. Coal—Eads, Barr, Outhwaite, Portage.

MACKINAW CITY, Mich.—Up—Starucca, 3:30 a. m.; Argonaut, 3:40; Vanderbilt, 5:40; Raleigh and consort, 11:10; Tuscarora, 11:50; Crescent City, Jay Gould, 12:40 p. m.; Arthur, 1:30; Iron Cliff, New Orleans, 4:20; Queen of the West, 5:10. Down—Saxon, 11:20 last night; unknown steamer, 2 a. m.; Zenith City, 8:30; Sturgis, 10; Hennepin, 1:10 p. m.; Helena, 5:30. Wind north, strong, clear.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich.—Up—Nyanza, Lyon, 12:30 a. m.; Naples, 3:40; Wotan, North Wind, Yale, Yakima, Cuba, Mohawk, 6:30; Stimpson, Uranus, 5:20; Rugee, 7; Grover, Siemens, Volunteer, 7:20; Argo, Bloom, Homer, 8:20; Pioneer, Chattanooga, Germanic, Hutchinson, 10:40; Murphy, 11:20; Kaliyuga, Fontana, noon; Mills, Exile, Crosthwaite, Elfin-Mere, Celtic, 12:20 p. m.; Morley, Masaba, Malta, 2; Majestic, 2:30; Ranney, Quayle, Martin, 5:50. Down—Wright, Huron, Madagascar, Stephenson, Neil, Lindsay, Wall, Commerce, 10 last night; Crescent City, 10:40; Jay Gould, midnight; Drake, Case, 1:40 a. m.; Onoko, Sitka, Yukon, Angeline, 3:40; John Ketcham, 4:40; Oliver, 5; Linn, Mawr, Hopkins, Delaware, Fishback, Jeanness, 6:20; Auburn, Pratt, Athens, 9; Specular, Magnetic, 10:30; Yale, 1 p. m.; Mariska, Magna, Cherokee, Chippewa, 3; Pasadena and oil barge, Adriatic, 5; Cadillac, 7:30; Harvey Brown, 8:30.

DETROIT, Mich.—Up—Corona, 10:15 last night; Spalding, 10:30; Norfolk, 11:15; Monahansett, 11:40; Robert Rhodes, 12:40 a. m.; George Gould, 2:15; Vega, 3; Kirby, Hartnell, 3:15; V. H. Ketcham, 4; Reis, 7; Stevens, 8:30; Mitchell, Chickamauga, 9:50; Emerald, 10:30; Castalia, 11; Columbian, sailed, Abercorn, Montpelier, 11:40; Penobscot, Sanilac, Mongaugon, 12:30 p. m.; Presley, Redington, 12:40; Baltimore, 1:20; Saranac, 2:50; Bulgaria, Algeria, 3:30; Black, Carrington, 3:50; Alaska [wood], 4; Rosemount and consorts, 7:10; Governor Smith, 7:30. Down—Holden, 9:15 last night; Manchester, 9:40; Fisk, 10; Choctaw, 10:40; Nicholas, 11:20; Joliet, 11:50; Cambria, Wawatam, 12:40 a. m.; Pathfinder, Sagamore, 1; McVittie, 2; Saugatuck, dredge, and scow, 5; Northern Wave, 5:30; Rosedale, 5:40; Veronica, Fassett, 6; Prentice and consorts, 6:30; Samoa, Bannockburn and consorts, 7:20; Republic, 8:20; Monteagle, 10:30; Roumania, Barium, 11:30; Griffin, 11:40; Bangor, Thomas Palmer, Neshoto, noon; Syracuse, 1 p. m.; Curry, 1:30; Hesper, 1:50; America, 2:30; I. Sands, 2:50; Codorus, 3; Lackawanna, Omaha, 4:30; Ida E., Carnegie, 5; Baldwin and consorts, 5:20; Edwards, Golden Age, 7:20; Leuty, Bottsford, 7:50; City of Cleveland, 8:10; Italia, Amazon, 8:40.

Port of Chicago.

Arrived—Merchandise — Milwaukee, Boston, Juniata, Buffalo; H. R. James, Ogdensburg. Coal—R. Mills, Ashtabula. Lumber, etc.—J. L. Hurd, Oak Leaf, R. L. Fryer, Washburn; F. Hinton, Marinette; Kalkaska, Superior; F. W. Fletcher, Empire; C. J. Magill, Manistique. Ore—Phenix, Ashland. Light—Uganda, Milwaukee.

Cleared—Merchandise—Montana, E. P. Wilbur, H. J. Jewett, Buffalo; W. H. Gratwick, Depot Harbor; J. R. Langdon, Ogdensburg. Grain—Sevona, W. P. Ketcham, City of Paris, Uganda, Buffalo. Light—G. Dunbar, Manistique; Una, Muskegon; Massasoit, Escanaba; R. C. Wente, Manistee; G. L. Wrenn, Menominee.

SAFETY LAW IN EFFECT.

STATUTE REQUIRING BRAKES AND COUPLERS ACTIVE TODAY.

Automatic Devices Which Congress Compels All Railroads to Put on Rolling Stock Expected to Considerably Lessen Number of Accidents —National Legislature Passed Bill in '93, but Operation Was Delayed—News of the Iron Horse.

After repeated delays the law which Congress enacted in March, 1893, requiring all railroad companies engaged in interstate commerce to equip their cars with power or train brakes and automatic couplers goes into effect today. It is expected that full compliance with the law will tend to greatly lessen the number of accidental injuries and deaths among railway men. Statistics show that the number of accidents has been growing less since the roads began to equip their cars with the power brakes and automatic couplers.

When the law was passed, seven years ago, only 23 per cent of the freight cars in use were supplied with air brakes, and but a slightly larger proportion had automatic couplers. Four years later 33 per cent had air brakes and 50 per cent were fitted with couplers. The number of railway employés killed during the twelve months ending with June 30, 1893, was 2,727, and for the year ending June 30, 1897, the number was 1,693.

Since Jan. 1, 1900, the railroad companies have been making tremendous efforts to equip all of their rolling stock with air brakes and automatic couplers, and it is believed that a majority of the big railroads are now in position to fully comply with the law.

Cost of Improvements $25,000,000.

It is estimated that it costs about $25 a car for attaching the automatic coupler. This means a large amount of money which the railroads have had to spend on this change. There are over 1,300,000 freight cars alone in the United States, and in some instances other cars besides those used exclusively for freight have been equipped with the automatic couplers.

The expense of attaching the automatic air brake is considerably more, and for this reason the railroad companies have not had this attachment put on all the cars. It is understood, however, that all new cars are having both the automatic coupler and air brake attachments put on them.

Burlington's Increase $1,000,000.

Two of the principal Western railroad systems—the Burlington and the Santa Fé—issued statements yesterday of earnings for June and for the year ending on June 30. In both cases the showing made is exceedingly satisfactory and far better than was anticipated.

Instead of a decrease in June earnings the Burlington shows an increase in the surplus available for dividends. The results for the year show a surplus of $7,638,581. This is nearly $1,000,000 in excess of the previous year. Following is a detailed statement of earnings, expenses, etc., of the entire Burlington system of railroads for the month of June and the fiscal year ended on June 30, 1900, compared with the corresponding periods last year:

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
June—			
Freight earnings	$2,587,072	$2,541,224	$ 45,848
Passenger earnings	942,228	809,873	133,355
Gross earnings	3,964,910	3,761,823	203,085
Operating expenses	2,631,500	2,450,055	181,145
Total charges	3,471,500	3,293,013	178,487
Surplus	523,410	468,811	54,599
Year—			
Freight earnings	32,557,990	29,270,941	3,287,058
Passenger earnings	10,384,408	9,469,018	915,390
Gross earnings	47,535,420	43,389,424	4,145,996
Operating expenses	29,916,836	26,645,530	3,271,208
Total charges	39,896,839	36,661,125	3,235,713
Surplus	7,638,581	6,728,299	910,282

Santa Fe Makes a Big Spurt.

Santa Fé earnings for June show a large increase in all departments. The year's results are equally satisfactory, showing an increase in the income from operation of $5,646,678, and there is a considerable reduction in operating expenses. Following is a comparative statement of earnings, expenses, etc., for the month of June and for the year ended on June 30:

	1900.	1899.	Increase.
Gross earnings	$ 3,846,135	$ 3,219,913	$ 626,221
Operating expenses	2,261,152	2,028,220	232,932
Net earnings	1,584,982	1,191,692	393,290
Taxes and rentals	135,500	130,595	4,904
Income from operation	1,449,482	1,061,097	388,385
Average operated mileage	7,425.65	7,108.46	317.19
The year—			
Gross earnings	$46,232,078	$40,513,498	$5,718,579
Operating expenses	27,521,499	27,606,851	*85,181
Net earnings	18,710,578	12,906,617	5,803,751
Taxes and rentals	1,826,293	1,669,210	157,082
Income from operation	16,884,285	11,237,606	5,646,678
Average operated mileage	7,341.34	7,032.62	308.72

*Decrease.

Numerous Excursion Rates Granted.

Excursion rates at a fare and one-third for the round trip have been granted by the Central Passenger association roads for the following occasions: American Anti-Imperialist league, National Liberty congress, Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 15 to 17, from all Central Passenger association points; State convention of the Catholic Knights of America, Sterling, Ill., Aug. 21 and 22, from points in Illinois and from St. Louis; Buffalo Rock camp-meeting, Ottawa, Ill., Aug. 24 to Sept. 9, from points in Indiana and Illinois; Improved Order of Red Men, Great Council of the United States, Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 10 to 15, from all points in Central Passenger association territory; Mississippi Valley Medical association, Asheville, N. C., from Oct. 9 to 11, from all points in Central Passenger association territory.

Keokuk Bridge Decision Approved.

An order was made in the United States Circuit Court at Springfield, Ill., yesterday morning, approving the report of the special Master in the case of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway company and the Pennsylvania railroad company against the Keokuk and Hamilton Bridge company, except as to certain items of interest objected to. The order gives the bridge company, cross complainants, judgment for $142,277.

New Train on Northwestern.

Beginning next Friday, Aug. 3, the train on the Chicago and Northwestern road, which has been leaving Chicago for Lake Geneva and Williams Bay on Saturday only, will also run on Friday on the same schedule during the month of August, and possibly during part of September, provided the business warrants it.

TO ENJOIN RAILWAY COMPANY.

Mary Hale Allen Wishes to Prevent Installation of Street Car Service in Her Town.

Kenosha, Wis., July 31.—[Special.]—The injunction suit brought by Mary Hale Allen against Haynes & Clausen of Chicago to restrain them from building a street railway in Kenosha was argued in Racine this afternoon, Judge Fish taking the matter under advisement till Thursday. In the meantime the company has filed a bond and acceptance against the dictates of Mayor Gorman, and will fight the matter in the courts.

TO REACH ALASKA BY WIRE.

General Greely Starts for That Country to Arrange for New Telegraph System.

Washington, D. C., July 31.—General Greely, chief signal officer, left today for Alaska to superintend arrangements for cable and telegraphic communication with that territory. It is likely that he will make arrangements with the Canadian company for the transmission of messages until a direct line with Alaska is established. The last session of Congress appropriated $420,000 for lines in Alaska.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

THE COUNTY CLERK ISSUED PERMITS TO wed to the following couples yesterday, the parties living in Chicago where no place of residence is given:

	Age.
Christ A. Jensen, Ida E. Jacobson	24—19
James W. Adams, Grace A. Clark	47—26
William D. Bostelmann, Hulda Larson	23—21
Raymond C. Wood, Ethleene Combs	26—23
Thomas Krejci, Anna Suchy	36—39
Calvin E. Lewis, Emma Kirchner	35—30
William J. Hanlon, Mary J. Conway	34—28
William F. Tobin, Margaret Moore	21—18
Jan Bartac, Mary Tabacunka	22—22
Fred O. Anderson, Adah J. Bush	30—19
David Heilbron, Rosabell Lachman	23—18
William M. Hughes of Pittsburg, Pa.; Anorah Fleming of Los Angeles, Cal	33—33
Carl Rehfeld, Jihanni M. Schirbaum	52—55
George R. Coburn of Deadwood, S. D.; Helen F. Hoben of Gibson, New Brunswick	45—31

When Making a Journey



Your digestive apparatus should have the very best attention. One way to help is to be particular as to food. The very best food prepared in the very best manner and sold at a reasonable price is the foundation of the popularity of the Dining Car service of the

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN

Chicago to Dubuque, St. Paul and Minneapolis; to Des Moines, St. Joseph and Kansas City.
City Office: 115 Adams Street.
Depot: Harrison St. and 5th Ave., CHICAGO.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Gustav De Vries, Emma J. Ridard	22—21
William A. Taylor, Ella L. Palmer	23—24
Frank Kotrba, Anna Dvorak	40—42
Ignatius A. Schimek, Frances Malecha	23—24
George L. Bossmeyer, Cora A. Swaim	39—36
Arza S. Hayward, Ellen L. Taylor	38—32
Eugene F. Sanders, Luretta Baum	34—28
William G. Griswold, Sarah Glen	47—41
Mawizyniec Gawlik, Amela Osiot	26—19
Charles Higgins, Amelia Vette	65—45
Stanley Hall of Glencoe, Ill.; Elizabeth Steffens of Wilmette, Ill.	21—20
William A. Mellen, Alice M. Sullivan	22—18
John Fagan of Milwaukee, Wis.; Ella Boegy	41—36
Patrick Crain of Rushford, Minn.; Katharine Noster	35—28
William B. Mells, Clara T. Chickering	40—35
Rudolf Schaefer, Anna Naus	23—22
Peter Peterson, Mathilda Erickson	27—26
Thomas E. Hoskins, Mary A. Wilson	30—26
George A. Smith Jr., Rose C. Siegle	21—18
Frank B. Brown, Mary R. Macke	23—21
James Boal, Martha McAllion	30—22
Martin Ranch, Anna Kominski	24—22
Anton Stucewich, Anna Sungaila	29—20
Charles G. Merrifield, Lucilio Broderick	21—19
James Shea, Frances O'Donnell	31—36
Gottlieb Muchlinkel, Paulina Gerlinski	23—19
John G. Carpenter, May Schienkes	40—30
Emanuel McDonald, Sophie Cohen	22—21
William Rosenbrock, Helene Duckwitz	64—27
John D. Greiner, Jennie L. Erwin of Zanesville, O.	25—23
Henry Stevens, Jennie Sporowls	43—34
Charles I. Hoffmann, Ida Dreyfuss	37—24
August Benesch, Lola Wislewski	36—24
Oliver L. Fisher, Louise M. Hotz	28—26

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FILED FOR RECord Tuesday, July 31, 1900:

Monroe-st., 166 w of Homan-av., n f, 25x180, July 28 [C. L. Enslee to Carrie Barth]	$15,000
Lincoln-av., 236 s e of Belden, s w f, 50x100, July 30 [J. W. Recktenwald to Margaret Elser]	6,000
Harrison-st., 312 e of Western-av., n f, 24x125, May 21 [John Collister to Rosa C. Hoey]	5,000
Artesian-av., 120 s of Kinzie-st., e f, 48x125, July 26 [Julius Fuermann to Chas. D. Law]	4,800
Jackson Park terrace, 170 w of Washington-av., s f, 40x125, July 27 [Lason L. Barth to Patrick E. O'Neil]	4,000
Monroe-st., 182 e of Throop, s f, 30x198, July 14 [C. M. Akerly to Jos. Larmay]	3,400
Marshfield-av., 300 n of 50th-st., w f, 24x122, incumbrance of $1,100, July 25 [J. Marciniak to Nicholas Fuchs]	3,000
W. Ravenswood Park, 24 s of Melrose-st., e f, 24x113, July 16, 1899 [Deering B. and L. Assn. to Julia Curtis]	2,400
N. 71st-av., n w cor Belden, e f, 100x199, July 2 [A. W. Simpson to Cornelius S. Tarbox]	2,000
40th-st., 248 w of Langley-av., s f, 33 to railroad right of way, July 25 [T. A. Snow to Frederick Lancaster]	1,500
Princeton-av., 141 n of 118th-st., e f, 25x123, June 30 [C. W. Novak to M. Behrer]	1,500
Halsted-st., s e cor 81st, w f, 29x118¼, July 27 [A. Heinlein to E. Evers]	1,500
112th-pl., 150 e of S. Clark-st., 37½x124, July 28 [C. J. Pell to George Mayrer]	1,400
51st-pl., 216 e of Peoria-st., s f, 25x124½, May 19 [John Nelson to Peter McDermott]	1,325
Leavitt-st., n w cor 97th-st., e f, 209x131, July 27 [T. W. Stroshe to W. A. Arms]	1,250
114th-pl., 89 e of State-st., 50x108, July 20 [J. N. Hastings to W. J. Cameron]	1,200
Sawyer-av., 93 n of Bloomingdale, w f, 26x177, July 19 [estate of P. O'Hearn to Ellen E. O'Hearn]	1,200
Loomis-st., n w cor 54th, e f, 48x124, July 28 [L. Bowdewick to Arthur Thompson]	1,000
75th-st., s e cor Prairie-av., n f, 341x599, revenue $20, July 23 [Henry R. Lee et al quit claim to John Cadahy]	1
Halsted-st., 50 n of Roscoe, e f, 25x125, revenue $8, July 28 [Frank Goergen to Albert H. Gunnarson]	1
Larrabee-st., 69 s of Alaska, e f, 27x218, revenue $5, May 26 [K. Rheinwald to Anna C. Stoebig et al.]	1
Rockwell-st., 117 n of Wabansia-av., e f, 24x125, revenue $3, Aug. 9, 1899 [A. Bachschmidt to Emma A. Bachschmidt]	1
Harrison-st., 141 e of Western-av., s f, 26⅓x125, revenue 50 cents, incumbrance $5,000, July 28 [G. F. Binder quit claims to William A. Craton]	1
Adams-st., 252 e of Halsted, s f, 25x189, July 27 [George K. Jones et al., by M. in C., to William S. Miller]	8,956
Adams-st., 50 e of Robey, s f, 24x125, July 18 [M. M. Jones et al., by M. in C., to Frank R. Crane]	7,270
Evans-av., 135 n of 48th-st., w f, 25x117, July 30 [B. J. Cohm et al., by M. in C., to Francis J. Gorsche]	7,069
Jasper-st., 106 e of Pine-av., n f, 100x125 (35th Ward), July 27 [Dime Savings Bank, by receiver, to C. R. Cooke]	1,200
Monroe-st., 274 w of Kedzie-av., n f, 150x182, and other property, revenue $17.50, July 30 [Union Trust Co. et al. to Petruella Durham]	1
L. 29 and w. 12 ft. of L. 28, Staples' sub, s. e. ¼, n. e. ¼, s. w. ¼, 17, 38, 14, and other property, incumbrance $2,100 (there is an error in description, no block given), Sept. 12, 1899 [Emory C. Wise et al. to Henry S. Saxe]	3,500
Ontario-av., 173 s of 82d-st., e f, 100x125, May 31 [Edward C. Waller to John P. Haynes]	4,000
Coles-av., 420 s e of 78th-st., s w f, 33 1-3x200, July 25 [First Swedish B. and L. Assn. to Elof Althen]	2,000
Wayne-av., 214 s of Rosemont, e f, 33x120 1-3, July 26 [John H. Rees to Mary O. Chaney]	1,000
Cleveland-av., 96 s of Wisconsin-st., e f, 24x119, May 14, 1898 [Earl L. Hambleton quit claims to Chalkey J. Hambleton]	9,000
State-st., 96 n of Monroe, e f, 24x120, leasehold estate and interest, including buildings and improvements, July 30, revenue stamps $50, valued at $50,000 [Thomas G. Otis and Ella F., his wife, to Seymour Morris]	10,000
Potomac-av., s s cor Rockwell-st., n f, 53x120, July 24, incumbrance $7,000 [Frank A. Stauber to Alex. Gross]	14,600
Evergreen-av., 275 n w of Kedzie, n f, 33 1-3x125, July 28 [E. Melms to M. Pinderski]	2,700
Troy-st., 191 n of 12th, e f, 25x125, incumbrance $3,000, revenue $5, July 31 [Jennie E. Gillespie quit claims to Jennie F. Gillespie]	1
Taylor-st., 226 e of Albany-av., s f, 25x125, July 31 [Wm. Moffat to Paulina Jaschke]	2,000
27th-st., 50 e of Butler, s f, 25x124, July 30 [G. L. Arnold to Elizabeth Merker]	1,050
May-st., 80 n of 60th, e f, 25x124, incumbrance $4,500, July 20 [Ernst. T. Johnson to Mary A. Monroe]	5,500
65th-st., s e cor Central Park-av., n f, 50x124, July 28 [Imperial B. and L. Assn. to Wm. Le Baron]	1,500
Washington-st., 125 e of Waller-av., n f, 50x134, 35th Ward, July 26 [S. H. Woodbury to Rolla M. Davies]	3,000
Waller-av., 390 n of Washington-st., w f, 60x178, 35th Ward, incumbrance $3,000, July 26 [Chas. Arnold to Sidney H. Woodbury]	6,000
Perry-st., 195 s of Irving Park-av., w f, 29x183, revenue $3, July 20 [L. Loeber to Alfred E. Barr]	10
Millard-av., s w cor 25th-st., e f, 100x124, incumbrance $2,500, June 28 [Geo. E. Redfield to Willis A. Cook]	7,000
Stewart-av., 55 s of 66th-pl., e f, 25x130, incumbrance $5,500, July 28 [Marshall F. Holmes to Ellen Weldon]	7,500
Evans-av., 286 s of 63d-st., e f, 30x122, July 30 [Lauren S. Brandell to Adam L. Wehner]	5,000
120th-st., s w cor Indiana-av., n f, 298x254, and 51 lots, same subdivision, March 1 [Chas. A. Sawyer to Louise Grant]	25,000
67th-st., 100 w of Perry-av., s f, 84½x149, this property adjoins Perry-av., n w cor 67th-st., 50x100, incumbrance $7,500, July 30 [James Mowatt to Geo. Pettijohn]	25,500
Talman-av., 50 s of Le Moyne-st., e f, 25x125, incumbrance $4,500, July 31 [R. Olson to John J. Dahlmann]	6,500
North-av., s w cor Central, 20 acres, 35th Ward, formerly Cicero, July 12 [Wm. H. Lusk to Ella S. Allister]	20,000
Vincennes-av., s e cor 46th-pl., w f, 45x123, incumbrance $17,000, July 12 [Wm. M. Allister to Wm. H. Lusk]	40,500
19th-st., 306 e of Western-av., n f, 24x125, April 14 [J. Vitous to Frank Tuma]	3,000
Same property, April 16 [Frank Tuma to Ana Vitous]	3,000
Prairie-av., 307 s of 51st-st., e f, 100x156½, incumbrance $22,000, July 30 [Geo. Pettijohn to James Mowatt]	40,000

BUILDING PERMITS.

THE FOLLOWING PERMITS WERE ISSUED yesterday by the Building department:

Martin Molitz, 2-story brick flat, 181 W. Chicago-av.	$ 2,500
W. B. Walker, 2-story brick store and flat, 806 Monroe-av.	1,700
W. B. Walker, 1½-story frame dwelling, 2588 N. Lawndale-av.	1,800
W. B. Walker, 1-story frame school, 2572 Monticello-av.	1,200
W. B. Walker, 1-story frame school, 2568 Monticello-av.	1,200
J. C. Cockburn, three 3-story brick flats, 1547-57 Bradley-pl.	40,000
J. Vlochota, 2-story brick flat, 1198 S. St. Louis-av.	3,000
Fifty-second Avenue Presbyterian Church, 1-story brick church, 131-135 52d-av.	5,000
M. E. Sundene, 1-story frame cottage, 1440 N. Lawndale-av.	1,200
John Koestner, 1-story frame cottage, 5311 Laflin-st.	1,600
John Lally, 3-story brick flat, 3704 Monroe-av.	6,000
William McKerlie, four 3-story brick apartment buildings, 1194 to 1200 60th-st.	50,000

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

CERTIFICATES OF INCORPORATION WERE issued yesterday by the Secretary of State at Springfield, Ill., as follows:

The Manitou Fuel company, at Chicago; capital, $10,000; dealing in fuel and mining coal; incorporators, Delos Hull, William B. McElevey, and Frank E. Lukens.

The American Press Clipping bureau, at Chicago; capital $10,000; press clippings and allied business; incorporators, Frederic A. Dawes, Edgar H. Luce, and Arthur L. Currey.

The Harney Brothers company, at Chicago; capital, $5,000; general grain and provision commission business; incorporators, William J. Doyle, Charles J. Harney, and Warrie A. Baker.

The Rock Island and Eastern Illinois Railway company certified to a change of name to the Davenport, Rock Island and Northwestern railway company and to an increase in capital stock from $100,000 to $4,000,000.

The McElevey and Corse company, located at Chicago, certified to a change of name to the Standard Concrete Construction company.

TRIBUNE READY REFERENCE DIRECTORY

Art, Beveled and Stained Glass.
The Flanigan & Biedenweg Co., 57 to 63 Illinois-st.

Assayers and Refiners.
DICKMAN & MACKENZIE, 1224 Rookery, M. 4815.
GOLDSMITH BROS., 63 Washington-st. Bullion bought & sold. Prompt & accurate assay of ore.

Bakery Goods.
Ask your grocer FOR BRYCE'S STAR BREAD.
PALM'S HOME BAKERY, 379-81 W. Harrison.
PIPER'S MA-MA BREAD. Like mamma made it.

Birds and Taxidermy.
KAEMPFER'S BIRD STORE, 88 State-st.

Building, Curb and Sidewalk Stone.
Charles L. Boyd, Receiver, 305 Chamber of Com.

Buyers of Old Gold and Silver.
LIPMAN, 90 Madison. Cash for all precious metals.

Candies.
GUNTHER, C. F., Bonbons and chocolates. Send for wholesale or retail catalogue. 212 State-st.

Cement Sidewalks.
STANSEN & BLOME, Unity Bldg. Central 12.

Cleaners and Dyers.
COOK & McLAIN, 80 Dearborn, M. 3047. Oak. 833.
SCHWARZ, AUG. Ladies' and Gents' Garments. 3 stores: 158 Illinois, 126 Dearborn, 305 W. Mad.

Detective Agencies.
Metropolitan—Ross & Fitzpatrick, 87 Washington.

Druggists.
DYCHE'S PRESCRIPTION DRUG STORE—N. W. cor. State and Randolph-sts. Tel. Central 2588.

Expert in Handwriting and Inks.
H. L. TOLMAN, 929 Opera-House Bldg.

Fire Insurance.
MAITLAND & McAVOY, 184 La Salle. Tel. M. 2582.

Fire and Liability Insurance.
Shipman & Wayne, 210 La Salle. Tel. Main 2248.

Florists.
A. LANGE, 51 Monroe-st., cor. State. Tel. C. 2522.
JOHN C. SCHUBERT & CO., S. W. COR. Monroe and Wabash-av. Telephone Main 2856.

Gas and Electrical Fixtures.
E. BAGGOT CO., 169-171 E. Adams-st.

Hot Air Pumps.
FOR FLATS, RESIDENCES & STOCK FARMS. Rider-Ericsson Eng. Co., 86 Lake. Catlg. T. I.

Loan Offices.
ABE LIPMAN, 90 MADISON. Private entrance.

Mandolin Instruction.
S. Tomaso, Central Music Hall, Randolph & State.

Opticians.
BEEK, 22 Washington. Eyeglasses, artificial eyes.
BOERLIN CO., LOUIS, 88 Washington-st.
BORSCH & CO., scientific opticians, 108 Adams.
MANASSE, L., Tribune Building, 88 Madison-st.
$1 BUYS BEST SPECK. F. Morgan, 93 Madison.

Paper Dealers.
Empire Paper Co., 177-179 Monroe-st. M. 5046.

Parquet Floors.
E. B. MOORE & CO., 48 Randolph. Tel. M. 779.

Patent Lawyers.
LOTZ, R. W., 163 Randolph-st. Pamphlet free.

Physicians.
J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D., specialist skin, blood and nervous diseases. 167 Dearborn-st.

Photography.
J. B. WILSON, studio, 389 State. Tel. Main 2411.

Pianos.
J. A. BRYANT, 144 WABASH-AV.

Picture Frames, Mats, and Regilding.
W. W. ABBOTT, 255 Wabash. Tel. Central 2087.
F. A. BRYDEN & CO., 331 Wabash. Tel. H. 1957.

Printers and Binders.
RYAN & HART CO., 22 and 24 Custom-House-pl.

Rubber, Brass, and Steel Stamps.
C. L. SAFFORD, 177 Madison. Tel. M. 2057. Catalog.
A. W. Martin & Co., 200 Clark. Phone Cent. 169.

Signs and Letterers.
GROUT, FRANK R., 173 Madison. Tel. 4844 M.

Stationers, Printers, Blank Book Makers.
GEO. E. COLE & CO., 86 and 88 Dearborn-st.

Trusses, Deformity Apparatus.
E. WOLFERTZ, 60 5th-av. Ruptures positively cured with my new improved truss. Trusses from $2 to $15. Elastic stockings, etc. Catalogue.

Uniforms, Military Society Goods.
FOSTER, G. F. SON & CO., 174 E. Madison-st.

Wood Mantels, Tiles, and Grates.
The Peerless Mantel Works, 213 E. Chicago-av.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—AT STUDEBAKER THEATER SATURday afternoon, July 28, opera glass handle, pearl, gold trimmed. Finder please return to 6353 Harvard-av., and receive reward.

LOST—TUESDAY ... HANDLE POCKET knife engraved "Fredrick R. Babcock & May 4th." Return to above at 1409 Monadnock Building and receive reward.

LOST—GOLD RING SET WITH PEARL AND four small diamonds, bet. Michigan-av. and Great Northern Hotel; suitable reward. Address H 118, Tribune office.

LOST—TUESDAY AFTERNOON, 3 O'CLOCK, Washington-st., near 5th-av., lady's light gold watch chain; reward. STANLEY MANNING, 521 Wabash-av.

LOST—36TH AND COTTAGE GROVE, TWO antique silver coins. Reward. 186 36th-st.

$5 REWARD FOR RETURN OF SMALL RED spaniel; female. 149 36th-st.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—H. WILLIS: PERSONAL ON birthday, June 6, published; no reply as yet. Let your wishes be known; suspense awful. Come. M. PETE.

PERSONAL—RUBY B.: WRITE TO J. W. HUME, Chicago, General Delivery.

BUSINESS PERSONALS.

PERSONAL—"ON SPECIAL CREDIT AT CASH PRICES."

"From head to toe" we clothe a single person or a family complete.
"From parlor to kitchen" we furnish a home. We operate a special credit department store for salaried people and those in moderate circumstances, and invite your inspection.
Established 1886. E. SHOWERS & CO.,
217 and 219 State-st., 2d and 3d floors.

PERSONAL—FREE: SUCCESS IN LIFE CAN only be obtained through influence; will send absolutely free a 100-page book which explains all the secrets of hypnotism, personal magnetism, and magnetic healing. Tells how to cure diseases and bad habits, enables you to win and hold the love and respect of others. Anybody can learn in a few days. We guarantee success. Write today. Address NEW YORK INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE. Dept. 408 M., Rochester, N. Y.

PERSONAL—IF YOUR HAIR OR BEARD IS GRAY, USE WARD'S WALNUT OIL. Colors in one application; sunny brown, brown, and dark brown; expressed free on receipt of price, $1 and $1.50. MME. J. WARD, 1103 Masonic Temple, Chicago.

PERSONAL—THE ZANCIGS, PALMISTS—185 MICHIGAN-AV.
8 PALMISTS ALWAYS IN ATTENDANCE—8
Branch office 60th-st. and Cottage Grove-av.
4 PALMISTS ALWAYS IN ATTENDANCE—4

PERSONAL—WRINKLES, MOLES, POCKmarks, blackheads, discolorations, and all traces of old age removed permanently; patients received at residence. Call at office. J. ELIZABETH TOMPKINS, M. D., 1308 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—FAT FOLKS—I AM A TRAINED nurse; 12 years ago I reduced 45 pounds by a harmless remedy; have not regained; nothing to sell. Call or address and I will tell how it was done. MISS C. T. TOPPING, 767 W. Madison-st.

PERSONAL—HIGH-CLASS TAILORING ON CREDIT. No deposit required.
THE S. B. SHEARER CO.,
8th floor, Woman's Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, warts destroyed forever by electric needle; eyebrows and foreheads perfectly shaped; 10 years' experience. MME. STIVER, 1417 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—REPAIR YOUR FURS AT HALF price this month; reliable work. Estb. 1887.
GREENBURG & CO., Furriers,
191 Wabash-av.

PERSONAL—HALF PRICE JULY, AUG.; SUMmer dresses, man-tailored suits, coats, skirts, to measure at ready-made prices. Call Electric Tailoring. R. 214, 52 Dearborn-st.

PERSONAL—ROACHES AND BEDBUGS EXterminated from your premises under guaranteed contract. FREDERICK PERES & CO., 427 State.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, etc., destroyed by electric needle; cure guaranteed. MME. A. KALLMAN, 1210 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES, red nose, etc., destroyed by electric needle; book free. N. Y. Electrolysis Co., 1118 Masonic Temple.

PERSONAL—HORSERADISH JACK CAN FURnish you the best butter at 20c lb; fresh from Dundee Dairy Farm. 68 E. Randolph-st.

PERSONAL—FURS REPAIRED AND REMODeled to latest styles; lowest prices; best work; satisfaction guaranteed. SHAYNE, 187 State-st.

PERSONAL—HYPNOTISM, PRIVATE AND BY correspondence. DR. E. E. HALL, 18 years teacher, 12 demonstrator, 419 Washington-blvd.

PERSONAL—SWEDISH INSTITUTE; MODERN electric appliances. 1015 Steinway Hall, 17 Van Buren-st.

PERSONAL—SUPERFLUOUS HAIR PERMAnently destroyed by electric needle. MISS MADDEN, 704 A. J. Stone Bldg., 580 W. Madison-st.

PERSONAL — DIAMONDS, WATCHES, ON easy payments. LOFTIS BROS., 103 State-st.

PERSONAL—RHEUMATISM CURED; 10 YRS.' Swedish experience. 1802 Wabash. Anderson.

PERSONAL—LADIES, GET A FREE SAMPLE of Marbourg skin food. 34 Monroe-st., Room 35.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper and general office man; quick and accurate; best of references. H 507, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED young lady as clerk in first-class confectionery or bakery; references. H 142, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—PERMANENT, AS copyist or addressing envelopes; A1 references given. Address H 136, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BOOKKEEPER, COLlector, or general office work; first-class references. Address H 137, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG MAN; NIGHT cashier in restaurant; experienced; A1 references and bond. Address H 208, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED — BOOKKEEPER OR cashier; 4 years' experience; quick at counting change; A1 references. H 209, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIenced lamp and crockery clerk. H 150, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper, office work. Address E B 366, Tribune.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A1 ADVERTISING man, well educated, convincing talker, age 26; excellent city references. H 351, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—AS SALESMAN; CAN give best of references. H 145, Tribune office.

Boys.

SITUATION WANTED—BY JAPANESE BOY; cooking or any kind of work in the family. Address H 219, Tribune office.

Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LICENSED ENGIneer; 15 years' experience with automatic and fixed cut off engines. H 121, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY WATCHMAKER, city or country; good refs. G P 810, Tribune.

House Servants.

SITUATION WANTED — BY FIRST-CLASS butler or janitor; married; wife good seamstress; willing to do second work or light housework; colored. 2958 Dearborn-st., 2d.

SITUATION WANTED — EXPERIENCED houseman; sober, reliable, and handy; good service; good wages; best refs. H 212, Tribune.

Coachmen, Teamsters, Etc.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN; GERman, single, abstainer; florist by trade; city refs. Address H 162, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED coachman; single; Swedish; references. Address H 119, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED man with horses; can give good satisfaction. 3124 Dearborn-st.

SITUATION WANTED—COACHMAN; SINGLE; city reference. Address H 207, Tribune office.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—MALE TYPEWRITER operator, rapid (not shorthand writer), copying or take dictation direct on machine; eight dollars week. JOHN SEIBERT, 194 W. 18th.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED stenographer and Remington operator; first-class worker; refs. Address H 340, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—STATIONERY AND ENgraving; young man, 22, neat appearance and address, four years' experience with above line, seeks new position, Chicago or elsewhere; best references. Address H 353, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS NURSE OR COMpanion to invalid, or mentally affected gentleman, by experience and reliable man. Address H 139, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS BOOKKEEPER IN first-class merchant tailor office, on salary and commission; have good trade personally. Address H 155, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY RELIABLE, ELderly man as janitor, houseman, or care horse, lawn; handy with tools; good reference; moderate wages. Address H 203, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—A GOOD ENGLISH-talking Japanese, who can read and write, would like to get any kind of work. Address H 218, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ON FARM AS MANager or foreman; references and bond if it be required. Address G P 809, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BUILDING CONtractor as superintendent or foreman in or out of city. Address H 838, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—COLLECTOR, OR ANY position of trust; highest city references; $10,000 security. Address N., 356 Racine-av.

SITUATION WANTED—IN BUTCHER SHOP OR grocery by young man to learn the business. Address H 158, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—ON PRIVATE PLACE, by young man, to take care of horse and lawns and be useful. Address H 113, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS HOUSEMAN OR coachman; ref. A1. Address H 357, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG, STRONG man as watchman; best refs. J 440, Tribune.

STORE AND OFFICE FIXTURES.

FACTORY PRICES—OFFICE AND TYPEWRITer desks—We make them; bargains in new, damaged, and second-hand desks. STAFFORD BROS., Steinway Hall.

FOR SALE—6-DRAWER SHANNON FILE, $6; catalogue case, $9; letter press, $2; hall safe, $25. BAKER, 47 Dearborn-st.

PATENTS AND PATENT ATTORNEYS.

A PATENT OF A COMBINED GEARED AND direct stroke, automatic feathering edged wind mill for sale or to build on a royalty; a new idea and a good one; has proved a success so far. Box 193, Milford, Ill.

BUILDING MATERIAL.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—500,000 SECOND-HAND pressed and common brick. Merchant Iron and Steel Co., 234 La Salle-st.

WANTED—30,000 BRICK AT ONCE. SEYMOUR, 5045 Lake-av., Hyde Park.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

SITUATION WANTED—BY YOUNG LADY with many years' experience as bookkeeper in wholesale house; can give A1 refs. H 134, Tribune.

Domestics.

SITUATION WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED woman; middle age; general housework; no objection to suburbs; best reference. 239 31st-st., second flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY VERY GOOD COOK, private family; city or country. Address 372 East Chicago-av.

SITUATION WANTED—SWEDISH WOMAN for housework in flat in small family; call two days. 201 22d-st., top floor, Room 18.

SITUATION WANTED—GERMAN GIRL WITH references wants a place in flat. 3310 Cottage Grove-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY SWEDISH GIRL for general housework; small American family; can give references. 4852 Washington-av., 1st flat.

SITUATION WANTED—VERY LIGHT HOUSEwork; wages $3. 4413 Wallace-st., top flat, rear.

SITUATION WANTED—GERMAN GIRL, COOK, private family. Call 967 W. 13th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—SECOND WORK; REF.; $3.50, $4. 250 E. 43d-st., 1st flat.

SITUATION WANTED—BY FIRST-CLASS COLored cook, in suburbs. Address 190 24th-st.

Housekeepers.

SITUATION WANTED—A WIDOW LADY WITH one child wishes a place as housekeeper. For particulars address J. B., Ridgeville, Ill.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY AS HOUSEkeeper; good city refs. 1923 Michigan-av.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

SITUATION WANTED—COMPETENT DRESSmaker desires engagement; refs. 36 York-st.

Nurses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT, REfind child's nurse of 20; would leave city; references. 4746 Wabash-av.

SITUATION WANTED—BY COLORED LADY [22], as nurse; good city reference. Apply 3240 State-st.

SITUATION WANTED—NURSING, CARE OF elderly person. E. HANSON, 5130 Forest-av.

Laundresses.

SITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED laundress to go out by day. 70 37th-st.

SITUATION WANTED—WASHING AND IRONing by the day. 2820 Dearborn-st.

Employment Agencies.

SITUATIONS WANTED—289 43D-ST., FLAT B; girls; best references. Phone Drexel 5701. Grist.

Stenographers.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER in good building for public office, with privilege of taking outside work. Address H 345, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—BY STENOGRAPHER and general office; rapid and accurate; reasonable salary. Address H 129, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY LADY STENOGRApher; good writer and speller; rapid, accurate; reasonable salary. Address H 128, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—YOUNG LADY AS STEnographer; exp.; salary $6. H 144, Tribune.

Miscellaneous.

SITUATION WANTED—A YOUNG WOMAN OF refinement and reduced circumstances would like a position to do reception work in physician's office. Address H 123, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY BRIGHT YOUNG woman to travel for first-class firm, East; will travel on trial; expenses only; best of references. Address H 380, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A LADY AS COMpanion to a lady or as housekeeper. Address H 217, Tribune office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

THE EASTER BELL GOLD MINING AND Milling company own 35 acres adjoining the Victor mine, which paid $1,555,000 in dividends. This is in the heart of the producing section of Cripple Creek, being close to the Vindicator, whose stock is now selling at $1.50; the Independence T. & M. Co., now selling at 47½; the Isabella, now selling at $1.26; and near other producers not quoted, but paying regular monthly dividends of 1 per cent.
Easter Bell shaft now down 100 feet in ore that assays $12 per ton, and daily progress being made; there is $30,000 in the treasury for development work, and a big strike likely any minute. Par value, $1, now offered and recommended by us at 8c per share, as the safest and greatest opportunity in the whole Cripple Creek district. We predict an early advance to not less than 30c and we ultimately expect to be trading in this stock at considerably over par. Officers of this company, experienced and prominent mining men, at present connected with the most successful mines in this locality.
Call on us, or write for information, and we will have a representative call on you. When desired we accept this stock as security on additional purchases. Office open daily until 9 p. m.
THOMPSON, GODDARD & CO.,
301-304 New York Life Bldg., Chicago.

A FORTUNE FOR YOU IN STOCK OF THE Pennsylvania Oil company; stock in this company is not being sold on expectations, but on a guaranteed dividend basis of 1 1-3 per cent per month at the present price, 75 cents per share; an investigation will convince the most conservative that this stock will earn a fortune, and is on a permanent basis; fortunes are being made in California oil; it is up to you to secure some of this stock at the present low price.
The STANDARD CRUDE OIL COMPANY owns and controls most valuable oil lands which are now developing; as a speculative stock it has no equal on the market; at the selling price 25 cents per share, there is every reason to look for a return of several hundred per cent, and permanent dividends; any day a strike may be made which will carry this stock above par. Call or address THOMPSON, GODDARD & CO., 301-4 New York Life Bldg., Chicago; office open evenings until 9 o'clock.

FOR SALE—A RARE OPPORTUNITY TO SEcure ground floor interest in a 600 miles Western R. R. survey, right of way, and land for 24 new towns on the first division; all complete and secured; present assets over half a million dollars. The office of President and Treasurer can be had; an immediate investment of from $10,000 up will make a fortune. Call on JOHN M. KERR, at the Palmer House, Wednesday, from 1 to 5 p. m.

WANTED—A RELIABLE MAN FOR POSITION of Secretary of a large corporation; must be a worker and able to handle large correspondence; salary $25 per week to start; must invest $2,500 in the business; A1 references required; state former business experience. H 354, Tribune office.

WANTED—PERSON WITH FROM $5,000 TO $10,000 as backer of manufacturing concern; money used to increase business; will pay liberal for same and give security; or will take partner. Address G C 625, Tribune office.

YOUNG, PROSPEROUS MANUFACTURING house with more orders than can attend to with present capital wants partner, active or silent, or backing on security; liberal terms for from $5,000 to $10,000. Address G C 626, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A CLEAN STOCK OF HARDware, stoves, and implements in lively northern Indiana town; also 2-story brick building, 22x122 ft.; cheap for cash; a great chance for a Swede or German. Address H 303, Tribune office.

$5,500 FOR 12 YEARS' ESTABLISHED MODern down-town printing office; clearing $3,000 yearly; low rent; long lease; sickness cause of selling. FRANK, 420 Ashland Block.

FOR SALE—BAKERY; BRICK OVEN, OAK fixtures, two-horse wagon route, 8 living rooms 2d floor; rent $25; a bargain; investigate; sickness. A. R. SMITH, 167 Dearborn-st.

PRIVATE PARTY MUST RAISE $250 AT ONCE; have abundant security; pay $85 for accommodation 30 days; private party only answer. Address H 165, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—IN AN OLD-ESTABLISHED office business, who can furnish $1,000 in cash; security given on real estate for money advanced; young lawyer preferred. H 156, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—COMPLETE WHOLESALE WINE and liquor and rectifying business; well established; in city of 30,000 population. Address F 213, Tribune office.

OPPORTUNITY FOR LADY OR GENTLEMAN to buy ⅓ interest in a well-advertised mfg. business; 75 per cent profit; incoming party to handle finances. FRANK, 420 Ashland Block.

WANTED — FACTORIES LOCATE ON OUR land; best in State; within few miles of Chicago; equal R. R. facilities; power cheaper than natural gas; special inducements. H 853, Tribune.

JOPLIN—HAVE OVER $35,000 INVESTED IN mills, machinery, Joplin; will sell $5,000 stock for $1,500 cash; best chance ever offered. Address H 847, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—SALOON AND BOARDING-HOUSE, in next ten days; best offer; bar receipts, $25; 20 boarders; Northwest Side; reasons for selling, other business. Address H 332, Tribune office.

$5,000 BUYS 1-3 INTEREST IN FACTORY; SALary, $1,560 a year; office of treasurer and manager; corporated. 50 McCollough Bldg., Davenport, Ia.

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE—BARGAIN FOR cash; best located store, North Side; old established business; owner engaged in other business; must sell. Address K 825, Tribune office.

BUY WHEAT ON PRESENT CONDITIONS; IT will surely sell much higher; send for our book, "Successful Speculation," free. J. K. COMSTOCK, 23 Traders' Building, Chicago.

AT INVOICE—OLD ESTABLISHED CASH GROcery and market; superb fixtures; staple stock; low rent; fine locality; investigate this moneymaker. FRANK, 420 Ashland Block.

PARTNER WANTED—AT ONCE; GOOD OFfice man; brokerage; $1,000; best chance in today's paper; investigate. F J 452, Tribune.

WANTED—MANAGING PARTNER WITH $500 for one-half intrest in large restaurant, bakery, and confectionery store. Address G P 811, Tribune.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER—$1,000 RESTAURANT for $500, if sold this week; call and see it. 115 Dearborn-st., Room 810.

FOR SALE—$2,000 REAL ESTATE BUSINESS, estb. 10 yrs.; pays $3,500 per year; leaving city Sept. 1 on other business. H 140, Tribune office.

CHANCE NEVER OFFERED BEFORE TO INvest $2,000 where quick and large returns are made. Address H 110, Tribune office.

$500 AND SERVICES BUY ½ INTEREST IN A produce commission business clearing $250 every month; refs. required. LEMON, 167 Dearborn.

WANTED — GOOD GROCERY, NOTION, OR confectionery store; must be cheap. Address H W 955, Tribune office.

$300 TAKES NICE, WELL LOCATED GROcery; must be sold at once. Address H W 956, Tribune office.

WANTED—GOOD RESTAURANT OR ROOMING house; bargain for cash. Address H W 954, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—STOCK OF GROCERIES AND fixtures cheap, to be removed. 33d-st. and Armour-av.

TWO GROCERY STORES; SELL ONE OR TAKE partner. LAWRENCE, 299 W. Lake-st.

DO YOU WANT TO INVEST $15,000 TO $20,000 where it will pay you 25 per cent? H 103, Tribune.

WANTED—TO BUY SOUTH SIDE RESTAUrant; must be bargain. Address H 147, Tribune.

FOR SALE—PAYING COUNTRY DRUG STORE at inventory; sales $25. G L 59, Tribune office.

PRINTING MATERIAL.

WANTED—10X15 GORDON, 8-H. GASOLINE engine; must be cheap, for cash. H 211, Tribune.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Bookkeepers and Clerks.

A YOUNG MAN—THAT UNDERSTANDS BOOKkeeping, for general office work. Address H 160, Tribune office.

ASSISTANT REGISTERED DRUG CLERK—AT once. J. BARNES, 825 W. 43d-st.

BILL CLERK—YOUNG MAN, AGE 20; GOOD writer; $8; must be experienced. 151 Washington-st., R. 46.

BOOKKEEPER—THOROUGHLY COMPETENT, experienced young man as bookkeeper in wholesale house; state age, experience, references, and salary wanted. Address H 201, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—YOUNG MAN WHO CAN ALSO do shorthand and stenography; must furnish reference. Address H 124, Tribune office.

BOOKKEEPER—FIRST-CLASS D.-E. BOOKkeeper; 18; references. H 102, Tribune office.

MAN—IN NOTION DEPARTMENT OF LARGE house, to take charge of order pickers; state age and experience. Address H W 945, Tribune office.

STOCK KEEPER—ABLE TO TAKE FULL charge of stock of woolens in cutting room of large "tailors to the trade" house; one having previous experience. Address H 308, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—OF ABOUT 20; MUST HAVE A good education, highly intelligent, with a practical knowledge of office work and accounts, capable in figures, and a good penman; which are all requisites for the position; to such a person a good opening is offered with a large concern in this city; moderate wages to start. Address, with Chicago references only. G P 457, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—ABOUT 20, TO MAKE HIMSELF generally useful in real estate office in Oak Park; must write a good hand, be of pleasant address, and furnish references and bond; permanent position to right party. Address, stating age and salary expected, Lock Box 115, Oak Park, Ill.

YOUNG MAN—OFFICE; MUST BE GOOD, rapid penman; quick and accurate at figures. Call early at 1822 Wabash-av., one flight up, C., R. & CO.

YOUNG MEN—16 TO 20 YEARS OLD, THAT can furnish good references, to work in wholesale business; must have good education. Address G P 462, Tribune office.

YOUNG MAN—EXPERIENCED ASSISTANT bookkeeper, with good references. GORDON & MORRISON, 199-201 E. Madison-st.

Salesmen, Solicitors, Etc.

BOOKMEN—FIRST-CLASS ONLY; NEW PLAN; increased commissions; permanently profitable work. 405 Atwood Building.

INSURANCE MEN—SUBSCRIPTION SOLICITors or book agents on road to carry side line, calling on publishers. Call 9 to 10 o'clock a. m. any day. 95 Hartford Bldg.

MEN—1,000 SIDE LINE MEN TO ESTAB. LOcal agencies in every co. in the union at once. Call or write. Yorty Mfg. Co., 206 E. Illinois-st.

MEN—1,000 SIDE LINE MEN TO ESTAB. LOcal agencies in every co. in the union at once. Call or write. Yorty Mfg. Co., 206 E. Illinois-st.

SALESMAN—FIRST-CLASS, TO WAIT ON house trade in the largest merchant tailoring establishment in Chicago; must be posted in woolens and know how to show goods to advantage; must also be a good letter writer for purpose of increasing sales; we have a good opening for the right kind of a man; state past experience, age, and salary wanted. Address F S 267, Tribune office.

SALESMAN OR SOLICITOR—HIGH CLASS; TO represent large house on the road. If you have the ability, qualifications, and references to command a permanent position with first-class remuneration, address, with full particulars, F X 158, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TRAVELING SPECIALTY, TO represent responsible house on the road; want hustler with good address and clear record; expenses, salary, or commission; permanent, lucrative position to right man; state age and experience; single preferred. H 161, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE, CAPABLE man of general business experience and fitness for first-class work; must be of good address and well recommended; good salary. Address G C 813, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—A FIRST-CLASS SPECIALTY salesman, with a clean record, can secure good position; salary and commission. Address G C 814, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR HIGH grade merchant tailoring at popular prices; liberal arrangement to good man. GEO. H. FIEDLER & CO., 167 Dearborn-st.

SALESMAN—BY LEADING PRINTERS; PERsistent worker; to visit merchants on our list; salary and commission. For interview give full particulars, age, experience, etc. J 729, Tribune.

SALESMAN — EXPERIENCED TAILORING salesman, city or country; salary or commission; best and cheapest line ever shown. Address or call. Crown Tailoring Co., 260 5th-av.

SALESMAN—SIDE LINE SPECIALTY TO CIgar trade; good seller, small sample, large com.; permanent, exclusive territory everywhere. Address J 165, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—TO SELL VINEGAR, PICKLES, sauerkraut, etc., to the city retail grocery and butcher trade; give experience, age, and salary expected. Address H 205, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—A NO. 1 FIRST-CLASS SHOE salesman; must be a good fitter, accustomed to handling fine shoes, and waiting on city trade. STREETER BROS., cor. State and Madison.

SALESMAN—TO TRAVEL AND TAKE ORDERS for custom shirts to measure; good territory and fine proposition to competent man. Address H 329, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—GERMAN SPEAKING, VISITING dry goods stores, for a good side line. Call Braiding Works, 152-158 Vedder-st.

SALESMAN—EXP., INTRODUCE QUICK-selling novelty to trade. R. 30, McVicker's Theater.

SALESMAN—EXPERIENCED, FOR INSTALLment furniture house; steady position to good man. Address J 606, Tribune office.

SALESMAN—FOR INSTALLMENT FURNIture house; must have experience; Swedish preferred. Address J 702, Tribune office.

SALESMAN — FOR SPECIALISTS' CHAIR; splendid side line; no competition. Address J 412 Tribune office.

SALESMEN—WE WANT DEALERS AND agents everywhere to sell the "Home Grinder," a wonderful new emery wheel attachment for sewing machines, for sharpening knives and scissors; the most useful household article on the market; it makes money for the agent; good side line for road men; write at once for circulars and terms. Trenholm-Palmer Co. [Ltd.], 406, 185 Dearborn-st.

SALESMEN—HAVE GOOD TERRITORY FOR two experienced, reliable grocery salesmen, capable of selling the full line groceries to the best retail grocery trade for one of the most prominent Chicago jobbing grocery houses; good salary and permanent position to right men; state experience and age. Address H 146, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—BY AN OLD ESTABLISHED CHIcago tea, cigar, and spice jobbing house, a few more first-class salesmen; state age, territory, experience, average sales, salary or commission expected. Address C X 661, Tribune office.

SALESMEN — 5 WANTED FOR CLASSIFIED business, city or country; salary and commission; educated and energetic young men; good pay. Call before 11:30 a. m. American Literary Society [DAVIS], 521-531 Wabash-av.

SALESMEN—FOR MACKINTOSHES; DIRECT to consumers; largest line, closest prices; live line for live men; handsome samples. Inter-State Rubber company, 221 Fifth-av., Chicago.

SALESMEN—OF THE HIGHER GRADES CAN learn of something to their advantage, that will pay good salary, by addressing G C 815, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—RELIABLE, WHO CAN SELL; state age and experience; A1 references required; good salary and commission. Address G C 816, Tribune office.

SALESMEN—TO BUY AND SELL PATENTS for us. Rapid Introduction Co., 167 Dearborn.

SOLICITOR—FIRST-CLASS, WITH REFERence, for new scheme of advertising in the Pan-American Exposition; good commission; immediately call, 12 to 2. McCoy's Hotel, N. NASR.

SOLICITORS—INSURANCE, TO HANDLE A proposition to clients in direct line with regular business; liberal commission. H 336, Tribune.

TEA AND COFFEE SOLICITORS—EXPERIenced; steady work. C. STOLL, 207 E. North-av.

TRADE SOLICITOR—WITH INFLUENCE IN down-town real estate offices. DALY, 87 5th-av.

Boys.

BOY—IN SILVERWARE HOUSE; ABOUT 15; must be bright and willing to work; salary to start $3.50 week. J. H. STRONG, 195 State-st.

Trades.

CIGARMAKERS, ROLLERS, AND BUNCHmakers; steady work. 46 Congress-st., near Lake Michigan.

HORSESHOER—ONE, FIRST-CLASS, THAT can do repair work; at once. Address F X 157, Tribune office.

PEN AND INK ARTISTS—PIECE WORK; ALSO a good letterer; steady job. JONES, 25, 177 La Salle-st.

STOCKER—FOR RULING MACHINE. Address H 154, Tribune office.

House Servants.

BUTLER AND HOUSEMAN—IN PRIVATE family; strong and willing. H 114, Tribune.

HOUSE MAN—COMPETENT COLORED MAN, good plain cook; general house man for suburb; small family; wages $20. Apply box 437 Riverside, Ill.

Agents Wanted.

ONE MILLION WILL BE SOLD—AGENTS OF generating gasoline lamps are all coming our way. No generating lamp will sell alongside of the "Perfection." It is the only gasoline gas lamp that does not require generating. No torch, no alcohol, no pump, no waiting to get up steam. Lights just like gas; can be turned up or down as desired. A brilliant 100-candle power light at a cost of only one cent per night. This invention gives people in the country advantages of city gas at practically no cost, and enables people in cities to cut their light bills down to almost nothing. Live agents wanted everywhere. Send for circulars. Perfection Incandescent Gas Lamp Co., Omaha, Neb.

SALESMEN—FOR ALL LINES OF BUSINESS [splendid side line] to sell our calendars, 150 different styles, newest, latest patterns, just the things customers want; 25 to 40 per cent commission; many of our men give their entire time to our line and make from $75 to $125 every week; guaranteed best side line ever offered; write promptly with references; commissions paid on acceptance of orders. American Novelty Co., Cincinnati, O.

SALES AGENTS—REFINED MEN OR WOMEN, for Wisconsin and Northwestern States; strictly new household article; sells on sight. Agents make $5 to $10 per day must be seen to be appreciated. Call at once or send 20 cents in stamps for sample; exclusive, nothing like it on the market. KEITH & HAGER, manufacturer's agents, 403, 36 La Salle-st.

AGENTS—MAKE $100 PER MONTH AND EXpenses. Wanted: Reliable agents everywhere to take orders for our immense fall line of medium priced, genuine made-to-order clothing. No capital required. Outfit free. Write immediately for exclusive territory. Give references. State former employment. Eagle Tailoring Co., 212-218 Franklin-st., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—ONE LIVE AGENT IN EVERY county and State in the union, handle best selling household article ever offered; new; sells to every family on sight; small investment; quick returns; large profits; exclusive territory and county fair rights. Write for terms. Yorty Mfg. Co., 206 Illinois-st.

AGENTS—EVERYWHERE; LARGEST WHOLEsale jewelry, diamond, and silverware house in U. S. will give unprecedented bargains; magnificent goods! Unlimited assortment! Unheard-of prices!! See MR. SMITH, our representative, at his private office, 2314 Wabash-av.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Agents Wanted.

SALES AGENTS—REFINED MEN OR WOMEN: Wisconsin and Northwestern States; strictly new household article; sells on sight; 100 per cent profit; every family wants one; see it at once; there is big money in it; write or call for particulars.
KEITH & HAGER, Mfr.'s Agents,
Room 403, 36 La Salle-st.

MEN—TO LEARN INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE; AGES FROM 21 TO 50 YEARS; GOOD PAY AND GUARANTEE OF STEADY EMPLOYMENT. JNO. H. DAVIDSON, SUPT., 27 OAKLAND MUSIC HALL BUILDING, 40TH-ST. AND COTTAGE GROVE-AV., CHICAGO, ILL.

AGENTS MAKE $200 PER MONTH SELLING our "Gatling Gun" harness riveter; holds enough rivets for several dollars of repairing, yet sells when loaded for $1; can reload for 10c; send 50c in stamps for sample loaded and terms. Thos. Foote Co., Los Angeles, Cal.

AGENTS—ON SALARY OR COMMISSION: THE greatest agents' seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours; Monroe Mfg. Co., X 88, La Crosse, Wis.

$100 PER WEEK PERMANENT SALARY handling on exclusive territory our aluminum specialties; send at once for terms with aluminum card case and 100 cards with your name, address, or business absolutely free. S. L. Monopole Mills, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS—$200 PER MONTH AND EXPENSES to call on hotels, restaurants, saloons, private residences, and introduce our goods; sample absolutely free; greatest seller ever put on the market. Odorless Disinfectant Co., B. 214, Cincinnati, O.

AGENTS ARE COINING MONEY SELLING OUR campaign buttons, novelties, etc.; just the thing for fairs, picnics, and public gatherings; complete illustrated catalogue and samples, 10c. I. WHITESON, manufacturer and jobber, 304 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

WE WANT 25 MORE AGENTS IN CITY AND country; canvassers "coining" money; we teach you the business; great seller during campaign. W. OVERHOLT, 461 Washington-blvd., Chicago, Ill.

AGENTS—MAN CLEARED $1,182, LADY $920, last six months introducing Holladay's marvel brand waterproof shoe polish; self-shining; russet or black; why not you? HOLLADAY & CO., 188 Monroe-st.

$2,500 CAN BE MADE DURING NEXT SIX months by hustling agents, handling our white and fancy rubber collars, cuffs, bosoms, and neckties; patented and guaranteed goods. Write for special plan. M. & M. Mfg. Co., Springfield, Mass.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL A COMMODITY to merchants; something entirely new and legitimate; energetic men make good money. 406 W. Madison-st.

WE PAY $18 A WEEK AND EXPENSES TO men with rigs to introduce our Poultry Compound. Send stamp. Javelle Mfg. Co., Dept. 140, Parsons, Kas.

INDUSTRIAL INS. MEN CAN DOUBLE THEIR earnings on our proposition [not life]; no lapses; good positions; rapid promotions. 710 Tacoma Bldg.

AGENTS WANTED—THE GREAT POLITICAL Atlas for all parties; call or send for circulars; special plan; big offer. GEORGE F. CRAM, 61 Plymouth-pl., Chicago.

AGENTS—REPRESENT LUTH & CO. RUG FACtory; every house a customer; large profits; legitimate business; bear investigation; country and city agents; specialty. 1454 Milwaukee-av.

AGENTS—MALE AND FEMALE; BEST SELLer on earth; just out; sold in every house; big profits; sells itself. "WELDON," 27 William-st., New York.

AGENTS—$100 WEEKLY; MAIL ORDER BUSIness at home; we furnish everything and start you right; starter business proposition. FREE. Burgie Mfg. Co., 185 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

AGENTS—TO HIGH-CLASS HOUSE CANvassers we will pay salary, commission, and car fare; must furnish reference as to character and ability. HOLLADAY & CO., 188 Monroe-st.

AGENTS WANTED—FOR 25-CENT POLITICAL history; good profits during limited time; send 25 cents for sample copy and terms; also China war map. RAND, McNALLY & CO.

ENERGETIC REPRESENTATIVES IN EVERY county, open branch office, establish subagents; hustlers only; large profits. Davis Soap Co., 235 Canal-st.

AGENTS WANTED — FOR GOOD-SELLING leather goods. Anchor Leather Works, 1425 Madison-st.

I HAVE CHICAGO AGENCY FOR 2 UP-TO-date campaign books; if you want work write me. Address K 517, Tribune office.

MEN—LIVE, RELIABLE, CITY OR COUNTRY, can make money representing us; don't fail to write. Address J 913, Tribune office.

AGENTS WANTED — TO SELL VALUABLE mining stock; large commission; time payments; money-maker. Adress J 915, Tribune office.

ANOTHER NEW PATENT—$25 PER DAY guaranteed you; free outfit to start right to work. Braham Mfg. Co., B. 2531, Cincinnati, O.

OUR $15 SODA FOUNTAIN; GREAT MONEY maker for fairs and small stores; agents wanted. FOX & CO., Herald Bldg., Chicago.

$100 MONTHLY—PATENT METALLIC BREAD boards; sample free. H. A. FORSHEE, Cincinnati, O.

$50 WEEKLY SELLING TUG OR SHAFT CARrier and life saver; exclusive territory; sample free. Enterprise Mfg. Co., B. 82, Cincinnati, O.

$3 TO $5 A DAY, HUSTLING BOYS, GIRLS, men, and women, working for us; samples, 10c. PHELPS & CO., Oak Park, Ill., 325 Maple-av.

AGENTS—12,000 BRYAN PHOTOS, 10,000 M'KINley photos; make offer; suitable for buttons or badges. F. E. WEEKS, 867½ W. Madison-st.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SELL VALUABLE mining stock; large commission; time payments; money-maker. Address J 915, Tribune office.

STARK NURSERY PAYS CASH WEEKLY IF you sell Stark trees. Louisiana, Mo.

AGENTS WANTED—MALE AND FEMALE; A moneymaker. Room 16, 167 Washington-st.

1,000 MEN—TO SELL CLASON'S CATARRH cure; samples free for stamp. 286 Wells-st.

AGENTS WANTED—TO SOLICIT FOR PORtrait work in country towns. F 412, Tribune.

PORTRAIT AND OTHER AGENTS TO HANdle photo buttons. LAWSON, 7 Blue Island-av.

AGENTS—MAKE 500 PER CENT.
BRANT CO., 113 ADAMS-ST., CHICAGO.

Employment Agencies.

MEN—CALL AT OUR OFFICE AT ONCE IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR EMPLOYMENT IN LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSES, BANKS, RAILROADS, STREET CAR LINES, ETC.; watchmen, elevator men, carpenters, teamsters, general workers in wholesale houses, factories, machine shops, lathe and bench work, drill press hands, electricians, engineers, oilers, mill hands, car repairers, etc.; men for general office work, filing letters, indexing, paging, bill and entry clerks, checkers, callers, stockkeepers, timekeepers, collectors, correspondents, private secretaries, cashiers, bookkeepers, telegraphers, floorwalkers, traveling salesmen, city salesmen, in dry goods, gent's furnishings, hats, clothing, shoes, hardware, furniture, groceries, drugs, meats, etc.; $9, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, and $25 per week; janitors for office and large flats; general work at private residences, grooms, valets, coachmen, etc.; $20 to $25 per month. Call STROUP'S BUREAU, 199-201 S. Clark-st., second floor.
One block from The Fair. Tel. Central 1395.

BILL CLERK—YOUNG MAN	$10
Bill clerk or Rem. machine	12
Bookkeeper and stenographer	15
Bookkeeper	10
Shipping clerk, some exp.	8
Commissary clerk	10
Stenographer, Rem.	12
Stenographer, Oliver, R. R. office	10
Office boy	4
Office boy, age 17	5

OUR
TRADE MARK,
NO REGISTRATION OR ADVANCE FEES.
KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
269 DEARBORN-ST., OR 92 LA SALLE-ST.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY,
Central Music Hall, fourth floor.
Phone 1832 Central. Office hours, 8:30 to 6:30.
Many are suspicious of all firms that make a business of securing employment. Do not let that keep you from calling on us if you want a position or would accept a better one than you now have. We welcome investigation of our methods. Evidence is abundant that we are doing a legitimate business and that our methods are free from the objectionable features of the "employment agency." We have more orders than we can fill. You may be the one we want.

AUDITORS,
BOOKKEEPERS,
CREDIT MEN,
OFFICE MANAGERS,
OFFICE CLERKS,
STENOGRAPHERS.
PLACED WITH LEADING BUSINESS HOUSES.
NO CHARGE BEFORE SECURING POSITION.
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

MEN—QUICK RESULTS. CALL. POSITIONS SECURED FOR FIRST-CLASS HELP OF ALL KINDS; ALL NATIONALITIES. Watchmen, janitors, $12 upwards; assistant janitors, firemen, oilers, $12 upwards; engineers, $15 upwards; men to distribute and nail up signs, men for ware, wholesale, and freight houses; cashiers, collectors, office assistants, etc.
NATIONAL AGENCY,
169 E. WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 14.
ONE BLOCK WEST OF CITY HALL.

DO YOU WANT A POSITION?
We place you in reliable, permanent positions, as collectors, SHIPPING, bill, entry clerks, cashiers, WATCHMEN, porters, drivers, firemen, YOUNG MEN learn trades, offices, stores, etc., stablemen; others. SEVERAL VACANCIES TODAY.
Call [note address] MUTUAL, R. 8, 184 Dearborn-st.

MEN—TO LEARN BARBER TRADE; BY COMing now you will complete in time for positions when competent; 8 weeks required; special offer of scholarship continued on account of the demand for our graduates; a catalogue and particulars mailed free. MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, 435 Wabash.

118 FIFTH-AV., CHICAGO—EMPLOYMENT agency—Wanted, male help for all kinds of positions; charges for steady situation only 50c; help furnished free. Tel. 94 M.

MEN—100, FOR IOWA AND MINNESOTA; free fare. WRIGHT, 24 W. Madison-st.

Stenographers.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG MAN TO DO stenographic work and make himself generally useful; salary $6 weekly. Call 5 to 6 p. m., R. 46, 164 La Salle-st.

Miscellaneous.

EDITOR—EXPERIENCED, FOR MAGAZINE; $100 per month to start; state experience; give references. Address G C 205, Tribune office.

GERMAN OR SWEDE, SINGLE, SPEAK ENGlish, for washroom and fireman, steam laundry. 4210 Evans-av.

JANITOR—MUST BE TEMPERATE AND handy with tools; married man, without children, preferred; references required. 504 N. Clark-st., up-stairs. Call by rear stairs.

MAN—SOBER, INDUSTRIOUS, TO ATTEND safety deposit vaults; good salary to right party; reference must be A1; state age and reference. Address H W 957, Tribune office.

MEN—BY CHARLES SCRIBNERS' SONS; TWO well dressed, intelligent men at once; only those who are hustlers and capable of earning good money need apply. Call Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd., 5th floor Cable Bldg.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Miscellaneous.

MEN—A LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY HAS AN up-to-date contract to offer producers of business; highest commission and salary paid; only first-class men need answer. Address G C 812, Tribune office.

MEN—TO LEARN INDUSTRIAL INSURANCE; AGES FROM 25 TO 50 YEARS; GOOD PAY AND GUARANTEE OF STEADY POSITION. JNO H. DAVIDSON, SUPT., 27 OAKLAND MUSIC HALL BLDG., 40TH-ST. & COT. GROVE.

MEN—WE WANT GOOD MEN TO HANDLE our goods on commission; goods sell at sight; travelers can make $5 to $10 a day. Write or call at 211 Barber Building, Joliet, Ill.

MEN—EXPERIENCED IN SELLING STATE and county rights; staple article; liberal commission. J. H. WHEELER, 167 Plymouth-pl.

MEN—TO COLLECT DEBTS AND CANVASS for insurance. Apply 7:30 a. m., 164-166 E. North-av., JAJEMAN.

MEN—FEW GOOD MEN [EXPERIENCE UNnecessary], working druggists, dentists, and gen. stores; salary and expenses. F J 453, Tribune.

MEN — SEVERAL OF NEAT APPEARANCE and good habits for light inside work; good pay. Call 9 a. m. to 5 p. m., Walker Co., 88 N. Clark, 2d.

PHYSICIAN—TO WORK ON SALARY; MUST be good fee getter; German preferred; must be registered in Illinois or Wisconsin or both. Address PHYSICIAN, care Lord & Thomas.

SMALL ORCHESTRA FOR SUMMER RESORT; must work reasonable. Apply E. K. CARR, Hotel Morrison, Wednesday.

TRAVELERS—WISHING A PAYING SIDE line can secure same by writing or calling at 211 Barber Building, Joliet, Ill.

YOUNG MAN—GENERAL OFFICE WORK; draw good salary and share profits; little cash required. 71 Dearborn-st., Room 14.

YOUNG MAN—TO LEARN DRUG TRADE; must have good common school education; give references. Address C W 838, Tribune office.

YOUNG MEN—TWO, TO RUN ON RAILROAD trains. 369 5th-av., opposite Grand Central depot.

YOUNG MEN—TWO—TO RUN ON RAILROAD trains. No. 11 E. Taylor-st., near State.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

BARGAINS—BARGAINS—BARGAINS—
LATEST STYLES SUMMER AND FALL DRIVING AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. GOLF BRAKES, STANHOPES, SURREYS, PHAETONS, RUNABOUTS, BUCKBOARDS, TOP BUGGIES, STATION WAGONS, WAGONETTES, BRAKE CARTS, AND DOCTORS' VEHICLES A SPECIALTY. BABCOCK'S AND COLUMBUS CO. VEHICLES. ALL WARRANTED. SECOND-HAND SPIDERS, SURREYS.
TOP BUGGIES, ETC., TO BE SOLD CHEAP.
VISITORS WELCOME.
CORNEAU & COMPANY,
381-383-385 Wabash-av.

FOR SALE — IDEAL GENTLEMAN'S ROADster, solid black mare, standard and registered, 6 years old, 15½ hands high, sound, sired by Gouveneur, by Patron, 2:14¼; first dam Stamina [3], 2:20¾ to high wheels, by Patron, 2:14¼; 2d dam has 2 in the list; 3d dam has 1 in list; handsome as a picture; extra good gaited, with plenty of action; no boots, no weights; sold for no fault; can show :30 gait to road wagon; the price is $400; no trades; can be seen at Parker Bros. Livery, 5317 Lake-av., or apply to owner, J. S. COONLEY, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME LITTLE 900-LB. SADdle and driving mare, chestnut color and white hind feet, perfectly sound, very gentle; child can handle; very pretty, almost new single surrey, silver plated lamps and trimmings and handmade harness; great bargain; any trial given. 521 41st-av., cor. Polk.

FOR SALE—CHOICE OF EITHER A PNEUmatic tire runabout or a high wheel one with rubber tires; both are the best city make and good as new; coachman has authority to sell. Apply 3251 Michigan-av.

$125 BUYS HANDSOME FAMILY HORSE, weight 1,150; boulevard top stanhope, rubber tires, nearly new; sell separate; stable. 718 Washington-blvd.

FOR SALE—RANGE, BY NUTWOOD, DAM BY Swigert; young, 16 hands, bay, gelding; stylish, fast, safe; price $200; worth $600. Dymond Race Track, Montrose-av.

FOR SALE — ALL KINDS PLEASURE VEhicles at lowest prices in Chicago for cash. 767 44th-st., near Michigan-av.

FOR SALE—TOP GROCERY WAGON, $45; worth $80; nearly new. HARDIN, 6233 Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—ELEGANT SET OF DOUBLE CARriage harness, never used; cost $385; will sell for $100 if sold at once; bargain. 165 35th-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—HORSE, HARNESS, AND rubber-tired spider phaeton, Studebaker make. 1059¼ N. Clark-st.

WANTED—A GOOD HORSE, BUGGY, AND harness in exchange for upright piano. Call at 241 W. Madison-st.

FOR SALE—A RUBBER TIRE RUNABOUT; been used but little; has all the latest improvements. 605 East 44th-st., near Grand.

FOR SALE—3-SPRING EXTENSION TOP SURreys, almost new, $55. Rear 498 Jackson-blvd.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE, ELEGANT FURNIture of 10-room residence, nearly new solid mahogany chamber suit, parlor suit, music cabinet, lady's desk, odd rockers, fancy inlaid work tables, palms, rugs, imported lace curtains, dining-room suit, leather chairs, china closet, combination bookcase, roll-top desk, hall tree, library table, leather couch and chairs, brass and iron beds, cheval mirror, chiffoniers, dressers, porch chairs, baby buggy, steel folding bed, etc.; lady's wheel. 545 N. Clark-st.

OUR GREAT SALE CONTINUES—NEW LOTS placed on sale every day. Entire salvage of Milo Moore, Pittsburg. Imperial velvet, 45c; exminster, 50c; body Brussels, 35c; velvet filling, 12c; also 9x9 probrussels rugs, $3.25; 9x12, $4.00; slightly soiled axminster rugs, solid patterns, $9.50; unsoiled Smyrna, 9x12, $10.00.
Open evenings. PHALIN, BENNETT & CO.,
65 to 75 E. 31st-st., near Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—AT ONCE—THE CONTENTS OF A 20-room house; brass beds, hair mattresses, rugs, leather couch, extension table, chairs, sideboard, odd dressers, chiffoniers, parlor and library tables, rockers, upright piano, bookcase, china closet, mirrors, leather Turkish chairs. 1423 Michigan-av.

BARGAINS—PRICES MADE TO CLOSE OUT for season, refrigerators, ice cream freezers, water coolers, lawn sprinklers, wire cloth, etc. ORR & LOCKETT HDW. CO., 71 and 73 Randolph-st.

FOR SALE — FURNITURE 6-ROOM FLAT; rugs, parlor suite, dining-room suite, rockers, iron bed, refrigerator; nearly new; at once; cheap. 55 Wisconsin, 2d bell.

WILL BUY ANY SECOND-HAND FURNITURE to any amount; highest cash price. Address 163 State-st., Room 63.

AT OUR PRICES YOU CAN FIT OUT A FOUR-room flat for $50 on easy payments. Standard Furn. Co., 369 State-st.

PART OF FURNITURE FOR SALE; CHIFFONiers, stoves, chairs, etc. 2951 Indiana-av.

CASH PAID FURNITURE, HOTELS, HOUSES, flats, etc. WALLS, 381 W. Madison-st.

BELGIAN HARES.

BELGIAN HARES—THOROUGHBRED, PEDIgreed stock, from Banbury, Yukon, Nonpareil, and Commodore strains at honest prices; buy your foundation stock from headquarters; a $5 order receives as careful attention as a $500 order; particulars and price list free. Arapahoe Belgian Rabbitry, Denver, Colo.

BARGAINS IN BELGIANS; ALL ANIMALS scored and pedigreed. Call before investing. Champion Duke of Cheshire, fee $25. California Belgian Hare Assn., 95 Washington-st. H. G. DEAN, rep.

BIG MONEY IN RAISING BELGIAN HARES; free circular tells how to start; $10 buys a blooded bred doe. Lawndale Belgian Hare Co., Masonic Temple, Minneapolis, Minn.

AMERICAN BELGIAN HARE CO., 269 S. SACramento-av. We handle nothing but imported stock from $25 up. Young $5 up. Grandest bucks in the world at stud. Service reasonable.

FOR SALE—GOOD PEDIGREED STOCK; REAsonable prices. Oxford Belgian Hare Co., 2279 Austin-av. Take Lake-st. L to 48th-av.

WESTERN BELGIAN HARE CO., 3249 STATE-st.; large stock of the finest strains from $10 up; open evenings.

LORD BRITAIN, NONPAREIL, YUKON, BANbury stock, $3 up. E. A. TRANAH, Unity Bldg.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC.

A RESPONSIBLE WHOLESALE JEWELRY FIRM WILL SELL DIAMONDS, WATCHES, AND JEWELRY ON MONTHLY OR WEEKLY PAYMENTS; NO SECURITY REQUIRED; GOODS DELIVERED FIRST PAYMENT; GET CATALOGUE. LOFTIS BROS., 103 STATE-ST., 8TH FLOOR. OPEN SATURDAYS TILL 10 P. M.

STRELITZ BROS. STRELITZ BROS.
DIAMONDS AND WATCHES.
TERMS TO SUIT. TERMS TO SUIT.
2D FLOOR, 167 DEARBORN-ST.

WE BUY DIAMONDS, OLD GOLD, AND SILver. BREDT & CO., 57 Washington-st., Room 508. We sell a complete Elgin watch for $1.50. Cleaning watches and mainsprings, only 75c.

CLAPP & COWL, JEWELERS, 68 WASHINGton—Full value paid for diamonds, old gold, duplicate wedding presents; responsible parties only.

CASH, FULL VALUE FOR OLD GOLD, SILver, and diamonds. McVicker's Theater Building, 3d floor. Take elevator. LOGUE.

CLOTHING, FURS, ETC.

ANDREWS, 480 S. STATE-ST., PAYS HIGHEST price for ladies' and gents' cast-off clothing, old jewelry, and seal garments, etc.; mail orders attended to; evening dresses a specialty; references given by the most aristocratic and best dressed people in Chicago; business strictly confidential.

H. S., 474 N. CLARK-ST., PAYS THE HIGHEST price for gentlemen's cast-off clothing.

MEYERHOFF, 626 W. CONGRESS ST., PAYS highest prices for gents' cast-off clothing.

STAMPS, COINS, PICTURES, ETC.

ANNA HELD—
The most wonderful picture of the century, in 18 colors, only 50 cents, prepaid. For 25 cents we mail you 2 of Burbank's new Indians, extra large (art store prices 50 cents each), and our handsomely illustrated poster catalogue.
CHICAGO ART SUPPLY CO., 4 N. Clark-st.

STAMPS FOR COLLECTORS' ALBUMS, SUPplies; price list free. P. WOLSIEFFER, 73 State.

BOATS AND YACHTS.

BOATS FOR SALE AND MADE TO ORDER, all kinds and descriptions, and latest styles for speed and safety; best of work. Write for prices and bargains to M. CUSON, Postoffice Box 102, Spring Lake, Ottawa County, Mich. Row boats always on hand.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—NEW SLOOP cabin yacht. FRED HALTY, 10436 Ewing-av., South Chicago.

BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES, ETC.

SECOND-HAND BILLIARD AND POOL TAbles; rented tables, with privileges of buying. The Brunswick-Balke-Collender Co., 263 Wabash.

BARTER AND EXCHANGE.

TO EXCHANGE—USE OF D. D. TANDEM FOR use of small sailboat. Address H 104, Tribune.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

Domestics.

CHAMBERMAID—NORTH SHORE HOTEL, Deming-ct. and Lake View-av.

GIRL—COMPETENT, TO ASSIST IN SECOND work and the care of two children; good wages. 5482 Greenwood-av.

GIRL—FOR LIGHT HOUSEWORK, FIRST-class and go home nights. Call 361 E. Chicago-av., Flat 11.

GIRL—COMPETENT; FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; good wages. 3309 Calumet-av.

GIRL—FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 582 E. 45th-st., near Grand-blvd., 2d flat.

GIRLS FOR DINING ROOM AND KITCHEN work; in suburban city of 25,000; wages $3.50 per week; a good home in American family. Address H 333, Tribune office.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework; nice steady place; liberal wages to good, competent girl. 5663 Prairie-av.

HOUSEWORK—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 7729 Union-av.; take Wentworth or Halsted-st. car.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; private family; good wages. Call at 419 East Superior-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. 3223 South Park-av.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in family of three. Call 884 Adams-st.

HOUSEWORK — STRONG, WILLING GIRL; 3 adults; good wages. 137 E. 34th-st.

HOUSEWORK—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; no washing. 4621 Ellis-av.

SECOND GIRL—COMPETENT; APPLY AT once. 4247 Drexel-blvd.

YOUNG GIRL—TO ASSIST IN GENERAL housework, two in family; must be neat.
BROWN, 6142 Madison-av.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER—EXPERIENCED, FOR FURnished room house; high salary. Address S. S., 9216 Harbor-av., South Chicago.

Seamstresses and Dressmakers.

DRESSMAKERS—AT ONCE; COME READY TO work. 480 S. State-st.

EXPERIENCED OPERATORS AND FINISHers on silk and wool waists, Wheeler & Wilson power machines; also operators on union specials. Apply at 230 5th-av., 5th floor.

EXPERIENCED OPERATORS ON SILK AND cotton underskirts. 240 E. Madison.

GIRLS—EXPERIENCED MACHINE GIRLS ON coats. PAULSON, 157 Gault-ct.

WAIST AND SKIRT FINISHER—ERRAND girl, at once. 161 State-st., Room 58.

Nurses.

GIRL—ABOUT 16, TO CARE FOR 3-YEAR-OLD child; wages and good home. Inquire of clerk, Palace Hotel, Clark and Indiana-sts.

NURSE—FOR LADY DURING CONFINEMENT, living on West Side; state terms, exerience, and doctors' references. H 352, Tribune office.

NURSE—WOMAN; ONE THAT WILL HELP IN housework. Call at 510 W. Harrison-st.

Agents Wanted.

AGENTS WANTED—LADIES! WE HAVE A money-making business for you; 200 per cent profit selling the most simple and perfect skirt and shirt waist supporter on the market; sells at 25c; sample, with terms to agents, mailed prepaid upon receipt of 15c. Address The Paris S. S. Co., 3d flat, 110 N. Dearborn-st., Chicago.

LADY AGENTS—BEST ARTICLE FOR LADY agents now on the market; sells at sight; no soiled linen; our VICTORIA PROTECTOR pleases all; sample 50c; money refunded if not satisfactory. The Chicago Specialty Co., 134 E. Van Buren-st., Chicago.

Employment Agencies.

BOOKKEEPER—SAFEGUARD SYSTEM	$15
Bookkeeper and stenographer, West Side	15
Bookkeeper and stenographer, boots and shoes	15
Stenographer and bookkeeper	12
Stenographer and bookkeeper, real estate	10
Stenographer and bookkeeper	8
Stenographer, jobbing grocers	12
Stenographer, out of city	12
Stenographer, S. P. or Rem.	11
Stenographer, S. S.	8
Stenographer, Rem. or S. P.	8
Stenographer, law exp.	15
Stenographer, Rem.	7
Stenographer	6
Stenographer	5
Typewriter, Rem.	6
Bookkeeper and cashier	8
Clerical, good penman	6

KING'S MERCANTILE AGENCY,
269 DEARBORN-ST., OR 92 LA SALLE-ST.

LADIES—CALL AT OUR OFFICE IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR POSITION IN reception-rooms, general office work, addressing, managing housekeepers, demonstrators, bookkeepers, and assistants, working housekeepers, telephone girls, clerking, travelling salesladies, collectors, bill clerks, cashiers, stenographers, office assistants, nurses, $5, $6, $7, $8, $9, $10, $12, $15.
STROUP'S BUREAU,
199 AND 201 S. CLARK-ST., 2D FLOOR.
One block from The Fair. Tel. Cent. 1395.

BOOKKEEPERS,
STENOGRAPHERS,
OFFICE CLERKS,
PLACED WITH LEADING BUSINESS HOUSES.
NO CHARGE BEFORE SECURING POSITION.
MERCANTILE EXCHANGE,
185 DEARBORN-ST.

THE EDUCATIONAL REGISTER COMPANY.
Read our ad. under "Male Help Wanted." We have more orders for stenographers than we can fill. We are daily finding situations with first-class firms for young ladies of education and experience.

LADIES—TO LEARN HAIRDRESSING, MANicuring and face treatment; 4 weeks' terms complete; come now and be prepared for busy season; special offer continued on account of the demand for graduates; particulars and catalogue mailed free. Moler College, 435 Wabash.

STENOGRAPHER—OUT OF TOWN	$12
Stenographer, Caligraph	12
Stenographer, West Side	10
Stenographer and bookkeeper [5]	10
Stenographer, insurance	8

Merchants' Clerical Exchange, 740, 108 La Salle-st.

W. FELLER'S GERMAN-AMERICAN EMployment Agency, 586 N. Clark-st. Tel. N. 195. Wanted—200 girls, all kinds domestic work; best families; highest wages; satisfaction guaranteed.

FEMALE HELP FOR ALL KINDS OF POSItions; charges for steady situation only 50c; help furnished free. Tel. 94 M. 118 5th-av., Chicago Employment Agency.

GIRLS—GENERAL AND COOKS; REFERences; positions waiting. MRS. CAVILL, 166 E. 53d-st.

Stenographers.

LAW STENOGRAPHER—FIRST-CLASS; S. P. machine; $15. C. L. PERRY, 214, 263 Dearborn.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED YOUNG lady; must be rapid and accurate; give age, experience, and where formerly employed; a permanent position to right person; salary $10. Address H 135, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—YOUNG LADY; EXPERIenced; in credit department of wholesale drug house; Remington; salary $12 per week; give references, how long employed, and reasons for leaving. Address H 202, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—EXPERIENCED, ACCURate law stenographer; about 25; small salary; advance Sept. 1; good prospects; all particulars. Address H 210, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEWRITER—LADY; in dry goods house; $9 to start; state age, experience, etc. Address F S 239, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—WITH KNOWLEDGE OF telegraphy; give full particulars; $100 salary. Address H 151, Tribune office.

STENOGRAPHER—MUST BE RAPID AND ACcurate; Jewett machine; state experience and wages wanted. Address H 163, Tribune office.

YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER AND TYPEwriter; must have reference, in general office work; state age, reference, and salary. Address H W 958, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

A YOUNG WOMAN—ABOUT 20 YEARS OF AGE, that has some knowledge of physical culture; must be strong and robust. Apply between 10 and 12 today at Room 1109 Champlain Building.

4 YOUNG LADIES—DESIROUS OF ADOPTING stage, dramatic, vaudeville, and for singing; good chance. 59 Dearborn-st., Room 211.

AN EXPERIENCED CLOAK MODEL; 36 BUST, 42½ skirt. Room 546 Palmer House.

CANVASSERS—LADY; SEE WOMEN ONLY; articles necessary to every woman; prices reasonable; good compensation for persistent effort. Call 194 E. Van Buren-st.

CLOAK AND SUIT MODEL—BUST 36, WAIST 25; must be good figure; steady position. L. HEILPRIN & CO., cor. Adams and Market-sts.

DEMONSTRATORS—LADY, OF GOOD ADdress, for comestibles in department stores. 345 N. Clark-st., bet. 2 and 4 p. m. today.

LADIES—TO WORK FOR US AT THEIR homes, whole or part time; light, profitable employment. Call 9 to 5 p. m. WALKER & CO., 88 N. Clark-st.

LADIES—WISHING TO DEVOTE TWO HOURS daily profitable employment, call 405, 56 5th-av.

LADIES—TO SELL A WELL KNOWN TOILET wash. Address H 839, Tribune office.

LADY CANVASSERS—TO CALL ON LADIES only; a necessary article; sells at sight; $25 a week; new scheme of compensation. Address F 506, Tribune office.

LADY — INTELLIGENT, MIDDLE-AGED, FOR permanent position; splendid chance for promotion. Novita Co., 79 Dearborn-st., Room 1401.

LADY CANVASSERS — LIGHT, PLEASANT, and profitable. Call at Room 539 Rand-McNally Building, from 10 to 12.

LADY READERS—3, FIRST-CLASS, FOR CLIPping bureau; give reference and experience; good wages. Address H 115, Tribune office.

LADY TEACHER—IN ENGLISH. ADDRESS H 117, Tribune office.

SALESLADIES—TWO, BRIGHT, TO TRAVEL; permanent salaried positions; also one for city. HOLLADAY & CO., 188 Monroe-st.

SALESWOMEN—TO CANVASS CHICAGO AND nearby towns and take orders for a most desirable, new and staple article for women's wear; steady employment and liberal compensation for reliable saleswomen. To arrange for interview address MANUFACTURER, H 141, Tribune office.

SOLICITOR—LADY OR GENTLEMAN, TO HANdle high grade goods, regular line of customers; salary or commission. Address F 539, Tribune.

TRIMMERS AND MAKERS—ON READY-TO-wear hats. Apply before 12:30. A. R. STUMER, The Emporium, 152 State-st.

YOUNG LADY—OF GOOD ADDRESS AND APpearance, not under 5 ft. 7 in., to take charge of physical culture department; experience not a necessity; German preferred. Madsen Hygienic Institute, 911 Schiller Bldg.

YOUNG LADY—TO TRAVEL AS PHYSICIAN'S assistant; state age, present employment, etc. Address H 379, Tribune office.

TYPEWRITERS.

$3 PER MONTH RENTAL — REMINGTONS, Smith-Premiers, Olivers, etc. Ribbons and oak stands free. MACHINES SOLD HALF PRICE. A. P. LITTLE, 161 La Salle-st. Tel. Main 3288.

NEW TYPEWRITERS CHEAP—
SEVERAL RELIABLE MAKES.
W. R. MORRISON & CO., 17 to 21 Quincy-st.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

REMARKABLE PIANO VALUES.
MIDSUMMER CLEARING SALE OF NEW, SLIGHTLY USED, AND SECOND-HAND UPRIGHTS
AT LYON & HEALY'S.
SAVE UPWARDS OF $100.
Among the bargains are:
A large number of slightly used Steinway uprights just returned from studio use. Also:
Large Chickering upright, $195; Briggs upright, $100; Kimball upright, $100; Allcger upright, $...; Grovesteen square, $10; Steinway upright, $...; Fischer upright, $100; Leland mahogany upright, $150; Harvard upright, $150; Bauer upright, $...; Decker Bros. upright, $200; Arion upright, $...; Chase upright, $150; Steinway grand, discontinued pattern, thoroughly renovated, $300; large mahogany Knabe upright, $300; 2 used Knabe grands at a sacrifice; Steinway upright, $250; fine Steinway square, $150; Sterling mahogany upright, $...; Marshall & Wendell upright, $90; Hale upright, $90; Stone square, $15; Mendelssohn mahogany upright, $150; Estey upright, $175; Pelton, Pomeroy & Cross upright, $125; Lyon & Healy upright, $90; three used Steinway grands in perfect order; very low; Lyon upright, $...; Huntington oak upright, $175; Norris & Hyde mahogany upright, $175; Fischer upright, $150; Keller mahogany upright, $190; Knabe mahogany upright, latest model, from rental, $375; Lyon & Healy upright, $100. In estimating these values patrons must consider the excellent condition of the instruments.
Pianos to rent, $3 per month and upward.
New upright pianos, $130, $145, $150 and up.
Easiest installment terms will be granted. Handsome scarf and modern stool included. Buyers at a distance should write for special bargain list and also our schedule of freight rates on pianos. We ship pianos everywhere.
Inexpensive pianos bought from us may be exchanged later toward the purchase of a Steinway or Knabe. Steinways and Knabes sold only by us.
LYON & HEALY,
Wabash-av. and Adams-st.
N. B.—We close Saturdays at 1 o'clock p. m. during the summer.

THE BEST GUARANTEE
for any piano purchaser
IS THE PRACTICAL DEMONSTRATION OF MERIT backed by the general satisfaction of previous purchasers.
THE MANY-TONE "CROWN" PIANO
invites the most exacting tests
and comparisons, as to
ITS DISTINCTIVE CAPABILITIES AND CHARACTERISTICS.
IT REPRESENTS THE HIGHEST ATTAINMENTS in scientific pianomaking, EMBODYING IN ITS CONSTRUCTION the best achievements of the past in combination with
THE HIGHEST DEVELOPMENTS OF THE PRESENT.
SOLD ON EASY PAYMENTS.
THE ANGELUS ORCHESTRAL piano player enables anybody to play the piano.
GEO. P. BENT, Mfr.
Salesrooms: 209 Wabash-Ave.
249 Washington-Boul.

ABSOLUTE PROTECTION
is afforded
purchasers of
KIMBALL PIANOS and ORGANS.
No small item in the consideration of the purchase of an instrument.
The world's most eminent musicians, such as Patti, Eames, De Reszke, Nordica, Damrosch, and others have bought Kimball pianos and organs for their personal use.
You will make no mistake if you are guided by such eminent musical authorities.
We make it a point to suit our patrons on terms of payment.
Bargains in used pianos, pianos returned from rental, shop-worn pianos, and pianos and organs of discontinued styles.
W. W. KIMBALL CO. [Established 1857],
S. w. cor. Wabash-av. and Jackson-blvd.
We close Saturdays at 1 o'clock until September.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES OF NEW AND second-hand pianos; large variety to select from; Decker Bros., Fischer, Vose, Hallett & Davis, Chickering, Steinway, Emerson, Schaaf, and others; every instrument warranted to be as represented.
$75 each.
$90 each.
$100 each.
$115 each.
$125 each.
$150 each.
Terms cash or on easy payments.
ADAM SCHAAF,
147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

THE VOSE—
AN ARTISTIC SUCCESS.
The Vose Piano produces the ideal tone sought for by every musician. Other makes of pianos at prices that defy competition.
Second-hand squares at $10, $15, $25.
Second-hand uprights at $85, $100, $125, $145, and upwards. See our large bargain stock before buying.
EASY TERMS OF PAYMENT.
NEW PIANOS RENTED.
VOSE & SONS' PIANO CO.,
MANUFACTURERS, 248 WABASH-AV.

$65 BUYS A FRENCH WALNUT UPRIGHT piano; $50 buys a mahogany upright piano; $... buys a Story & Camp upright piano; $155 buys a Chickering upright piano; $250 buys a Steinway upright piano; many other exceptionally fine bargains; fully guaranteed. Pianos to rent at $3 and $4 per month; rent allowed if purchased. STEGER PIANO CO., 235 Wabash-av., cor. Jackson-blvd.

WE SAY AGAIN, COME AND SEE THE NEW upright pianos we are selling at $145 each, with stool and scarf; oak, walnut, and mahogany cases; every piano warranted for ten years; terms $10 cash, $5 monthly. ADAM SCHAAF,
147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

TO RENT—$3 AND $4 PER MONTH, 200 HIGH-grade new upright pianos; one year's rent allowed if purchased.
ADAM SCHAAF,
147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

ADAM SCHAAF PIANOS, BEAUTIFUL DEsigns; mechanism the best in the world; warranted for ten years; prices reasonable; terms easy. Established 1873. ADAM SCHAAF,
147-149 W. Madison-st., corner Union-st.

CAUTION—STEINWAY PIANOS! BEWARE OF bogus instruments offered as genuine Steinway pianos. A fine stock of used Steinway uprights at very low prices may be found at LYON & HEALY'S, Wabash-av. and Adams-st., and they are the only authorized Steinway agents in Chicago.

SOHMER AND TWICHELL PIANOS FOR sale by J. O. TWICHELL,
223 Wabash-av.

UPRIGHT PIANOS TO RENT ON LOWEST possible terms, with privilege of applying one year's rent on purchase of an "EVERETT" piano.
THE JOHN CHURCH CO.,
200 to 206 Wabash-av.

BAUER PIANOS—
BAUER PIANOS—
Large stock of new and used pianos.
Bargains in uprights; other makes at from $35 up.
JULIUS BAUER & CO., 224-226 Wabash-av.

THOMPSON'S BARGAINS—
1 Gaylord & Son up. $ 75 | 1 Chickering upright $...
1 Emerson up. 125 | 1 Steinway upright ...
Thompson Music Co., 269 Wabash, nr. Van Buren.

SQUARE PIANOS, $15, $25, $45, AND UP. Upright pianos, $75, $90, $115, and up. New Story & Clark pianos, $350 to $1,000.
STORY & CLARK, 255 Wabash.

CHICKERING, GABLER, AND PEASE pianos are represented in Chicago solely by CLAYTON F. SUMMY CO., 220 Wabash-av. Send for bulletin of second-hand pianos.

BALDWIN PIANOS ARE THE BEST; GREAT bargains in used instruments; renting $... up; easy terms. STRONG & LEIMERT, 251 Wabash-av.

CHASE, HACKLEY & CARLISLE PIANOS. Styles, prices, and terms to suit all. Sold only at 259 Wabash-av.

$125 BUYS LYON & HEALY UPRIGHT PIANO well renovated by us; easy payments.
JULIUS BAUER & CO., 224-226 Wabash-av.

USED UPRIGHTS—FISCHER, $75; EMERSON, $93; Kimball, $115; Vose, $137; Steinway, $...; Knabe, $165. STORY & CLARK, 255 Wabash.

INSTRUCTION.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANGUAGES—AUDITORIUM [Tower], Chicago, Ill. Special advantages during the summer. Delightful, airy rooms. Trial lesson free. Send for circular.

JENNER EVENING MEDICAL COLLEGE, 198 E. Washington-st.—Gives complete medical education; term begins Sept. 3; write for catalogue.

SPECIAL REDUCTION WILL BE GIVEN TO pupils registering before Sept. 1. Chicago Musical Seminary, Steinway Hall. M. McDonald, Pres.

PENMANSHIP, ARITH., GRAMMAR, LITERAture, letter writing; private course, $5. Bennett Inst., 438 Athenæum Bldg., 26 Van Buren.

$150 MONTHLY SALARY NOW PAID TO SPANish-speaking Americans in Mexico. Learn Spanish from SENOR BRIND, 335 Indiana-st.

AMERICAN COLLEGE TELEGRAPHY—CLASSes day and night; $5 per month. 73 Jackson-blvd.

DRAMATIC ART, ELOCUTION, ORATORY, etc., LESTER SHAFFNER, 81 S. Clark-st.

JONES BUSINESS COLLEGE — DAY AND night sessions; 3 mos. night, $10. 160 Washington.

SINGING AS A SCIENCE; VOICES TESTED free. MARY M. SHEDD, 905 Steinway Hall.

DANCING SCHOOLS.

STAGE AND SOCIETY DANCING—CHILdren's classes, $1 month. American Academy, 73 Jackson-blvd.

BALLROOM—CLASS OR PRIVATE; GLIDE waltz, and 2-step. Bennett Inst., 26 Van Buren.

BICYCLES AND BICYCLE GOODS.

SALE NOW ON—ALL UNREDEEMED WHEELS at our storage-rooms will be sold for charges; ... to select from. ENTERPRISE BICYCLE STORAGE CO., office 3903 Cottage Grove-av., second floor. Open daily 10 p. m.; Sunday until noon.

THE "LOFTIS" AND THE "METROPOLE," most up-to-date wheels built; prices $22.50 and $30, cash or easy terms. LOFTIS BROS. & CO., Columbus Memorial Bldg., 103 State-st.

THISTLE BICYCLES—SHOP WORN MODELS at ½ price. Genuine Fannings, 24 in. frames, fitted with Flushing single tube tires, to close, $10.75. Fulton Machine Works, 271 Wabash-av.

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

LADIES—LEARN MILLINERY, DRESSMAKing, and ladies' tailoring; new style perfect fitting shirt waist or skirt patterns cut to order; special; call this week. McDowell School, 78 State.

CHICAGO TAILORING INSTITUTE, 209 STATE-st., teaches scientific garment cutting, ladies' tailoring by expert men tailors; patterns cut ...

S. T. TAYLOR SCHOOL OF DRESS CUTTING—Ladies' tailoring taught; patterns cut to measure; take elevator. Palais Royal, 1...

BOARDING AND LODGING.

South Side.

3218 MICHIGAN-AV.—SEVERAL REFINED gentlemen in family of adults for artistic rooms, fur. or unfurnished, and best board; in private family of 3; references.

E. 53D-ST., NEAR THE LAKE—BEAUTIful location one block east of I. C. express station; desirable single and connecting rooms; first-class home table; reasonable; references.

4721 LAKE-AV.—2 FRESH, MEDIUM-SIZED rooms, closets, exceptional table, in house, for gentlemen; best references given and asked.

MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE FRONT ROOM, facing lake, with board; walking distance.

MICHIGAN-AV.—BEAUTIFUL FRONT room and 3d floor single room, with board.

OAKWOOD-BLVD.—FINELY FURNISHED double and single rooms, with excellent board.

ELLIS-AV.—DETACHED HOUSE; CHOICE rooms, with lavatory; excellent table; I. C. R. R.

LAKE-AV.—LARGE ROOM, COUPLE OR two gentlemen; also single; I. C. R. R.; board.

MICHIGAN-AV. — ELEGANT FRONT rooms, suitable for 2, with board; reasonable.

MICHIGAN-AV.—ROOMS AND BOARD; single $6 per week; tickets, 21 meals, $4.

WASHINGTON-AV.—SUITE OF THREE rooms or single, with board; modern house.

MICHIGAN-AV.—HANDSOME DETACHED stone residence; board for refined people.

PRAIRIE-AV.—WE HAVE FINE ROOMS and board; first-class people only.

INDIANA-AV.—SUPERIOR HOME FOR 2; large rooms; running hot water; reasonable.

LAKE-AV., COR. OAKWOOD—LARGE front room for two; I. C. 1 block.

MICHIGAN-AV., NR. AUDITORIUM, LAKE front—Best rooms and table; refs. required.

PRAIRIE-AV.—LARGE, LIGHT, COOL rooms, single or en suite; board optional.

North Side.

CASS-ST., THE ARDMORE—JUST OPENED; new and elegantly furnished; fine table; single and double; running water; walking distance. Telephone North 1363. MRS. S. J. KAUTZ.

DEARBORN-AV., THE RUGIA—GENtlemen's rooming-house, nicely furnished; rooms single or double; electric light; private bath; with or without board.

BELLEVUE-PLACE—VERY DESIRABLE rooms; good home cooking; fine residence locality; first-class in every detail; references.

N. STATE-ST., APARTMENT 6—HANDsome suite of rooms; private home; board; reasonable.

DEARBORN-AV. — COOL, AIRY SINGLE, double rooms; homelike table; choice location.

LINCOLN PARK-BLVD., NEAR OHIO-ST.—Double and single rooms, with or without board.

LA SALLE-AV., OPPOSITE LINCOLN Park; fine rooms, excellent board; moderate.

ONTARIO-ST.—ELEGANT ALCOVE, WITH two beds, and other rooms; board optional.

CENTER-ST., NEAR LINCOLN PARK—Furnished rooms, with board; $4.50 up.

Hotels.

WINDSOR-CLIFTON HOTEL, FORMERLY Clifton House, cor. Monroe and Wabash-av.—European plan only; rates $1 upward; everything new and clean; brass beds, new carpets, new furniture. SAMUEL GREGSTEN, Prop. Electric elevator.

HOTEL HOLLAND, 53D-ST. AND LAKE-AV.—10 minutes to city; steam heat, electric light, elevator service; cuisine and accommodations first-class. Telephone Oak. 192.

THE MELROSE, 390 WASHINGTON-BLVD.—Select family hotel; new and modern; alcove and single rooms; superior table; steam heat.

EDINBURG HOTEL, 2124 MICHIGAN-BLVD.—Suites of two and three; also single; with private baths. Tel. 1038 South. W. F. ORCUTT.

MIDLAND HOTEL, 167 AND 169 MADISON-ST.—Rooms with bath, 1 person, 75c; 2 persons, $1.

ALABAMA, ELLIS AND BOWEN-AVS.—NEW; fine table; elevator; overlooking lake. 792 Oak.

Summer Resorts.

HIGHLAND PARK—NOW OPEN TO SUMMER resorters; the most pleasant place on the St. Joseph River; 2 miles from St. Joseph. Address GEO. P. PULLEN, P. O. Box 540, St. Joseph, Mich.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD—BY MARRIED COUPLE; GOOD BOARD and nice room in refined private family; walking distance; give particulars. Address H 355, Tribune office.

BOARD—A LADY HERE FROM THE SOUTH wants room and board in private family, south of 47th-st., east of Cottage Grove-av. Address H 130, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM—BY YOUNG MARRIED couple, with use of bath, in private family; answer, to receive attention, must give particulars and state prices. H 220, Tribune office.

BOARD—AND ROOM—BY REFINED YOUNG couple in small Jewish family; North or South Side. Address E K 553, Tribune office.

TO RENT—ROOMS.

South Side.

TO RENT—PLEASANT, BRIGHT ROOMS, MOST desirable for gentlemen; rent reasonable. 1526 Wabash.

TO RENT—2246 MICHIGAN-AV.—NEWLY FURnished; running water; porcelain bath; gentlemen only.

TO RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED FRONT room for one or two, cheap. 2409 Wabash-av., Flat 1.

TO RENT—4100 LAKE-AV., SINGLE ROOM; gentleman; private home overlooking lake; fine transportation.

TO RENT—5401 JEFFERSON-AV.—SUITE AND single rooms; near I. C. R. R.

TO RENT—235 30TH-ST., FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping; reasonable.

TO RENT—3041 GROVELAND-AV.—FURNISHed rooms, price reasonable; near I. C. depot.

TO RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS WITH OR without board. 2620 Wabash-av.

TO RENT — 243 MICHIGAN-AV. — MODERN rooms; porcelain bath; moderate; walking dist.

TO RENT—1816 MICHIGAN-AV., LARGE DEsirable cool rooms; handsomely furnished.

TO RENT—270 MICHIGAN-AV., 2 LARGE CONnecting front rooms; also others; nr. Auditorium.

West Side.

TO RENT—458 JACKSON-BLVD., 2D FLAT—2 elegantly furnished single rooms; gas, bath, all modern; use of parlor; private family; reasonable.

TO RENT—LARGE CORNER ROOM, NICELY furnished; private. 408 Washington-blvd.

TO RENT—NICELY FURNISHED, LARGE room for light housekeeping; closet. 81 Throop.

North Side.

TO RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS, LIGHT housekeeping; hot water, bath, etc. 190 E. Huron-st.

TO RENT—494 DEARBORN-AV., NICELY FURnished rooms; running water, etc.; $2.50 and $3.

TO RENT—357 ONTARIO-ST., LARGE, NICELY furnished front room; also single room.

TO RENT—269 E. HURON, FLAT 2, LARGE front rooms; also single room; reasonable.

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—TO RENT—2 ROOMS OVER FIRST-class restaurant, centrally located for college graduate club. Address H 159, Tribune office.

TO RENT—HOUSES.

South Side.

TO RENT—BY EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE, 504 Chamber Commerce Bldg. These modern houses:

Calumet-av., 15 rooms	$120
Indiana-av., 12 rooms	125
Michigan-av., 12 rooms	110
Ellis-av., 10 rooms	40
Prairie-av., 10 rooms	60
Prairie-av., 10 rooms	60
Prairie-av., 14 rooms	115

AUGUST RENT FREE.

TO RENT—3522 MICHIGAN-AV., RESIDENCE, modern, brown stone, 13 extra large rooms, hot water heat, east front; barn. Immediate possession. American Trust and Savings Bank, Trust Department.

TO RENT—3433 SOUTH PARK-AV.—10-ROOM modern stone front, good order, cheap. E. GREIG HART & CO., 115 Dearborn. Tel. Cen. 2449.

TO RENT—$25—NEW, MODERN 8-R. STONE front house. 391 E. 54th-st., near Woodlawn-av.

West Side.

TO RENT—24 JACKSON-PL., 8-ROOM MODern brick, very cheap; only $25.

North Side.

TO RENT—BY EUGENE A. BOURNIQUE, 504 Chamber Com. Bldg.; the beautiful modern home, 40 Bellevue-pl.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—COZY FURNISHED SUITE; ALSO single room; overlooking the lake; elevator and service; cafe in building. Address H [illegible], Tribune office.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—"THE MANSIONS," 3801-3807 GRAND-BLVD. MOST DELIGHTFUL, NEW, MODERN APARTMENTS IN CHICAGO.

All outside light; elegant interior especially adapted to the wants of high-class tenants; 1½ blocks from the BOARD OF TRADE TRAINS at Grand-blvd. and 40th-st.; rent $70 to $90.

"THE ALBEMARLE," 3769-3801 LAKE-AV., apartments; beautifully finished in polished hardwoods; dining-rooms paneled in oak; overlooking the lake; elegant marble entrance; elevator, etc.; rent reduced to $55, $60.

N. W. COR. CALUMET-AV. AND 45TH-ST.; location, south and east exposure; overlooking Grand-blvd.; 7-room apartments; polished floors; all modern improvements; $30, $35.

W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.
Branch offices:
[illegible] and Oakenwald-av. Tel. 1124 Oak.
[illegible] Indiana-av., cor. Garfield-blvd.

TO RENT—
SMALL FURNISHED APARTMENTS, ONE TO FOUR ROOM SUITES, WITH BATH; ALSO UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS, WITH HOTEL SERVICE; CAFE IN BUILDING. BANNER HOTEL, COR. 33D AND COTTAGE GROVE-AV. TEL. S. 394, OR SOUTHARD & TRAINER, 142 OAKWOOD-BLVD. 'PHONE OAK. 705.

TO RENT—CHOICE FLATS, 4 TO 8 ROOMS, within 10 minutes of center, either elevated or cable; n. w. cor. Wabash and 23d. Follansbee Apartment Bldg. Agent at office of the building on the premises. Telephone South 1172.

TO RENT—NOW READY, FURNISHED, Kenwood brown stone 7 and 8 room flats; and $40; also 3 and 4 room furnished flats; Vale-av.; $17 and $20; heated. Owner, 175 Dearborn-st., R. 603.

TO RENT—HANDSOME NEW FLAT, OVERlooking Washington Park; one or two rooms; for summer; 58th-st., L one block; private family. 5717 Calumet-av., 2d flat.

TO RENT—ELEVATED STATION AND WASHington Park, steam-heated flats, 6048 Vincennes-av., 6055 Peoria-st., corner; $22 and $25.

TO RENT—LENOX FLATS; STEAM, ETC., $13 to $18. Office, 3533 Cottage Grove-av.

TO RENT—OREGON APARTMENTS, 1520 [illegible], elegant, desir. tenants. 640 South.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

TO RENT—NO. 65 THE HAMPDEN—NICELY furnished small apartment. J 959, Tribune.

TO RENT—6621 DREXEL-AV., FIRST FLAT—Oak trimmed, gas, furnace, bath.

TO RENT—FLAT FURNISHED COMPLETE for housekeeping. Apply 98 36th-st.

West Side.

TO RENT—HANDSOME 6-ROOM FLAT, STONE front, oak finish, glass china closet and laundry, hot water, light on all sides, two blocks from Metropolitan elevated, near Garfield Park; cheap to adult family. 521 41st-av., cor. Polk.

TO RENT—NEW 7-R. STEAM H. FLAT, $25; 1257 Fulton-st., 2 min. walk to Lake-st. L station; 4-r. modern steam heated flat, $15. 281 W. North-av. A. S. TERRILL, 95 Washington-st.

TO RENT—MODERN 7 AND 9 ROOM NEW flats and houses, select district opposite Garfield Park. 1st bell 146 St. Louis-av., near Monroe-st.

TO RENT—BY E. GOODRIDGE & CO., 86 WASHington-st.—308 W. Monroe-st., stone front, nine rooms, in thorough repair; $25.

TO RENT—MODERN ROCK FRONT, 5 ROOMS, first flat. 128 Warren-av.; $20.

TO RENT—1326 W. VAN BUREN, 2D FLOOR flat; cheap. LASHER & SON, 193 S. Water-st.

North Side.

TO RENT—THE CLEVELAND, S. W. COR. Cleveland and Fullerton-avs., elegant 5 to 7 room apartments; steam heat, hot water, gas ranges, etc.; $35 up. SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—459-461 LA SALLE-AV., NEAR LINcoln Park, beautiful 8 and 9 room apartments; steam heat, gas range, etc.; $30 up. SHANKLIN & KING, 107 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—6-ROOM MODERN FLATS IN THE Florence, near the lake; walking distance. Office, 18 Bellevue-pl.

TO RENT—SEVILLE-SAVOY, N. E. COR. LA Salle-av. and Locust, modern 7-room apt.; first-class building and location; $40. JANITOR.

TO RENT—NEW, MODERN 5 AND 6 ROOM flats; every convenience; $30. 1739 Oakdale-av.

TO RENT—MODERN, LIGHT SIX-ROOM FLAT, near elevated; $28. 176 Fremont-st.

TO RENT—3-ROOM FLAT, MODERN, NORTHwest corner La Salle and Superior. JANITOR.

Miscellaneous.

TO RENT—YOUNG COUPLES—$14 TAKES cozy 3-room heated flat; 17 min. out; overlooking park; you can't beat it; also have 5 and 6 room flats; $15 up; call for list. Owner, 175 Dearborn-st., Room 603.

WANTED—FLATS.

WANTED—TO RENT—2-R. FLAT, BATH; $10; nr. Alley L. Address H 216, Tribune office.

TO RENT—STORES.

West Side.

TO RENT—1326 VAN BUREN-ST., STORE, FLAT, stable; cheap. LASHER & SON, 193 S. Water.

North Side.

TO RENT—STORES, GOOD LOCATION, $12 AND $15 per month. LASHER & SON, 193 S. Water.

TO RENT—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

Offices.

TO RENT—OFFICES IN THE GARDEN CITY Building, n. w. corner Randolph-st. and Fifth-av.; all modern conveniences; splendid location for manufacturers' agents or for those desirous of carrying stocks. Apply to J. S. MEYER, Room 208.

TO RENT—DESIRABLE STEAM HEATED OFfice in Haymarket Theater Building. Elevator till 11 p. m. daily. See janitor.

TO RENT—DESK ROOM, WITH DESK; SUITE law offices; $5. 602, 91 Dearborn-st.

Floors and Lofts.

TO RENT — LIGHT FLOORS, WITH POWER, steam heat, freight and passenger elevators, and electric light. 153 and 155 W. Jackson-blvd. See engineer.

TO RENT—HAVE NEW FACTORY BUILDING, modern; there are a few vacant lofts; no better in city. Bldg. 153-9 S. Jefferson-st. See janitor. JOSEPH DOWNEY, owner, 132 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

TO RENT — BUILDINGS, STORES, AND floors in all parts of the city. Send for list. WILLIS & FRANKENSTEIN, 164 La Salle-st.

TO RENT—MFG. SPACE, STORES, HOUSES, flats; cheap. LASHER & SON, 193 S. Water-st.

WANTED—OFFICES, LOFTS, ETC.

WANTED—TO RENT—CELLAR OR DEEP basement rooms or store above. 3113 Wentworth-av. SCHWIMMER.

LEASEHOLDS TO SELL AND WANTED.

FURNISHINGS OF 10-ROOM HOUSE, FINEST South Side boulevard; income $100 per month; rent reasonable; present owner will remain if desirable; $500 cash. Address K 415, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—FLAT AND LEASEHOLD, SEPT. 1. 2030 Wabash-av., Flat 7.

CLAIRVOYANTS.

THE WORLD'S GREATEST CLAIRVOYANT, IRMA KARNOVAH, THE MYSTIC, THE PSYCHIC.

IN ORDER TO DEMONSTRATE THE WONDERFUL MEDIUMISTIC POWERS POSSESSED BY THE GREAT KARNOVAH EVERY CALLER DURING THIS WEEK WILL RECEIVE THREE TESTS FREE.

KARNOVAH WILL TELL YOUR NAME, YOUR PLACE OF RESIDENCE, DATE OF BIRTH, MOTHER'S MAIDEN NAME, AND WHAT TRADE OR PROFESSION YOU ARE BEST ADAPTED FOR. FREE! FREE! TO ALL!

It may be of vital interest to you to know the outcome of your present distress.

The happiness of your future life may depend upon the right solution and proper advice.

There are no mistakes in the predictions made by the great and wonderful KARNOVAH.

You may wish to know "if it is advisable to make a change in business, in love, in marriage."

READINGS ONE DOLLAR. NEVER HIGHER—NEVER LOWER. POSITIVELY NO CHARGE UNLESS YOU FIND ME SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

HOURS FOR CONSULTATION FROM 10 A. M. UNTIL 9 P. M. DAILY. SATISFACTION GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.

KARNOVAH, 272 MICHIGAN-AV. TWO AND ONE-HALF BLOCKS SOUTH OF AUDITORIUM HOTEL.

PROF. C. F. LEON, 70 EAST 16TH-ST., Two doors east of Michigan-av. PRINCE OF CLAIRVOYANTS, MEDIUM. READS PAST, FUTURE, CORRECTLY. Advice on business, lawsuits, love, marriage, divorce, family affairs; guides to success. FEE $1.

LADIES' FEE, 25C; GENTS', 50C—PROF. TOURVILLE, clairvoyant and palmist; tells your FULL NAME; WHEN AND WHO YOU WILL MARRY; tells everything; how to be successful, etc.; hours, 1 to 9 p. m. 3254 Cottage Grove-av., near 33d-st.

MRS. H. ELLSWORTH, 30 YRS. A CLAIRVOYant and palmist, can be consulted daily at her office, s. w. cor. State and Madison-sts., Room 27. Entrance, 70 E. Madison-st. She will read your entire past, present, and future; give advice on all affairs of love, business, or health. Hrs., 10 to 7.

MRS. N. DEWEY, THE FAMOUS SOUTHERN clairvoyant and palmist, s. e. cor. Division and Wells-st.; entrance 392 Wells-st.; full life readings 50c; hours daily from 9 to 9.

MRS. RUSSELL BRUNSWICK, CLAIRVOYANT, will be at home for a short while by request of friends. 156 S. Oakley-blvd.

MRS. HAWKE TELLS PAST, PRESENT, AND future, gives names or descriptions. 206 Oak-st.

MRS. HENDERSON, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 250 Wells-st.; fee 50c.

DUTTON SISTERS, CLAIRVOYANTS, MEDIums, and healers, 10 to 8 p. m. 2245 Wabash-av.

MISS NETTIE, CLAIRVOYANT, 525 W. LAKE-st.; flat A; permanently located.

MISS FLORENCE KIMBALL, CLAIRVOYANT. 1520 Wabash, Suite 4; formerly 3117 Rhodes-av.

PROF. L. G. KEY, ASTROLOGER—30 YEARS' experience, 12 in Chicago. 1406 Masonic Temple.

MACHINERY.

ONE 12X30 AUTOMATIC CUT-OFF ENGINE, in first-class order; can be seen running. One 10x12 Atlas high speed engine, good as new. One Atlantic Works double-head tenoning machine. All for sale cheap. A. Plamondon Manuf'g Co., 57 to 67 South Clinton-st.

$550 FOR 13X20 RUSSEL AUTOMATIC ENgine f. o. b. Chicago; 5x6 Wachs vertical engine; 16x36 Hooker; 8x24 Barr, and 6½x18 W. & T. well pumps. Call and inspect our stock. FURNESS BROS., 28 N. Desplaines-st.

FOR SALE—SHAFTING, HANGERS, PULleys, supplies, and all kinds of new and second-hand machinery. Write for catalogue No. 80. Chicago House Wrecking Co., W. 35th and Iron-sts. Telephones, Yards 827, 883, and 943.

FOR SALE—12 WORTHINGTON PUMPS, brass fitted, good as new; sizes 4½x2¾x4 to 12x4½x10; also some upright engines. JOHN G. O'NEIL, R. 335 Rookery Bldg. Tel. Harrison 2745.

WE ARE SELLING GOOD MACHINERY cheaper than junk dealers are selling junk; call and make offer for what you want. Paradox Machinery Co., 181 E. Division-st.

FOR SALE—SECOND-HAND CORLISS, AUTOmatic, and slide valve engines; also new and second-hand vertical engines. The E. H. WACHS CO., 158 Indiana-st.

FOR SALE—3 SECOND HAND OIL STORAGE tanks, capacity 10,400 gal. each. Hamler Boiler and Tank Co., 39th and Halsted-sts.

JUST RECEIVED—ANOTHER CARLOAD SECond-hand gas and gasoline engines, all sizes; for sale or exchange. McDONALD, 36 W. Randolph.

SECOND-HAND TANKS, SHAFTING, AND pulleys for sale at Tribune office, Dearborn and Madison-sts.

FOR SALE—NEW AND SECOND-HAND BOILers of all descriptions; also smokestacks and tanks. WILDMAN & EVISTON, 71-73 W. Adams.

GAS AND GASOLINE ENGINES. BACKUS Gas Engine Company, 171 Lake-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP; 2D-HAND MOTORS, DYnamos. Aaron Elec. Co., 181 S. Clinton. Tel. M. 469.

ELECTRIC MOTORS SOLD ON THE INSTALLment plan. Ernest Freeman, 510, 112 Dearborn.

PARTNERS WANTED.

PARTNER—TO START SEED STORE OUT OF town; must have $2,500; office man preferred; good references given and required; particulars by mail; confidential. Address G L 58, Tribune.

MANUFACTURER WITH ENTIRELY NEW plant for manufacturing dry goods article wishes partner with $3,000 to $5,000 to invest. Address H 108, Tribune office.

LADY, WITH WELL-ESTABLISHED DOWNtown lunch room, would take partner who understands business; small amount of money required; gentleman preferred; investigate. H 206, Tribune.

WANTED — AN ASSOCIATE TO EXTEND MY general business; estab. 20 yrs.; opportunity for party with $10,000; bank refs. P J 437, Tribune.

COWS, BIRDS, DOGS, ETC.

BOSTON TERRIERS OF CHOICE BREEDING, typical specimens, ideal companions, for sale. Bostonian Kennels, city office 41 River-st.

FOR SALE—GREAT DANES, 4 MOS.; BLACK cockers, the same. Call all week, 4 Ogden-av.

SOUTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SOME RARE BARGAINS IN KENWOOD HOUSES.

$25,000—Elegant corner residence and barn; expensive interior; beautifully finished in hardwoods; heated by hot water; lot 200 ft. deep; one of the choicest corners in Kenwood.

$17,500—Handsome new modern residence, rock face front; spacious stone porch supported by stone columns; interior finished in hardwoods; steam heat; lot 200 ft. deep; 40-ft. bldg. line; inclosed with high iron fence; fine homes on either side. W. K. YOUNG & BRO., 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE—CHOICE HIGH-grade corner apartment house on leading South Side boulevard, close to I. C. express trains; new and modern, steel construction; rentals over $10,000 per annum; incumbrance light, at 5%; price, $100,000; will consider clear vacant, ripe to improve, clear improved, or cheap vacant and cash in exchange. M. WALKER & CO., 204 Dearborn-st., Room 723.

FOR SALE — 4205 GRAND-BLVD., 3-STORY stone front modern residence; fine interior cabinet finish in cherry and oak; all rooms beautifully decorated, hardwood floors throughout, electric light, and steam heat; two-story pressed brick stable in rear; open for inspection. Apply to HART & FRANK, 128 and 130 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—DREXEL-AV., BET. 64TH AND 65th-sts., residence; 9 rooms and laundry; stone front, hardwood finish, console, sideboard, book case, open plumbing, wash stand for each room, mantels and gas grates, range and laundry stove, steam boiler with natural gas fittings, front side and rear yard; will sell on easy payments. J. A. CONLON, 702 E. 63d-st.

FOR SALE— WE WANT THE BEST CASH OFFER. Grand-blvd., 48½x150, 2-sty. frame residence. Indiana-av., cor., near 47th-st., 87x161. Euclid-av., 9-room frame house, 32 ft. front. C. H. GOODYKOONTZ & CO., 138 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE— Frame dwelling on lot 50x100; also 50x67, vacant; all clear of incumbrance; north of 43d-st. Will take well located vacant or acres for whole or part; price, $20,000. McKEY & POAGUE, 125 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—NEW 3-STORY STONE BLDG. IN Woodlawn, east of I. C. road; 6 flats, 6 and 7 rooms each; all modern conveniences; rental $2,460 per year; price $19,500; mtg. $12,000 at 5%. L. M. SMITH & BRO., Phone Oak. 501. 3947 Cottage Grove-av.

FOR SALE—BIG SACRIFICE—$7,500 FOR $5,750—My 8-room modern brick residence and barn on Ellis-av., north of 43d-st.; interior in oak; moving away and have no use for the place; if you want a bargain address Owner, F J 955, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—THE BEAUTIFUL STONE FRONT modern residence, 4420 Berkeley-av. Inquire of JOHN C. FETZER, Agent, 7 E. Monroe-st. Telephone Central 1776.

FOR SALE—9% REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT; two 11-room houses, Madison-av., near 59th-st.; rented $30 each monthly; $8,000. H. W. BOOTH, 100 Washington-st., Room 1309.

FOR SALE—$700 DOWN, $1,000 TO SUIT, FOR 2 acres on 100th, near Morgan, if sold at once; high and dry; could be divided at $200 a lot; transportation best. PERKINS, 91 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—346 BOWEN-AV., HOUSE, 7 rooms, all modern, with large barn; lot 25x120; price $3,750. J. WM. HOWARD & CO., 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—DOUBLE 3 STORY BRICK 12-flat bldg. on So. Chicago-av., only $11,000; part trade. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—LOOK AT 6537 LAFAYETTE-AV., 33x137; nice 8 r. res. on stone foundation; price $3,750. WATSON & BARTLETT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—FURNISHED HOUSE, $4,500; LOT 25x175; will give reasonable terms to reliable persons. 292 E. 41st-st.

FOR SALE—TO BUY A HOME ON THE BOULEvards or in Kenwood district go to MATSON HILL, 414 Home Insurance Bldg.

FOR SALE—6311 DREXEL, $15,000; 12 FLATS; rented $1,800; $3,000 cash, balance easy; bargain.

NORTH SIDE REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—SACRIFICE—EXCHANGE— Client must leave city, sacrifices new, modern 8-room house, oak finish, nickel-plated plumbing, for $4,000; mortgage $2,700; can be paid off at $20 monthly, including interest; large lot; good neighborhood. HARMON, 3284 North Clark-st.

FOR SALE—597 BURLING-ST., BETWEEN Fullerton and Wrightwood-av., fine 6 and 7 room modern flats; separate furnaces; stone building; at a sacrifice; $6,300; immediate possession if desired. CHARLES E. KOTZ, Evanston-av. and Argyle-st.

FOR SALE—BY OWNER, HANDSOME PRIvate residence, detached, lot 50x175, on Fullerton-blvd., near Clark; bargain at $28,000; terms to suit. Address H 145, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL NEW 11-R. BRICK house, finished in different hardwoods, between Sheridan road and the lake; $10,000 cash, $6,000 at 6 per cent in four years. Address H 112, Tribune.

FOR SALE—MODERN APARTMENT, 3 FLATS, Hampden-ct., near Wrightwood-av.; very choice; a bargain. E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn.

FOR SALE — OR EXCHANGE — MODERN house, barn, lot 50x125 ft., Pine Grove-av., near Wrightwood. E. N. WEART & CO., 115 Dearborn.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—MUST SELL; WILL SACRIFICE my modern Cuyler home before Aug. 25th; 8 rooms, reception hall, large bathroom, attic, brick basement, newly decorated and painted, south front, lot 25x125 ft., cement walks; only $2,400; mortgage $1,000; $500 down, balance $15 a month. Owner, 1291 W. Ravenswood-park.

FOR SALE—MODERN 2-STORY FRAME FLAT, Hancock-av., Clyde; large barn; 8 stalls; lot 50x150; give offer. Inquire PANOCH, ZAK & HAJICEK, 463 W. 18th-st.

FOR SALE—OR EXCHANGE FOR 2-FLAT bldg. in Chicago, elegant new 8-room house, Hollywood; all modern improvements; might consider vacant. Address H 116, Tribune office.

FOR SALE—HOMES IN PALOS PARK, 1-ACRE lots on wooded hills, plateaus, $300; $10 cash, bal. monthly; fare 13c. Monson & Co., 144 La Salle.

FOR SALE—MODERN RESIDENCE IN KENILworth, corner, 175x150; stable; hardwood finish; hot water heating; $22,500. S., 814 Tacoma Bldg.

FOR SALE—HIGHLAND PARK HOUSES, LOTS, acres. HENRY K. COALE, 1202 Cham. Com.

ACRE PROPERTY.

FOR SALE—40 ACRES [LESS R. R.], 6 MILES from Courthouse; railroad station on premises. J. W. HELMER, Room 66, 99 Washington-st.

SUMMER RESORTS.

FOR SALE—SOUTH HAVEN—COTTAGE LOTS on river at Allendale, 1¼ miles from town; fare on launches, 5c; $125 to $200. W. ELKENBURG, South Haven, Mich., or H. B. ALLEN, 324 Elm-st., Chicago.

FOR SALE—LAKE DELAVAN—ROOMY COTtage with verandas and furniture, summer kitchen and icehouse, 5 acres fronting lake; trees; cultivated garden and lawn; bargain; possession now; photos and particulars, 203 Reaper Block.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—BARGAIN—300-ACRE FARM 75 miles from Chicago; will take small payment down, give long time on balance; would take clear income Chicago property. Address F. A., 63 N. Ashland-av.

FOR SALE—$1,300 BUYS 18-ACRE FARM, near town; brand-new 6-room house; great for chicken or fruit. Send for list. OSCAR E. TAYLOR, 115 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—OR TRADE—200 ACRE MICHIGAN fruit, grain, and stock farm with crops, stock, and tools; bargain. BISHOP & CO., 508 Reaper Block.

FOR SALE—$2,500, 60-ACRE EXTRA FINE lake front farm, Van Buren Co., Mich.; nice house, barn, orchards, grove on lake beach; excellent soil. GILBERT, 160 Washington-st.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—SPLENDID FARM, ADjoining town, fronting large, convenient lake; take grocery for part. 746 Madison-st.

PLANTATION AND FRUIT LANDS, ETC.

FOR SALE—BIG ½ FARE EXCURSION. FIRST CLASS PASSAGE TO GULF POINTS. AUG. 7, 1900. TO OUR STOCK, DAIRY, AND FRUIT FARMS. You must see these places to appreciate their magnificence and grandeur. Write BURT & CO., 1233 Monadnock Block, Chicago.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—STOCK AND POULTRY FARM, with modern house, within 50 miles north of Chicago; prefer on C. & N. W. road; will give $10,000 equity in elegant $16,000 North Side home. Address H 111, Tribune office.

WANTED—FOR CASH; OLD STYLE HOUSE, 20 rooms or more, about 1 acre of ground; 5c fare; owners call; quick deal. H. W. CHRISTIAN & CO., 171 La Salle.

WANTED—FARM NEAR CHICAGO FOR 4 clear cottages worth $4,000. ROBINSON, R. 54, 163 Randolph-st.

WANTED—KANS. FARMS AND UNIMPROVED lands, cash, and Chicago income property; send description. BISHOP & CO., 508 Reaper Block.

WANTED—CLEAR VACANT, NEAR ELEVATed, South or North; will pay cash and modern flats, fine location. Address J 556, Tribune office.

REAL ESTATE TO EXCHANGE.

EXCHANGE—TENNESSEE TIMBERED LANDS, in large tracts, for Chicago improved; also improved for small farms near Chicago and vacant. E. RAMSDELL, 145 La Salle-st.

$2,500 EQUITY IN S. SIDE 2-FLAT BLDG., vicinity of our office. Want Waukegan or Highland Park vacant or imp. of equal value. I. CHAP & CO., 636 31st-st.

TO EXCHANGE—EQUITY IN 3-STORY BUSIness block at La Salle, paying good income, for suburban home; La Grange preferred. BISHOP & CO., 508 Reaper Block.

EXCHANGE—320 SO. DAKOTA, 160 IMPROVED, 26 city lots city 12,000, 100 improved best Minnesota, all clear and worth $10,000; want Chicago improved equity. Address H 133, Tribune office.

EXCHANGE—50 FT. JACKSON-BLVD., WEST Belt line, $7,000; 50 ft. Kedzie-av., $3,000, all clear, for flats clear. Address H 182, Tribune.

TO EXCHANGE—MODERN 9-R. LA GRANGE house on nice street for vacant. BISHOP & CO., 508 Reaper Blk.

TO EXCHANGE—BY OWNER, FOR STOCK OF merchandise, improved property in city valued at $9,000; incumbrance, $2,500. H 107, Tribune.

EXCHANGE—FINE BUSINESS PROPERTY; want smaller property or good farm; will assume. LANGAWSKY, 584 Ogden-av.

WILL EXCHANGE CLEAR VACANT LOT FOR Wodlawn flat or houses. Van Winkle, 6414 Ellis.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO PROPERTY at 5 and 5½ per cent, without commissions, attorney's fees, or charges for papers. SPECIAL FUND to loan in any amount with privilege of prepaying all or any part of principal at any time and stopping interest. Payments are NOT REQUIRED, but ARE PERMITTED. ROSE & COMPANY, 108 Dearborn-st.

$200,000 TO LOAN—$1,000 TO $10,000. South Side building loans made in 24 hours. J. ELLIOTT JENNINGS & CO., 100 Washington-st.

REAL ESTATE LOANS.

LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO AND SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE, repayable in MONTHLY PAYMENTS; NO BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION; NO FINES OR PREMIUMS; interest REDUCES every month; payments can be made in advance or any time; INTEREST CEASING the day of payment. OGDEN, SHELDON & CO., 34 Clark-st.

4 PER CENT MONEY— On choice real estate, with privilege of prepayment. Prompt inspection. J. H. VAN VLISSINGEN & CO., 95 Dearborn-st., Main Floor.

BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS ON IMPROVED AND VACANT PROPERTY. BUILDING LOANS. PEABODY, HOUGHTELING & CO., 164 DEARBORN-ST.

MONEY LOANED WITHOUT COMMISSION AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE.

R. PRINDIVILLE, R. 517 Chi. Stock Exchange.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED CITY PROPERTY, from 4 to 6 PER CENT, according to amount of security. MEAD & COE, 100 Washington-st.

ALWAYS HAVE MONEY TO LOAN ON CHIcago real estate at current rates; no delay. GOLD MORTGAGES FOR SALE. CANNELL & McCLUER, 107 Dearborn-st. Lake View office, 1808 Clark-st., near Roscoe.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL EState at 5 and 5½ per cent; no attorney's fees; privilege to pay part or all before maturity and stop interest thereon. ROSE, QUINLAN & CO., 70 Dearborn-st.

GREENEBAUM SONS, BANKERS, 83 and 85 Dearborn-st. LOANS MADE ON CHICAGO REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST RATES.

MONEY TO LOAN— We have a large amount of Chicago money and will act promptly on all applications; lowest rates. MADDEN BROS., 204 Dearborn-st.

5 TO 6 PER CENT REAL ESTATE LOANS without commission; $500 and upward. WM. C. HEINEMANN & CO., BANK FLOOR, 92 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE—MORTGAGE $3,000, 5½ PER CENT, 4 years, made by Peabody, Houghteling & Co. on modern residence, Hyde Park. Apply W. G. CARLISLE, 40 Dearborn-st.

WILL LOAN $500 AND UPWARDS AT 5 TO 6 PER CENT, NO DELAY; SEE US. E. W. ZANDER & CO., 155 LA SALLE-ST.

WILLIAM A. BOND & CO., 115 DEARBORN-ST., have funds to loan at current rates, in sums to suit; we pass on security.

$1,000 TO LOAN ON CHICAGO VACANT OR improved real estate, at 6 per cent; will divide. Address F L 371, Tribune office.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL EState; funds on hand. McLANE & GUNN, 100 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CHICAGO REAL EState at lowest rates. WM. D. KERFOOT & CO., 85 Washington-st.

BAIRD & WARNER, 90 LA SALLE-ST., MAKE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE; LOWEST RATES; QUICK ACTION.

WESTERN STATE BANK— N. w. corner La Salle and Washington-sts. Loans made on Chicago real estate.

EDGAR M. SNOW & CO., 101 WASHINGTON-st., loan on Chicago improved real estate; lowest current rates; no delay; we pass upon security.

MONEY TO LOAN ON VACANT OR IMPROVED PROPERTY; BUILDING LOANS MADE. CALLAN & VARTY, 145 LA SALLE-ST.

E. A. CUMMINGS & CO., S. W. CORNER DEARborn and Washington-sts. Loans at lowest rates on Chicago real estate.

LOANS ON IMPROVED REAL ESTATE IN Chicago at current rates. The Equitable Trust Co., Dearborn and Madison-sts.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY OR SUBURBAN property; also on Wisconsin, Illinois, and Iowa farms. O. F. GIBBS & CO., 125 La Salle-st.

INTEREST RATES 4½ TO 6 PER CENT; WANT choice real estate loans; building loans made. KOZMINSKI & YONDORF, bankers, 73 Dearborn.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LOWEST RATES—PAYable in currency. DUNLAP SMITH & CO., 170 Dearborn-st.

HART & FRANK, 128 AND 130 WASHINGTON-st.—Loans on Chicago real estate and building loans made at lowest market rates. No delay.

TO LOAN—5 AND 6 PER CENT; ANY SUM, ON improved or vacant; building loans; quick action. EDWIN WYNN & CO., 132 La Salle-st.

MONEY LOANED AT LOWEST RATES; BUILDing loans. HENRY A. KNOTT & CO., 110 Dearborn-st.

4½ TO 6 PER CENT LOANS MADE, WITH PREpayment privilege, on Chicago real estate. HOLTON, SEELYE & MOONEY, 204 Dearborn-st.

FOR SALE—CHOICE 1ST GOLD MORTGAGES, $500 to $2,500. HABERER & DELFOSSE, 95 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED AND VAcant Chicago real estate at lowest rates; prompt attention. WM. F. LUBEKE, 172 Washington-st.

MONEY AT 5%, ANY AMOUNT; OR ON GOOD vacant or suburban at 6 per cent. F. H. HENSHAW & CO., 97 Washington-st.

WANTED—TO LOAN—$3,000 ON GOOD SOUTH Side improved; principals only. H 157, Tribune.

FINANCIAL.

ESTABLISHED 1875. TEL. HARRISON 597.

LOUIS WEBER & CO., 341-343-345 S. CLARK-ST., 113-115 E. HARRISON-ST.

—MONEY ON YOUR NOTE—

WE MAKE LOANS TO Any one holding a steady salaried position on their personal note, without indorser, signer, or mortgage, at just one-half the rate of interest asked by other loan concerns. We claim to be the fairest and most legitimate concern in this line of business.

$20 UPWARD LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE without security; everything strictly private; quick service; lowest rates; easy payments. 218 LA SALLE-ST., SUITE 306. Open until 7 p. m. Telephone Main 4564.

LIFE INSURANCE POLICIES PURCHASED. Loans on same, 6 per cent per annum. Give larger cash and loan values than companies. RICHARD HERZFELD, 171 La Salle-st., R. 813. Established 1878.

LIFE INS. POLICIES PURCHASED — LOANS on same, 6%; endowment, tontine, and distribution policies discounted at 6%; give larger cash and loan values than companies; real estate loans, 4 to 6 per cent. JOHN V. FOX, 108 Dearborn-st.

LOANS TO HIGH-CLASS SALARIED PEOPLE only; no indorser or mortgage required. BEST TERMS. J. A. BREWER & CO., 84 Adams-st., OPPOSITE THE FAIR.

LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE— Lowest rates. No publicity. No security. Easy payments. LOANS ON COLLATERALS. 1424 Unity Bldg.

SALARY AND OTHER LOANS. DON'T GO TO PUBLIC LOAN OFFICE. Come to PRIVATE INDIVIDUAL; Easy payments. Fair treatment. 219, 145 La Salle-st., s. e. cor. Madison.

WE ARE LOANING MONEY TO HONEST SALaried people without security; reasonable rates; everything entirely confidential. American Credit Co., Suite 502, 84 La Salle-st.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE AND retail merchants without security; special inducement. TOLMAN, 1622 Masonic Temple.

BANK OF CHICAGO, 225 DEARBORN-ST. — General banking business; 4 per cent on time deposits; no charge on deposit accounts.

TO SALARIED PEOPLE—MONEY LOANED ON easy payments at lowest rates; strictly confidential. Call 100 Washington-st., Room 901.

WANTED—LOAN OF $250; PAY $15 MONTH; private party. Address H 126, Tribune office.

MISS PADDON, 142 LA SALLE-ST., ROOM 2—Private loans to school teachers only.

PRINTING.

1,000 CARDS, 50 CTS.; LETTERHEADS, ENvelopes, $1.50; catalogues, circulars, etc., cheap. E. L. FANTUS, Printer, 183 Clark-st. 'Phone Central 84. We buy spoiled, unused postal cards.

MEDICAL AND HOSPITALS.

DR. KINGSTON HANNA— GRADUATE OF EDINBURGH, SCOTLAND. My only address is 78 STATE-ST., ROOM 32, THIRD FLOOR. Hours, 9 to 6. Sundays, 10 to 1. Skillful and scientific treatment of all DISEASES OF WOMEN, by IMPROVED and PAINLESS methods. Private home for patients. Confinements. A POSITIVE cure ALWAYS guaranteed. Tumors, cancers, misplacements, malformations, chronic inflammations, ulcerations, lacerations, ovarian troubles, kidney and bladder diseases, and all rectal diseases successfully cured WITHOUT the use of the knife. Lady physician if required. Confidential advice.

RELIABLE HOME SANITARIUM, 78 STATE-ST., With staff of physicians in attendance. Positively, under guarantee, cures all ailments and diseases of women, no matter in form or gravity; speedy and permanent relief in every case undertaken, without operation, pain, or danger. Private accommodation for ladies needing our NO CURE personal care; safe, comfortable home NO PAY. before and during confinement, with kind and motherly attention to everybody; when others fail, consult us. Consultation and advice free. Infants adopted. Lady physicians in attendance. Correspondence strictly confidential. Offices, 78 State-st., Suite 24-26, 2d floor.

BERTHA CZARA, PRIVATE HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN. Strictly private; best medical service before and during confinement; all female diseases treated by expert specialist; infants for adoption. Consultation and correspondence sacredly confidential. Office, 182 State, 2d floor, Room 2, opp. Palmer House.

PERSONAL—LADIES—OLD DR. JACKSON'S monthly regulator has for 60 years saved thousands of women from suicide; don't fret and worry; call at once; $1,000 for a case it fails to relieve in 24 hours, safe and painless; at office or by mail, $3. Home Remedy Co., Room 39, 182 Dearborn-st., Chicago. Hours 9 to 12:30 and 2 to 5. Costs nothing to investigate.

STATE MEDICAL DISPENSARY, 76 E. MADIson-st., Chicago—We cure blood poison, nervous debility, and all diseases of men. NO CURE, NO PAY. Hours, 10 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10-12.

STRICTLY PRIVATE— BEST MEDICAL SERVICE. Home for ladies before and during confinement; regular physician in attendance. 27 W. Adams-st.

MRS. HUGHES, 158 OAKLEY-BLVD., TAKES ladies before and during confinement at her private residence; terms reasonable; correspondence solicited; advice free; 15 yrs.' experience; no sign.

DR. WOOD, 121 LA SALLE-ST.—ESTABLISHED 30 years; successful treatment in all female troubles; private home retreat for confinement cases; infants adopted; advice free; hours 9 to 3.

IDA VON SCHULZ, 493 N. CLARK-ST.—ELEgant private home for ladies in delicate condition; personal attention given all cases. Tel. 346 N.

MRS. YANNE TAKES LADIES BEFORE AND during confinement; elegant private home for patients; 30 years' experience. 2509 Wabash-av.

DR. EMMA HELLWIG, 351 WELLS-ST., physician, Berlin, Paris; female diseases; private home; success guaranteed. Tel. N. 1046.

DR. O. S. STEWART, 84 ADAMS-ST.—LADIES' physician. Hours, 9 to 7. Sundays, 10 to 5.

LADIES TREATED FOR $5 BY DR. BRINEY at 182 State-st., Room 1. Consultation free.

PERSONAL PROPERTY LOANS.

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TODAY.
MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TODAY.
MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TODAY.

DO YOU WANT MONEY? IF SO CALL ON ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER, 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901.

You can borrow any amount you want on EASY TERMS, AT LOWEST RATES, ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, ETC., WITHOUT REMOVAL. ALSO TO SALARIED PEOPLE WITHOUT MORTGAGE.

Payments arranged to suit convenience of borrower; partial payments can be made at any time, reducing interest accordingly. No charges taken out in advance. You get the full amount of the loan in cash. You can deal with me quickly, privately, satisfactorily, and confidentially. It will be to your advantage to call at my office before borrowing elsewhere.

ALPHEUS M. SMITH, INVESTMENT BANKER, 100 WASHINGTON-ST., ROOM 901. TELEPHONE CENTRAL 2721.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY? IF SO, CALL ON THE OLDEST, LARGEST, AND ONLY INCORPORATED LOAN COMPANY IN CHICAGO.

YOU CAN BORROW ANY AMOUNT YOU WISH FROM $10 TO $1,000 ON THE FOLLOWING SECURITY, LOCATED ANYWHERE IN COOK COUNTY: HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS, OR ANY VALUABLE SECURITY. THE PROPERTY TO REMAIN UNDISTURBED IN YOUR POSSESSION. YOU CAN GET THE MONEY THE DAY YOU MAKE APPLICATION AND WITH NO PUBLICITY. LOAN CAN BE PAID BACK IN ANY INSTALLMENTS THAT SUIT THE BORROWER AND EACH PAYMENT SO MADE WILL LESSEN THE COST OF THE LOAN; THERE ARE NO RESTRICTIONS ON YOUR MOVING WHEN YOU WISH; NO CHARGE OF ANY KIND TAKEN OUT IN ADVANCE; YOU RECEIVE THE FULL AMOUNT OF THE LOAN IN CASH; IF YOU HAVE A LOAN ELSEWHERE OR OWE A BALANCE ON PIANO, FURNITURE, HORSE, OR ANY OTHER SECURITY, CALL AND SEE US AND GET OUR TERMS; WE WILL PAY IT UP AND CARRY IT FOR YOU AS LONG AS YOU WISH. REMEMBER, WE ARE THE OLDEST, LARGEST, AND ONLY INCORPORATED LOAN COMPANY IN CHICAGO. COME AND SEE US. MAIN OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 175 DEARBORN-ST., ROOMS 216 AND 217. WEST SIDE BRANCH OFFICE, THE CHICAGO MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 161 W. MADISON-ST., ROOM 12.

CHICAGO SECURITY AND CREDIT CO., FIRST NATIONAL BANK BLDG., 164 Dearborn-st., Fifth Floor, Corner Monroe-st.

Loans in any amount, large or small, on household goods, horses, wagons, warehouse receipts, etc., at lowest rates.

Responsible people desiring loans on securities mentioned will find that we can promptly serve them in a businesslike way without notoriety or publicity.

Full information as to rates, terms, etc., cheerfully given upon application, or write and we will call.

Advances to RESPONSIBLE SALARIED people without mortgage.

CHICAGO SECURITY AND CREDIT CO., 512 First National Bank Bldg., 164 Dearborn-st.

LIBERAL ADVANCES, WITHOUT DELAY, ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, CARRIAGES, ETC., OR ON PERSONAL PROPERTY OF ANY KIND, WITHOUT REMOVAL. LOWEST AND MOST FAVORABLE TERMS. FAIR AND COURTEOUS TREATMENT AT THE OFFICES OF FIDELITY MORTGAGE LOAN CO., 134 MONROE-ST., FIFTH FLOOR, CORNER CLARK-ST. 301 W. 63D-ST., COR. WENTWORTH-AV., ENGLEWOOD. BEFORE BORROWING, CALL AND SEE US AND YOU WILL FIND IT GREATLY TO YOUR ADVANTAGE. ENGLEWOOD OFFICE OPEN EVENINGS.

AMERICAN LOAN CO.— SEVENTH FLOOR HARTFORD BUILDING, 140 DEARBORN-ST., CORNER OF MADISON—

$15 UP LOANED TO SALARIED EMPLOYES with responsible concerns on your note, repay weekly or monthly; loans made on diamonds, watches, sealskins, etc., at 1½ per cent; money loaned on household furniture, pianos, horses, wagons, fixtures, etc.; you keep full possession; loans made anywhere in Cook County, for one month to one year; simply for the interest; NO OTHER CHARGE WHATSOEVER; if you have a loan or owe on your goods or want money for any purpose we will let you have it; time and payments made to suit yourself, so there is no danger of losing your goods; information cheerfully given if you call; if you cannot call, write, and our agent will call on you; our rates are about ½ the usual charge and we will deal honest and honorable with you. OPEN 8 A. M. UNTIL 7 P. M.

RELIANCE LOAN CO., 100 Washington-st., Room 504, Title and Trust Building. SOUTH SIDE OFFICE— 110 W. 47th-st., corner State-st. WEST SIDE OFFICE— 567 W. Madison-st., Room 2, corner Ogden-av. Loans made on furniture, pianos, horses, wagons. Property left in your own possession. Our South and West Side offices are open evenings until 9 o'clock to accommodate people living on South and West Sides. Lowest rates in city. BEST TERMS TO GOOD BORROWERS—

LOANS ON FURNITURE. ALSO SALARIED PEOPLE holding good positions with responsible firms can obtain loans from $20 upward to $500 on their own names without mortgage, indorser, or the knowledge of employer or friends; quick service; lowest rates; easy payments. 218 La Salle-st., Suite 306. TEL. MAIN 4564. OPEN UNTIL 7 P. M.

CHEAPEST RATE IN CITY— LOANS ON HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS, ETC. HOPKINS, 167 DEARBORN-ST., ROOM 304. BRANCH OFFICE, 535 LINCOLN-AV.

SOUTH SIDE LOANS— On furniture, pianos, etc. I am a private party, loaning my own money, and can make loans quicker and cheaper than any one else. Everything confidential. ALFRED W. HOPKINS, 528 W. 63d-st.

MONEY LOANED PRIVATELY ON FURNIture, pianos, horses, carriages, without removal, at lowest rates. If you want money and a friend, too, call on me. Live and let live is my motto. Time and payment to suit borrower. A. H. WILLIAMS, 69 Dearborn-st., Room 28.

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS TO GOOD PARTIES on furniture and pianos at lowest rates; no charge for papers; information cheerfully given; honorable dealings; long established; reliable. EAGLE LOAN CO., 70 LA SALLE-ST., R. 84.

NOTICE—I WILL LOAN ALL HONEST WORKing people on furniture, papers free, and all the time you want, if you present this ad. to me. S. RICHARDSON, 142 La Salle-st., Otis Block.

THE RAILWAY EMPLOYE'S SUPPLY CO., R. 501, 305 Dearborn-st. Loans to salaried people; also household supplies furnished on time and easy payments at cash prices.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, LIFE POLicies, salaried loans, and other securities, and by low rates and easy payments; it is your interest to see us before making a loan. 115 Dearborn, R. 309.

LAWYERS.

DOES ANY ONE OWE YOU ANY MONEY? WE quickly collect wages, notes, board bills, rent and claims of every description on percentage; no fee of any kind to pay in advance; BY OUR SYSTEM ANY BILL CAN BE COLLECTED; we charge a small commission only and take it out of the bill when collected; this system insures your claims the most vigorous attention, as we get nothing until we make collections; we collect more bad debts than any other agency in Chicago; NO COLLECTION, NO PAY. THE GREENE AGENCY, 502, 59 Dearborn-st. Tel. Central 871.

TROUBLES AND PRIVATE AFFAIRS OF "any kind" quietly settled; damages for injuries to your person, property, etc.; experienced lawyer; ADVICE FREE. Call or write. MORRIS, 115 Dearborn-st., Room 603.

A. GOODRICH, LAWYER, 124 DEARBORN-ST., established 1864. Advice free. Confidential, quiet service; references, 9,000 successful clients.

LAWYER GIVES FREE CONSULTATION; costs advanced; cheap and confidential service; bankruptcy for total cost $40. R. 820, 123 La Salle.

EXCURSIONS AND TRAVEL.

CALIFORNIA AND NORTH PACIFIC COAST—PHILLIPS-JUDSON COMPANY, by special service given to their personally conducted through Pullman tourist sleeping car excursions, enables passengers for California and Pacific Coast points to make the journey in the most pleasant and comfortable way possible at the least expense. Leave Chicago every Thursday and Saturday, via Chicago & Alton Ry., over the "Scenic Route," by way of Kansas City and the Denver & Rio Grande R. R. For particulars write or call on PHILLIPS-JUDSON CO., 349 Marquette Bldg., Chicago.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

COMPAGNIE GENERALE TRANSATLANTIQUE. French line—New York to Havre—Paris in one week. Sailing every Thursday at 10 a. m.

L'Aquitaine.....Aug. 2 | La Bretagne.....Aug. 16
La Touraine.....Aug. 9 | La Lorraine.....Aug. 23

Company special vestibuled train Havre-Paris in four hours. Reduced cabin rates, $55.00 and upwards.

FIRST TRIP NEW TWIN SCREW EXPRESS S. S. LA LORRAINE, sails Aug. 23, 10 a. m. M. W. KOZMINSKI, G. W. Agt., 71 Dearborn-st.

WHITE STAR LINE— NEW YORK, QUEENSTOWN, LIVERPOOL.

Oceanic	Aug. 8	Sept. 5	Oct. 3	Oct. 31
Teutonic	Aug. 15	Sept. 12	Oct. 10	Nov. 7
Cymric	Aug. 21	Sept. 25	Oct. 30	Dec. 4
Germanic	Aug. 22	Sept. 19	Oct. 17	Nov. 14
Majestic	Aug. 29	Sept. 26	Oct. 24	Nov. 14

LOW WINTER RATES NOW IN FORCE. S. TENNEY FRENCH, General Western Agent, Tel. Central 139. 94-96 Dearborn-st.

SHORT ROUTE TO THE PARIS EXPOSITION. HOLLAND-AMERICA LINE. New York, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, via Boulogne-sur-Mer, 3½ hours distant from either Paris or London. New twin-screw steamers Potsdam, Statendam, and Rotterdam. Rates, 1st-class, $75 and up; 2d-class, $45 and up. Other steamers carry one class of cabin passengers, $35 and upward. Holland-America Line, 86 La Salle-st., Chicago, Ill.

GAZE'S ESCORTED TOURS [57TH YEAR] TO EUROPE and Paris Exposition; programs sent free; choice steamer berths; travel tickets everywhere. HENRY GAZE & SONS, 220 S. Clark-st.

STEAMSHIP LINES.

Ocean Navigation.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD— FAST EXPRESS SERVICES. CHERBOURG, SOUTHAMPTON, BREMEN.

Kaiser Wm. d.Gr. Aug. 7 | Trave.....Aug. 18
Aller.....Aug. 11 | K'serin Mar. Th. Aug. 21
Lahn.....Aug. 14 | Aller.....Sept. 1

Departure 10 A. M.

Twin-Screw Passenger Service. SOUTHAMPTON, LONDON, BREMEN.

K. Luise, Aug. 23, 10 a. m. | Barbarossa, Sep. 20, 9 am
G. K'fürst, Sep. 6, 2 pm | Fr. d. Gr.....Oct. 4, 1 pm

CHERBOURG, PARIS, BREMEN.

G. K'fürst...Aug. 2, 9 am | Bar'ossa, Aug. 16, 10 am

Mediterranean Service. GIBRALTAR, NAPLES, GENOA.

Werra.....Aug. 4 | Kaiser W. II...Aug. 18

Departure 11 A. M.

OELRICHS & CO., NO. 2 BROADWAY, N. Y. H. CLAUSSENIUS & CO., General Western Agents, 90 and 92 Dearborn-st.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE— TWIN SCREW EXPRESS SERVICE TO PLYMOUTH [LONDON], CHERBOURG [PARIS] AND HAMBURG.

A. Friedrich.....Aug. 2 | A. Victoria.....Aug. 16
Columbia.....Aug. 9 | F. Bismarck.....Aug. 23

New Twin Screw Express S. S. DEUTSCHLAND SAILS AUG. 8, 10 A. M.

TWIN SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE TO PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG, AND HAMBURG. Also N. Y. to CHERBOURG AND HAMBURG.

Patricia.....Aug. 4 | Waldersee.....Aug. 11
Batavia.....Aug. 7 | Phoenicia.....Aug. 18

PARIS HOTEL ACCOMMODATION reserved if secured before departure. HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, N. w. cor. Randolph and La Salle-sts., Chicago.

AMERICAN LINE— NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON [LONDON]. Sailing Wednesday at 10 a. m. Shortest and most convenient route to London. Excellent connections at Paris.

SS. New York....Aug. 8 | SS. New York....Aug. 29
SS. St. Paul....Aug. 15 | SS. St. Paul....Sept. 5
SS. St. Louis....Aug. 22 | SS. St. Louis....Sept. 12

PHILADELPHIA-QUEENSTOWN-LIVERPOOL. Sailings every Saturday.

SS. Waesland...Aug. 4 | SS. Pennland...Aug. 25
SS. Belgenland...Aug. 18 | SS. Rhynland....Sept. 1

RED STAR LINE. NEW YORK TO ANTWERP. Sailings every Wednesday at noon.

SS. Kensington...Aug. 8 | SS. Friesland.....Aug. 29
SS. Aragonia.....Aug. 15

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION COMPANY. Telephone Central 1111. 143 La Salle-st.

ANCHOR LINE MAIL STEAMERS— NEW YORK, GLASGOW, LONDONDERRY.

Anchoria	Aug. 11	Sept. 15	Oct. 20
Furnessia		Sept. 1	Sept. 29
Ethiopia		Aug. 25	Oct. 6
Astoria	Aug. 18	Sept. 22	Oct. 27
City of Rome		Sept. 8	Oct. 3

Or with tour embracing Scotland, England, and Ireland. Berths must be reserved now for best accommodations. Apply to any of our local agents or HENDERSON BROTHERS, 176 Jackson-blvd., Chicago, Ill.

CUNARD LINE— ESTABLISHED 1840. The Twin-Screw Steamships CAMPANIA and LUCANIA, 620 ft. long, 12,950 tons, among the largest, fastest, and most magnificent in the world. UMBRIA, ETRURIA, 520 ft. long, 14,500 H.-P. IVERNIA and SAXONIA [New Twin-Screw], 600 feet long, 13,900 tons. Saturday sailings from New York and Boston. Cunard line record—5 days, 7 hours, 23 minutes. F. G. WHITING, Mgr., Dearborn and Randolph.

JAPAN-CHINA—PHILIPPINE ISLANDS— VIA HONOLULU. Pacific Mail S. S. Co., Occidental & Oriental S. S. Co., and Oriental S. S. Co. From San Francisco: PEKING, Aug. 11; GAELIC, Aug. 21; HONGKONG MARU, Aug. 29. For rates, freight or passenger, apply to W. G. NEIMYER, Agent, 238 Clark-st., Chicago.

BEAVER LINE ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIPS. Montreal, Quebec, to Liverpool and Londonderry. Lowest rates in all classes. Montfort.......Aug. 3 | Lake Champlain..Aug. 10. NEW TWIN SCREW STEAMSHIPS. C. F. WENHAM, General Agt., 182 S. Clark-st. Telephone Central 1569.

DOMINION LINE— FAST TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE. BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL, VIA QUEENSTOWN. S. S. NEW ENGLAND, 11,600 tons, AUG. 15TH. MONTREAL—LIVERPOOL. S. S. VANCOUVER, AUG. 11TH. Richards, Mills & Co., 69 Dearborn-st., Chicago.

AZORES, NAPLES, AND GENOA— BY PRINCE LINE NEW STEAMERS. CABIN $75 AND UPWARDS.

Spartan Prince...July 14 | Trojan Prince....Aug. 25
Tartar Prince.....Aug. 4 | Spartan Prince...Sept. 15

C. B. RICHARD & CO., 61 Broadway, N. Y. Romano & Schiarone, G. W. Agts., 335 S. Clark-st.

COOK'S TOURS TO ALL PARTS OF THE world. Send for list of spring parties and excursions. 234 S. Clark-st.

Lake Navigation.

LAKE MICHIGAN AND LAKE SUPERIOR TRANSPORTATION COMPANY.

SUMMER TOURS ON GREAT LAKES.

To Mackinac Island, St. Ignace, Sault Ste. Marie, Grand Marais, Marquette, Houghton, Hancock, Bayfield, Ashland, and Duluth. Steamers leave Chicago every Tuesday at 8 p. m. Secure passage from W. A. Fletcher, 108 Adams-st.; Henry Gaze & Sons, 220 S. Clark-st.; Thomas Cook & Son, 234 S. Clark-st.; F. E. Scott, Palmer House, or at company's office and docks, 550 Water-st., Chicago. Send for illustrated booklet. Tel. 1648 Central.

NORTHERN MICHIGAN TRANS. CO. New steel steamship "Illinois," Wednesdays, 1 p. m.; Saturdays, 4 p.m. for Charlevoix, Petoskey, Harbor Springs, MACKINAC ISLAND, Cheboygan, SAULT STE. MARIE, and points north and east. "City of Charlevoix," Tuesdays, 1 p.m.; Fridays, 7 p. m., for Ludington, Manistee, Frankfort, and Grand Traverse Bay ports, also Charlevoix, Petoskey, Harbor Springs. Through tickets sold to all points. General office and dock, east end Michigan-st. Tel. Central 572. Up-town offices, 103 Adams-st., 220 and 234 Clark-st., 15 Congress-st., Palmer House.

GOODRICH LINE STEAMERS FOR MILWAUkee, 9:30 a. m. and 9 p. m. daily; for Grand Haven, Muskegon, Grand Rapids, and White Lake, 7:45 p. m. daily; for Racine, 8 a. m. and 9 p. m. daily; for Sheboygan and Manitowoc, 8 p. m., except Sunday; for Kewaunee, Algoma, Sturgeon Bay, Marinette, Menominee, and Escanaba, 8 p. m., Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday; for Green Bay City, Wednesday, 8 p. m.; for Mackinac Island (S. S. "Georgia"), 8:30 p. m. Saturday. Ticket office and docks, foot Michigan-av. Tel. Central 76.

GRAHAM & MORTON LINE— Only line carrying a high-class free vaudeville show; fare, 50 cents to St. Joseph and Benton Harbor on day boats; direct line to Grand Rapids and all Michigan and Indiana points. Leave 9:30 a. m. and 11:30 p. m. daily. 12:30 noon daily except Saturday and Sunday. 7 p. m. daily except Sunday. Special Saturday 2 p. m. and Sunday 10 a. m. Dock foot of Wabash-av. Tel. Cent. 2162.

VACATION TOURS—COOK'S SUMMER TOUR Book, containing time tables and rates for over 300 interesting trips sent free on application. Secure your lake steamer room and sleeping car berth through THOS. COOK & SON, 234 S. Clark-st.

MANITOU STEAMSHIP CO.—THE PALATIAL steamship Manitou, for Charlevoix, Harbor Springs, Petoskey, Bay View, Mackinac Island, Detroit, Buffalo, all Eastern and Lake Superior points. Tuesday, 9 a. m.; Thursday, 11 a. m.; Saturday, 4 p. m. Office and docks, Rush and N. Water-sts. Telephone Central 1487.

CHICAGO, SAUGATUCK AND DOUGLAS Trans. Co., daily [except Sunday], 8 p. m. Special Mondays, 8:15 a. m.; fare, $1; round trip, $1.75. Dock east end Michigan-st. Phone Central 572; cheapest route for Holland, Grand Rapids, and other Michigan points.

HOLLAND AND CHICAGO LINE STEAMERS leave dock State-st. bridge daily (except Friday, Saturday, and Sunday) at 8 p. m.; Friday and Saturday at 9 a. m. and 4 p. m.; Sunday, 9 a. m. and 11:30 p. m., for Holland, Grand Rapids, and other Michigan points. 'Phone Main 4648.

WILLIAMS' LINE TO SO. HAVEN, 50C—EXcursion leaves 9 a. m., returns 10:30 p. m.; 3 trips daily, 7 and 9 a. m., 11:30 p. m.; Saturday special 2 p. m.; connections Kalamazoo, Battle Creek. North end Rush-st. bridge. Tel. Cent. 1487.

MICHIGAN CITY LINE—STEAMER AMERICA daily 9:30 a. m., Sunday 10 a. m., daily except Sat. 7:30 p. m., Sat. 4:15 and 11 p. m. Dock No. 1 State-st. 75 cts. excursion. Tel. C. 572.

RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

WESTERN ROADS.

CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RY. —Passenger Station: Van Buren, near Clark-st. City ticket office, cor. Adams and Dearborn-sts.

Trains—	Leave.	Arrive.
Fast Mail to Des Moines	* 2:50 am	† 4:45 pm
Illinois & Davenport Mail	† 9:00 am	† 1:50 pm
Des Moines & Iowa Mail	† 9:00 am	† 2:00 pm
Peoria	† 9:00 am	† 2:00 pm
Washington & Oskaloosa	† 9:00 am	† 4:45 pm
Joliet Express	*11:45 am	† 3:45 pm
Joliet Accommodation	† 4:05 pm	† 9:50 am
St. Paul & Minneapolis	* 4:00 pm	*10:45 am
Cedar Rapids & Sioux Falls	† 4:00 pm	† 7:59 am
Peru Accommodation	† 5:02 pm	† 8:40 am
Joliet Special	† 5:00 pm	† 8:50 am
K. City, St. Joseph, L'enworth, Atch., Colo. & Tex. Exp.	* 5:45 pm	* 9:55 am
Peoria	† 5:45 pm	† 4:45 pm
Omaha, Lincoln, Fairbury	* 6:30 pm	*10:45 am
Local to Davenport	† 1:00 pm	† 7:50 pm
Big Five to Denver, C. Spr'gs, Pueblo, via Omaha and Lincoln, Composite Libr'y Buffet Car, Dining car service	*10:00 pm	* 7:59 am
Cedar Rap., St. Paul & Min.	‡10:00 pm	§ 7:00 am
Kas. City, Atch., St. Joe, Des Moines, Omaha, Tex. & Col.	‡11:30 pm	§ 7:00 am
Peoria & Davenport	*11:30 pm	* 7:00 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Ex. Sat. §Ex. Mon.

WABASH RAILROAD — DEPOT, DEARBORN Station, Polk and Dearborn-sts. Ticket offices, 91 Adams-st. and 15 Congress-st. Telephones—City office [except Sunday], M. 1619; depot, H. 755.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Louis Vestibuled Limited	*11:00 am	* 4:40 pm
Peoria and Springfield Ex.	† 2:30 pm	† 2:55 pm
St. Louis Limited Express	* 9:15 pm	* 7:30 am
St. Louis and Peoria Express	*11:00 pm	* 8:00 am
Peoria and Texas Limited	*11:00 am	* 4:40 pm
Forrest Accommodation	† 4:35 pm	† 9:50 am
Detroit Day Express	* 9:25 am	*10:55 am
Detroit, N. Falls & N. York	* 3:15 pm	* 9:30 pm
Detroit, N. Falls & Bost. Ex.	*11:00 pm	* 7:15 am
Toronto, Mont. & Can. Ex.	* 3:15 pm	* 9:30 pm
Cont. Lim., N. Y., Boston	*12:40 pm	* 3:35 pm

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RY. CO.—CITY OFFICE 230 S. Clark-st. 'Phone Har. 2357. Depot, 12th-st. and Park Row. *Daily. †Except Sunday.

	Leave.	Arrive.
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Oshkosh, Eau Claire, Ashland, Ironwood & Pacific Coast	*2:45 am / *6:15 pm	* 9:45 am / *10:55 pm
Duluth and Superior	*6:15 pm	* 9:45 am
Waukesha, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah	†10:00 am	† 1:10 pm
Chippewa Falls & Eau Claire	†6:35 am	† 6:25 pm
Burlington Local	*4:00 pm	* 9:25 am
Waukesha Special	†5:00 pm	† 8:50 am
Sunday Special	8:30 am	9:00 pm

ATCHISON, TOPEKA AND SANTA FE RY.—Trains leave Dearborn Station, Polk and Dearborn. Ticket office 109 Adams. 'Phone Cent. 2037.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Streator, Galesburg, Ft. Mad.	† 7:58 am	† 5:02 pm
Streator, Pekin, Monmouth	† 1:00 pm	†12:35 pm
Joliet, Lockport, and Lemont		† 9:25 am
Lemont, Lockport & Joliet	† 5:08 pm	† 8:42 am
K. City, Colo., Utah & Tex.	* 6:00 pm	* 9:30 am
K. City, Cal., and Mexico	*10:00 pm	* 7:40 am
K. City, Tex. and Oklahoma		* 9:30 am

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN RY.—MAPLE Leaf Route, Grand Central Station, 5th-av. and Harrison-st. Office, 115 Adams-st. 'Phone 2390 M.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Minneapolis, St. Paul, Dubuque, K. City, St. Jos., Des Moines, Marshallt'n	* 6:30 pm / * 6:55 am / *10:30 pm	* 9:30 am / *10:00 pm / * 2:30 pm
Sycamore & Byron Local	* 3:10 pm	*10:25 am

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILWAY. Ticket office, 212 Clark-st. Tel. Central 721. Oakley-av. and Wells-st. Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
"The Colorado Special," D. Moines, Omaha, Denver	*10:00 am	* 8:30 pm
Des Moines, Omaha, C. Bluffs, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland	* 6:30 pm / *10:30 pm / *10:30 pm	* 7:42 am / * 9:30 am / * 9:30 am
Denver, Omaha, Sioux City	* 5:30 pm / * 6:30 pm	* 7:42 am / * 8:55 am
Sioux City, Omaha, Des Moines	* 5:30 pm / *10:30 pm	* 9:02 am / * 8:30 pm
Northern Iowa and Dakotas	‡ 5:30 pm	c9:02 am
Dixon, Sterling, C. Rapids	†12:35 pm	†12:25 pm
Black Hills and Deadwood	*10:30 pm	* 7:42 am
Duluth Limited	*10:00 pm	* 7:00 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis, Madison, Eau Claire	* 9:00 am / * 6:30 pm / *10:15 pm	* 9:30 am / *12:30 pm / * 9:45 pm
Winona, La Crosse, Madison	† 9:00 am	† 6:05 pm
Winona, La Crosse & Western Minnesota	† 9:00 am / †10:15 pm	† 9:45 pm / * 7:00 am
Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Appleton, Green Bay	† 9:00 am / †11:30 am	† 6:10 pm / † 1:15 pm
Oshkosh, Appleton Jct.	† 5:00 pm	† 1:15 pm
Green Bay and Menominee	k 5:00 pm	† 4:00 pm
Ashland, Hurley, Bessemer, Ironwood & Rhinelander	† 3:00 pm	c7:30 am
Osh'kh, G. Bay, Men'minee, Marquette & L. Superior	a 8:00 pm / † 8:00 pm	† 9:30 am / † 9:30 am
Green Bay, Florence, Hurley	*10:30 pm	* 7:30 am

Davenport, Rock Island—Lv. *10:00 a. m., †12:35 p. m., *10:30 p. m. Davenport—Lv. †5:30 p. m. Rockford and Freeport—Lv. †7:25 a. m., s8:45 a. m., †10:10 a. m., †4:40 p. m., s6:30 p. m., †11:40 p. m. Rockford—Lv. *3 am., †9 am., s2:02 pm., †6:30 pm. Beloit and Janesville—†3:00 a. m., s4:00 a. m., *9:00 a. m., †4:35 p. m., †4:45 p. m., †6:30 p. m. Janesville—†5:05 p. m., *6:30 p. m., *10:00 p. m., *10:15 p. m.

Waukesha—†7 a. m., *9 a. m., †3 p. m., *8 p. m. Green Lake—*3 a.m., †11:30 a. m., †3 p.m. Lake Geneva—Lv. s8 a. m., *8:45 a.m., s9:10 a.m., d1:20 p.m., s2:02 p.m., †3:30 p.m., †5:05 p.m. Milwaukee—Lv. *3 a. m., s4 a. m., †7 a. m., *9 a. m., *11:30 a. m., †2 p. m., *3 p. m., *5 p. m., *8 p. m., *10:30 p. m. *Dly. †Ex. Sun. aSun. dFri. and Sat. kDly. to Green Bay. cEx. Mon. ‡Ex. Sat. aDly. to Menominee.

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RY.—Ticket office, 95 Adams-st. Tel. 2190 Central. Union Passenger Station, Canal, Adams, and Madison streets.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
G. Bay, I. Mt., Marquette	‡ 3:00 am	‡ 5:35 pm
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 8:20 am	† 5:35 pm
St. Paul, Minneapolis	† 9:00 am	† 6:45 pm
Delvan, Wausau, Merrill	† 9:00 am	† 4:00 pm
Madison and West	† 9:00 am	† 4:00 pm
Delavan-Beloit	†11:30 am	† 4:00 pm
Delavan, Burlington	s 1:55 pm	m 8:25 am
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 3:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Cedar Rapids, K. City, Dub.	† 3:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Delavan, G. Bay, Portage	† 3:00 pm	† 1:45 pm
Mad., P. du Chien & West	† 3:00 pm	† 9:30 am
Rockford, Beloit, Janesville	† 4:00 pm	†10:25 am
Madison, Janesville	† 5:00 pm	† 1:10 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	† 6:15 pm	† 7:55 am
Rockford and Beloit	† 6:15 pm	† 8:30 am
Omaha, C. Bluffs, S'x City, Des Moines	* 6:15 pm	* 8:30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Pioneer Limited	* 6:30 pm	* 9:30 am
St. Paul, Minneapolis—The Fast Mail	* 9:35 pm	* 7:00 am
Green Bay, Iron Mountain, H'ghton, Calumet, Marq', The Copper Country Lim.	*10:35 pm	* 7:00 am
St. Paul—Minneapolis	*10:35 pm	* 7:00 am
Wausau, Minocqua, etc.	*10:35 pm	* 7:00 am
Ced. Rap.—K. City—S'x City	‡10:30 pm	†10:30 pm
N. Iowa, S. Minn., Dakota	‡10:30 pm	†10:30 pm
Omaha, C. Bluffs, Denver	‡10:30 pm	†10:30 pm

Milwaukee, depart—*3:00 a. m., †7:00 a. m., *9:00 a. m., †11:30 a. m., *3:00 p. m., *5:00 p. m., *6:30 p. m., *9:55 p. m., *10:30 p. m.

Waukesha—*9:00 a. m., †11:30 a. m., †3:00 p. m., *5:00 p. m.

Fox Lake—*8:30 a. m., †1:30 p. m., *3:10 p. m., †5:10 p. m.

*Daily. †Ex. Sun. ‡Ex. Sat. ¶Ex. Mon. §Sun. only. s—Sat. only. m—Mon. only.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—ALL THROUGH TRAINS from Central Station, 12th-st. and Park Row. Trains for the South [except fast mail] can also be taken from 22d-st., 39th-st., Hyde Park, and 63d-st. stations. Tickets at city ticket office, 99 Adams-st., and at Auditorium Hotel.

	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Orleans, Memphis Spec.	* 8:30 am	* 7:20 pm
N. Orleans & Memphis Lim.	* 6:30 pm	*11:20 am
Monticello, Ill., & Decatur	* 6:30 pm	*11:20 am
St. Louis and Springfield Diamond Special	*10:15 pm	* 7:35 am
St. Louis and Springfield Daylight Special	* 9:20 am	* 8:30 pm
Cairo, Decatur, St. L. local	† 8:35 am	† 7:00 pm
Fast Mail—Memp., N. Orl's.	* 3:30 am	
Bloomington & Chatsworth	† 6:30 pm	†11:20 am
Southern Express	* 3:40 pm	* 7:00 am
Kankakee & Gilman	* 4:00 pm	*10:00 am
Omaha, San Francisco	* 6:15 pm	*10:20 am
Dubuque, S'x City, S'x Falls	* 6:15 pm	*10:20 am
Omaha, Denver, S. Francisco	*11:15 pm	* 7:00 am
Rockford, Dubuque, Sioux C.	*11:15 pm	* 7:00 am
Rockford Passenger	* 3:10 pm	*10:00 am
Dubuque, Ft. Dodge & Lyle	†10:05 am	† 1:20 pm
Rockford & Dubuque Exp.	† 3:00 pm	† 1:30 pm

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

BURLINGTON ROUTE—TEL. NO. 3831 MAIN. Berths and tickets at No. 211 Clark-st. and Union Passenger Station, Canal and Adams-sts.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Local to Burlington, Ia.	† 8:20 am	* 2:00 pm
Ottawa, Streator & La Salle	† 8:20 am	† 6:10 pm
Rochelle, Rockf'd, Forreston	† 8:30 am	† 6:00 pm
Local points in Ill. and Iowa	*11:30 am	* 7:00 am
All points in Texas	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Galesburg & Quincy	*11:30 am	* 2:20 pm
Clinton, Moline, Rock Island	†11:30 am	† 2:00 pm
Fort Madison and Keokuk	* 4:00 pm	* 2:20 pm
Denver, Utah, California	* 4:00 pm	* 8:20 pm
Ottawa and Streator	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Sterling, Rochelle, Rockford	† 4:30 pm	†10:35 am
Lincoln, Omaha, C. Bluffs	* 5:50 pm	* 9:30 am
Kansas City & St. Joseph	* 6:10 pm	* 8:50 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	* 6:30 pm	* 9:25 am
Quincy and Kansas City	*10:30 pm	* 7:00 am
St. Paul and Minneapolis	‡10:55 pm	†10:20 pm
Omaha, Lincoln, Denver	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Keokuk and Fort Madison	*11:00 pm	* 7:00 am
Salt Lake, Ogden & Calif.	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am
Deadwood, Hot Springs, S. D.	*11:00 pm	* 7:20 am

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday. ‡Daily ex. Saturday.

CHICAGO AND ALTON—UNION PASSENGER Station, Canal-st., bet. Madison and Adams-sts. Ticket office, 101 Adams-st. 'Phone Cent. 1767.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Prairie State Exp.—St. Louis	* 9:00 am	8:00 pm
The Alton Limited—St. Louis	*11:15 am	4:30 pm
The Alton Limited—Peoria	†11:15 am	4:30 pm
Peoria and Kansas City	* 3:00 pm	1:30 pm
Dwight Accom.	* 5:45 pm	9:30 am
Joliet Express	† 5:10 pm	9:00 am
Kas. City, Denver & Calif'a	* 6:30 pm	8:45 am
St. Louis Palace Express	* 9:00 pm	7:15 am
St. Louis & K.C. Midnight Spl.	*11:30 pm	8:00 am
Peoria & Springf'd Night Ex.	*11:30 pm	7:15 am

EASTERN ROADS.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL, N. Y. C. & H. R. AND B. & A. Rys.—"The Niagara Falls Route." Ticket offices, 119 Adams St. and station, 12th St. and Park Row, 22d St., 39th St., Hyde Park, 63d St.

June 17, 1900.	Leave	Arrive
Mail and Express	† 6.45 am	† 6.40 pm
New York and Boston Special	*10.30 am	* 4.00 pm
Fast Eastern Express	* 3.00 pm	* 8.55 pm
Kalamazoo Accommodation	† 3.50 pm	†11.10 am
Detroit Night Express	* 9.35 pm	* 6.30 am
Atlantic Express	*11.30 pm	* 7.30 am
Saginaw and Bay City Sleeper	‡11.30 pm	¶ 6.30 am
Via Pere Marquette R. R.		
Grand Rapids Express	* 6.45 am	*10.50 pm
Muskegon and Harbor Springs	† 6.45 am	†10.50 pm
Grand Rapids and Traverse City	†12.00 n'n	† 5.00 pm
Grand Rapids and Muskegon	† 4.50 pm	† 1.30 pm
Grand Rapids and Harbor Springs	† 7.30 pm	† 6.00 am
Grand Rapids Express	*11.30 pm	* 7.05 am
Petoskey and Bay View	†11.30 pm	¶ 7.05 am
Via Grand Rapids & Indiana Ry.		
Grand Rapids and Mackinaw City	§ 5.15 pm	* 6.30 am
Grand Rapids and Mackinaw City	* 9.35 pm	* 6.30 am
Grand Rapids Express	*11.30 pm	† 5.25 pm

*Daily. †Ex. Sunday. ‡Ex. Saturday. ¶Ex. Monday. §Sundays at 9.35 pm.

THE PENNSYLVANIA LINE — CHICAGO Union Passenger Station, Adams, Canal, and Madison-sts. Ticket offices at station, at 248 S. Clark-st., corner Jackson, and at Auditorium Hotel. Through trains run as follows:

From Chicago to	Leave.	Arrive.
Fort Wayne and Alliance	† 7:00 am	* 7:45 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	*10:00 am	* 6:10 pm
Dayton and Cincinnati	*10:00 am	* 6:10 pm
The Keystone Express	* 9:30 am	* 6:00 pm
Columbus and the East	* 9:30 am	* 6:00 pm
Balto., Wash., Phila., & N. Y.	* 9:30 am	* 3:00 pm
New York Fast Line	*12:30 pm	* 2:50 pm
Balto., Wash., Phila., & N. Y.	*12:30 pm	* 2:50 pm
Pgh., Balto., and Wash.	* 3:00 pm	* 8:45 pm
Philadelphia and New York	* 3:00 pm	* 8:45 pm
Pennsylvania Limited	* 5:30 pm	* 9:00 am
Pittsburg and Washington	* 5:30 pm	* 9:00 am
Philadelphia and New York	* 5:30 pm	* 9:00 am
Indianapolis and Louisville	* 8:40 pm	* 7:30 am
Dayton and Cincinnati	* 8:40 pm	* 7:30 am
Columbus and the East	* 8:40 pm	* 7:30 am
Youngstown & New Castle	*12:00 night	* 6:45 pm
Pittsburg and the East	*12:00 night	* 7:45 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday.

THE LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN Ry., N. Y. C. & H. R. and B. & A. Rys.—Station Van Buren-st. and Pacific-av. [on Elevated Loop] and 22d-st. City ticket office, 180 Clark-st.

*Daily. †Ex.Sun.	No.	Leave.	Arrive.	No.
Day Express, local			† 7:15 pm	1
Buff., Alb'y & N.Y.	6	* 8:30 am	* 7:50 am	3
N. Y. & Bos. Spl.	10	*10:30 am	* 4:00 pm	21
New England Ex.	16	* 2:00 pm	*11:50 am	15
Lake Shore Lim.	22	* 5:30 pm	* 4:50 pm	19
Elkhart Accom.	176	* 5:48 pm	†10:00 am	175
N. Y. & Bos. Ex.	28	* 9:00 pm	* 7:10 am	37
Buffalo & the East	32	* 3:00 am	* 9:00 pm	23

CHICAGO & EASTERN ILLINOIS RAILROAD—Ticket offices, 131 Adams-st., Auditorium Annex, and Dearborn Station, Dearborn and Polk-sts. Telephone Central 555. *Daily. †Except Sun. ‡Except Sat. ¶Except Mon.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Terre Haute & Evansville	† 8:20 am	†5:22 pm
Ind. Min. Spgs. & Brazil	D†11:05 am	†1:20 pm
N. Orleans & Florida Spec.	D* 1:50 pm	D*9:15 pm
Arkansas & Texas	D* 1:50 pm	D*1:20 pm
Chicago & Nashville Lim.	* 7:00 pm	D*8:09 am
Terre Haute & Evansville	*11:34 pm	*6:55 am
Southern Ill. & Thebes	‡11:34 pm	¶6:55 am

D—Dining cars on these trains.

MONON ROUTE—DEPOT, DEARBORN STAtion. Ticket office, 232 Clark-st. and principal hotels.

Trains.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	* 2:45 am	*12:00 n'n
Lafayette & Louisville	* 8:30 am	* 5:55 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	† 8:30 am	† 5:55 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	*11:45 am	† 5:40 pm
Indianapolis & Cincinnati		‡ 5:30 pm
Lafayette Accommodation	* 3:20 pm	*10:35 am
Lafayette & Louisville	* 8:30 pm	* 7:23 am
Indianapolis & Cincinnati	* 8:30 pm	* 7:23 am

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

NICKEL-PLATE—THE NEW YORK, CHICAGO and St. Louis R. R. Depot, Van Buren-st., near Clark-st., on Elevated Loop. All trains daily.

	Leave.	Arrive.
New York and Boston Express	10:35 am	9:15 pm
New York Express	2:30 pm	6:25 pm
New York and Boston Express	10:30 pm	7:40 am

City ticket office, 111 Adams-st. and Auditorium Annex. 'Phone Central 2057.

ERIE LINES—[CHICAGO AND ERIE RAILroad]—Ticket offices, 242 Clark-st., Auditorium Hotel, Dearborn Station. 'Phone 965 Main.

*Daily. †Daily ex. Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Marion Local	†7:30 am	† 6:25 pm
New York and Boston	*3:00 pm	* 5:20 pm
Jamestown and Buffalo	*3:00 pm	* 5:20 pm
Rochester & Huntington Ac.	*4:10 pm	*10:05 am
New York and Boston	*9:20 pm	* 7:35 am
Columbus and Norfolk, Va.	*9:20 pm	* 7:35 am

BIG FOUR ROUTE—DEPOTS, 12TH-ST. AND Park Row, and 22d, 39th, 53d and 63d-sts. Ticket offices at 234 Clark-st. and Auditorium.

*Daily. †Except Sunday.	Leave.	Arrive.
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*9:00 am	*5:30 pm
Louisville	†9:00 am	†5:30 pm
Cincinnati and Washington	†1:00 pm	†6:40 pm
Lafayette and Louisville	*8:30 pm	*7:15 am
Indianapolis and Cincinnati	*8:30 pm	*7:15 am

BALTIMORE & OHIO—DEPOT, GRAND CENtral Passenger Station. Ticket office, 244 Clark-st. and Auditorium. No extra fare on limited trains.

Trains daily.	Leave.	Arrive.
N. Y. & Wash. Vest. Limited	10:20 am	5:45 pm
N. Y., Wash. & Pitts. Vest. Lim.	3:30 pm	8:30 am
Columbus & Wheeling Express	3:30 pm	8:30 am
Cleveland & Pittsburg Express	8:00 pm	6:30 am

COURT SCORES TRUSTMAKERS.

Judge Hutchinson Finds Members of Photo-Engravers' Association Guilty.

SAYS THEY KNEW BETTER

Declares Defendants "Did Carefully" What They Were Aware Was Unlawful.

MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL.

In handing down yesterday a decision in which he finds members and officers of the Photo-Engravers' association of Chicago guilty of conspiracy to form an illegal combination or trust in violation of the Illinois anti-trust law Judge Hutchinson delivered a rebuke to the defendants that was couched in no mincing terms. Several of the defendants were in court to hear the ruling in the case, which was tried before Judge Hutchinson two months ago, and these cowed and cringed in their seats under the stinging reprimand of the jurist.

"I find," said the Judge, "that the defendants did carefully, systematically, and persistently urge to completion a scheme to form a trust, which evidence shows they knew was unlawful, and which the law and sense of all right-minded men abhor and detest."

The defendants, individual and official members of the association, were tried on indictments secured last September, which charged them with violating the spirit of the anti-trust law enacted in 1893. Judge Hutchinson finds them guilty, as individuals and officers, in the manner and form charged in the indictment.

Names of Defendants.

The defendants are:

Alfred Bersbach.	E. N. Gray.
F. B. Moese.	R. L. Griffin.
J. H. Behrens.	J. L. Le Beau.
Julius Regenstein.	O. L. Blomgren.
C. J. Whipple.	G. H. Benedict.
H. Wageman.	D. C. Bitter.

Other members indicted, but who were not present at the trial and agreed to abide by the decision of the court, are:

O. E. Bunner.	H. C. Maloy.
F. D. Montgomery.	Charles Reinach.
J. A. Barnes.	W. G. Kreicker.
E. S. Osgood.	

William H. Brewster, the attorney who is said to have drafted the by-laws, was indicted, but escaped and never was tried. The substance of the indictments was that the defendants entered into an unlawful combination for the purpose of regulating and fixing the prices of photo-engravings, half-tone printings, and zinc etchings.

Talks of the Evidence.

The evidence showed that the minutes and agreement signed by the members of the association disappeared, and that most of the evidence supposedly was destroyed. Judge Hutchinson, remarking on this fact, said:

"If the defendants acted in good faith and assert they did not transact business under the agreement why did they destroy the articles of agreement and the minutes of the meetings held in August, 1899? The testimony of the defendants, instead of helping their side of the case, strengthened that of the prosecution.

"To constitute a conspiracy it is enough if two or more persons, in any manner or through any contrivance, positively or tacitly combine to a mutual understanding to accomplish a common unlawful design. McLane's "Criminal Law," Vol. 2, section 968, says: 'The thing intended in a conspiracy need not be accomplished, but the bare combination constitutes crime. No overt act need be alleged or proved.'"

Judge Hutchinson said the law forbids entering into a combination to fix prices, and the fact that the defendants never did business under the agreement was immaterial. He said the purpose of the law is to deter parties from any undertaking looking to the formation of illegal and harmful combines.

"When they once exist and exercise their blighting influence" he said "the effect on commercial and industrial workings in all their ramifications is such that it is difficult and in some cases impossible to reach and punish because of the ingenious and circuitous manner of their formation and the devious methods adopted to shield them." He said in closing:

"Even if a trust in full operation is unearthed and terminated by legal proceedings its demoralising effect on trade or some branch of business may have entailed great pecuniary loss to some who have not and to some who have been in the combine. The law of Illinois goes to the spring from which these troubles come and endeavors to stop the parties from getting into the mire which contaminates, chokes, and turns from their legitimate channels all the pure streams of commerce."

Move for a New Trial.

A motion for a new trial was made, but no date was set for the hearing.

This conviction is the first secured in the criminal courts of Illinois. Other arrests have been made, even in Cook County, but despite the efforts of the prosecuting attorneys no case was ever tried. Indictments have been secured and almost invariably have been quashed. The law covering the present case imposes a fine of $200 to $1,000 or confinement in the County Jail for one year, or both.

W. C. CUTHBERT GOES TO JAIL.

Former Society Man Sentenced to Penitentiary an Indefinite Period for Two Forgeries.

Judge Hutchinson yesterday morning sentenced William C. Cuthbert, the one-time wealthy broker and Leland Hotel manager, to the penitentiary under the indeterminate law on a charge of forgery, to which he pleaded guilty several days ago. Cuthbert was questioned by Judge Hutchinson before sentence had been pronounced as to the present whereabouts of his widowed mother. Cuthbert claimed he had no knowledge of his parent for the last three months, but supposed she was visiting relatives. He named several families in and out of Chicago that he believed she might be visiting. The Judge censured the prisoner for not being more faithful to his mother and for not being in communication with her. Cuthbert took the censure in silence and offered nothing in defense.

Cuthbert denied that he had been arrested, saying that he had given himself up to the Chief of Police of Minneapolis, and that that officer was skeptical as to his being wanted in Chicago. He related the facts of his two escapes from detectives and explained that he desired to return to the city alone, so that he might voluntarily give himself up. His friends of former days Cuthbert bitterly reviled, saying that they had deserted him in the time of his need.

Cuthbert was indicted for forging the name of his wife, Carrie Cuthbert, to a promissory note for $500, and a second indictment was returned for forgery on a check amounting to $750 on a West Side bank. After his arrest Cuthbert was released on bonds, which he forfeited, and until his capture several days ago had succeeded in eluding arrest.

SWINDLED IN JOLIET TOO.

Berdie O'Day Worked the Same Scheme There by Which She Secured $5,000 in This City.

Joliet, Ill., July 31.—[Special.]—Berdie O'Day, who was arrested in Chicago for passing worthless checks on merchants, is wanted here on the same charge. Last Saturday she swindled half a dozen merchants by presenting time checks for various amounts up to $18.

[Berdie O'Day is in the county jail hospital ill with chicken pox. She was arrested for passing bad checks of a total value of $5,000.]

FURS at special prices during August.

MARSHALL FIELD & CO.

Mid-Summer Millinery.

SOFT FELT HATS have caught the feminine fancy—for the country vacation—the day's outing—or street wear in the city, they are just the thing, and are wonderfully comfortable on the head; light in weight, and color, too; with broad, soft brims that shade the face, and shape themselves to the wearer's head. Chicago's best showing of these hats awaits you here today. Styles unique, assortment unequaled, prices the lowest.

"DE LECOUR." Finest French Felts; a fortunate purchase enables us to offer these high-grade hats at jobbers' original price. Special, **$2.25**



Our Silk-trimmed "KNOCKABOUT" SOFT FELT HATS have met with such favor that they are now generally copied elsewhere. The largest assortment and best values are still to be found here, **$1 to $2.50**

We have these hats without the silk trimming at **75c to $1.25.**

DRESSY TRIMMED HATS. There is a large number—too many, we think—of fine Trimmed Hats, Toques and Bonnets, still in our cabinets. Many of them were recently placed there. You can make your selection today and the price will be half or less than half the former price.

WHITE PIQUE HATS find acceptance with a great many of our customers; we have two shapes, with polka dot bands, each **45c**

"How to trim your own hat" may interest you. Our salespeople show you how to trim the pretty Tucked Chiffon Hats that we have recently placed on sale. Wonderfully effective hats can be produced from these shapes by the addition of flowers or pompom. The shapes, ready lined, black or white, **$2.75**

We also show a number of Trimmed Models of these chiffon hats. If you do not care to attempt the trimming possibly one of these models will suit you—the prices are from

$4.75 to $6.75

Scholle's Good Furniture.



Looking Around.

It's a good plan in buying any kind of goods to *look around*, but in furniture buying it's almost imperative.

Very few people know the true value of furniture and buy it on *looks*, and on the reputation of the store selling it.

This store invites comparisons of both quality and price. Look around! Look thoroughly, and then—*look here.* We'll interest you.

Our August Clearing Sale is now in progress.
Deliveries will be timed to suit you.

Upholstering is another thing that is bought on reputation.
There is a 23-year good record back of ours.

H. E. SCHOLLE & CO., 222 Wabash, Between Adams and Jackson.

M'DONELL DOWN AND OUT.

FORMER BRIDGEPORT ENGINEER NO LONGER A CITY SERVANT.

Faithful Democratic Worker Was to Have Been Given the Job at the New Pumping Works, but Is Ruled Out by Civil Service Commission—Interested Officials Deny That Action in Any Way Concerned the Coal Scandal.

P. E. McDonell, the engineer who was in charge of the Bridgeport pumping station, where the Drainage Commissioners claimed to have found evidences of irregularity in purchase and consumption of coal, is no longer a city employé. His service terminated yesterday. He was to have been placed in charge of the new Central Park avenue pumping station when it opens next week, but the Civil Service commission announced yesterday that McDonell's promotion could not be made, as it would be passing him from a fifth grade to a seventh grade position. This nullified the charge that McDonell, as an active Democratic ward worker, would be given the position at the new pumping station to compensate for the loss of that at Bridgeport.

It was stated by the commissioners that the charges made by the Drainage board did not enter into the decision that McDonell could not take the new position. Pending the comparison which the city and the Drainage board will make of pumping records at Bridgeport, the commission will not act upon the charges against the city employés at the canal works.

"All the men concerned in the charges are out of the city employment now," said President Lindblom, "and there is nothing to be lost by delaying the investigation."

Acting Commissioner of Public Works Blocki has prepared the daily record of the city while in charge of the Bridgeport pumping station for comparison with that which the Drainage Commissioners will submit at the expiration of the month. From this comparison it is expected to prove what extravagance or irregularity there has been in the consumption of coal. President Boldenweck will prepare the record of the Drainage board. If an unreasonable or suspicious discrepancy be found the Civil Service commission will act upon the data thus furnished. Until that time there will be no action taken, and until their record is prepared the Drainage Commissioners state that they cannot submit well based charges against the city.

The Drainage Commissioners stated that the city made its contract for coal when fuel was high in price, which would explain the difference in its cost.

Drainage Trustee Zina R. Carter called attention to the fact that it was only after repeated efforts that the sanitary district secured possession of the weighing scales at the pumping station and was placed in a position to measure the coal consumed. Up to that time, according to Trustee Carter, the city was accepting the statements of Callahan & Co. concerning the amount of coal delivered at the pumping station without confirmation.

"It should be borne in mind," said Mr. Carter, "that a representative of Callahan & Co. carried the key to the weighmaster's office at the pumping station when the sanitary district began operating the pumps. The city was buying sixty tons of coal a day according to the statements of the firm selling the coal. The sanitary district called the attention of Commissioner of Public Works McGann to the large consumption of fuel, and after several conferences obtained permission to install its own weighmaster. When this official went to Bridgeport he was refused admittance to the office by the Callahan people, and it required several days more until a written order was secured from Commissioner McGann giving our representative admission."

President Boldenweck and Trustee Carter agree that the assertion of Superintendent McDonell regarding the amount of water handled by the pumping station is preposterous.

"McDonell's claim that the pumping station has been taking up 65,000 cubic feet a minute is absurd," said President Boldenweck. "The pumps are not capable of handling more than 30,000 cubic feet a minute, and have not been able to pump 65,000 cubic feet for over a year. At times they have not been capable of supplying enough water for the purposes of navigation, but not since the sanitary district took charge of the station has this been true."

THE NORTH WESTERN LINE

Station, Wells & Kinzie sts Ticket Office, 212 Clark St Tel., Central 721.

THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.

Chair, Parlor, Buffet Parlor and Dining Cars and Sleepers.

3.00 AM	**FAST MAIL.** Fox River points, Ashland Escanaba, Marquette, Copper Country.
3.00 AM	**FAST MAIL.** Beloit, Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minnesota and South Dakota. Coaches only.
9.00 AM	**BADGER STATE EXPRESS.** Janesville, Madison, La Crosse, Winona, Minnesota, Dakota, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
9.00 AM	**GREEN BAY EXPRESS.** Fox River points, Green Bay.
10.00 AM	**COLORADO SPECIAL.** One night to Denver. Daylight Omaha, Rock Island, Davenport, Cedar Rapids, Des Moines and Iowa.
11.30 AM	**WISCONSIN MAIL.** Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay.
3.00 PM	**WISCONSIN SPECIAL.** Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay, Marinette, Menominee.
5.00 PM	**ASHLAND LIMITED.** Fox River points, Ashland, Northern Wisconsin.
5.30 PM	**IOWA AND DAKOTA EXPRESS.** Cedar Rapids, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, Omaha, Sioux City, Iowa, South Dakota.
6.30 PM	**NORTH-WESTERN LIMITED.** Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
6.30 PM	**OVERLAND LIMITED.** California in Three Days. All points on Union Pacific, Salt Lake City, Omaha, Portland, San Francisco, Los Angeles.
8.00 PM	**PENINSULA EXPRESS.** Fox River points, Green Bay, Ishpeming, Marquette, Copper Country.
10.00 PM	**DULUTH AND ST. PAUL FAST MAIL.** Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth.
10.15 PM	**NIGHT EXPRESS.** Janesville, Madison, Eau Claire, Winona, LaCrosse, Dakotas, St. Paul, Minneapolis.
10.30 PM	**PACIFIC EXPRESS.** Davenport, Omaha, Black Hills, Denver, Salt Lake, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Portland.
10.30 PM	**IRON RANGE EXPRESS.** Fox River points, Green Lake, Green Bay, Menominee, Iron Mountain, Florence, Hurley.

MILWAUKEE EXPRESS TRAINS.
8.00 a. m., 9.00 a. m., 6.00 p. m., 11.30 a. m., 2.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 8.00 p. m., 6.00 p. m., 10.30 p. m.

THIS WEEK—



20% Reduction on **Refrigerators** To Close Out.

REVELL & CO.

ATTRACTIVE AUCTION SALE
..RICH HOUSEHOLD GOODS..
Furniture, Fine Upright Piano, Rugs, Carpets, Etc., Etc.
AT 10 O'CLOCK THIS MORNING.
WILLIAMS, BARKER & SEVERN CO.
178 WABASH-AV.

R-I-P-A-N-S

Wanted—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. One gives relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good. A cure may result if directions are followed. They banish pain, induce sleep, prolong life. Sold at all drug stores, ten for five cents. Get the genuine. Don't be fooled by substitutes. Ten samples and a thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Co., 10 Spruce-st., New York.



"AUGUST"

We save you money on Furniture, Curtains, and Draperies this month.

REVELL & Co.

HAIR DRESSING, Manicuring, Chiropody, Facial Massage, Electrolysis, Ladies' Turkish Baths, Wigs, Scalp Treatment. E. BURNHAM, 71 & 73 State

THE TRIBUNE PRINTS ALL THE NEWS.

Saving of 25%. **MANDEL BROTHERS.** Saving of 25%.

Special August prices on fur garments to your measure: repairing and remodeling.

During the month of August, in order to keep idle hands busy and convert an otherwise dull period into one of activity, we will make fur garments to your order, also repairing and remodeling, at special August prices.

Inasmuch as the fall and winter fur styles are all settled, you can with impunity take advantage of the exceedingly low prices that will prevail during August. Fur garments made to your order—remodeled or repaired, in conformity with the coming fall fur fashions by expert furriers. Contrary to our usual custom we have opened our fur department with enlarged space two months earlier than usual—in order to permit our patrons to take advantage of lowest summer prices.

Seal coats—finest quality London dyed seal coats, 20 and 22 in. long, made to measure, or in stock, latest styles—perfect fitting—sold with our guarantee— **165.00**

Otter coats—Fine natural plucked otter coats, light and dark shades—perfectly matched—and are elegantly made— **140.00**

Persian lamb coats—made to measure—your choice of small, medium, and large curl—made from the finest European dyed skins— **125.00**

Novelty seal coats—"sample" lots—made of a combination of furs—collar and lapels of stone marten, black marten, mink, and Japanese sable—handsome, jaunty effects— **125.00**

White and colored **shirt waists, silk waists**

Just after inventory we always clean up the odd lots discovered during stock-taking regardless of cost.



50c for $2.50 white and colored shirt-waists—odd lots and broken lines brought to light during inventory sensationally priced—picturesquely beautiful effects—in fine lawns and percales, French backs, handsome figures and stripes—all the delightfully pretty shades—not a waist in the lot worth less than $1.50, most of them worth $2.50—**today on the main floor and third floor at** 50c

Silk waist sensation—you never have and undoubtedly never will have such an opportunity again—silk dress and shirt waists—all gathered into large lots—handsome effects for street and evening wear—waists that have sold for $20—now $5.00—waists that have sold for $12.00 at **3.50**

1.00 for $3.00 white shirt waists—by all odds the handsomest gathering ever shown for the money—beautifully trimmed white lawn and dimity shirt waists—trimmed with fine tucks, hemstitching, lace and embroidery—new French tucked backs—some worth $2.00, some $2.50—a great many worth $3.00—at **1.00**

Soiled lot muslin underwear.

All the mussed and soiled lots of muslin underwear brought to light during inventory priced amazingly low today.



Night dresses—best muslin, cambric and nainsook—about 20 styles to select from—daintily trimmed with choice laces and embroidery—3 special lots—

25c for 75c night dresses. **75c** for $1.50 night dresses. **1.00** for $2.25 night dresses.

White petticoats—rich, beautiful styles—prettily trimmed with lace, embroidery insertion; edges and tucking—some slightly soiled— **95c**

$2.00 skirts at

1.95 for $3.75 white petticoats.

Cambric drawers—phenomenal values while they last—muslin and cambric drawers—trimmed with deep ruffle—beautiful lace and embroidery.

25c for 75c drawers. **45c** for $1.00 drawers. **98c** for $2.00 drawers.

Suits, jackets, skirts, girls' sailor suits.

Forgetful of cost we have marked every suit, jacket and skirt at a price that will sell it on sight.



15.00 for $30.00 tailor-made suits: All the high-priced suits gathered in one large lot for a sensational clearing—suits made of handsome cheviot in double-breasted notch collar, fancy rolling collar and collarless Eton styles—stitched taffeta silk bands on Eton—skirt full and flaring, with tailor stitched seams, inverted pleat in back—lined throughout with high-grade taffeta silk—also a few tight-fitting cheviot suits in the collection—suits we intended to sell at $30.00, and have sold for $20.00 all season—reduced to **15.00.**

Unlined taffeta silk skirts—made with inverted pleated backs, handsomely trimmed with two accordion pleated ruffles, edged with ruching of taffeta—exceptional values— **10.00**

Walking skirts—the largest and choicest variety of popular walking skirts in Chicago is now on display in our suit section—made in our own factory from selected materials—grays, oxfords, browns, blues and blacks—**10.00, 7.50, 6.00, 4.50**

Girls' sailor suits for school and outing wear—lots we must close out at once—navy blue cheviots and serge—nicely made and stylishly trimmed—all sizes—**3.00** for $6.00 dresses. **5.00** for $8.00 dresses.

Summer underwear: Saving of 25% and 33⅓%

The collection embraces almost every line of underwear in stock—the odd lots, the remaining sizes in many numbers, and large lots which we don't want to carry over.



25c for 45c underwear—women's low neck and sleeveless ribbed lisle vests in ecru and white; low neck and sleeveless fancy ribbed vests in white, cream and colors; low necked black ribbed silk vests, ribbed knee length tights.

50c for 75c underwear—Swiss lisle vests with hand crocheted busts in white, ecru, pink and sky; silk mixed lace trimmed vests in all colors; black silk vests with long and short sleeves; extra good quality ribbed umbrella drawers, trimmed with lace.

75c for $1.00 underwear—pure thread black silk vests, low neck and sleeveless, in small sizes; Swiss made pure silk tights, in small sizes; hand crocheted Swiss made lisle vests, in beautiful designs.

An innovation!! **MANDEL BROTHERS.** Saving of 50%.

Great August sale of interior housefurnishings.

During the dull summer months our representatives scoured the producing centers of the world in search of *"below cost" bargains* in interior housefurnishings. Mill men, manufacturers, and weavers, who were willing to operate on *barely enough* margin to keep idle hands busy, were given large orders. From manufacturers whose warerooms were filled and who were in great need of ready cash and were willing to take a *great loss* in order to make room for fall orders, we bought liberally, and, when we tell you that the prices governing *this great August sale* of interior housefurnishings *insures a saving of fully 15 to 75 per cent,* we are in a position to *prove it* to you beyond a shadow of doubt. The unusual values offered during this sale make the bargain importance of this occasion so palpable that no shrewd buyer can resist the remarkable inducements.

As an incentive to those who are not ready to add to, or refurnish their homes until the fall months we will, on request, hold all goods purchased during this sale for autumn delivery, without extra charge. A superficial examination will prove this sale to be undeniably the most important event of its kind ever held in Chicago.

Furniture: saving 15% to 75%

Of course you will realize that the prices we make on furniture during this great August sale mean a great loss to the manufacturers, but it was worth considerable to them to keep their organization intact during dull times, so that when these lots are gone prices must necessarily advance.



Dining-room tables—a manufacturer's surplus stock bought at 50c on the dollar—only 100 in the lot—made of best selected quarter sawed oak, hand polished; also a lot of high grade "sample" dining-room tables at savings of 50% and **25%**

Sideboards—Grand Rapids "sample" line—at a special discount of **25%**

Odd dressers — high grades — mahogany, birch and bird's eye maple—at a special discount of **33⅓%**

Morris chairs and Morris rockers—with reversible cushions—clearance of maker's surplus stock at a discount of **20%**

Parlor pieces—"sample" lots—newest designs—also about fifty patterns of "sample" rockers at a discount of **20%**

Rockers—a special purchase of 500 or more—extra well made and finished—choice of solid oak or mahogany finished birch—special sale (like cut)—regular price $4.50—reduced to **2.25**

Sale curtains and brass beds.

Great August sale lace curtains and brass beds—stupendous saving opportunities for economical buyers.

69c for $1.25 ruffled muslin curtains, dainty stripes and dots, 40 in. wide, 3 yards long.

1.25 for $2.00 ruffled nets and muslin curtains—with lace edge and insertions—new patterns—well made.

2.85 for $4.50 Swiss Brussels and Irish point lace curtains, well embroidered, full width and length.



5.50 for $7.50 real hand made French curtains, renaissance and Marie Antoinette, also fine Swiss Brussels—all exceptional values.

9.75 for $15.00 Arabian, Brussels and renaissance lace curtains—all new designs, beautiful in pattern—50 inches wide, 3½ yards long—for parlor and libraries.

47.50 Brass bed, box spring and hair mattress. The bed—2-inch post, bowed foot, ¾ in. top rod, ⅝ in. filling fancily trimmed. The box spring our own make, best moss top filling, 72 American tempered steel springs. The hair mattress—first-class black hair, 40 lbs in weight, Simpson's art ticking, biscuit tufted—quality guaranteed. The whole outfit a grand bargain—same articles purchased separately at regular prices $60.00.

Great August sale carpets.

When these carpets left the warerooms the maker said we had secured the greatest carpet bargains in the history of his concern, and we believe it, and you will, too, for the values are so great that no saving shopper can fail to appreciate the remarkable saving opportunities.

High pile Wilton velvets, regular $1.35 quality—	1.15	Savonnerie Axminsters, $1.35 quality—	1.15
Regular velvets, $1.00 quality—	85c	Wilton velvet, odd stairs—$1.25 quality—	90c
Bigelow Wiltons, $2.25 quality—	1.75	All wool ingrain, regular 60c quality—	45c
		Tapestry brussels, regular 85c quality—	65c

Great August sale of straw matting— Reg. 80c quality— 17c Reg. 60c quality— 40c Reg. 40c quality— 22c Reg. 25c quality— 15c

Made-up carpets at half price—three large lots to choose from, ranging in sizes from 8 feet 3 inches wide to 9 to 12 feet long—at $12.00, $10.00 and **9.00**

Great August sale of fine rugs.

If you are a well-posted rug buyer we know you'll appreciate these great values. If the manufacturers hadn't taken a loss we couldn't make these prices, and, besides, this being August, we're selling on a small margin—all things combined make this the most advantageous rug buying time ever presented.

$2.25 moquette rugs—27x63 inches—for	1.75	$20.00 Axminster rugs—8.3x10.6 ft.—	15.00
$9.00 genuine Persian rugs—36x50 inches—for	6.00	$25.00 Axminster rugs—9x12 ft.—	18.50
$12.00 Shirvan Turkish rugs—40x66 inches—for	8.00	$12.00 extra fine John Bromley & Sons' 6x9 smyrna rugs for	10.25
$10.00 John Bromley & Sons' 6x9 ft. smyrna rugs for	8.75	$18.00 extra fine John Bromley & Sons' 7.6x10.6 smyrna rugs for	16.00
$15.00 John Bromley & Sons' 7.6x10.6 ft. smyrna rugs	13.50	$25.00 extra fine John Bromley & Sons' 9x12 smyrna rugs for	21.50
$20.00 John Bromley & Sons' 9x12 ft. smyrna rugs for	18.00		

VOLUME LIX.

YATES TALKS ... SOLDIERS O...

Republican Candidate f... ernor of Illinois ... dresses Veteran C... at Auditorium.

OPENING OF CAM...

Declares That There ... Danger of Militarism ... perialism in the Uni... States.

CITES ARMY OF THE ...

Audience of 2,500 Hears the ... Present the Political ... Involved in Battle ... Next November.

M'KINLEY'S COURSE IN ...

Civil war veterans who had re... commissions and their stand... Richard Yates, war Governor of ... tified their political allegiance ... Yates, his son, last night at a gre... in the Auditorium.

Under the direction of the Repu... erans' club 2,500 Republicans ... Republican nominee speak on ... issue in the national campaign. ... ilton club was present in a body ... were delegations from the w... clubs, with drum corps. On th... on the floor of the house were ... leaders in the Grand Army of the ...

As addressing a body of men ... time were thought to form a m... to the republic, Mr. Yates spoke ... opratic accusations of imperialis... tarism. The veterans of the c... said, could prove the falsity of ... against the Republican adminis...

Duty Devolves on The...

"Upon such men as you devol... seems to me, in a supreme m... said, "the duty and privilege of ... falsity of this pretension. If the... a danger of militarism, it was ... when you were under arms and ... surrendered. You went forth, ... sovereign by divine right, to ba... ideal of liberty. Never for a si... did you have the faintest tho... iting that liberty, ...

"Democratic leaders assum... masses have forgotten Ameri... They take it for granted that t... youth have not learned this l... past."

Every veteran in the auditor... the stage had a small American ... these sentences described the d... 1,000,000 American soldiers ... American civilians without d... republic the hall was red, wh... in the waving of the national co...

Greeting to Candid...

A demonstration lasting five ... given the candidate when his s... first was seen to cross the sta... addresses had been begun, an... sumed when he arose at the in... President Francis A. Biddle of ... hour afterward.

Preceding Mr. Yates' address ... of Republican veterans adopte... indorsing the nominations of ... and State conventions and ex... views of the former soldiers on ... of imperialism, militarism, a... In the latter particulars they ... lows:

Concerning the great questions a... acquisition of new territory as a re... war with Spain, we declare we are ... their settlement to the wisdom an... the republic which during the l... has dealt with all great questions ... courageously. Regarding the pres... affairs in China, we declare that ... the United States now in that cou... the sacred protection of treaty pro... any failure to protect them the ... ment should be held to strict acco...

Preliminary Speec...

Preceding the address by Mr. ... B. Raum explained the organ... Republican Veterans' Yates ... basis of representation for wa... clubs. Other speakers were ... and Major William Warner of ... Past Commander-in-Chief of ... In the addresses of both cons... was made to the war Gover... call the veterans had enlisted ...

"The old soldier remembers ... of Illinois," said Mr. Calhou... Grant his commission, he ga... commission, he gave you t... which you carried on many bat... can follow his son knowing ... man will be true to all that w... father. The old soldier wants ... respected at home and abro... afraid of an army of 100,00... sees no peril of militarism ar...

"You never were flag furler... said Major Warner. "You v... national honor when you vote ... Lincoln. You will not vote ... in the dust. You would not ... torial contraction then. You ...

Address by Mr. ...

It was after 10 o'clock wh... lican nominee was presented ... by President Riddle. He said:

"Two years ago this day ... out from a New York wharf ... waters of the lordly Hudson s... ship. It was the largest ar... port in the service of the Un... was not a battleship, but was ... and carried upon its decks o... can soldiers and sailors. Th... sailors it was about to conv... the Atlantic Ocean to G... through the Mediterranean ... Canal, thence through the ... the far-off Philippines. A... neared the center of the Hud... crowds thronging the shor... and turn, not to the south, ... and up the river's course ... majestically it proceeded u... curtain imposing tomb on ... overlooking the river. The... while the 2,000 soldiers and ...

(Continued on four...